

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Annual Accounts for the year
ended 31 December 2025 and Management
Report, together with the Independent
Auditor's Report.

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish and prepared in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain (Notes 2 and 45). In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish language version prevails.

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated financial statements
for the year ended 31 December
2025 and consolidated
directors' report, together with
independent auditor's report

*Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish based
on our work performed in accordance with the audit
regulations in force in Spain. In the event of a discrepancy,
the Spanish-language version prevails.*

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Shareholders of Indra Sistemas, S.A.,

Report on the consolidated financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Indra Sistemas, S.A. (the Parent) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2025, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated equity and consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2025, and its consolidated results and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (EU-IFRSs) and the other provisions of the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. Our responsibilities under those regulations are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those pertaining to independence, that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Spain pursuant to the audit regulations in force. In this regard, we have not provided any services other than those relating to the audit of financial statements and there have not been any situations or circumstances that, in accordance with the aforementioned audit regulations, might have affected the requisite independence in such a way as to compromise our independence.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Recognition of revenue by reference to stage of completion

Description

The Group recognises revenue by applying the percentage of completion method and percentage of completion method with reference to billed milestones to certain contracts.

This revenue recognition method affects a highly significant amount of total consolidated revenue and requires Group management to make significant estimates relating mainly to the expected outcome of the contract, to the measurement of billed milestones, to the amount of costs to be incurred at the end of the construction work, to the measurement of work completed in the period and to the accounting for modifications to the initial contract, all of which impact the revenue recognised in the year.

These judgements and estimates are made by the persons in charge of performing the contracts, are subsequently reviewed at the various levels of the organisation, and are submitted to controls designed to ensure the consistency and reasonableness of the criteria applied.

Accordingly, the situation described was considered to be a key matter in our audit.

Procedures applied in the audit

Our audit procedures included a combination of tests to verify the operating effectiveness of the controls that mitigate the risks identified in the process for recognising contract revenue by reference to the stage of completion, together with substantive procedures, such as a detailed, case-by-case analysis of the main contracts in order to evaluate the reasonableness of the estimates made by the Group in relation to total project costs and total project revenue, the remaining costs to complete the contracts, the measurement of billed milestones, contract risks and other parameters including, among others, the accounting treatment of the contract modifications approved by the customer.

In this connection, for a representative sample of contracts, we checked that the revenue recognised by the Group was consistent with the terms and conditions of those contracts, verifying the price agreed on under those contracts, the reasonableness of the cost budgets considered, and whether the future milestones would be achieved on the basis of comparable historical information and inquiries made of the Group's technical personnel. In addition, we analysed the reasonableness of the percentage of completion reached at year-end, performing a review after the reporting period to verify the absence of any unexpected variances in costs or in the stage of completion of the contract, and of any modifications to the price initially agreed upon. We also reviewed the consistency of the estimates made by the Group in 2024 with the actual data for the contracts in 2025.

Lastly, we checked that the disclosures included in Notes 4.v and 27 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements in connection with the recognition of revenue were in conformity with those required by the applicable accounting regulations.

Recovery of goodwill and other intangible assets

Description

The Group has recognised goodwill of EUR 1,443 million and intangible assets relating to computer software and development expenditure amounting to EUR 113 million and EUR 142 million, respectively, as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2025 and as indicated in Notes 8 and 9 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The measurement of goodwill and other intangible assets requires management to make significant judgements, including the projection of cash flows from operating activities and the determination of appropriate discount rates and long-term growth rates, and, therefore, this matter was considered to be a key matter in our audit.

Procedures applied in the audit

Our audit procedures to address this matter included, among others, tests to verify the operating effectiveness of the controls that mitigate the risks identified in the impairment analysis process. Also, we were assisted by internal valuation specialists in evaluating the reasonableness of the models and of the key assumptions used.

We evaluated the reasonableness of the cash flow projections and the discount rates by comparing the assumptions with data obtained from internal and external sources, and performed a critical evaluation of the key inputs of the models used.

Specifically, we compared the revenue growth rates with the latest approved strategic plans and budgets and checked that they were consistent with market information. We also evaluated the historical accuracy of management in its budgeting process and questioned the discount rates by measuring the cost of capital of the Group and comparable organisations, as well as the perpetuity growth rates, among other information.

In addition, we checked that the Group's disclosures in relation to the impairment test met the requirements of EU-IFRSs, and that the disclosures relating to the sensitivity of the impairment test to changes in the key assumptions adequately reflected the risks inherent to the assumptions, all of which is described in Notes 8 and 9 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Business combinations

Description

As indicated in Note 5 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, in 2025 the Parent acquired, among others, certain companies engaging in the land defence industry and the operation of satellite communications systems.

These acquisitions are complex transactions which include contractual agreements the recognition of which in the consolidated financial statements requires the Parent's directors to make significant judgements and estimates.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include provisional accounting for the fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as a result of the aforementioned business combinations, since the applicable legislation allows the allocation of fair value to be re-estimated during a period of one year from the acquisition date.

The process of identifying and determining the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and of the goodwill arising on the respective acquisition dates also requires significant judgements and estimates to be made by the Parent's directors.

Consequently, the analysis of these transactions was a key audit matter in our audit.

Procedures applied in the audit

Our audit procedures included, among others, the review of the Group's accounting policies for business combinations, as described in Note 4.a to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for 2025, in order to assess their consistency with the applicable regulatory financial reporting framework and the performance of substantive tests based on the obtainment and analysis of the contractual documentation.

As regards the business combination of the company engaging in the land defence industry, we obtained the analysis performed by an independent expert, whose competence, capability and objectivity we evaluated for the purpose of using the expert's work as audit evidence for the identification and measurement of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, as well as of the consideration paid and the goodwill generated. We used this analysis to evaluate the adequacy of the valuation methodology and the discount rate used, the reasonableness of the main operating assumptions considered therein (mainly those referring to future cash flow projections) and verified the clerical accuracy of the analysis, with the assistance of our internal valuation specialists.

With respect to the business combination of the companies engaging in the operation of satellite communications systems, we obtained the provisional analysis performed by the Group to determine the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and obtained an understanding of the process used and the clerical accuracy of the calculations performed.

Lastly, we evaluated whether the disclosures included in Notes 4.a and 5 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements in connection with this matter were in conformity with those required by the applicable regulatory financial reporting framework.

Other Information: Consolidated Directors' Report

The other information comprises only the consolidated directors' report for 2025, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Parent's directors and which does not form part of the consolidated financial statements.

Our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the consolidated directors' report. Our responsibility relating to the consolidated directors' report, in accordance with the audit regulations in force, consists of:

- a) Solely checking that the consolidated non-financial information statement, certain information included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Directors' Remuneration Report, to which the Spanish Audit Law refers, have been furnished as provided for in the applicable legislation and, if this is not the case, reporting this fact.
- b) Evaluating and reporting on whether the other information included in the consolidated directors' report is consistent with the consolidated financial statements, based on the knowledge of the Group obtained in the audit of those consolidated financial statements, as well as evaluating and reporting on whether the content and presentation of this section of the consolidated directors' report are in conformity with the applicable regulations. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to report that fact.

Based on the work performed, as described above, we observed that the information described in section a) above had been furnished as provided for in the applicable legislation and that the other information in the consolidated directors' report was consistent with that contained in the consolidated financial statements for 2025 and its content and presentation were in conformity with the applicable regulations.

Responsibilities of the Directors and Audit and Compliance Committee of the Parent for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Parent's directors are responsible for preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements so that they present fairly the Group's consolidated equity, consolidated financial position and consolidated results in accordance with EU-IFRSs and the other provisions of the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Parent's directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Parent's audit and compliance committee is responsible for overseeing the process involved in the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is included in Appendix 1 to this auditor's report. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

European Single Electronic Format

We have examined the digital files in European Single Electronic Format (ESEF) of Indra Sistemas, S.A. and subsidiaries for 2025, which comprise the XHTML file including the consolidated financial statements for 2025 and the XBRL files with the tagging performed by the entity, which will form part of the annual financial report.

The directors of Indra Sistemas, S.A. are responsible for presenting the annual financial report for 2025 in accordance with the format and markup requirements established in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 ("ESEF Regulation"). In this regard, the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Directors' Remuneration Report were included by reference in the consolidated directors' report.

Our responsibility is to examine the digital files prepared by the Parent's directors, in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. Those regulations require that we plan and perform our audit procedures in order to ascertain whether the content of the consolidated financial statements included in the aforementioned digital files corresponds in full to that of the consolidated financial statements that we have audited, and whether those consolidated financial statements and the aforementioned files were formatted and marked up, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements established in the ESEF Regulation.

In our opinion, the digital files examined correspond in full to the audited consolidated financial statements, and these are presented and have been marked up, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements established in the ESEF Regulation.

Additional Report to the Parent's Audit and Compliance Committee

The opinion expressed in this report is consistent with the content of our additional report to the Parent's audit and compliance committee dated 25 February 2026.

Engagement Period

The Annual General Meeting held on 26 June 2025 appointed us as auditors of the Group for a period of one year from the year ended 31 December 2024.

Previously, we were designated pursuant to a resolution/resolutions of the General Meeting for the period of three years and have been auditing the consolidated financial statements uninterrupted since the year ended 31 December 2015.

DELOITTE AUDITORES, S.L.
Registered in ROAC under no. S0692



Ana Sánchez Palacios
Registered in ROAC under no. 22221

February 25, 2026

Appendix I to our auditor's report

Further to the information contained in our auditor's report, in this Appendix we include our responsibilities in relation to the audit of the consolidated financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Parent's directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the use by the Parent's directors of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Parent's audit and compliance committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Parent's audit and compliance committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including those regarding Independence, and we have communicated with it to report on all matters that may reasonably be thought to jeopardise our independence, and where applicable, on the related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Parent's audit and compliance committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at 31 December 2025 and 2024

(Thousand euro)

Assets	Notes	2025	2024
Property, plant and equipment	6	1,145,909	118,765
Investment property		9,284	9,601
Right-of-use assets	7	162,026	125,861
Goodwill	8	1,443,569	1,043,490
Intangible assets other than goodwill	9	459,504	250,450
Investments accounted for using the equity method	11	47,884	14,678
Non-current asset derivatives	10, 12, 37	19,069	868
Non-current trade and other receivables	10, 16	379,036	42,014
Other non-current financial assets	10, 12	496,489	294,981
Non-current contract assets	14	448,640	132,988
Deferred tax assets	35	43,328	104,174
Non-current assets		4,654,738	2,137,870
Assets held for sale	13	120,523	213,696
Current inventories and contract assets	14	1,261,415	658,756
Trade and other receivables	10, 16	1,746,345	1,155,084
Current tax assets	35	116,224	65,588
Current asset derivatives	10, 12, 37	7,885	3,530
Other current financial assets	10, 12	90,223	90,419
Other current non-financial assets	15	161,241	75,595
Cash and cash equivalents	10, 17	976,192	555,147
Current assets		4,480,047	2,817,814
Assets		9,134,785	4,955,684

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at 31 December 2025 and 2024
(Thousand euro)

Equity and liabilities	Notes	2025	2024
Share capital	18	35,330	35,330
Share premium	18	523,754	523,754
Retained earnings	18	1,290,087	898,677
Treasury shares	18	(65,158)	(12,635)
Other own equity instruments	18	14,570	7,830
Financial Assets at Fair Value	18	179,189	-
Cash flow hedges	18	10,826	(12,079)
Currency translation differences	18	(254,419)	(143,720)
Total equity attributable to the owners of the parent company		1,734,179	1,297,157
Non-controlling interests		258,583	17,550
Equity		1,992,762	1,314,707
Non-current provisions for employee remuneration	24	34,969	34,873
Other non-current provisions	24	63,478	52,652
Total non-current provisions		98,447	87,525
Non-current bank borrowings and debentures	10, 21	1,197,224	343,176
Non-current liability derivatives	10, 22 , 37	7,268	4,002
Other non-current financial liabilities	10, 22	2,020,462	688,043
Grants	10, 23	134,721	54,147
Other non-current non-financial liabilities		1,002	1,370
Deferred tax liabilities	35	58,615	3,945
Non-current liabilities		3,517,739	1,182,208
Liabilities held for sale	13	50,249	83,699
Current provisions for employee remuneration	24	12,668	27,738
Other current provisions	24	110,222	102,715
Total current provisions		122,890	130,453
Current bank borrowings, debentures and other	10, 21	385,916	186,336
Current liability derivatives	10, 22 , 37	5,892	14,176
Other current financial liabilities	10, 22	295,954	119,343
Sundry trade and other payables	10, 26	2,330,615	1,699,373
Current tax liabilities	35	25,251	21,896
Other current non-financial liabilities	25	407,517	203,493
Current liabilities		3,624,284	2,458,769
Liabilities		7,142,023	3,640,977
Equity and liabilities		9,134,785	4,955,684

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Income Statement at 31 December 2025 and 2024
(Thousand euro)

Income statement	Note	2025	2024
Revenue	27	5,456,652	4,842,857
Other operating income	28	58,715	34,189
Changes in inventories	14	136,888	125,616
Own work capitalised	9	96,896	69,958
Raw materials and consumables	29	(1,462,292)	(1,169,275)
Staff costs	30	(2,823,310)	(2,610,943)
Other operating expenses	31	(833,863)	(725,463)
Changes in trade provision	31	6,974	(21,424)
Fixed asset depreciation	6, 7, 9	(119,035)	(106,950)
Other gains/(losses) on fixed assets	32	(281)	(309)
Profit/(loss) from operating activities		517,346	438,256
Financial income	10	164,984	36,158
Financial expenses	10	(92,894)	(82,683)
Profit/(loss) from financing activities		72,090	(46,525)
Share of equity-accounted gain/(loss)	11	(3,166)	(5,470)
Profit/(loss) before tax		586,271	386,261
Tax income/(expense)		(147,293)	(105,981)
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations		438,978	280,280
Profit/(loss) for the year		438,978	280,280
Profit/(loss) attributable to the owners of the parent company	18	435,829	277,541
Profit/(loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	19	3,149	2,739
Basic earnings per share			
Basic earnings/(loss) per share from continuing activities	20	2.4810	1.5799
Basic earnings/(loss) per share from discontinued operations		-	-
Total basic earnings/(loss) per share		2.4810	1.5799
Diluted earnings per share			
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share from continuing activities	20	2.4810	1.5799
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share from discontinued operations		-	-
Total diluted earnings/(loss) per share		2.4810	1.5799

The notes to the accounts and appendices form an integral part of the Consolidated Annual Accounts

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income at 31 December 2025 and 2024
(Thousand euro)

	Note	2025	2024
Profit/(loss) for the year		438,978	280,280
Other comprehensive income			
Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, before tax			
Currency translation differences			
Profit/(loss) from currency translation differences taken directly to equity	18	(44,523)	(16,662)
Other comprehensive income from currency translation differences, before tax		(44,523)	(16,662)
Valuation of financial assets at fair value			
Profit/ (loss) on the valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		238,919	-
Cash flow hedges			
Cash flow hedges taken directly to equity	18	13,730	(11,701)
Cash flow hedges taken to the income statement	18	508	987
Other comprehensive income from cash flow hedges, before tax		14,238	(10,713)
Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, before tax		208,634	(27,375)
Total other comprehensive income, before tax		208,634	(27,375)
Income tax on components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Tax effect of cash flow hedges taken directly to equity		(3,432)	2,925
Tax effect of cash flow hedges taken to the income statement		(127)	(247)
Tax effect on the valuation of financial assets		(59,730)	-
Total other comprehensive income		145,345	(24,697)
Total comprehensive income		584,323	255,583
Comprehensive income attributable to			
Comprehensive income attributable to the owners of the parent company		583,159	252,603
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests		1,164	2,980
The notes to the accounts and appendices form an integral part of the Consolidated Annual Accounts			

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024

(Thousand euro)

Equity attributed to the owners of the parent company

	Equity attributed to the owners of the parent company									Non-controlling interests	Total
	Issued capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Share-based payments	Retained earnings	Other comprehensive income			Subtotal		
						Currency translation differences	Financial Assets at Fair Value	Cash flow hedge			
Balance at 01.01.2024	35,330	523,754	(32,960)	21,090	701,154	(126,817)	-	(4,044)	1,117,507	18,461	1,135,968
Changes in equity											
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	277,541	-	-	-	277,541	2,739	280,280
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(16,903)	-	(8,035)	(24,938)	241	(24,697)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	277,541	(16,903)	-	(8,035)	252,603	2,980	255,583
Dividends recognised	-	-	-	-	(44,100)	-	-	-	(44,100)	(2,560)	(46,660)
Increase/(decrease) due to other changes	-	-	-	-	(46,232)	-	-	-	(46,232)	(1,331)	(47,563)
Increase/(decrease) in equity due to treasury share transactions (Note 18)	-	-	20,325	(13,260)	10,314	-	-	-	17,379	-	17,379
Total increase/(decrease) in equity	-	-	20,325	(13,260)	197,523	(16,903)	-	(8,035)	179,650	(911)	178,739
Balance at 31.12.2024	35,330	523,754	(12,635)	7,830	898,677	(143,720)	-	(12,079)	1,297,157	17,550	1,314,707
Balance at 01.01.2025	35,330	523,754	(12,635)	7,830	898,677	(143,720)	-	(12,079)	1,297,157	17,550	1,314,707
Changes in equity											
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	435,829	-	-	-	435,829	3,149	438,978
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(42,538)	179,189	10,679	147,330	(1,985)	145,345
Comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	435,829	(42,538)	179,189	10,679	583,159	1,164	584,323
Dividends recognised	-	-	-	-	(43,923)	-	-	-	(43,923)	(3,160)	(47,083)
Scope Change	-	-	-	-	-	(68,161)	-	12,226	(55,935)	242,697	186,762
Increase/(decrease) due to other changes	-	-	-	-	(28,498)	-	-	-	(28,498)	332	(28,166)
Increase/(decrease) in equity due to treasury share transactions (Note 18)	-	-	(52,523)	6,740	28,001	-	-	-	(17,782)	-	(17,782)
Total increase/(decrease) in equity	-	-	(52,523)	6,740	391,410	(110,699)	179,189	22,905	437,023	241,033	678,056
Balance at 31.12.2025	35,330	523,754	(65,158)	14,570	1,290,087	(254,419)	179,189	10,826	1,734,179	258,583	1,992,762

The notes to the accounts and appendices form an integral part of the Consolidated Annual Accounts

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish and prepared in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain (Notes 2 and 45). In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish language version prevails.

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement at 31 December 2025 and 2024
(Thousand euro)

	Note	2025	2024
Cash flows generated from/(absorbed by) operating activities			
Profit/(loss) for the year		438,978	280,280
Income tax expense	35	147,293	105,981
Profit/(loss) before tax		586,271	386,261
Grants	23, 28	[44,141]	[25,444]
Provisions	16, 24	[5,580]	21,424
Other gains/(losses) on fixed assets	32	281	309
Depreciation and amortisation	6, 7, 9	119,035	106,950
Profit/(loss) in associates	11	3,166	5,470
Net financial income/(expense)	10	[72,090]	46,526
Operating profit before changes in working capital		586,942	541,496
Decrease/(increase) in inventories and contract assets		[150,199]	[125,854]
Decrease/(increase) in other trade receivables		[318,571]	121,305
Decrease/(increase) in other receivables from operating activities		4,258	[22,432]
Decrease/(increase) in other trade payables		299,801	78,859
Decrease/(increase) in other payables from operating activities		227,447	[57,324]
Change in working capital		62,736	(5,446)
Cash from operating activities		649,678	536,050
Corporate income tax paid		[133,440]	[85,155]
Net cash flows generated from/(absorbed by) operating activities		516,238	450,895

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish and prepared in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain (Notes 2 and 45). In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish language version prevails.

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement at 31 December 2025 and 2024

(Thousand euro)

	Note	2025	2024
Cash flows generated from/(absorbed by) investing activities			
Other cash receipts from sales of debt or equity instruments of other entities		3,616	60,723
Other cash payments to acquire debt or equity instruments of other entities	5	(811,547)	(92,140)
Payments to acquire property, plant and equipment	6	(44,078)	(23,562)
Receipts on sale of property, plant and equipment		-	260
Payments to acquire intangible assets	9	(93,703)	(87,438)
Receipts of government grants	9, 23	40,729	41,364
Interest received		30,713	18,881
Net cash flows generated from/(absorbed by) investing activities		(874,270)	(81,912)
Cash flows generated from/(absorbed by) financing activities			
Acquisition of treasury shares	18	(578,032)	(150,124)
Sale of treasury shares	18	547,296	121,357
Repayment and redemption of debentures and other marketable securities	21	-	(150,000)
Repayment and redemption of bank borrowings	21	(155,812)	(35,805)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	19	(3,160)	(2,689)
Interest paid	10	(55,723)	(44,662)
Dividends paid to the parent company		(43,923)	(44,100)
Other flows from financing activities	7, 22	(29,888)	(27,699)
Net cash flows generated from/(absorbed by) financing activities		754,313	(333,722)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents before the foreign exchange effect		396,281	35,262
Effective transfer to held for sale	13	37,126	(60,841)
Effect of foreign exchange fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents		(12,361)	(15,015)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		421,045	(40,594)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	17	555,147	595,741
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	17	976,192	555,147

The notes to the accounts and appendices form an integral part of the Consolidated Annual Accounts

Translation of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish and prepared in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain (Notes 2 and 45). In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish language version prevails.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

1. The Group's nature, composition and activities

The Group's parent company, Indra Sistemas, S.A. [the parent company] adopted its current name by resolution of the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on 9 June 1993. Its registered office for mercantile and tax purposes is located at Avenida Bruselas 35, 28108 Alcobendas (Madrid), Spain.

The parent company's shares are listed on the Madrid, Barcelona, Valencia and Bilbao Stock Exchanges [Note 18] and are currently included in the selective IBEX 35 index.

The parent company's corporate purpose is as follows:

a) The design, development, research, engineering (including robotics), production, manufacturing, supply, integration, operation, maintenance, repair, marketing, and sale of all types of systems, equipment, solutions, platforms, and products—including motor vehicles, autonomous or automated vehicles, ships, aircraft, and aerial or space devices or vehicles—for civil and military uses that make use of information and communication technologies (IT, electronics, and communications), as well as any part or component thereof, including energetic materials and any type of services related thereto, including the civil works required for their installation, applicable to any field or sector.

With respect to the engineering activity described in the preceding paragraph, it falls outside the scope of Law 2/2007, of March 15, on Professional Companies, in the sense that it is not carried out directly by the Company, but rather the Company acts as an intermediary between the professionals linked to the Company by any title, who hold the official qualifications required to perform such activity, and the client or recipient of said professional service.

b) The provision of services in the fields of business and management consulting, technological consulting, and training for any field or sector, including land-use planning and the environment; the preparation and execution of all types of studies and projects, as well as the management, technical assistance, technology transfer, marketing, and administration of such studies, projects, and activities.

c) The provision of outsourcing services for activities and processes belonging to any field or sector.

If any administrative authorization or registration in public registries is required for the performance of any of the activities included in the corporate purpose, such activities may not commence until the applicable administrative requirements have been fulfilled. If legal provisions require a professional qualification, authorization, or registration in special registries for the performance of any activity, such activity must be carried out by a person holding the corresponding qualification.

The activities comprising the corporate purpose may be carried out both in Spain and abroad, and may be performed indirectly in any legally permitted form, in particular through the ownership of shares or interests in other companies or legal entities whose corporate purpose is identical, analogous, accessory, or complementary to such activities.

The CNAE code that best describes the main activity is 62.1 [Computer programming activities], in addition to codes 62.09 [Other information technology and computer service activities], 62.02 [Computer consultancy activities], 61.90 [Other telecommunications activities], 30.32 [Manufacture of military aircraft and spacecraft and related machinery], 30.40 [Manufacture of military fighting vehicles], and 33.18 [Repair and maintenance of military fighting vehicles, ships, boats, aircraft, and spacecraft].

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Appendix I, which forms an integral part of the Group's Consolidated Annual Accounts for the financial year ended 31 December 2025, indicates the companies forming part of the scope of consolidation, their address and activity, and the ownership interest held.

During the year ended 31 December 2025, the Group set up the following subsidiaries:

- On 2 May 2025, the Group company Prointec, S.A.U, together with the Group company Ingeniería de Proyectos e Infraestructuras Mexicanas, S.A. de C.V , set up in El Salvador the company Prointec El Salvador, S.A. de C.V subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of 2 thousand dollars (€2 thousand).
- On 23 May 2025, the parent company set up the company Indra Land Vehicles, S.L.U., subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of €3 thousand.
- On 30 May 2025, the parent company set up the Uruguayan company Indra Sistemas Uruguay, S.A., subscribing 100% of share capital in the amount of 40 thousand Uruguayan pesos.
- On 18 July 2025, the parent company set up the company Indramind, S.L.U., subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of €3 thousand.
- On 24 July 2025, the Group company Indra Mobility, S.L.U, set up the company Indra Mobility Italia, S.P.A., subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of €50 thousand.
- On 25 July 2025, the Group company Minsait Payment Systems, S.L.U, together with the Group company Minsait Payment Systems Chile, S.A., set up the company Minsait Payment Systems Guatemala, Sociedad Anónima, in Guatemala, subscribing and paying GTQ 499 thousand in share capital (€6 thousand).
- On 12 August 2025, the Parent Company, together with Edge Group PJSC, incorporated in Abu Dhabi the company Pulse LLC, subscribing 50.01% of its share capital for an amount of 250,100 Emirati dirhams.
- On 5 September 2025, the companies Prointec, S.A.U, Consis Proiect S.R.L. and Ingeniería de Proyectos e Infraestructuras Mexicanas, S.A. de C.V , set up the Colombian company Prointec Colombia, S.A.S, subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of 1.404.300 thousand Colombian pesos (€316 thousand).
- On 8 September 2025, the parent company together with the Group entities Park Air Systems Limited and Indra Navia AS, set up the Colombian company Indra ATM & Defensa Colombia, S.A.S, subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of 1.404.300 thousand Colombian pesos (€316 thousand).
- On 08 September 2025, the parent company together with the Group entities Park Air Systems Limited and Indra Navia AS, set up the Colombian company Indra ISSC Colombia, S.A.S, subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of 664.702 thousand Colombian pesos (€150 thousand).
- On 11 September 2025, the Parent Company, together with Edge Group PJSC, incorporated in Abu Dhabi the company Pulse Manufacturing LLC, subscribing 49.99% of its share capital for an amount of 250,000 Emirati dirhams.
- On 12 September 2025, the Group company Indra Mobility, S.L.U, set up the company Indra Mobility UK, LTD, subscribing 100% of share capital in the amount of 10 thousand pounds sterling.
- On 24 November 2025, the Group company Indra Mobility, S.L.U, set up the company Indra Mobility Lithuania, UAB, subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of €1 thousand.
- On December 19, 2025, Teknei Colombia, S.A.S. was incorporated with subscribed share capital amounting to 22,570 thousand Colombian pesos.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2025 , the Group derecognised a number of companies, as summarised below:

- On 23 June 2025, the company Indra Czech Republic, S.R.O., was liquidated.
- On 30 December 2025, the company Tower Air Traffic Services, S.L.U., was liquidated.

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

- On 29 December 2025, the merger between the Peruvian companies Indra Peru and Tecnomcom Peru has taken place, with the latter transferring all assets and liabilities, rights and obligations to Indra Peru.
- In October 2025, the subsidiary PT Indra Indonesia was wound up.

During the year ended 31 December 2025, the Group acquired the following subsidiaries (Note 5):

- On 28 February 2025, the parent company completed the acquisition of the British companies Global ATS Limited and Micro Nav Limited for £24,613 thousand [€29,441 thousand], having signed an agreement for their acquisition during the previous year and having received approval from the competent authorities in the United Kingdom and Saudi Arabia.
- On 13 June 2025, the parent company completed the acquisition of 26,335% of the Spanish company Tess Defence, S.A. to increase Indra's ownership interest to 51.001%, for €106,657 thousand. The remaining share capital is held as follows: Santa Bárbara Sistemas, S.A.: 16.33%; Escribano Mechanical & Engineering, S.L.: 16.33%; and SAPA Operaciones, S.L.: 16.33%. During the previous year, an agreement for the acquisition had been signed and the required approvals from the competent authorities in Spain had been obtained.
- On July 8 2025, the parent company participated in a capital increase of Sparc Foundry, amounting to €20,000 thousand, resulting in a 37% ownership stake. Through this acquisition, Indra makes a significant entry into the design and production of gallium nitride-based chips, a key technology for both Spanish and European strategic autonomy. This technology is critical in the defence and aerospace sectors due to its applications in radiofrequency systems and AESA radars.
- On 29 July 2025, the parent company acquired 100% of the Spanish company Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L., for an initial amount of €25,456 thousand. A liability of €4,600 thousand is also recognised, reflecting the deferred payment that the Group must make in the future.
- On 30 December 2025, the Group company Indra Space, S.L.U. completed the acquisition of an 89.68 % of Hispasat, Group for an amount of €725,000 thousand. Through this transaction, the Group also secured control of Hisdesat Servicios Estratégicos, S.A. by purchasing an additional 0.1% stake for the Group company Indra Espacio, S.L.U. for €130 thousand, thereby incorporating the company into the scope of consolidation. This acquisition provides Indra Group with the capabilities to manufacture satellites and to commercialize satellite services.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group set up the following subsidiaries:

- On 18 March 2024, the parent company set up the company Indra Espacio, S.L.U. by demerging the space business. The demerged net assets amounted to €28,043 thousand. Issued capital totalled €845 thousand.
- On 30 July 2024, the parent company set up the company Indra Mobility, S.L.U., subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of €3 thousand.
- On 30 August 2024, the parent company set up the company Orbitude, S.L.U., subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of €3 thousand.
- On 22 December 2024, the parent company set up the company Indra Regional Headquarter Company in Saudi Arabia, subscribing and paying up 100% of share capital in the amount of €1,097 thousand [4,455 Saudi rials].

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group deregistered the following subsidiaries:

- On 1 January 2024, the three Italian companies Softfobia, S.R.L., Unclick, S.R.L. and Riganera, S.R.L. were merged into the company Indra Italia, S.P.A., with all assets and liabilities, rights and obligations being transferred to Indra Italia, S.P.A.
- On 1 March 2024, the Italian companies Smartpaper, S.P.A. and Smartest, S.R.L. were merged [effective 1 January 2024], all the latter company's assets and liabilities, rights and obligations being transferred to Smartpaper, S.P.A.
- On March 2024, the Spanish company Tagsonomy, S.L was sold for €100 thousand.
- In September 2024, the company Eurofighter Simulation Systems GMBH was wound up.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group acquired the following subsidiaries:

- On 5 February 2024, the parent company acquired 65% of the Spanish company Global Training Aviation, S.L. for €18,723 thousand, having previously owned a 35% holding, thereby taking control of its entire share capital. A liability of €500 thousand was also recognised, reflecting the deferred payment that the Group must make in the future.
- On 31 May 2024, the Group company Minsait Payment Systems, S.L.U. completed the acquisition of 100% of the company Compañía Uruguaya de Medios de Procesamiento, S.A. for €5,272 thousand, after signing the purchase agreement in the previous year and receiving approvals from the competent authorities in Uruguay.
- On 8 October 2024 the Group company Indra Soluciones Tecnologías de la Información, S.L.U. acquired 100% of the companies MQA Business Consultants, S.A. and MQA Américas Group, Inc. for an initial amount of €32,172 thousand. An additional liability of €5,785 thousand was recognised, reflecting the probable value that the Company estimates will be payable as an earn-out in the event that the company reaches the targets agreed in the sale and purchase agreement.
- On 31 October 2024, the Group company Orbitude, S.L.U. acquired 100% of the Deimos Group for €19,000 thousand.
- On 29 November 2024, the parent company acquired 100% of the CLUE Group for €13,777 thousand. An additional discounted liability of €25,000 thousand was recognised, reflecting the probable value that Indra estimates will be payable as an earn-out in the event that the company reaches the targets agreed in the sale and purchase agreement, in addition to a sum of €1,000 thousand deposited in an escrow account.

There were no other significant scope changes affecting these consolidated financial statements at the date of authorisation for issue.

2. Basis of presentation and comparability

The Consolidated Annual Accounts have been prepared by the Board of Directors of the parent company on the basis of the accounting records of Indra Sistemas, S.A. and the other Group companies. The Consolidated Annual Accounts for 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the European Union (IFRS-EU) which are in force at 31 December 2025 and other provisions of the applicable financial reporting regulatory framework in order to present fairly the consolidated equity and consolidated financial position of Indra Systems, S.A. and subsidiaries at 31 December 2025 and the Group's consolidated financial performance, consolidated cash flows and changes in consolidated equity for the year then ended.

The Group adopted IFRS-EU for the first time on 1 January 2004.

The Board of Directors of the parent company considers that the 2025 Consolidated Annual Accounts, which were authorised for issue on 25 February 2026, will be approved by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting without any modification.

The 2024 Consolidated Annual Accounts were approved by the General Shareholders' Meeting on 26 June 2025.

Presentation approach and formats

These Consolidated Annual Accounts are presented in thousand euro and rounded to the nearest thousand (€ thousand), the euro being the parent company's functional and presentation currency. Transactions completed abroad are recognised in accordance with the policies described in Note 4.w.

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Critical measurement issues and estimates of uncertainty

The preparation of Consolidated Annual Accounts in accordance with IFRS-EU requires significant accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions when applying the Group's accounting policies. The estimates and assumptions employed are based on experience, good faith, best estimates and other historical factors which assure that the results are reasonable in the circumstances. Nonetheless, the results could differ should other estimates be used or events unforeseen by the Group occur, or due to other factors. There follows a summary of aspects that have entailed a greater degree of judgement or complexity, or in which the assumptions and estimates are significant to the preparation of the Consolidated Annual Accounts:

- The Group's core business is based on executing projects contracted with customers. The Group recognises revenue in accordance with IFRS 15. For certain contracts, Indra applies the so-called stage of completion method to account for sales so as to assure the fairest presentation. Group Management continuously reviews all project estimates and adjusts them accordingly.
- Costs incurred in development projects are capitalised in the account "Development expenses" when they are likely to generate economic benefits in the future that will offset the cost of the asset recognised. Intangible assets are amortised based on the best estimates of their useful lives. The estimation of these useful lives requires a certain degree of subjectivity, so they are determined on the basis of analyses performed by the relevant technical departments so that the estimates are duly supported [Note 9].
- The Group performs annual goodwill impairment tests. Management uses estimates in order to determine the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit (CGU) to which goodwill is assigned. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell or otherwise dispose of an asset and value in use. The Group generally employs cash flow discounting methods to determine such values. Discounted cash flow calculations are based on five-year projections taking into account past experience and represent Management's best estimate of future business trends. Cash flows beyond year five are extrapolated applying individual growth rates. The key assumptions when determining these values include sales growth rates, weighted average cost of capital, the EBIT margin and working capital levels [Note 8].
- The Group estimates the useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets so as to calculate the depreciation or amortisation charged on fixed assets. Useful life is determined using estimates of expected technological developments, entailing a significant degree of judgement. The need to assess potential impairment means taking into consideration factors such as technological obsolescence, cancellation of certain projects and other changes to circumstances estimated [Notes 6 and 9].
- The Group records provisions for liabilities and charges. The final cost of litigation and contingencies may vary depending on the interpretations of legislation, opinions and final evaluations. Any change to these circumstances could have a material effect on the amounts recognised under the heading Provisions for liabilities and charges [Note 24].
- Deferred tax assets are reflected for all deductible temporary differences, tax-loss carryforwards and tax credits pending application for which the Group is likely to record sufficient future taxable income. The Group must make estimates to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that may be recognised, taking into account the amounts and dates on which the future taxable income will be obtained and the reversal period of taxable temporary differences [Note 35].
- The Group is involved in regulatory and legal proceedings and government inspections in a number of jurisdictions. A provision is recognised if it is likely that there will be an obligation at the year end which will give rise to an outflow of resources, provided that the amount can be reliably measured. Legal processes usually involve complex legal matters and are subject to considerably uncertainty. As a result, Management uses significant judgement when determining whether it is likely that the process will result in an outflow of resources and when estimating the amount [Notes 24 and 35].
- Measurement adjustments for bad debts require a high degree of judgement on the part of Management and the review of individual balances based on the credit quality of customers, current market trends and historical analysis of bad debts at the aggregate level [Note 16]. A provision is recorded for the expected loss, in accordance with IFRS 9, based on a number of parameters:

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

- Segmentation of trade receivables by maturity.
- Large customers and other customers.
- Project debt by country based on credit ratings.

Past debt performance is also analysed on the basis of:

- Impairment rates for billings.
 - Debt ageing rates.
 - Impairment rates for past-due balances receivable.
- The calculation of provisions for onerous contracts is subject to a high degree of uncertainty. The Group records provisions for onerous contracts when estimated total costs exceed expected contract revenue. These estimates are subject to changes based on new stage of completion information (Note 24).

Although these estimates are based on the best information available at the date these Consolidated Annual Accounts are authorised for issue, future events could give rise to adjustments in the coming years, which would be made prospectively, recognising the effects of the change of estimate in the relevant future Consolidated Annual Accounts.

Global and geopolitical impacts and uncertainties

War in Ukraine

The war triggered by Russia's invasion of Ukraine in 2022 has had a significant geopolitical impact on a global scale, with particularly strong repercussions in Europe. The current situation of the conflict remains one of stalemate and high uncertainty regarding its future outcome. Efforts by third countries to promote peace talks or a lasting ceasefire have, to date, not been successful.

As a result of the war in Ukraine, Europe has undergone a paradigm shift with respect to its autonomy in Defence. This shift has been driven, among other factors, by the repeated calls from the United States for European NATO members to assume greater responsibility for their own Defence. At the NATO Summit held in June 2025, a new Defence spending target for 2035 was approved, equivalent to 5% of GDP. Of this amount, 3.5% will correspond to Defence expenditure as defined by NATO, with the remaining 1.5% allocated to the protection of critical infrastructure, cybersecurity, resilience, and the strengthening of the Defence industrial base.

Spain, for its part, has reaffirmed its commitment to the capability objectives established within the Alliance, although it expects to meet them with a lower level of expenditure. Specifically, Spain has launched 31 new programmes to reach Defence spending equivalent to 2% of GDP as early as 2025. In this context, Indra's outlook for its Defence and Security business in the coming years is very positive. With regard to the direct impact of the conflict on Indra, the Company ceased its operations in Russia and Ukraine at the outset of the war. However, the Company did not have significant operations in either of these countries.

New political cycle in the United States

The new Trump administration, which began in January 2025, has marked the start of a new political cycle in the United States, triggering significant changes in its foreign and economic policy. One of the most notable elements is the new tariff policy, under which agreements with various countries and economic blocs have been renegotiated in pursuit of more favourable conditions for the United States in trade relations with countries with which it maintains a significant trade deficit.

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

The shift in U.S. foreign and economic policy has led European governments to reconsider both their commercial strategy and their approach to Defence and Security. The U.S. Government has been the main driving force behind the approval of NATO's new Defence spending commitment (5% of GDP), with the objective of ensuring that European countries assume greater responsibility for their own Defence.

Indra continues to monitor the situation in order to take the necessary measures within its reach and adapt to the various changes that may arise. In any case, the potential impact on the Company of new tariffs between the United States and the European Union is expected to be limited.

Conflict in the Middle East

The terrorist attack carried out by Hamas against Israel in October 2023 reignited a conflict that had been latent in the region for decades. Israel's strong response in the Gaza Strip has generated criticism from several European countries, including Spain. Specifically, Spain has imposed an embargo on the trade of Defence and dual-use materials with Israel.

In addition, the conflict has had repercussions throughout the region for several years, including clashes between Israel and the Hezbollah militia in Lebanon, as well as disruptions to maritime routes transiting the Suez Canal due to the risk of attacks by Houthi militias. Another consequence of the conflict has been episodes of direct confrontation between Israel and Iran, which have even involved direct participation by the United States, both militarily and diplomatically.

Following mediation efforts by several countries, a ceasefire between Israel and Hamas was reached in October 2025. The agreement has partially restored stability in the region, facilitating a return to normality in commercial maritime routes, with a positive impact on goods trade between Europe and Asia.

Indra has not identified any significant impact on its operations to date, but the Company will continue to monitor the situation in case of potential effects on its supply chain. Prior to the entry into force in Spain of the prohibition on the trade of Defence and dual-use materials with Israel, Indra made only limited use of Israeli suppliers and had sufficient alternatives to avoid any disruption to its supply chain.

Interest rates

During the 2025 financial year, the interest rate environment continued to be characterized by a high degree of uncertainty, within a context shaped by macroeconomic and geopolitical factors. Monetary policy decisions adopted by the main central banks remained closely linked to the evolution of inflation and economic growth, as well as to the risks arising from the international environment.

Throughout the year, market expectations regarding the future path of interest rates showed significant fluctuations, reflecting the sensitivity of such expectations to available economic information and geopolitical developments. In this scenario, it is not possible to accurately anticipate the level at which interest rates will stand in the medium term.

Indra continues to monitor developments in the financial markets on an ongoing basis and manages its financing structure in accordance with approved internal policies, with the aim of maintaining a balanced financial profile and an appropriate management of interest rate risk. No significant incidents arose during the year as a result of movements in interest rates.

Uncertainty regarding sustainability regulation

Following the publication of the 2024 Draghi Report on the competitiveness of the EU, which highlighted the regulatory burden on European companies in the area of sustainability, the European Commission launched in 2025 a process to review and simplify its regulatory framework in this field.

Specifically, the approval of the Omnibus I Package in February 2025 entails the amendment and postponement of the obligations imposed by three key regulations: the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD), the Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD), and the EU Taxonomy Regulation for sustainable activities, generating significant uncertainty in the non-financial reporting of European companies.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

In Spain, since the legislative process to transpose the CSRD into Spanish law had not been completed at the time the Omnibus I Package was issued, the draft bill under development is expected to be amended to align with the changes introduced by the Omnibus Package. Therefore, the previous Spanish reporting framework (Law 11/2018 on Non-Financial Information Statements) remains in force.

Beyond the current regulatory uncertainty—particularly affecting reporting—Indra considers sustainability to be a cross-cutting pillar of its “Leading the Future” Strategic Plan and continues to make progress in the implementation of its ESG Plan for the 2024–2026 period.

Standards and interpretations issued and approved by the European Union, in force and applicable to the Consolidated Annual Accounts for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

The following standards have been first-time adopted in the Consolidated Annual Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2025:

- **Amendment to IAS 21:** “Lack of exchangeability”. Clarifications regarding the presentation of liabilities as current or non-current, particularly where conditional on compliance with covenants.

There have been no material impacts on the Group due to the adoption of the above-mentioned amendments.

Standards and interpretations issued, approved by the European Union and to be adopted by the Group as from 1 January 2026 (not early adopted):

- **Amendment to IFRS 7 and IFRS 9:** “Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments”. This amendment clarifies the criteria for the classification of certain financial assets, as well as the criteria for the derecognition of financial liabilities settled through electronic payment systems. It also introduces additional disclosure requirements.
- **Amendment to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7:** “Contracts for Electricity Depending on Their Nature”. This amendment clarifies the accounting treatment of electricity contracts, distinguishing between purchase/sale contracts and those that must be recognized as financial instruments.

The Group does not expect any significant impacts due to the adoption of these amendments.

Standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), pending approval by the European Union:

New standards	Proposed effective date
IFRS 18: “Presentation and disclosure in financial statements”	1 January 2027
IFRS 19: “Subsidiaries without public accountability: disclosures”	1 January 2027
Amendments and/or interpretations	
Amendment to IFRS 19: “Disclosures for Subsidiaries without Public Accountability”	1 January 2027
Amendment to IAS 21: “The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates: Translation into a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency”	1 January 2027

The application of the amendments and the revised standards included in the table above will not have any material impact on the Group's Consolidated Annual Accounts. However, they will result in the disclosure of broader information in the Consolidated Annual Accounts.

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Comparability of information

As required under IFRS-EU, these 2025 Consolidated Annual Accounts include, for comparative purposes, the corresponding figures for the previous year.

Changes to accounting policies

Except for the adaptation of the Group's accounting policies due to the adoption of the new accounting standards referred to previously, the Group's accounting approach has not changed with respect to the previous year.

3. Application/distribution of results

The Board of Directors of the Indra Sistemas, S.A., the parent company, will propose to its Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting that its profit for the year, amounting to €154,156,046.65, be distributed as follows:

Dividend payable	52,996,320.60
Offset of prior-year losses	101,159,726.05
	154,156,046.65

The proposed allocation of the 2025 results of the Group's companies has been prepared by their respective Directors and is pending approval by the corresponding General Shareholders'/Partners' Meetings. It has not been recognized as a liability in these Consolidated Financial Statements as of 31 December 2025. The total amount of the dividend ultimately approved will be increased or reduced as necessary so that the amount to be received per share in circulation remains at €0.30 gross per share (€0.25 per share in 2024), excluding treasury shares, in accordance with the provisions of Article 148(a) of the Spanish Companies Act. Consequently, the amount allocated to 'compensation of negative results from prior years' will be adjusted accordingly. The dividend payment will not have tax implications for the Group.

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4. Accounting principles

The Consolidated Annual Accounts have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations adopted by the European Union (IFRS-EU).

The accounting policies described below have been applied consistently during the financial years presented in these Consolidated Annual Accounts.

The most relevant are as follows:

a. Subsidiaries and business combinations

Subsidiaries, including structured entities, are entities over which the parent company exercises control directly or indirectly. The parent company controls a subsidiary when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to influence those returns through its power over the subsidiary. The parent company has power over a subsidiary when there are substantive rights in force that give it the ability to direct the relevant activities. The parent company is exposed, or has the right, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary when the returns obtained have the potential to vary as a result of the subsidiary's business performance.

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate only to administrative tasks and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements.

Subsidiaries are consolidated as from the acquisition date and are excluded from consolidation from the date on which control is lost.

Subsidiaries are consolidated using the full consolidation method. All their assets, liabilities, income, expenses and cash flows are included in the Consolidated Annual Accounts following the relevant adjustments and eliminations to allow for intra-group transactions.

The Group applies the acquisition method for business combinations.

The acquisition date is the date on which the Group obtains control of the business acquired.

The consideration in a business combination is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed, equity instruments issued and any consideration contingent on future events or compliance with certain conditions in exchange for control of the acquiree.

The consideration transferred excludes any payment that does not form part of the exchange for the acquiree. Acquisition costs are recognised as an expense when incurred.

Contingent liabilities are recognised until they are settled, cancelled or expire in the higher of the amount initially recorded, less any amounts that must be taken to the consolidated income statement in accordance with the revenue recognition standard, and the amount calculated applying the provisioning standard.

At the acquisition date, the Group recognises the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest at fair value. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree are recognised in the proportionate part of the fair value of the net assets acquired. These criteria are only applicable for non-controlling interests which carry a current share of economic benefits and entitlement to the proportionate part of the net assets of the acquiree in the event of liquidation. Otherwise, non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or at a value based on market conditions. The liabilities assumed include contingent liabilities to the extent that they represent present obligations arising from past events and fair value may be reliably measured. The Group also recognises indemnification assets provided by the seller at the same time and following the same measurement approach as for the related indemnified item of the acquiree, considering any risk of insolvency and any contractual limit on the amount indemnified.

The assets and liabilities assumed are classified and designated for subsequent measurement on the basis of the contractual agreements, financial conditions, accounting and operating policies and other conditions applicable at the acquisition date, except for leases and insurance contracts.

The excess of the consideration paid, plus the value attributed to non-controlling interests, over the net amount of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, is recognised as goodwill. If applicable, any shortfall is taken to the income statement after assessing the consideration paid and the value attributed to non-controlling interests, and identifying and measuring the net assets acquired.

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i. Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests are reflected in consolidated equity separately from the equity attributed to the parent company's shareholders. Non-controlling interests in consolidated results for the year (and in total consolidated comprehensive income for the year) are also presented separately in the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The Group's interest and non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries' consolidated results for the year (total consolidated comprehensive income for the year) and changes in equity, after consolidation adjustments and eliminations, are determined based on the ownership interests at the year end, without considering the possible exercise or conversion of potential voting rights and after discounting the effect of dividends, agreed or otherwise, on cumulative preference shares that have been classified in equity accounts. However, the Group's interest and non-controlling interests are calculated taking into account the possible exercise of potential voting rights and other derivative financial instruments which, in substance, currently allow access to the economic benefits associated with the ownership interests held, that is the entitlement to a share in future dividends and changes in the value of the subsidiaries.

The results and each component of other comprehensive income are allocated to equity attributable to the parent company's shareholders and to non-controlling interests in proportion to their ownership interest, even if this results in a debtor balance in non-controlling interests. Agreements entered into between the Group and non-controlling interests are recognised as a separate transaction.

The increase and reduction in non-controlling interests in a subsidiary while control is maintained is recognised as an transaction involving equity instruments. Therefore, no new acquisition cost arises from the increases and no results are recognised as a result of the reductions, the difference between the consideration paid or received and the carrying amount of the non-controlling interests being recognised in the reserves of the investing entity, notwithstanding the reclassification of consolidation reserves and the re-allocation of other comprehensive income among the Group and the non-controlling interests. When the Group's interest in a subsidiary decreases, the share of non-controlling interests in consolidated net assets, including goodwill, is recognised.

The Group recognises options to sell interests in subsidiaries granted to non-controlling shareholdings on the acquisition date of a business combination as a pre-acquisition of the shares, recording a financial liability for the present value of the best estimate of the amount payable, which forms part of the consideration paid.

In subsequent years, the change in the financial liability, including the financing component, is taken to the income statement. Any discretionary dividends paid to the non-controlling interests to the option exercise date are recognised as a distribution of results. If the options are not finally exercised, the transaction is recognised as a sale of shares to the minority shareholders.

Instruments containing options to sell and embodying settlement obligations which qualify to be classified as equity instruments in the subsidiaries' separate financial statements are carried as financial liabilities in the Consolidated Annual Accounts and not as non-controlling interests.

(ii) Other aspects related to the consolidation of subsidiaries

Intragroup balances and transactions and any unrealised gains or losses are eliminated on consolidation. However, unrealised losses are seen as an indication of the impairment of the transferred assets.

The subsidiaries' accounting policies have been adapted to the Group's policies for transactions and other events that are similar and have taken place in similar circumstances.

The annual accounts or financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the consolidation process relate to the same presentation date and same period as those of the parent company.

b. Jointly-controlled operations and assets

Joint arrangements are considered to be those in which there is a bylaw or contractual agreement to share control of an economic activity, such that strategic business decisions on both financial and operating matters require the unanimous consent of the Company and the other investors.

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For jointly-controlled operations and assets, the Group recognises in the annual accounts the assets under its control, the liabilities it has incurred and the proportionate part, based on its equity interest, of the jointly-controlled assets and jointly-incurred liabilities, as well as the portion of the revenue obtained from the sale of goods or provision of services, and the expenses incurred by the joint arrangement. The statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement also reflect the proportionate part pertaining to the Group under the arrangements made.

Reciprocal transactions, balances, income, expenses and cash flows are eliminated in proportion to the Group's share of the joint arrangements.

Unrealised gains or losses on the Group's non-monetary contributions or downstream transactions with the joint arrangements are recognised based on the substance of the transactions. In the event that the assets transferred remain in the joint arrangements and the Group has transferred the significant risks and rewards inherent in the ownership of the assets, only the proportionate part of the gains or losses pertaining to the other investors is recognised. Unrealised losses are not eliminated provided they are evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred.

Gains or losses on transactions between the joint arrangements and the Group are only recognised in the proportionate part corresponding to the other investors, applying the same recognition approach described in the previous paragraph in the case of losses.

The Group has made the value and timing adjustments necessary to include the joint arrangements in the annual accounts.

The information on jointly-controlled business activities in the form of temporary consortia (UTES) is presented in Appendix II.

i. Joint operations

For joint operations, the Group recognises the assets in the Consolidated Annual Accounts, including its share of the jointly-controlled assets; the liabilities, including its share of the liabilities incurred jointly with the other operators; the revenue obtained from the sale of its share of the products of the joint venture; and the expenses, including its share of joint expenditure.

For sales or contributions by the Group to the joint operations, only the results relating to the shares of the other operators are recognised, unless losses reflect the decline in value or impairment of the assets transferred, in which case the entire amount is recognised.

In the case of purchases made by the Group from the joint operations, the results are only recognised when the assets acquired are sold to third parties, unless losses reflect the decline in value or impairment of the assets acquired, in which case the Group recognises the full amount of its share of the losses.

The Group's acquisition of the initial and subsequent interests in a joint operation is recognised using the same approach as for business combinations, based on its ownership interest in the individual assets and liabilities. Nonetheless, when an additional interest in a joint operation is subsequently acquired, the prior interest in the individual assets and liabilities is not restated.

c. Investments accounted for using the equity method

Associates are entities over which the Group directly or indirectly exercises significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies. Potential voting rights that may be exercisable or convertible at the end of each reporting period, including potential voting rights held by the Group or another entity, are considered when assessing whether there is significant influence.

Investments in associates are carried under the equity method from the date significant influence is exercised to the date on which the Group can no longer prove this influence exists.

The Group's share of the profits or losses of an associate obtained as from the date of acquisition is recognised as an increase or decrease in the value of the investment, credited or debited to the consolidated income statement heading "Results of equity-consolidated companies".

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d. Intangible assets

i. Goodwill

Goodwill (Note 8) on business combinations is initially recognised at an amount equivalent to the difference between the cost of the business combination and the Group's share in the net fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed with respect to the subsidiary or joint venture acquired.

Goodwill is not amortised. However, goodwill is analysed to identify any impairment annually or as soon as there are signs of a potential loss of value. To this end, goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit (CGU) that is expected to benefit from the combination synergies, applying the approach described in letter g) of this note. Following initial recognition, goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Each segment is formed by a CGU that has all the necessary capabilities to develop the various products offered in that segment.

In this regard, in accordance with IAS 36.68, each individual product or vertical market may not be considered a CGU since they are not separate cash-flow-generating assets due to being strongly interdependent and requiring the use of common elements and resources.

Each CGU identified benefits from the economic and operating synergies of the goodwill allocated as a result of the business combinations.

The optimisation of common resources in each business segment and the generation of synergies between them is achieved by:

- Centralising the development of each business, which improves thanks to integrated management.
- Fostering the continuous improvement of service levels provided.
- Streamlining and simplifying the organisational structure of each business separately and of the Indra Group as a whole.
- Enhancing the consistency and effectiveness of processes and systems in each business.
- Implementing more agile commercial management in each segment.
- Gaining strategic flexibility and simplifying the management structure and decision-making and implementation processes by adapting them to the individual needs of each business line.
- Facilitating strategic alliances, joint ventures and integration processes with other companies engaged in the IT business.

Goodwill impairment losses recognised are not reversed in subsequent years.

In the event that a business is sold, the associated goodwill is derecognised as follows: (i) identify the business in the CGU; (ii) derecognise the goodwill based on the percentage of the fair value of the business sold in relation to the total fair value of the relevant CGU.

ii. Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are recognised at acquisition or production cost. They are adjusted annually to reflect any decline in value, as described in letter g) of this note. The assets included under this heading are as follows:

- Development expenses: They include direct costs incurred in specific individual developments by project.

Expenses related to research, development and innovation (R&D&i) projects are recognised directly in the consolidated income statement for the relevant period, except in the case of costs incurred in development projects, which are capitalised in the intangible asset account "Development expenses", provided the following conditions are met:

- The outlay attributable to the project may be reliably measured.
- Project costs are clearly assigned, allocated and time-apportioned. .

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- There are sound reasons for the project's technical success, both in the case of direct operations and for the sale of the project's results to a third party on completion, where there is a market.
- The project's economic and commercial profitability is reasonably assured.
- The funding to complete the project and availability of adequate technical or other resources to complete it and to use or sell the intangible are reasonably assured.
- Management intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale.

Development expenses are only capitalised where there is certainty that future income will be obtained to offset the capitalised project costs.

The Group analyses development projects to identify impairment and make any value adjustments. Development expenses are recognised directly under this heading as the asset definition is fulfilled. Once completed, they are transferred to computer software and amortisation begins.

Amortisation of development expenses transferred to computer software begins when the asset is available for use following the development process, tests and quality controls applicable in each case.

- Computer software: Amounts paid to acquire ownership or the right of use of computer programs, as well as costs of programs developed by the Group, are capitalised when the software contributes to the generation of income for the Group.

The amounts capitalised do not in any case include costs incurred to modify or upgrade programs in use in the Group, nor those relating to review work, consultancy or staff training provided by other companies in order to implement the software.

Computer software arising from business combinations is carried at the fair value of the identifiable asset acquired on the date of exchange.

The cost of completed development projects that are transferred to computer software is taken to the income statement through the amortisation account, applying an amortisation rate based on the estimated useful life.

- Industrial property: It is presented at acquisition cost and amortised over the period in which the rights inherent in ownership of the industrial property are exercised.

Industrial property arising from business combinations is carried at the fair value of the identifiable asset acquired on the date of exchange.

Industrial property having an indefinite useful life is not amortised. Instead, it is tested annually for impairment, or earlier if there are indications of a potential decline in value.

- Contractual relationships: They include the portfolio of customer relationships derived from business combinations. The amortisation of contractual relationships is charged to the consolidated income statement over a useful life of between 9 and 17 years. Impairment testing is carried out to adjust the carrying amount to reflect the fulfilment of commitments made.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and carried separately from goodwill are initially recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Following initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and cumulative impairment losses, on the same terms as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

Useful life and amortisation charges: The Group assesses whether the useful life of each intangible asset is finite or indefinite. For such purposes, an intangible asset is understood to have an indefinite useful life when there is no foreseeable limit to the period during which it will generate net cash inflows.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised by distributing the amortisable amount on a straight-line basis over the following estimated average useful lives:

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	Estimated years of useful life
Industrial property	From 10 to 20 years
Computer software	1 to 10 years
Contractual relationships	9 to 17 years

Acquisition cost less any residual value is deemed to be the amortisable amount. The Group records no asset with a residual value.

The Group reviews the useful life and amortisation method of intangible assets at each year end. Changes to the approach initially adopted are recognised as changes in estimates and are therefore accounted for prospectively.

e. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and cumulative impairment losses. Costs of expansion, upgrade or improvement that lead to an increase in productivity, capacity or efficiency, or an extension in the useful life of assets, are capitalised. Repair and maintenance costs are taken to the consolidated income statement when incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on the basis of cost values or values allocated by independent, third-party experts using the straight-line method over the following average estimated useful lives:

	Estimated years of useful life
Buildings	50
Plant, machinery and other installations	10
Furniture	10
Data-processing equipment	4
Vehicles	7
Other PPE	10

The Group reviews the useful life and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment at each year end. Changes to the approach initially adopted are recognised as changes in estimates and are therefore accounted for prospectively.

f. Investment property

Investment properties reflect the values of land, buildings and other structures held for rent or to obtain a capital gain on their sale as a result of future increases in market prices.

These assets are carried applying the same approach indicated in letter e) on property, plant and equipment.

g. Impairment of non-financial assets subject to amortisation or depreciation

The Group looks for signs of the possible impairment of non-financial assets subject to amortisation or depreciation so as to check whether their carrying amount exceeds their recoverable amount.

Similarly, and irrespective of the existence of any indication of impairment, the Group tests, at least annually, for potential impairment that may affect goodwill, intangible assets with an indefinite useful life and intangible assets that are not yet ready for use.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell or otherwise dispose of an asset and value in use.

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The asset's value in use is calculated on the basis of future cash flows expected to arise from the use of the asset, expectations about possible variations in the amount or timing of cash flows, the time value of money, the cost to be paid for bearing the uncertainty linked to the asset and other factors that market participants take into consideration when assessing future cash flows relating to the asset.

Negative differences identified by comparing the carrying amounts of the assets with their recoverable amounts are taken to the consolidated income statement.

Recoverable amounts must be calculated for each individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent from those of other assets or asset groups. If this is the case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit (CGU) of which the asset forms part.

Impairment losses on CGUs initially reduce the goodwill allocated to the CGU, if applicable, and then the CGU's other assets, pro rata with each asset's carrying amount, up to the limit in each case of the higher of fair value less costs to sell or otherwise dispose of the assets, value in use and zero.

At each year end, the Group looks for signs that the impairment loss recognised in previous years no longer exists or may have decreased. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversible. Impairment losses on other assets are only reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount.

Reversals of impairment losses are credited to the income statement. Nonetheless, the reversal of the loss cannot increase the asset's carrying amount over the amount at which it would have been carried, net of amortisation or depreciation, had the impairment loss not been recognised.

A reversal of an impairment loss for a CGU is allocated to the non-current assets of each unit, except goodwill, pro rata with the carrying amounts of those assets. The carrying amount of an asset may not be increased above the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that would have been disclosed, net of amortisation or depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised.

h. Leases

The Group recognises whether a contract is or contains a lease at inception. The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and the corresponding financial liability in relation to all leases in which the Group is the lessee, except for short-term leases (expiring in 12 months or less) and leases in which the underlying asset has a low value (below USD 5,000 or the equivalent amount in euros). For these leases, the Group recognises payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The financial liability is initially measured at the present value of the payments to be made during the remaining life of the lease, discounted at the implicit interest rate. In cases in which it cannot be determined, the standard allows the application of the incremental borrowing rate, which has been used by the Company, taking into account the lease term and country.

Lease payments included in the measurement of financial liabilities include the following:

- fixed payments to be made less any lease incentives;
- variable payments depending on an index or rate, initially measured in accordance with the index or rate at inception;
- residual value guarantees expected to be incurred;
- exercise price of a purchase option if it is expected to be exercised;
- lease termination penalty payments, if the lease term reflects that the lessee will exercise an option to terminate the lease.

The financial liability arising from the lease will subsequently increase in the amount of interest accruing and reduce as a result of the payments made. The liability will be reassessed if changes are made to the amounts payable and lease terms.

The cost of right-of-use assets includes the initial amount of the lease liability, any initial direct cost, lease payments made before or on the inception date, and any cost of decommissioning. Subsequently, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any associated impairment losses, and is adjusted to reflect any subsequent amendment of the lease.

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From a theoretical viewpoint, since right-of-use assets do not usually generate cash flows separately from other assets, it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the asset individually and therefore they are included in the carrying amounts of the CGUs of which they form part when analysing recoverability. The right-of-use asset is therefore deemed to increase the carrying amount and the corresponding liability is deemed to decrease the carrying amount and the recoverable amount. It must be noted that the methodology described above should be roughly equivalent (in terms of the calculation of possible impairment) to the method applied prior to IFRS 16.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the underlying asset's useful life. If ownership of the underlying asset is transferred or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group expects to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. Depreciation begins on the lease inception date.

The Group's main leases relate to buildings/offices and warehouses. These leases primarily include commitments to restore the premises to their original state. In some cases, they include early termination or renewal options and rent-free or rent-rebate periods, although this is not the general rule. The Group has no leases in which payment depends on variables beyond the parties' control. The Group has no leases containing financial covenants or whose underlying asset carries a residual value guarantee, or leases signed and not in force at year-end 2025 and 2024. The Group has no leases that could be deemed sale and leaseback arrangements, that is agreements to sell fixed assets in order for the Group to lease the associated underlying asset.

The Group's leases that have been recognised as short-term arrangements (less than 12 months) relate primarily to various equipment, temporary accommodation, etc., irrespective of the value of the underlying asset. The Group also applies the exception for the recognition of right-of-use assets in cases in which the value of the underlying asset is low (below USD 5,000 or the equivalent amount in euros). This group of assets mainly comprises leased IT equipment.

i. Financial instruments

1. Financial assets

Classification

The classification depends on the measurement category determined on the basis of the business model and the features of the contractual cash flows. Financial assets are only reclassified when the business model used to manage the assets changes.

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- at fair value through equity;
- at fair value through profit or loss; and
- at amortised cost.

Measurement

Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive it is established.

As stated in Note 10, the Group company has divided its financial assets into the following categories:

i. Equity instruments

Equity instruments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to the purchase.

Following initial recognition, financial assets carried in this category are measured at fair value, any loss or gain being taken to other comprehensive income. The amounts recognised in other comprehensive income are taken to reserves when the financial assets are written off or impaired, if applicable.

Equity investments the fair value of which cannot be reliably estimated and related derivatives that must be settled by delivering the unlisted equity instruments are carried at cost. However, if the Group is able to obtain at any time a reliable measurement of the financial asset, it is then recognised at fair value and subsequent gains or losses are taken to equity.

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ii. Debt instruments

The subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and on the features of the asset's cash flows. The Group classifies debt instruments in three measurement categories:

- **Amortised cost:** Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those carried in other financial asset categories. These assets are initially recognised at fair value, including transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, provided they mature after more than one year.
- **Fair value through other comprehensive income:** assets that are held to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets, where cash flows from the assets consist only of principal and interest payments, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except impairment gains or losses, interest income and exchange gains or losses, which are taken to the income statement. When the financial asset is derecognised, the gain or loss previously accumulated in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss under the heading "Other financial income/(expense)". The Group has no debt instruments in this category.
- **Fair value through profit or loss:** assets that do not qualify to be carried at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on debt instruments that are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is presented net in the income statement under the heading "Other financial income/(expense)" in the period it arises. The Group includes non-hedging derivatives in this category.

Impairment

Financial assets carried at amortised cost, finance lease receivables, trade receivables pending collection and financial guarantee contracts will be subject to the impairment provisions of IFRS 9.

The Group applies the simplified approach to recognise the expected credit loss over the life of trade receivables, finance lease receivables and contract assets under the scope of IFRS 15.

The expected credit impairment loss (IFRS 9) was calculated as follows:

- Segmentation of trade receivables by maturity and of "Accounts Receivable for Billable Production", distinguishing between:
 - Large customers.
 - Project debt in countries with investment-grade credit ratings as compared with other countries.
- Analysis of past debt performance. Based on:
 - Impairment rates for billings.
 - Debt ageing rates.
 - Impairment rates for past-due balances receivable.
- Application to the previous two points of an "Expected credit loss provision rate".

Disposals

The Group applies financial asset derecognition criteria to a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets, or to a financial asset or to a group of similar financial assets.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Where the Group retains the contractual rights to receive cash flows, financial assets are only derecognised when contractual obligations have been assumed which determine the payment of such flows to one or more recipients and the following requirements are met:

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- Payment of the cash flows is conditional upon prior collection;
- The Group cannot sell or pledge the financial asset; and
- The cash flows collected on behalf of eventual recipients are remitted without material delay and the Group is not entitled to reinvest the cash flows. Investments in cash or cash equivalents made by the Group during the settlement period from the collection date to the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients are excluded from this approach, provided that interest earned on such investments is passed to the eventual recipients.

For transactions in which a financial asset is fully written off, the financial assets obtained or financial liabilities, including the liabilities relating to the administration services incurred, are recognised at fair value.

In transactions in which a financial asset is partially derecognised, the carrying amount of the entire financial asset is allocated to the part sold and to the part retained, including assets pertaining to administrative services, in proportion to the fair value of each part.

The full derecognition of a financial asset entails the recognition of results in the amount of the difference between its carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received, net of transaction costs, including assets obtained or liabilities assumed and any loss or gain deferred through "Other comprehensive income".

The derecognition of financial assets in operations in which the Group neither assigns nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership is based on an analysis of the degree of control retained. Accordingly:

- If the Group does not retain control, the financial asset is derecognised and any rights or obligations created or retained due to the assignment are recognised separately as assets or liabilities.
- If control is retained, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset due to its ongoing commitment and reflects an associated liability. The ongoing commitment in relation to the financial asset is determined based on exposure to changes in its value. The associated asset and liability are measured on the basis of the rights and obligations recognised by the Group. The associated liability is recognised such that the carrying amount of the asset and the associated liability is equal to the amortised cost of the rights and obligations retained by the Group, where the asset is carried at amortised cost, or at the fair value of the rights and obligations held by the Group, if the asset is carried at fair value. The Group continues to recognise income from the asset on the basis of its ongoing commitment and the expenses arising from the associated liability. Changes in the fair value of the asset and associated liability are recognised consistently in profit or loss or in equity, following the general recognition criteria described above, and they may not be netted.

Transactions in which the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards inherent in the ownership of a financial asset are reflected by recognising the consideration received in liability accounts.

II. Financial liabilities

Classification

The Group classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories:

- at amortised cost;
- at fair value through profit or loss.

Measurement

As described in Note 10, the Group divides financial liabilities into the following categories:

i. Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Loans and payables are non-derivative financial liabilities other than those carried in other financial liability categories. These liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, including transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, provided they mature after more than one year.

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of any transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the repayment value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

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When issuing convertible bonds, the parent company analyses whether it is an issue of compound financial instruments or a liability issue.

When compound financial instruments including liability and equity components are issued, the parent company determines the equity component as the residual amount obtained, after deducting the amount of the liability component, including any derivative financial instrument, from the fair value of the instrument as a whole. The liability component is measured at the fair value of a similar instrument that does not have an associated equity component. Transaction costs related to the issuance of compound financial instruments are distributed on the basis of the carrying amount of each component at the time of classification. When a convertible bond issue contract includes a clause providing an option for the bondholder to redeem the bond in advance, in full and in cash, the parent company treats the entire instrument as a financial liability for accounting purposes.

In order to facilitate payments to suppliers, the company arranges reverse factoring with various financial institutions. Trade liabilities are recognised under the heading “Trade and other payables” in the balance sheet until they are settled, cancelled or expire, irrespective of whether the supplier has advanced payment.

Income received from the financial institutions in return for the assignment of business through the acquisition of customer invoices or payment documents is recognised at the date of accrual in the income statement. Costs associated with the financing are recognised in the income statement as they accrue.

Amounts payable to the financial institutions as a result of the assignment of trade payables are recognised as trade payables prepaid by credit institutions under the consolidated balance sheet heading “Trade and other payables”.

ii. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

These liabilities are acquired in order to be sold in the short term. Derivatives are included in this category unless they are designated as hedging instruments. These financial liabilities are carried at fair value, both on initial recognition and on subsequent measurement, and any changes in that value are reflected in the consolidated income statement for the year.

Disposals

The Group writes off a financial liability or a part of it when the obligation contained in the liability has been fulfilled or it is legally exonerated from the primary responsibility contained in the liability, whether by a court proceeding or by the creditor.

The exchange of debt instruments between the Group and the counterparty or substantial changes to the liabilities initially recognised are accounted for by writing off the original financial liability and recording a new financial liability, provided the instruments have substantially different terms.

The Group considers that the terms are substantially different if the present value of the cash flows discounted under the new terms, including any commission paid net of any commission received, and using the original effective interest rate for the discount, differs by at least 10% from the discounted present value of the cash flows still remaining from the original financial liability.

The Group recognises the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability, or the part of it, settled or assigned to a third party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash asset assigned or liability assumed, in the income statement.

III. Netting principles

A financial asset and a financial liability may be netted only when the Group has the legally enforceable right to offset the amounts recognised and has the intention to settle the net amount or to realise the asset and cancel the liability simultaneously.

The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the ordinary course of business and in the event of the default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or counterparty.

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IV. Hedges

Derivative financial instruments which qualify for hedge accounting are initially measured at fair value, plus any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, or less any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the financial instruments. Nonetheless, transaction costs are subsequently recognised in profit or loss, as they do not form part of the effective change in the hedge. Those that do not meet the above-mentioned hedging criteria are classified and measured as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group recognises hedges of foreign currency risk under firm commitments as cash flow hedges.

At hedge inception, the Group formally designates and documents hedging relationships, purposes and strategies. Hedge accounting is only applicable when the hedge is expected to be highly effective at inception and in subsequent years in offsetting changes in the fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk, throughout the designated hedging period (prospective analysis).

For cash flow hedges of forecast transactions, the Group assesses whether the transactions are highly probable and if they present an exposure to variations in cash flows that could ultimately affect profit or loss for the year.

The Group has arranged currency forward call/put contracts. These insurance contracts are treated as derivative financial instruments that qualify for hedge accounting.

The portion of any changes in the fair value of effective derivatives is recognised directly in equity, net of taxes, under the heading "Cash flow hedges" until the committed or expected transaction is completed, when they are reclassified to the consolidated income statement. The ineffective portion is taken directly to the consolidated income statement under the heading "Financial income/(expense)".

The fair value of foreign exchange insurance is calculated based on the currency price at the end of each accounting period (hierarchy level 2).

As the hedge accounting requirements are consistent with the Group's risk management policies, the Group's current hedging relationships have been assessed and meet conditions to continue to be classed as hedging relationships under IFRS 9.

V. Fair value hierarchy for financial assets and liabilities and non-financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Measurement is based on the premise that the transaction occurs in the principal market, that is the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability. In the absence of a principal market, the transaction is assumed to occur in the most advantageous market, which is the market that maximises the amount that would be received to sell the asset or minimises the amount that would be paid to transfer the liability.

The fair value of the asset or liability is determined by applying the assumptions that the market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, on the premise that the market participants act in their own best economic interests. The market participants are mutually independent, informed, able to enter into a transaction with the asset or liability and interested in completing the transaction, but are not obligated or by any other means forced to do so.

The assets and liabilities measured at fair value can be classified at the following levels:

- Level 1: fair value is calculated taking into consideration quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: fair value is calculated taking into account inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable in the market for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The methods and assumptions used to determine fair values at this level by type of assets or liabilities take into consideration estimated future cash flows discounted to present value applying the zero-coupon interest rate curves for each currency on the last business day of each period, and converting the amount calculated to euro using the exchange rate on the last business day of each period. All the measurements described are made using the Group's internal tools.

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- Level 3: fair value is calculated taking into consideration unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. When measuring assets and liabilities at fair value, the Indra Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

The fair value of derivative financial instruments is calculated as follows:

- The fair value of derivatives quoted on an organised market is their year-end market price.
- In the case of derivatives not quoted on organised markets, the Indra Group calculates fair value taking into consideration observable market inputs, estimating future cash flows discounted to present value applying the zero-coupon interest rate curves for each currency on the last business day of each period, and converting the amount calculated to euro using the exchange rate on the last business day of each period. These measurements are made by means of internal tools. Once the gross market value is obtained, a debt valuation adjustment (DVA) or a credit valuation adjustment (CVA) is made. The credit valuation adjustment (CVA) or debt valuation adjustment (DVA) is measured based on the instrument's potential future exposure (credit or debtor position) and the risk profile of the counterparties and the Indra Group itself. During 2025 and 2024, the value of the credit valuation adjustments (CVA) and debt valuation adjustments (DVA) made was immaterial.

The fair value of non-financial assets and liabilities is determined, in the case of properties, in accordance with appraisals prepared by independent experts and, for other assets and liabilities, based on available market prices or by discounting future cash flows if a market cannot be identified.

Financial instruments are classified at the time of initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument, in accordance with the economic substance of the contractual agreement and the definitions of financial asset, financial liability or equity instrument contained in IAS 32 "Financial instruments: Presentation".

j. Parent company's treasury shares

The Group's acquisition of the parent company's equity instruments is recognised separately at cost of acquisition in the consolidated statement of financial position as a reduction in equity, irrespective of the reason for the purchase. No gains or losses are recognised in respect of transactions with own equity instruments.

Share sales are carried at weighted average cost.

The subsequent redemption of the parent company's instruments entails a capital reduction equivalent to the par value of the shares and the positive or negative difference between the acquisition price and the par value is debited or credited to reserves.

Transaction costs related to own equity instruments, including issuance costs related to a business combination, are accounted for as a reduction in equity, net of any tax effect.

k. Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale

The Group carries a non-current asset or disposal group as held for sale when the decision has been taken to sell and the sale is highly probable and expected to take place within the coming 12 months.

For the sale to be highly probable, the appropriate level of Management must be committed to a plan to sell the asset (or group of assets) and an active programme to locate a buyer and complete the plan must have been initiated.

There may be events and circumstances that could delay the sale beyond one year. This extension does not prevent the held-for-sale classification if the delay is caused by events or circumstances outside the entity's control and there is sufficient evidence that the entity remains committed to its plan to sell the asset (or group of assets). Such circumstances are as follows:

- On the date on which the entity commits to a plan to sell the asset, there is a reasonable expectation that third parties (other than the purchaser) will impose conditions on the transfer of the assets that will extend the period necessary to complete the sale and that actions in response to such conditions cannot be initiated until the firm purchase commitment has been obtained, it being highly probable that the commitment will be obtained within a year.

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- The entity obtains a firm purchase commitment that will extend the period required to complete the sale, provided the necessary actions have been taken on a timely basis to respond to the conditions imposed and the factors giving rise to the delay are expected to be resolved favourably.

- During the initial one-year period, circumstances arise that were previously deemed improbable and, as a result, the non-current asset previously classified as held for sale has not been sold by the end of that period, provided that:

- During the initial one-year period, the entity took the necessary steps to respond to the change of circumstances;
- The non-current assets are being actively sold at a reasonable price due to the change of circumstances; and
- The above-mentioned criteria relating to the likelihood of the sale and Management's commitment are fulfilled.

These assets or disposal groups are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Non-current assets held for sale are not depreciated but the necessary measurement adjustments are made at each balance sheet date to ensure that the carrying amount does not exceed fair value less costs to sell.

Income and expenses generated on non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale that do not meet requirements to be classed as discontinued operations are recognised in the relevant consolidated income statement item by nature.

L. Inventories and Contract assets

Inventories are initially carried at acquisition or production cost. The cost of inventories is based on the FIFO method. Work in progress includes direct labour, materials and other services acquired for projects. The direct acquisition of the materials or services necessary for the project is recognised at acquisition cost, while labour is reflected at standard cost, which does not differ significantly from actual cost.

The cost of inventories is adjusted where cost exceeds net realisable value. For such purposes, net realisable value is:

- Replacement price, in the case of raw materials. The parent company does not recognise the measurement adjustment where the finished products that include the raw materials and other supplies are expected to be sold at a value equal to or above production cost.
- Estimated selling price less necessary selling expenses in the case of goods purchased for resale.
- Estimated selling price less estimated costs necessary to complete production and sell the products, in the case of work in progress.

The measurement adjustment previously recognised is reversed against results if the circumstances that caused the impairment no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realisable value as a result of a change in economic circumstances. The reversal of the measurement adjustment is limited to the lower of cost and the new net realisable value of inventories.

Measurement adjustments and reversals of inventory impairment losses are recognised under "Change in inventories".

In addition, the Indra Group recognises "contract assets", that is costs of work in progress for which the performance obligations are pending fulfilment under the new revenue recognition standard IFRS 15 (Note 4v).

Once the Group obtains acceptance of the work carried out (milestone certification), the revenue is recognised as the sum of the capitalised cost and the associated mark-up. The cost recognised as a contract asset is then taken to the income statement under "Change in inventories".

The relationship between the timing of fulfilment of obligations and the usual timing of payment is explained below:

- i. When a contract provides for an advance payment at the effective date, it is reflected on the liabilities side of the balance sheet under "Advance payments from customers" when the invoice is issued.

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- ii. Subsequently, as the contract's performance obligations are met, the associated revenue is progressively recognised and balances not yet invoiced are carried as "Accounts receivable for billable production".
- iii. At the invoice date, the balance of "Accounts receivable for billable production" is transferred to "Trade receivables for sales and services" until the debt is settled by paying the amount owed. Any effect on the time value of money will be immaterial.
- iv. As the contract is executed, the customer will offset the amounts paid in advance in the various invoices and the balance will be settled when the contract is fully performed.

m. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and demand bank deposits with credit institutions. This heading also includes other highly-liquid short-term investments provided that they are easily convertible to specific cash amounts and the risk of changes in value is immaterial. An investment normally qualifies as a cash equivalent when it has a maturity of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

n. Government grants

Non-repayable grants received by the Group to fund research and development are recognised by reducing the value of the grant-related assets and are released to the consolidated income statement under "Amortisation" at the same rate as the projects capitalised as other intangible assets are amortised. Where the amount of the grant exceeds the carrying amount of the related asset because it is in the development stage, the maximum amount to be offset will be the amount capitalised, the difference being recorded in liabilities as deferred income.

Financial liabilities that include implicit aid in the form of below-market interest rates are initially recognised at fair value. The difference between that value, adjusted for financial liability issuance costs and the amount received, if appropriate, is reflected as a government grant based on the nature of the grant awarded.

Grants received that are not associated with assets are released to the income statement in proportion to the expenses incurred. Most of these grants relate to development expenditure not capitalised by the Group and to other operating expenses, mainly training.

o. Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, there is likely to be an outflow of funds including future economic benefits to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation may be reliably estimated.

Obligations at the year end arising from past events that could be detrimental to the Group's assets, the amount and settlement date of which are uncertain, are recognised in liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position as provisions for liabilities and charges, at the present value of the most probable amount that the Group is estimated to be required to disburse to settle the obligation.

The amount of these provisions is quantified at each accounting close based on the best information available on the consequences of the event that gave rise to them.

The amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position reflect the best estimate at the year end of the payments necessary to settle the present obligation, after taking into account risks and uncertainties affecting the provision and, where material, the financial effect of the discount, provided the payments to be made in each period may be reasonably determined. The discount rate is a pre-tax rate and takes into account the time value of money and specific risks not considered in the cash flows related to the provision at each closing date.

Separate obligations are measured based on the most likely individual outcome. If the obligation implies a significant population of consistent items, it is measured by weighing up the probability of each possible outcome. If there is a continuous range of possible outcomes and each point in the range shows the same probability as the rest, the obligation is measured at the average amount.

The financial effect of provisions is recognised as a financial expense in the income statement.

The tax effect and gains on the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision.

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Provisions are reversed against the income statement when an outflow of funds to settle the obligation is unlikely. They are reversed against the income statement item in which the corresponding expense was recorded. Any overprovision reversed is recognised in the same item as expense.

i. Provisions for restructuring

Restructuring-related provisions are recognised when the Group has a constructive obligation under a detailed formal plan and there is a valid expectation on the part of those affected that the plan will be carried out, either because the Group has already started to implement the plan or its main features have been announced. Restructuring provisions only include outlays directly related to the process and not associated with the Group's continuing operations.

ii. Provisions for onerous contracts

The amount of provisions for onerous contracts is based on the present value of unavoidable costs, determined as the lower of the contract costs, net of any income that could be generated, and the cost of compensation or penalties payable for breach of contract.

iii. Trade provisions

They reflect the amount of expense estimated to carry out repair or review work during the guarantee period of completed projects.

iv. Provision for litigation and Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations arising from past events, the materialisation of which is conditional on the occurrence of future events that are not entirely under the Group's control, and present obligations resulting from past events in respect of which there is not likely to be an outflow of funds to settle the obligations or which cannot be reliably measured. These liabilities are not recorded in the accounts but are described in the notes.

The Group's Legal Department monitors all litigation, arbitration and proceedings to which any Group company is a party, following the established internal procedure. The Legal Department makes its own estimates and, where necessary, relies on the external legal advisor in charge of the matter to verify the assessments made or request an independent evaluation.

The Group provisions all liabilities the probability of occurrence of which is estimated to be probable (above-50% possibility of an outflow of resources).

v. Provision for remuneration

The Group's Management and Board of Directors agreed to establish a Medium-Term Incentive (MTI) for 2024, 2025 and 2026 so as to align the management decisions of a group of key executives with the Company's medium-term objectives.

The general vesting and payment terms and targets are set out in the relevant Medium-Term Remuneration Plan (the Plan), which is given to all those invited to take part in the MTI. It comprises a series of overall objectives at the Company level, which account for 90% of the total amounts targeted, plus individual objectives measuring the Executive's personal contribution to the achievement of the 24-26 Strategic Plan, accounting for 10% of the total targeted.

The Plan has a 36-month vesting period from 01/01/2024 to 31/12/2026.

The incentive is paid in the form of Company shares on the terms and conditions set out in the Plan. The number of shares targeted reflects 100% fulfilment of the established objectives and may increase to 125%.

In addition, as part of the remuneration policy, the Indra Group's Management and Executive team has the possibility of receiving individual, non-vesting annual variable remuneration (AVR) the amount and accrual of which is determined based on the fulfilment of the objectives and conditions set each year by the Company in the Variable Remuneration Plan.

The achievement of the Company's objectives will determine the total amount payable to the Variable Remuneration Plan beneficiaries.

This variable remuneration is provisioned annually on the basis of the estimated % fulfilment of the objectives set. This percentage may vary depending on developments in the current financial year and is determined by the Management Control team.

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For the Management Committee members, percentage of fulfilment is determined by the Board, following a report from the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee on the variable remuneration accrued during the financial year through the fulfilment of quantitative and qualitative targets. The following guidelines are observed:

- 70% of the AVR is paid in cash.
- The remaining 30% will be received entirely in Company shares.

vi. Decommissioning provision

The Group is party to leases containing decommissioning and rehabilitation commitments (Note 7).

On signing the lease, the Group estimates the present value of future decommissioning, close-out and other obligations associated with the lease, such as site restoration costs. The present value is capitalised as an increase in right-of-use assets and a provision is recognised (Note 7).

p. Termination benefits

Unless there is a justified cause, current legislation requires companies to pay indemnities to employees whose employment relationship is terminated under certain conditions. The Group accounts for the indemnities payable when the decision to terminate the employment relationship is approved and the affected parties have been notified.

q. R&D loans

R&D loans are granted to assist with the Group's R&D activities, are generally repayable over more than five years and accrue explicit interest at a rate equal to zero.

They are initially recognised in liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position at the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market interest rate, the difference with respect to face value reducing the expense accrued. They are treated as an operating grant if the expense has been incurred or as a capital grant if the expense has not been incurred or has been capitalised.

In subsequent years, the loan is remeasured in financial expense or income.

r. Classification of assets and liabilities

Assets and liabilities are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position based on the following classification reflecting the term of the balances:

- Non-current: payables due after more than 12 months as from the consolidated statement of financial position date, this being the Group's normal operating cycle, as well as assets that are not expected to be realised, sold or consumed within that period of time.
- Current: assets that are expected to be realised, sold or consumed within the Group's normal operating cycle and payables falling due within 12 months as from the date of the consolidated statement of financial position or payables that may fall due at any time without a right of deferral by the Group.

s. Income tax

Income tax expense or income includes both current and deferred tax.

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in relation to consolidated taxable profit or loss for the year. Current tax assets or liabilities are measured in the amounts expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end.

Current or deferred income tax is recognised in the income statement, unless it arises from a transaction or economic event that has been recognised in the same period or in a different period against equity, or from a business combination.

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Deferred tax liabilities are amounts of income taxes payable in future periods in respect of taxable temporary differences, while deferred tax assets are the amounts of income taxes recoverable in future periods in respect of deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax losses and the carryforward of unused tax credits. A temporary difference is the difference between the carrying amount of an asset or liability and its tax value.

The Group recognises tax credits for investment applying the recognition and measurement policies for current or deferred tax assets, unless they have the nature of a grant. If the tax credits have the nature of a grant, they are recognised, presented and measured applying the corresponding accounting policy. To this end, the Group considers that tax credits have the nature of a grant when they may be used whether or not gross tax payable is recognised and are substantively operational beyond the investment that is made or held.

I. Recognition of deferred tax liabilities

The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities in all cases, except where they:

- Arise from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, on the transaction date, does not affect either the reported result or the tax base.
- Represent differences relating to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures in which the Group has the ability to control the timing of reversal and reversal is not likely in the foreseeable future.

II. Recognition of deferred tax assets

The Group recognises deferred tax assets provided that:

- There are likely to be sufficient future taxable profits to offset them or when tax legislation provides for the possibility of converting the deferred tax assets into a balance receivable from the tax authorities in the future. Nonetheless, assets that rise from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and, on the transaction date, does not affect either the reported result or the tax base are not recognised.
- They represent temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures to the extent that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and future taxable profits are expected to be obtained against which to offset the differences.

The Group recognises the conversion of a deferred tax asset into a balance receivable from the tax authorities where applicable under prevailing tax legislation. To this end, the deferred tax asset is written off against deferred income tax expense and the receivable is credited to current income tax. The Group also recognises the exchange of a deferred tax asset for government securities at the acquisition date.

The Group recognises the corresponding payment obligation as an operating expense credited to the balance payable to the authorities.

It is considered probable that the Group will generate sufficient taxable profits to recover the deferred tax assets where there are sufficient taxable temporary differences relating to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, which are expected to reverse in the same tax period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary differences or in periods into which a tax loss arising from a deductible temporary difference can be carried back or forward. If the only future taxable profit is derived from taxable temporary differences, the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from tax losses carried forward is limited to 70% of the deferred tax liabilities recognised.

In order to determine future taxable profits, the Group takes into account tax planning opportunities, provided it intends or is likely to adopt them.

III. Measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are valued at the tax rates to be applied in the years in which assets are expected to be realised or the liabilities settled, using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted and taking into account the tax consequences that will derive from the manner in which the Group expects to recover the assets or settle the liabilities. The Group has treated the deduction for the reversal of temporary measures introduced by Transitional Provision 37 of Law 27/2014 of 27 November on Corporate Income Tax as an adjustment to the tax rate applicable to the deductible temporary difference associated with the non-deductibility of depreciation charged in 2013 and 2014, on 27 December.

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The Group reviews the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the reporting date and reduces this amount to the extent that it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which to recover them.

Deferred tax assets that do not meet the above-mentioned conditions are not recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group reassesses at the year end whether the conditions to recognise the deferred tax assets that were not been previously recognised are met. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the taxes are levied by the same tax authority. The Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

IV. Classification

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as non-current assets or liabilities, irrespective of the expected realisation or settlement date.

t. Earnings per share

The Group calculates basic earnings per share using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Shares outstanding refers to the difference between issued shares and treasury shares held. The calculation of diluted earnings per share also includes the dilutive effect of instruments convertible into shares or having a capital component.

u. Segment reporting

The Group's chief operating decision-makers analyse information on the basis of the services offered by the Group.

For consolidation purposes, the assets and liabilities (non-current assets, goodwill, net working capital, payables to and receivables from public authorities, etc.) have been distributed based on the segment in which they were generated. Additionally, debt and associated finance costs, as well as other assets not directly attributable to the business segments, such as cash and cash equivalents, are allocated to other non-segment activities disclosed in the Corporate (non-attributable) column.

The following geographical segments have been identified based on the geographical areas in which the Group does business: Spain, Brazil, Rest of America, Italy, Rest of Europe and Asia, Middle East and Africa. These notes provide details by geographical segment only at the level of external sales, investments and assets employed.

The accounting policies applied to the segments are the same as those applied to the Group.

v. Revenue recognition

I. Contract type

In general, the Group's ordinary activities are grouped into three main contract types:

- Project execution.
- Provision of various kinds of services, such as technical assistance, consultancy, process outsourcing, maintenance, etc.
- Manufacturing and installation to order of equipment and hardware systems (which may include software and firmware) based on proprietary technologies.

Additionally, in turnkey and manufacturing projects the customer controls the asset, which often has no alternative use to that which can be given by the customer due to the specifications set out in the contract, which means that the Group has a contractually enforceable right to payment for the work executed to date.

In 2025, over 12,000 new projects were contracted (12,000 in 2024) and the number of ongoing projects generating revenues exceeded 15,000 (13,000 in 2024). The weighted average duration of new projects contracted in 2025 and the range of duration are as follows:

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Type	Average duration	Range
Projects	7 years 8 months	Between 25 years 0 months and 1 month
Services	4 years 11 months	Between 20 years 8 months and 1 month
Manufacturing	9 years 2 months	Between 22 years 11 months and 2 months

Contracts usually detail the goods or services to be transferred to the customer, so the execution milestones are identified by analysing each contract. Most contracts identify a performance obligation for each of the different goods or services included in the contract, except for turnkey project contracts, where several goods or services can be identified as a single performance obligation under IFRS 15.

The Group considers that performance obligations are satisfied over time because, irrespective of the different nature and structure of contracts with customers, one or more of the criteria provided by paragraph 35 of IFRS 15 are met. For service contracts, the customer primarily receives and simultaneously consumes the benefits provided by the performance of the service as it is carried out.

The complexity and specificity of the Group's contracts with customers means that in most cases the Group works to order in accordance with the customer's requirements, so that manufacturing or development under a given contract has no alternative uses. For this reason, there are practically no situations in which the customer is contractually entitled to return the products and services delivered by the Group or to reimbursement of any amount received under the contract. In addition, certain projects usually have a warranty period in which the customer is entitled to restore the functionality committed to in the contract.

II. Invoicing conditions

As a general rule, the customer's acceptance of the various contractual milestones gives rise to a right to invoice, which in turn leads to payment falling due on the agreed invoice settlement date.

In addition, given the profile of its contracts, the Group very frequently accounts for all committed goods and services as a single performance obligation, provided that one of the factors described in the International Financial Reporting Standard "Revenue from contracts with customers" (IFRS 15) is fulfilled.

In general, contractual milestones for the provision of services recur more often than those of project execution and in-house manufacturing contracts, so that under normal circumstances the services provided in each interim period stipulated in the contract are reviewed by the customer and invoiced in the immediately following interim period.

In the case of projects or equipment manufacturing, milestone certification deadlines can at times be extended due to the complexity of the technical verification tasks to be carried out by the customer and on occasions due to the customer's or the country's own practices.

Similarly, invoicing deadlines for milestones certified by the customer may vary depending on the type of contract:

- For the provision of services, certified work is generally invoiced in the immediately following interim period, which is usually the following month.
- For projects and equipment manufacturing, invoicing deadlines are stipulated in the contract and are tied to milestone certification or to the progress and document review process performed by the customer.

Contracts entered into with the Group's customers may explicitly or implicitly contain billing milestones that have a financial component, which is particularly common in Transport and Defence Division contracts that require the stockpiling of materials for manufacturing. Any effect on the time value of money will be immaterial.

III. Transaction price

The transaction price is determined once the bid is awarded and the contract is signed.

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The approach to contract recognition includes in the initial transaction price all components of fixed consideration and the best estimate at the contract signing date of the components of variable consideration for which it is considered that there is insufficient uncertainty to conclude that it is not highly probable that the revenue recognised for the variable consideration, essentially the amount associated with goods and services committed in the short term, will be materially reversed. Each year, a review is conducted to ensure that the variable consideration is considered to be highly probable and that the revenue recognised will not be materially reversed. Any departures from the initially estimated figure arising in the previous year, which are in no event material, are adjusted where appropriate.

As regards the time value of money, the Group recognises contractual liabilities of a financial nature relating to cash flows received before the work is executed. They are accounted for under “Advance payments from customers” and include both the amounts specifically invoiced by the customer and the implicit financial components arising from the contract's billing schedule when a certain amount invoiced has no associated execution costs. Any effect on the time value of money is immaterial.

In general, the prices of the Group's contracts with customers are firm and fixed, although certain types such as technical assistance, service level agreements or pay-per-use services may include variable consideration, in which case the Group includes in the contract price, for IFRS 15 purposes, the amount of revenue recognised that is highly likely not to be materially reversed.

IV. Revenue recognition method

For the most part, the Group recognises project revenue from contracts with customers as the performance obligation(s) stipulated in the contracts are progressively satisfied over time in accordance with IFRS 15. Under this standard, the most appropriate method to reasonably measure progress towards completion of the contract is determined, preferably based on a “certified milestone stage of completion” output method, which is most suited to the nature of the contracts. Failing this, where it is not feasible to identify intermediate contractual milestones to measure progress, it is estimated using the “stage of completion” resource method (input method).

For “certified milestone” contracts, the Group recognises revenue based on the customer's acceptance of completed work. Contractual milestones are normally stipulated in the contract with sufficient detail and traceability to be taken as an objective reference when measuring the progress of the contract. This revenue recognition method requires a plan indicating the milestones that must be certifiable by the customer. These certifiable milestones will include the amount of the revenue or sale to be recognised once the milestone is reached and certified. The evidence supporting these contractual milestones may take different forms, the most common being the periodic certification of work or the performance of tests or checks by the customer on the progress or quality of the work.

For “stage of completion” contracts, the Group recognises revenue based on the estimated proportion of the total contract completed at the closing date. Using this method, the expected total profit is apportioned in the accounts over the years in which the contract is executed, based on stage of completion at each closing date. The percentage of completion of a transaction used to recognise the Company's revenue is determined in proportion to the contract costs incurred in the work already carried out to date, excluding cost overruns, in relation to the estimated total contract costs.

V. Contract modifications

For stage of completion contracts, modifications to the original contract usually relate to changes in scope or price that are agreed following the initial contract date and are arranged through addenda to the contract. The Group analyses whether the contract modification in itself implies a different performance obligation than the original contract or whether it should be combined with the other goods or services under the contract.

Nearly all contract modifications for which revenue is recognised on a stage of completion basis were found not to be a performance obligation separate from the main obligation.

Due to being the same performance obligation, the accounting treatment entails making a new estimate of the total costs of performing the obligation and the estimated margin, so as to determine the new stage of completion on the total new price stipulated in the modified contract.

Revenue recognised on a stage of completion basis due to contract modifications totalled €29 million and €26 million in 2025 and 2024, respectively.

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VI. Contract assets and liabilities

The sequence from the time a contract's performance obligations are satisfied to the usual time of payment and the effect these factors have on the balances of assets and liabilities is as follows:

- When a contract provides for an advance payment at the effective date, it is reflected on the liabilities side of the balance sheet under "Advance payments from customers" when the invoice is issued.
- During execution, the Group capitalises the costs incurred to the date of milestone certification by the customer, provided they are recoverable, under the headings "Inventories", "Short-term contract assets" and "Long-term contract assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- Once the Group obtains acceptance of the work carried out (milestone certification), the revenue is recognised as the sum of the capitalised cost and the associated mark-up.
- Should the billings have an implicit financial component such that they exceed the revenue obtained with respect to the percentage of completion of costs or customer acceptance of work, the excess is recognised as "Advance payments from customers".
- Conversely, the amount of revenue not billed (in contracts in which billings are below the revenue obtained with respect to stage of completion or the certification of an unbilled milestone) is recognised as "Accounts receivable for billable production" under "Trade and other receivables" in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- At the invoice date, the balance of "Accounts receivable for billable production" is transferred to "Trade receivables for sales and services" until the debt is settled by paying the amount owed. Any effect on the time value of money will be immaterial.
- As the contract is executed, the customer will offset the amounts paid in advance in the various invoices and the balance will be settled when the contract is fully performed.

w. Transactions and balances denominated in foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are translated to the functional currency by applying spot exchange rates between the functional and foreign currency on the dates on which the transactions are completed.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated to the functional currency by applying the year-end exchange rate, while non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at historical cost are translated by applying the exchange rates on the date the transaction took place. Lastly, non-monetary assets carried at fair value are translated to the functional currency by applying the exchange rate on the date on which they were quantified.

When presenting the consolidated cash flow statement, flows from foreign currency transactions are translated to euro by applying the exchange rates on the date they arose. The effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currency is presented separately in the consolidated cash flow statement as "Effect of foreign exchange fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents".

Exchange gains or losses related to monetary financial assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currency are taken to the income statement.

Monetary financial assets denominated in foreign currency held for sale are deemed to be recognised at amortised cost in the foreign currency and therefore the exchange differences associated with changes in the amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss and the remainder of the fair value change is recognised as explained in letter i).

I. Translation of foreign operations

Foreign operations whose functional currency is not the currency of a hyperinflationary economy have been translated to euro as follows:

- Assets and liabilities, including goodwill and adjustments to net assets deriving from the acquisition of the businesses, as well as comparative balances, are translated at the year-end exchange rate at each closing date;
- equity items are translated at the historical exchange rate;

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- income and expenses, including comparative balances, are translated at the average exchange rate for the year; and
- The resulting exchange differences are recognised as currency translation differences in other comprehensive income.

This same approach is applicable to the translation of the financial statements of equity-consolidated companies, translation differences on the equity interest being recognised in "Other Comprehensive Income".

Currency translation differences carried in "Other Comprehensive Income" are taken to the income statement as an adjustment to the gain or loss on the sale, applying the approach described for subsidiaries and associates.

II. Entities located in high-inflation countries

Since 1 July 2018, in accordance with IAS 29 "Financial reporting in hyperinflationary economies", the Argentinian economy has been regarded as hyperinflationary with retrospective effect to 1 January 2018.

The inflation rate used was the consumer price index (CPI) as from 1 January 2017.

The main impacts at 31 December 2025 are described below:

- A decrease in equity of €1.643 thousand (€9,531 thousand in 2024) as a result of applying the inflation rate to the historical cost of the non-monetary assets and liabilities as from the date of acquisition or recognition in the consolidated balance sheet.
- A restatement of the income and expense items to apply the inflation rate as from the date of inclusion in the income statement and a negative effect on financial income/(expense) due to the net monetary position.
- The adjusted financial statements of the Argentinian subsidiaries were translated to euros applying the year-end Argentine peso/euro exchange rate.

The main profit and loss impacts of the hyperinflation adjustments in Argentina on the consolidated financial statements at 31 December 2025 are as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Revenue	(3,292)	1,341
Operating profit/(loss)	(521)	(175)
Net financial income/(expense)	2,179	(10,069)
Profit/(loss) for the year	1,249	(7,293)

Since 30 June 2022, in accordance with IAS 29 "Financial reporting in hyperinflationary economies", the Turkish economy has been regarded as hyperinflationary with retrospective effect to 1 January 2022.

The inflation rate used was the consumer price index (CPI) as from 1 January 2011.

The main impacts at 31 December 2025 are described below:

- An increase in equity of €104 thousand (€1,580 thousand in 2024) as a result of applying the inflation rate to the historical cost of the non-monetary assets and liabilities as from the date of acquisition or recognition in the consolidated balance sheet.
- Financial expense of €104 thousand (€1,580 thousand in 2024).

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5. Business combinations

The Group completed the following business combinations during the year ended 31 December 2025:

Micro Nav Limited

On 28 February 2025, the parent company acquired 100% of the British company Micro Nav Limited for £13,322 thousand (€15,937 thousand), after signing the purchase agreement in the previous year and receiving approvals from the competent authorities. This company held cash of €3,503 thousand at the acquisition date, so the net cash outflow was €12,434 thousand.

Provisional goodwill on this transaction amounts to €12,362 thousand. The Group has a period of 12 months to allocate the final value.

Micro Nav Limited is a British company specializing in simulation systems, offering the market-leading training solution for both civil and military air traffic controllers. Its BEST (Beginning to End Simulation Training) system is distinguished by its adaptability to client specific requirements, its integrated tower and radar training capabilities, and the high level of realism and immersive experience provided by its 3D scenarios. It has 80 employees. Thanks to this transaction the Indra Group is well positioned to serve the growing demand from customers for this kind of air traffic control simulation, having bolstered its foothold in the United Kingdom and also in the Middle East and Asia-Pacific.

Net assets acquired and provisional goodwill resulting from the acquisition are as follows:

	Thousand euro
Property, plant and equipment	329
Total non-current assets	329
Inventories	19
Trade and other receivables	2,508
Cash and cash equivalents	3,503
Other current assets	256
Total current assets	6,286
Total assets	6,615
Other non-current liabilities	73
Total non-current liabilities	73
Trade and other payables	2,707
Other current liabilities	259
Total current liabilities	2,966
Total liabilities	3,040
Net assets	3,576
% acquisition	100 %
Initial consideration	15,937
Goodwill on consolidation	12,362

The fair value of trade and other receivables at the acquisition date matches the gross contractual amount.

Micro Nav Limited contributed revenue of €10,707 thousand from the date it was included in the consolidation scope to 31 December 2025. This contribution would have amounted to €12,584 thousand had the company been consolidated throughout 2025.

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Global ATS Limited.

On 28 February 2025, the parent company acquired 100% of the British company Global ATS Limited for £11,292 thousand (€13,504 thousand), after signing the purchase agreement in the previous year and receiving approvals from the competent authorities. This company held cash of €3,063 thousand at the acquisition date, so the net cash outflow was €10,441 thousand.

Provisional goodwill on this transaction amounts to €10.973 thousand. The Group has a period of 12 months to allocate the final value.

Global ATS Limited is a British company that provides air traffic control training services recognized as a reference in the United Kingdom. The company delivers services to a wide range of general aviation, regional, and international airports across the country. It also maintains a growing international presence in the Middle East, Asia, and the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS). It has 53 employees.

Net assets acquired and provisional goodwill resulting from the acquisition are as follows:

	Thousand euro
Property, plant and equipment	917
Total non-current assets	917
Trade and other receivables	381
Cash and cash equivalents	3,063
Other current assets	120
Total current assets	3,564
Total assets	4,482
Deferred tax liabilities	58
Total non-current liabilities	58
Trade and other payables	1,153
Other current liabilities	740
Total current liabilities	1,893
Total liabilities	1,951
Net assets	2,531
% acquisition	100 %
Initial consideration	13,504
Goodwill on consolidation	10,973

The fair value of trade and other receivables at the acquisition date matches the gross contractual amount.

Global ATS Limited contributed revenue of €5,663 thousand from the date it was included in the consolidation scope to 31 December 2025. This contribution would have amounted to €6,983 thousand had the company been consolidated throughout 2025.

Tess Defence, S.A.

On 13 June 2025, the parent company acquired an additional 26.335% of the Spanish company Tess Defence, S.A. increasing its total shareholding to 51.001% for an amount of €106,657 thousand after signing the purchase agreement in the previous year and receiving approvals from the competent authorities. The Group has updated the value of its previous 24.666% stake, resulting in a financial gain of €99,638 thousand. This company held cash of €19,406 thousand at the acquisition date, so the net cash outflow was €87,251 thousand.

Provisional goodwill on this transaction amounts to €205,930 thousand. The Group has a period of 12 months to allocate the final value.

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Tess Defence, S.A. is a Spanish company specializing in the design and production of next-generation land-based military vehicles. It has 39 employees. This transaction represents a strategic move for the Indra Group, reinforcing its position within the land defence industry.

During year 2025, a provisional fair value adjustment of assets and liabilities was made, resulting in the recognition of an intangible asset related to the valuation of public contracts in the amount of €63.999 thousand.

Net assets acquired and provisional goodwill resulting from the acquisition are as follows:

	Purchase balance	Assets and liabilities identified	Fair value
Intangible assets	29	63,999	64,028
Property, plant and equipment	72	-	72
Non-current financial assets	604,478	-	604,478
Total non-current assets	604,579	63,999	668,578
Inventories	415,278	-	415,278
Trade and other receivables	44,888	-	44,888
Cash and cash equivalents	19,406	-	19,406
Other current assets	549	-	549
Total current assets	480,121	-	480,121
Total assets	1,084,700	63,999	1,148,699
Deferred tax liabilities	28,276	16,000	44,275
Other non-current financial liabilities	944,897	-	944,897
Grants	84,827	-	84,827
Total non-current liabilities	1,058,000	16,000	1,073,999
Trade and other payables	25,476	-	25,476
Total current liabilities	25,476	-	25,476
Total liabilities	1,083,476	16,000	1,099,475
Net assets	1,224	48,000	49,224
% acquisition	26.335 %		
Initial consideration	106,657	-	106,657
Value of previous shareholding	99,897	-	99,897
Non-controlling interests	-	23,520	24,119
Goodwill on consolidation	205,930	(24,480)	181,450

The fair value of trade and other receivables at the acquisition date matches the gross contractual amount.

The Tess Defence, S.A. contributed revenue of €143,254 thousand from the date it was included in the consolidation scope to 31 December 2025. This contribution would have amounted to €197,671 thousand had the company been consolidated throughout 2025.

Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L.

On 29 July 2025, the parent company acquired 100% of the Spanish company Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L., for an initial amount of €25,456 thousand. A liability of €4,600 thousand is also recognised, reflecting the deferred payment that the Group must make in the future. This company held cash of €246 thousand at the acquisition date, so the net cash outflow was €25,210 thousand.

Provisional goodwill on this transaction amounts to €29,716 thousand. The Group has a period of 12 months to allocate the final value.

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Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L. is a Spanish company specializing in unmanned aerial systems [UAS]. The company employs a workforce of 46 professionals. This acquisition aligns with the Group's strategic objective of establishing itself as a national leader in the development of complete medium-sized UAS solutions, in response to the growing demand for such technologies. Furthermore, it reinforces the newly created Indra Weapons & Ammunition division, which is dedicated to the advancement of anti-drone systems, precision-guided technologies, directed energy systems, and unmanned vehicles.

Net assets acquired and provisional goodwill resulting from the acquisition are as follows:

	Thousand euro
Other intangible assets	58
Property, plant and equipment	608
Total non-current assets	666
Inventories	977
Cash and cash equivalents	246
Other current assets	1,370
Total current assets	2,593
Total assets	3,258
Grants	716
Deferred tax liabilities	239
Other non-current liabilities	500
Total non-current liabilities	1,454
Bank borrowings	496
Trade and other payables	847
Other current liabilities	122
Total current liabilities	1,464
Total liabilities	2,918
Net assets	340
% acquisition	100 %
Initial consideration	25,456
Deferred Payment	4,600
Goodwill on consolidation	29,716

The fair value of trade and other receivables at the acquisition date matches the gross contractual amount.

The Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L. contributed revenue of €2,647 thousand from the date it was included in the consolidation scope to 31 December 2025. This contribution would have amounted to €4,643 thousand had the company been consolidated throughout 2025.

In November, the Company proceeded to change the corporate name of the subsidiary, whose current name is Indra Sistemas Aéreos Autónomos, S.L.U.

Hispasat Group

On 30 December 2025, the Group company Indra Space, S.L.U., acquired 89,68% of the Hispasat Group for €725,000 thousand. Additionally, the Group company Indra Espacio, S.L.U., a 0.1% stake in Hisdesat Servicios Estratégicos, S.A. has been acquired for an amount of €130 thousand, thereby incorporating the company into the scope of consolidation.

The Hispasat Group is a group of 19 companies dedicated to the manufacturing and operation of satellite communication systems. It has a workforce of approximately 664 employees.

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Provisional goodwill on this transaction amounts to €170,102 thousand. The Group has a period of 12 months to allocate the final value.

Net assets acquired and provisional goodwill resulting from the acquisition are as follows:

	Thousand euro
Property, plant and equipment	981,816
Intangible assets	60,618
Non-current financial assets	66,624
Deferred tax assets	61,145
Total non-current assets	1,187,756
Inventories	4,690
Trade and other receivables	73,547
Cash and cash equivalents	119,271
Other current assets	74,301
Total current assets	271,810
Total assets	1,459,566
Bank borrowings	103,209
Currency translation differences	(68,161)
Cash flow hedges	12,226
Grants	1,152
Other non-current liabilities	421,974
Deferred tax liabilities	15,166
Total non-current liabilities	485,566
Bank borrowings	32,569
Trade and other payables	44,573
Current tax liabilities	659
Other current liabilities	93,290
Total current liabilities	171,091
Total liabilities	656,657
Net assets	802,909
% acquisition	89.68 %
Initial consideration	725,130
Non-controlling interest and External shareholders	247,881
Goodwill on consolidation	170,102

The fair value of trade and other receivables at the acquisition date matches the gross contractual amount.

The Hispasat Group did not contribute to the Group's revenue for the year ended December 31, 2025. Had the Group been fully consolidated for the entire 2025 financial year, its contribution to revenue would have amounted to €276.974 million

Other considerations relating to the year's acquisitions

None of the goodwill referred to above is expected to be deductible.

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The Group has a period of 12 months to allocate a final value to the assets and liabilities of the businesses acquired, in compliance with IFRS 3 (on business combinations). The Group estimates that the acquisitions made in 2025 will mainly generate goodwill, although it is true that, in the context of the PPA exercises in progress, some assets could emerge reflecting the value of customer relationships, technology or brands.

During the year ended 31 December 2025, the Group made the following adjustments to 2024 business combinations:

Global Training Aviation, S.L.

During 2025, an adjustment was made to the fair value of the assets and liabilities of the Global Training Aviation, S.L., reducing the goodwill calculated in 2024 by €4,710 thousand. The following modifications were made in the purchase price allocation process:

- The amount of €9,134 thousand relating to property, plant and equipment.
- The amount of €2,902 thousand relating to provisions for tax and labour contingencies.

This business combination is definitive now that the 12-month period as from the acquisition date stipulated in IFRS 3 “Business combinations” has ended. The changes are set out below:

	2024	Additions	2025
	Fair value prior to the PPA	Assets and liabilities identified	Fair value
	Thousand euro		
Intangible assets	43	-	43
Property, plant and equipment	13,907	9,134	23,041
Right-of-use assets	11,566	-	11,566
Deferred tax assets	879	726	1,605
Total non-current assets	34,183	9,860	44,043
Total current assets	8,762	-	8,762
Total assets	42,945	9,860	52,805
Non-current provisions	-	2,035	2,035
Bank borrowings	9,353	-	9,353
Other non-current liabilities	21,738	-	21,738
Deferred tax liabilities	-	2,248	2,248
Total non-current liabilities	31,091	4,283	35,374
Total current liabilities	7,741	867	8,608
Total liabilities	38,832	5,150	43,982
Net assets	4,113	4,710	8,823
% acquisition	100 %		
Initial consideration	18,723		18,723
Deferred payment	500		500
Value of previous shareholding	10,383		10,383
Goodwill on consolidation	25,493	(4,710)	20,783

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Compañía Uruguay de Medios de Procesamiento, S.A.

During 2025, an adjustment was made to the fair value of the assets and liabilities of the company Compañía Uruguay de Medios de Procesamiento, S.A., increasing the goodwill calculated in 2024 by €452 thousand. The following assets were restated in the purchase price allocation process:

- The amount of €603 thousand relating to provisions for tax and labour contingencies.

This business combination is definitive now that the 12-month period as from the acquisition date stipulated in IFRS 3 “Business combinations” has ended. The changes are set out below:

	Thousand euro		
	2024	Additions	2025
	Fair value	Assets and liabilities identified	Fair value
Intangible assets	3,544	-	3,544
Property, plant and equipment	987	-	987
Deferred tax assets	221	151	372
Total non-current assets	4,752	151	4,903
Total current assets	2,100	-	2,100
Total assets	6,852	151	7,003
Non-current provisions	-	479	479
Total non-current liabilities	-	479	479
Total current liabilities	1,815	124	1,939
Total liabilities	1,815	603	2,418
Net assets	5,037	(452)	4,585
% acquisition	100 %		
Total Consideration	5,272	-	5,272
Goodwill on consolidation	235	452	687

MQA Group

During 2025, an adjustment was made to the fair value of the assets and liabilities of the CLUE Group, reducing the goodwill calculated in 2024 by €7,952 thousand. The following assets and liabilities were restated in the purchase price allocation process:

- The amount of €15,574 thousand relating to customer relationships.
- The amount of €4,214 thousand relating to provisions for tax and labour contingencies. (€3,092 thousand in non-current liabilities and €1,122 thousand in current liabilities).

This business combination is definitive now that the 12-month period as from the acquisition date stipulated in IFRS 3 “Business combinations” has ended. The changes are set out below:

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	Thousand euro		
	2024	Additions	2025
	Fair value	Assets and liabilities identified	Fair value
Intangible assets	-	15,574	15,574
Property, plant and equipment	133	-	133
Deferred tax assets	338	1,264	1,602
Non-current financial assets	300	-	300
Total non-current assets	771	16,839	17,610
Total current assets	15,060	-	15,060
Total assets	15,832	16,839	32,670
Non-current provisions	-	3,092	3,092
Deferred tax liabilities	4	4,672	4,677
Total non-current liabilities	4	7,764	7,768
Total current liabilities	11,068	1,122	12,190
Total liabilities	11,072	8,886	19,959
Net assets	4,759	7,952	12,712
% acquisition	100 %		
Consideration	32,172	-	32,172
Earn-out agreement	5,785	-	5,785
Subsequent payment	3,286	-	3,286
Goodwill on consolidation	36,484	(7,952)	28,531

Deimos Group

During 2025, an adjustment was made to the fair value of the assets and liabilities of the Deimos Group, reducing the goodwill calculated in 2024 by €4,991 thousand. The following assets and liabilities were restated in the purchase price allocation process:

- The amount of €10,742 thousand relating to technology (royalties).
- The amount of €4,088 thousand relating to provisions for tax and labour contingencies (€2,976 thousand in non-current liabilities and €1,112 thousand in current liabilities).

This business combination is definitive now that the 12-month period as from the acquisition date stipulated in IFRS 3 “Business combinations” has ended. The changes are set out below:

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	Thousand euro		
	2024	Additions	2025
	Fair value prior to the PPA	Assets and liabilities identified	Fair value after the PPA
Intangible assets	370	10,742	11,112
Property, plant and equipment	5,546	-	5,546
Deferred tax assets	2,081	1,022	3,103
Non-current financial assets	170	-	170
Total non-current assets	8,166	11,764	19,931
Total current assets	25,555	-	25,555
Total assets	33,721	11,764	45,485
Non-current provisions	-	2,976	2,976
Bank borrowings	565	-	565
Other non-current liabilities	1,908	-	1,908
Deferred tax liabilities	640	2,686	3,325
Total non-current liabilities	3,112	5,662	8,774
Total current liabilities	28,068	1,112	29,180
Total liabilities	31,180	6,774	37,954
Net assets	2,541	4,991	7,532
% acquisition	100 %		
Consideration	19,000		19,000
Goodwill on consolidation	16,459	(4,991)	11,468

CLUE Group

During 2025, an adjustment was made to the fair value of the assets and liabilities of the CLUE Group, reducing the goodwill calculated in 2024 by €1,437 thousand. The following assets and liabilities were restated in the purchase price allocation process:

- The amount of €2,349 thousand relating to technology (royalties).
- The amount of €432 thousand relating to provisions for tax and labour contingencies. (€339 thousand in non-current liabilities and €93 thousand in current liabilities).

This business combination is definitive now that the 12-month period as from the acquisition date stipulated in IFRS 3 “Business combinations” has ended. The changes are set out below:

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	Thousand euro		
	2024	Additions	2025
	Fair value prior to the PPA	Assets and liabilities identified	Fair value after the PPA
Intangible assets	7,639	2,349	9,987
Property, plant and equipment	1,226	-	1,226
Deferred tax assets	3,525	108	3,633
Non-current financial assets	228	-	228
Total non-current assets	12,617	2,457	15,074
Total current assets	8,618	-	8,618
Total assets	21,235	2,457	23,692
Non-current provisions	-	339	339
Bank borrowings	271	-	271
Other non-current liabilities	2,987	-	2,987
Deferred tax liabilities	2,862	587	3,450
Total non-current liabilities	6,120	926	7,045
Total current liabilities	6,414	93	6,508
Total liabilities	12,534	1,019	13,553
Net assets	8,701	1,437	10,139
% Acquisition	100 %		
Consideration	15,243		15,243
Escrow account	1,000		1,000
Earn out agreement	25,000	-	25,000
Goodwill on consolidation	32,541	(1,437)	31,104

No assets and liabilities have been identified in relation to the other companies acquired during 2024 and therefore the definitive goodwill has not changed.

All these effects refer to the transaction date. Nonetheless, the Group decided not to restate the comparative figures because the above-mentioned effects are immaterial to the consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated income statement, consolidated cash flow statement and basic and diluted earnings per share.

6. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are analysed below at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

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Thousand euro

	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Currency translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2025
Investments:								
Land	7,648	1,313	[64]	-	-	-	[476]	8,421
Buildings	45,036	32,380	[688]	2,407	-	-	[2,824]	76,311
Plant, machinery & other installations	293,281	2,685,642	[1,552]	34,202	[2,499]	15,152	[8,764]	3,015,462
Furniture	43,029	4,250	[707]	1,607	[960]	-	[2,071]	45,148
Vehicles	1,545	424	[33]	71	[210]	-	[179]	1,618
Data-processing equipment	112,067	12,209	[2,061]	6,138	[2,653]	-	13,836	139,536
Other PPE	7,588	115,132	[113]	9,783	[1,057]	4	[119]	131,218
	510,194	2,851,350	(5,218)	54,208	(7,379)	15,156	(597)	3,417,714
Depreciation:								
Buildings	[25,171]	[6,433]	529	[1,033]	-	-	2,014	[30,094]
Plant, machinery & other installations	[217,676]	[1,523,956]	1,109	[16,746]	2,010	-	8,101	[1,747,158]
Furniture	[36,824]	[2,862]	728	[1,301]	764	-	2,021	[37,474]
Vehicles	[1,286]	[210]	[19]	[61]	159	-	179	[1,238]
Data-processing equipment	[103,442]	[8,852]	1,590	[5,367]	2,434	-	[10,883]	[124,520]
Other PPE	[7,029]	[2,725]	154	[297]	1,038	-	165	[8,694]
	(391,429)	(1,545,038)	4,091	(24,805)	6,405	-	1,597	(1,949,178)
Grants:								
Plant, machinery & other installations	-	[76,013]	-	-	-	-	-	[76,013]
	-	(76,013)	-	-	-	-	-	(76,013)
Impairment provisions:								
Buildings	-	[2,041]	-	-	-	-	-	[2,041]
Plant, machinery & other installations	-	[244,516]	[2]	[55]	-	-	-	[244,573]
	-	(246,557)	(2)	(55)	-	-	-	(246,614)
Net value:								
Land	7,648	1,313	[64]	-	-	-	[476]	8,421
Buildings	19,865	23,906	[159]	1,374	-	-	[810]	44,176
Plant, machinery & other installations	75,606	841,157	[445]	17,401	[489]	15,152	[663]	947,719
Furniture	6,204	1,388	21	306	[196]	-	[50]	7,673
Vehicles	258	214	[52]	10	[51]	-	-	380
Data-processing equipment	8,624	3,357	[471]	771	[219]	-	2,953	15,015
Other PPE	559	112,407	41	9,486	[19]	4	46	122,524
Total	118,765	983,742	(1,129)	29,348	(974)	15,156	1,000	1,145,909

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	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope change	Currency translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2024
Investments:								
Land	7,471	261	33	-	(117)	-	-	7,648
Buildings	41,625	5,246	339	430	(469)	(2,135)	-	45,036
Plant, machinery & other installations	243,754	37,268	361	16,217	(3,216)	4	(1,106)	293,281
Furniture	42,684	1,223	15	1,459	(1,381)	(202)	(770)	43,029
Vehicles	1,523	154	4	58	(194)	-	-	1,545
Data-processing equipment	125,554	10,166	(741)	4,982	(2,957)	208	(25,146)	112,067
Other PPE	5,419	2,231	(35)	93	(161)	41	-	7,588
	468,030	56,549	(23)	23,239	(8,495)	(2,084)	(27,022)	510,194
Depreciation:								
Buildings	(23,427)	(1,562)	(199)	(798)	244	570	-	(25,171)
Plant, machinery & other installations	(187,118)	(21,775)	(310)	(12,224)	2,823	(72)	999	(217,676)
Furniture	(36,402)	(962)	(238)	(1,170)	1,248	(14)	715	(36,824)
Vehicles	(1,270)	(136)	6	(37)	152	-	-	(1,286)
Data-processing equipment	(114,766)	(8,330)	449	(5,612)	2,780	(59)	22,095	(103,442)
Other PPE	(5,143)	(1,985)	45	(140)	100	94	-	(7,029)
	(368,126)	(34,750)	(247)	(19,981)	7,347	519	23,809	(391,429)
Impairment provisions:								
Plant, machinery & other installations	(761)	-	-	-	-	761	-	-
	(761)	-	-	-	-	761	-	-
Net value:								
Land	7,471	261	33	-	(117)	-	-	7,648
Buildings	18,198	3,684	140	(368)	(225)	(1,565)	-	19,865
Plant, machinery & other installations	55,875	15,493	51	3,993	(393)	693	(106)	75,606
Furniture	6,282	261	(223)	289	(133)	(217)	(55)	6,204
Vehicles	253	17	10	21	(43)	-	-	258
Data-processing equipment	10,788	1,836	(291)	(630)	(177)	149	(3,051)	8,624
Other PPE	276	246	10	(47)	(61)	135	-	559
Total	99,143	21,799	(270)	3,258	(1,148)	(804)	(3,213)	118,765

Scope changes in 2025 relate to the acquisitions of the companies: Micro Nav Limited, Global ATS Limited, Tess Defence, S.A., Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L. and Hispasat Group (Note 5). The Group's investments associated with the Hispasat satellite fleet are mainly included under the 'Technical Installations' heading. This fleet comprises the satellite units Hispasat 30W-5, Hispasat 30W-6, Hispasat 36W-1, Amazonas 2, Amazonas 3, Hispasat 74W-1, Amazonas 5, Amazonas Nexus and Hispasat 55W-2. Additionally, this item includes the satellites owned by the company Hisdesat: NG I and the PAZ satellite.

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Additions to and disposals of data-processing equipment relate to the technological renewal of equipment, mainly in the parent company.

On July 30, 2025, the Company completed the acquisition of assets corresponding to the Duro Felguera facilities in Gijón (El Tallerón, Heavy Boiler Shop) for a consideration of €3.650 million. The acquisition includes the property, machinery, and the related concession. The agreement also provides for the transfer of the 156 employees who had been working at these facilities. Indra Group intends to designate this site as the hub for its new land defence systems division. The above amount corresponds to assets transferred for €3,900 thousand, less a provision for potential environmental remediation of €340 thousand (note 24).

Additions to plant relate to the refurbishment and optimisation of buildings, primarily by the parent company.

The decreases in the Technical Installations and Furniture line item were mainly due to the disposal of various buildings as a result of the termination of lease agreements (see Note 7).

The Group made payments to acquire property, plant and equipment totalling €44,078 thousand in 2025 (€23,562 thousand in 2024).

At 31 December 2025, fully-depreciated property, plant and equipment amount to €541,141 thousand (€278,258 thousand at 31 December 2024).

The Group has taken out insurance policies to cover the risks to which its property, plant and equipment are exposed. The coverage provided by these policies is considered to be sufficient.

The Group has no property, plant and equipment pledged as collateral and there are no ownership restrictions. There are also no commitments to acquire property, plant and equipment at 31 December 2025 or 2024.

7. Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are analysed below at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

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Thousand euro

	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Currency translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2025
Investments:							
Land and buildings	239,579	24,621	(1,158)	54,405	(22,666)	(5,823)	288,959
Vehicles	5,727	2,533	(37)	2,209	(895)	18	9,555
Technical installations	-	26,349	-	-	-	-	26,349
Machinery	18,774	-	-	-	-	-	18,774
Data-processing equipment	1,651	-	(214)	-	-	-	1,438
	265,732	53,504	(1,409)	56,614	(23,561)	(5,805)	345,075
Depreciation:							
Land and buildings	(127,883)	(7,772)	583	(25,709)	14,321	5,675	(140,785)
Vehicles	(2,031)	(1,834)	23	(1,960)	836	(12)	(4,979)
Technical installations	-	(26,344)	-	-	-	-	(26,344)
Machinery	(8,305)	-	-	(1,197)	-	-	(9,503)
Data-processing equipment	(1,651)	-	214	-	-	-	(1,437)
	(139,871)	(35,951)	819	(28,866)	15,157	5,663	(183,049)
Net value:							
Land and buildings	111,696	16,849	(575)	28,697	(8,345)	(148)	148,174
Vehicles	3,696	699	(14)	249	(59)	6	4,576
Technical installations	-	4	-	-	-	-	4
Machinery	10,469	-	-	(1,197)	-	-	9,271
Data-processing equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	125,861	17,553	(589)	27,748	(8,404)	(142)	162,026

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Thousand euro

	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope change	Currency translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2024
Investments:							
Land and buildings	226,316	-	(967)	27,231	(10,078)	(2,923)	239,579
Vehicles	4,166	-	(20)	2,145	(545)	(18)	5,727
Machinery	-	18,774	-	-	-	-	18,774
Data-processing equipment	1,625	-	26	-	-	-	1,651
	232,107	18,774	(961)	29,376	(10,623)	(2,942)	265,732
Depreciation:							
Land and buildings	(111,132)	-	657	(26,142)	7,018	1,715	(127,883)
Vehicles	(325)	-	13	(2,142)	410	12	(2,031)
Machinery	-	(7,208)	-	(1,098)	-	-	(8,305)
Data-processing equipment	(1,625)	-	(26)	-	-	-	(1,651)
	(113,082)	(7,208)	644	(29,382)	7,428	1,728	(139,871)
Net value:							
Land and buildings	115,184	-	(310)	1,089	(3,060)	(1,208)	111,696
Vehicles	3,841	-	(7)	3	(135)	(6)	3,696
Machinery	-	11,566	-	(1,098)	-	-	10,469
Data-processing equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	119,025	11,566	(317)	(5)	(3,195)	(1,214)	125,861

The average lease term for land and buildings is 3.58 years. This heading relates primarily to leased offices and other leased workplaces. Net property, plant and equipment associated with leases amounted to €111,023 thousand in 2025 (€81,810 thousand in 2024).

The additions of €54,405 thousand to “Land and buildings” in 2025 (€27,231 thousand in 2024) relate to changes in existing lease terms, mainly comprising office lease extensions and the consequent adjustments to cumulative rent. The most significant lease is for the headquarters at Avenida de Bruselas 33-35 Alcobendas, Madrid.

The changes in the consolidation scope for year 2025 correspond to the acquisitions of the companies comprising the Hispasat Group (see Note 5).

The amount recognised in the Group's income statement in relation to these right-of-use assets is analysed below:

	Thousand euro	
Impact of IFRS 16 on the income Statement	2025	2024
Depreciation expenses	27,703	28,284
Financial expenses (Note 10)	5,850	7,019
Total effect on the income Statement	33,552	35,303

Cash outflows recognised under the cash flow statement heading “Net cash flows absorbed by financing activities” totalled €29,888 thousand (€27,699 thousand in 2024).

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8. Goodwill

Movements in goodwill are analysed below at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

<i>Thousand euro</i>							
	31.12.2024	Additions	Currency translation differences	Disposals	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	31.12.2025
Defence	104,797	382,757	37	-	(11,235)	-	476,356
Air Traffic	65,431	23,335	(2,505)	-	-	-	86,261
Mobility	28,333	-	(70)	-	97	-	28,360
Minsait	844,929	-	(1,241)	-	(7,500)	16,404	852,592
Total	1,043,490	406,092	(3,779)	-	(18,638)	16,404	1,443,569

<i>Thousand euro</i>							
	31.12.2023	Additions	Currency translation differences	Disposals	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	31.12.2024
Defence	31,630	73,004	163	-	-	-	104,797
Air Traffic	68,114	-	(237)	(129)	(2,317)	-	65,431
Mobility	28,336	-	(3)	-	-	-	28,333
Minsait	868,294	33,225	23	(8,500)	(4,019)	(44,094)	844,929
Total	996,374	106,229	(54)	(8,629)	(6,336)	(44,094)	1,043,490

Additions relate to the business combinations described in Note 5 and transfers pertain to fair value adjustments to the assets and liabilities of the business combinations described in this same note.

The amount reclassified as held for sale corresponds to the carrying value of the goodwill associated with the payment services and BPO businesses described in Note 13.

Key assumptions employed in projections

Despite not having identified indications of impairment, the Group periodically assesses the recoverability of the goodwill reflected in the table above. The business plans of the different cash-generating units (CGUs) to which the goodwill is assigned are used for this purpose, discounting forecast future cash flows.

The assumptions on which these cash flow projections are based are supported by past experience and reasonable forecasts included in each CGU's business plan. These forecasts are compared with expected market growth according to different specialised sources, taking into account the company's position in that market and strategic aspects that could affect this position (innovation, entry into other markets, etc.).

Flow projections are based on the 2026 Budget approved by the Board and on the Strategic Plan "Leading the Future" for the following years. Flows are estimated assuming that growth converges to the residual growth rate and that indirect and structural costs remain consistent with the business context. These projections directly reflect the best estimates for each geography and activity carried on by Group.

The main measurement input are determined as follows:

- Residual growth rate: forecast medium/long-term inflation published by the International Monetary Fund. The forecast for Spain is used for goodwill, this being the main, most representative geography for revenue in relative terms. The other geographies are analysed in case the need to make an adjustment is identified.

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- Discount rate ["WACC"]: calculated using the commonly accepted method, i.e. the Capital Asset Pricing Model, which weights the required returns on both debt and equity invested in proportion to an expected capital structure. The calculation reflects the business risk for a market participant that would be considered by any other company in the industry. The main risks considered under this method are:
 - Risk-free rate, which represents the expected return on long-term government debt issues, calculated as the yield on the 10-year US bond.
 - Country risk premium, which represents the additional risk of investing in a foreign country as compared to investing in the United States. This risk includes: economic risk, foreign exchange risk, political risk, sovereign risk and transfer risk. This premium is obtained from public sources. In the specific case of goodwill, Spain's country risk is employed, as the main, most representative geography for revenue in relative terms.
 - Market risk premium, reflecting the incremental risk of investing in business as compared to government debt, based on market studies.
 - The risk inherent to the market or industry in which the entity operates ["beta"], obtained from a benchmark study of our competitors' performance compared to the relevant market indices.
 - Cost of debt, which is simply the return that a debt investor should demand on the financial debt it would grant to the business being valued.
 - Market capital structure, which is the average capital structure of competitors.

The Group obtains this information from public sources, such as Bloomberg and the International Monetary Fund, as well as from research published by world-renowned business valuation specialists.

A breakdown of the assumptions used to calculate the recoverable value of each CGU, which has been calculated as value in use, is set out below:

	Year-on-year growth rate		Discount rate after tax		Residual growth rate		Residual EBIT margin		Days working capital	
	Revenue (5 years)									
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Defence	29.44 %	8.19 %	9.72 %	8.81 %	2.00 %	1.80 %	16.00 %	16.90 %	11	[114]
Air Traffic	10.03 %	7.48 %	9.13 %	9.12 %	2.00 %	1.80 %	13.30 %	13.30 %	114	130
Mobility	9.87 %	8.70 %	10.62 %	10.10 %	2.00 %	1.80 %	9.69 %	9.20 %	224	131
Minsait	4.45 %	4.67 %	10.31 %	10.32 %	2.00 %	1.80 %	7.35 %	7.84 %	27	27

As in the previous year, the 2025 results (last financial year closed), the 2026 budget approved by the Group and the Strategic Plan approved by the Board of Directors are the starting point for the assumptions employed.

Management considers that, were pre-tax future cash flows and discount rates to be estimated, the findings of the impairment tests carried out in 2025 would not be materially different from those performed using the method applied by management. There would also be no material difference were the discounts on leases in force at year-end 2025 to be applied.

In all cases, sensitivity analyses are carried out on the discount rate and residual growth rate employed to check that reasonable changes to these assumptions will not affect the possible recovery of goodwill recognised. Sensitivity analyses are also performed on the basic assumptions: sales, margins, working capital and residual EBIT.

Cash flows are discounted to present value at a rate after tax that reflects the specific risks of the assets as well as risks not included in the flows, such as specific country risk. This rate is calculated using the Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM). The data employed in these calculations are obtained from independent, reputable external information sources and the findings are compared with the rates used by independent financial analysts in comparable business valuations. In 2025, the discount rates after tax were within a range of 9.13%-10.62%.

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Projections span a five-year period. Cash flows as from year six are the components of terminal value and are estimated as income in perpetuity at a constant growth rate (residual growth rate) on a normalised flow reflecting the CGU's operations in perpetuity. The residual growth rate is estimated for each CGU taking into account the nature of the business and expected long-term inflation in the CGU's business area and is contrasted with external information sources. A growth rate of 2% was used in the 2025 projections for all CGUs.

The effect of the current geopolitical situation was directly taken into account in the flow projections, based on both the Group's own budget and the strategic plan approved by the Group's Board, which already include the possible consequences.

The discount rate is based on market indicators (at the analysis date) for both market risk and our business/sector risk, and indirectly captures the inherent geopolitical risk.

The normalised flow on which the terminal value calculation was based included the following year-five flow adjustments:

$$\text{Sales}_{\text{Normalised flow}} = \text{Sales}_{\text{Year 5}} \times (1+g)$$

$$\text{Operating expenses}_{\text{Normalised flow}} = \text{Operating expenses}_{\text{Year 5}} \times (1+g)$$

$$\text{Investment}_{\text{Normalised flow}} = \text{Depreciation}_{\text{Normalised flow}}$$

$$\text{Working capital investment}_{\text{Normalised flow}} = \text{Days working capital}_{\text{Year 5}} / 365 \times \text{Sales}_{\text{Year 5}} \times g^{(1)}$$

$$\text{Tax rate}_{\text{Normalised flow}} = \text{Tax rate}_{\text{Year 5}}$$

$$\text{Normalised flow} = (\text{Sales} - \text{Operating expenses} - \text{Investment} - \text{Working capital investment} - \text{Taxes})_{\text{Normalised flow}}$$

"g" is the residual growth rate.

⁽¹⁾ Working capital investment is calculated on the basis of residual growth

The amount discounted from terminal value as a percentage of the total recoverable amount of the most significant goodwill in 2025 and 2024 is shown below:

	Valor residual	
	2025	2024
Defence	74 %	77 %
Air Traffic	76 %	77 %
Mobility	78 %	70 %
Minsait	67 %	72 %

Impairment test findings

Although the Group has reclassified the BPO Group to available for sale (Note 13), it is not regarded as an independent CGU and forms part of the Minsait CGU.

However, the Group has performed an impairment test on the Minsait CGU excluding the Means of BPO, the recoverable amount exceeding the carrying amount in both cases.

Set out below is a breakdown of the main assets included in the carrying amount of the CGUs at 31 December 2025 and 2024

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2025					
	Net fixed assets	Working capital	Goodwill	Other	CGU carrying amount
Defence	1,435,206	362,479	476,356	(1,053,070)	1,220,970
Air Traffic	85,506	99,480	86,261	(67,528)	203,719
Mobility	79,871	143,085	28,360	(14,372)	236,944
Minsait	229,702	69,038	852,592	(326,866)	824,466
Total	1,830,285	674,083	1,443,569	(1,461,837)	2,486,099

2024					
	Net fixed assets	Working capital	Goodwill	Other	CGU carrying amount
Defence	185,042	(308,027)	104,797	(159,456)	(177,644)
Air Traffic	67,246	131,178	65,431	(73,065)	190,790
Mobility	60,507	179,834	28,333	(16,014)	252,660
Minsait	238,337	97,387	889,023	(271,128)	953,619
Total	551,132	100,373	1,087,584	(519,663)	1,219,426

The balance sheet items under “Other” relate to the rest of the assets and liabilities that are not included under the other headings (net fixed assets, working capital and goodwill), but are included in the CGU's carrying amount, so they may increase or decrease that carrying amount. The main items relate to other receivables and payables (public entities, accrued wages and salaries, etc.), assets and liabilities without which the recoverable amount of the CGUs cannot be determined, as they do not generate cash flows that are separable from the projected business in the CGUs' cash flows. As liabilities exceed assets, the resulting adjustment to these items is negative in the amount of €1,462 million in 2025 (€519.7 million in 2024).

The Group has verified that, on excluding from the impairment tests deferred tax assets and liabilities and their impact on projected cash flows, the findings confirm that there is no impairment.

The Group has not identified material assets common to the Minsait, Defence, Air Traffic and Mobility CGUs.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group has analysed the sensitivity to the following assumptions of the impairment test performed on the goodwill allocated to the CGUs:

	2025				2024			
	Change in WACC		Residual growth rate		Change in WACC		Residual growth rate	
Defence	-1 p.p.	+1 p.p.	-0,5 p.p.	+0,5 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+1 p.p.	-0,5 p.p.	+0,5 p.p.
Air Traffic	-1 p.p.	+1 p.p.	-0,5 p.p.	+0,5 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+1 p.p.	-0,5 p.p.	+0,5 p.p.
Mobility	-1 p.p.	+1 p.p.	-0,5 p.p.	+0,5 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+1 p.p.	-0,5 p.p.	+0,5 p.p.
Minsait	-1 p.p.	+1 p.p.	-0,5 p.p.	+0,5 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+1 p.p.	-0,5 p.p.	+0,5 p.p.

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	2025				2024			
	Change in sales	EBIT margin	Residual EBIT	Change in days working capital	Change in sales	EBIT margin	Residual EBIT	Change in days working capital
Defence	(5)%	-1 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+10 days	(5)%	-1 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+10 days
Air Traffic	(5)%	-1 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+10 days	(5)%	-1 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+10 days
Mobility	(5)%	-1 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+10 days	(5)%	-1 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+10 days
Minsait	(5)%	-1 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+ 10 days	(5)%	-1 p.p.	-1 p.p.	+ 10 days

This sensitivity analysis indicates that the relevant CGUs show no significant risks associated with reasonably possible variations in the financial and operating variables, considered individually.

In 2025 and 2024, according to the calculations, there were no signs of impairment of the goodwill allocated to these cash-generating units.

A sensitivity analysis was carried out on the discount parameters, concluding that the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount in all cases. The sensitivity range employed considers discount rate variations of over 10% and changes of over 25% in growth rates in perpetuity, the discount parameters remaining in line with market consensus.

9. Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are analysed below at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

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	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Currency translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2025
Investments:								
Industrial property	56,515	13,551	52	-	-	13,091	(5,965)	77,244
Computer software	769,500	25,001	(3,669)	9,183	(1,650)	51,578	56,588	906,531
Development expenses	111,764	1,506	(1,708)	87,740	(42)	(57,600)	25,259	166,919
Contractual relationships	115,468	54,902	(1,576)	63,999	-	15,574	4,141	252,508
Administrative concessions	-	58,641	-	76	-	-	-	58,717
Other intangibles	27,783	-	(710)	6	(325)	-	(396)	26,358
	1,081,030	153,601	(7,611)	161,004	(2,017)	22,643	79,627	1,488,277
Amortisation :								
Industrial property	(17,075)	(5,922)	(54)	(3,067)	-	-	4,992	(21,126)
Computer software	(548,783)	(15,989)	3,414	(38,103)	1,085	(8,068)	(38,970)	(645,414)
Development expenses	(16,317)	(1,478)	394	(6,444)	42	1,959	(1,121)	(22,965)
Contractual relationships	(73,072)	(24,180)	45	(16,137)	-	-	(3,899)	(117,243)
Administrative concessions	-	(32,724)	-	-	-	-	-	(32,724)
Other intangibles	(18,719)	-	725	(1,155)	294	-	450	(18,405)
	(673,967)	(80,293)	4,524	(64,906)	1,421	(6,109)	(38,548)	(857,878)
Grants:								
Computer software	(38,517)	-	-	(11,427)	3,639	8,068	-	(38,237)
	(38,517)	-	-	(11,427)	3,639	8,068	-	(38,237)
Impairment:								
Industrial property	(6,066)	(3,638)	-	-	-	-	-	(9,704)
Computer software	(109,884)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(109,884)
Development expenses	(3)	-	-	-	-	(1,959)	-	(1,962)
Administrative concessions	-	(8,965)	-	-	-	-	-	(8,965)
Other intangibles	(2,143)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,143)
	(118,096)	(12,603)	-	-	-	(1,959)	-	(132,658)
Net value:								
Industrial property	33,373	3,991	(2)	(3,067)	-	13,091	(973)	46,413
Computer software	72,316	9,012	(255)	(40,347)	3,074	51,578	17,618	112,996
Development expenses	95,445	28	(1,314)	81,296	-	(57,600)	24,138	141,993
Contractual relationships	42,396	30,722	(1,531)	47,862	-	15,574	242	135,265
Administrative concessions	-	16,952	-	76	-	-	-	17,028
Other intangibles	6,921	-	15	(1,149)	(31)	-	54	5,810
Total	250,450	60,705	(3,087)	84,671	3,043	22,643	41,079	459,504

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Thousand euro

	Balance at 31.12.2022	Scope change	Currency translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2023
Investments:								
Industrial property	55,182	6	(118)	5	-	2,363	(923)	56,515
Computer software	768,979	14,520	80	18,721	(5,145)	42,176	(69,831)	769,500
Development expenses	97,238	13,472	(328)	69,680	(864)	(42,176)	(25,258)	111,764
Contractual relationships	122,140	-	789	-	-	7,110	(14,571)	115,468
Other intangibles	26,931	9	833	25	(14)	-	-	27,783
	1,070,470	28,007	1,256	88,430	(6,023)	9,473	(110,583)	1,081,030
Amortisation								
Industrial property	(15,824)	(6)	119	(1,778)	-	-	413	(17,075)
Computer software	(549,020)	(10,027)	(291)	(38,152)	4,083	(7,228)	51,852	(548,783)
Development expenses	(8,906)	(6,378)	227	(2,582)	731	(530)	1,121	(16,317)
Contractual relationships	(65,467)	-	(339)	(14,641)	-	-	7,376	(73,072)
Other intangibles	(18,598)	-	(134)	(1)	14	-	-	(18,719)
	(657,815)	(16,411)	(419)	(57,154)	4,828	(7,758)	60,762	(673,967)
Grants								
Computer software	(30,732)	-	-	(17,672)	2,659	7,228	-	(38,517)
	(30,732)	-	-	(17,672)	2,659	7,228	-	(38,517)
Impairment								
Industrial property	(6,066)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,066)
Computer software	(109,884)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(109,884)
Development expenses	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
Other intangibles	(2,143)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,143)
	(118,096)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(118,096)
Net value:								
Industrial property	33,292	-	2	(1,773)	-	2,363	(510)	33,373
Computer software	79,343	4,492	(211)	(37,103)	1,597	42,176	(17,978)	72,316
Development expenses	88,329	7,094	(101)	67,098	(133)	(42,706)	(24,137)	95,445
Contractual relationships	56,673	-	450	(14,641)	-	7,110	(7,195)	42,396
Other intangibles	6,190	9	699	23	-	-	-	6,921
Total	263,827	11,596	837	13,604	1,464	8,942	(49,820)	250,450

Scope changes in 2025 relate to the acquisitions of the companies: Tess Defence, S.A., Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L. and Hispasat Group (Note 5).

Under the caption Administrative Concessions arising from changes in the consolidation perimeter, amounting to €16,952 thousand, the Group recognizes the rights associated with the concessions granted to the Hispasat Group.

Hispasat, S.A. holds the concessions awarded by the Spanish authorities for the orbital positions at 30° West and 36° West in the Ku and Ka frequency bands, respectively. During 2022, the concession for the 30° West orbital position was extended until 9 December 2047, and the concession for the 36° West orbital position was extended until 18 March 2036.

This caption primarily includes licenses in the C, Ku, Ku BSS (Broadcasting Satellite Service), and Ka bands for the operation of Brazilian-owned orbital positions granted to the Group. It also includes the renewal, through 2055, of the satellite rights under Appendix 30B in the C and Ku bands for the 61° West orbital position.

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Through its Brazilian subsidiary Hispamar Satélites, S.A., the Group holds Brazilian Satellite Operating Rights for the provision of telecommunications services in the C, Ku, Ku BSS, and Ka bands at the 61° West orbital position, and in the Ku BSS band at the 74° West orbital position. The main concession terms are as follows:

- C-band Operating Right: renewed during the year by ANATEL for a 5-year concession period, through 2031.
- Ku and Ka band Operating Rights: renewed by ANATEL on 27 September 2016, with retroactive effect from 28 September 2015, for an additional 15-year concession period.
- Ka-band Operating Right: granted on 3 February 2011 and formalized on 13 April 2012 through an addendum to the concession contract dated 27 September 2000; renewed through 27 September 2030.
- Ku BSS band Operating Right (74° West): granted on 4 March 2016 for a 15-year term.

The Group operates the Brazilian Satellite Operating Rights at the 61° West and 74° West orbital positions through the leasing of the Amazonas 3, Amazonas 5, Amazonas Nexus, and H74W-1 satellites by Hispamar Satélites S.A. and Hispamar Exterior S.L.U., which commercialize the satellite capacity to third parties or to other Group entities.

Contractual relationships relate to the reassessment of the assets of Tecnomcom in the amount of €60,400 thousand [2017], Paradigma Digital, S.L.U. in the amount of €14,500 thousand [2018], North American Transmission & Distribution Group in the amount of €6,998 thousand [2019], Sistemas Informáticos Abiertos, S.A.U. in the amount of €10,097 thousand [2020], SmartPaper, S.R.L. in the amount of €10,430 thousand [2021], Consultoría Organizacional S.A.S. in the amount of €2,229 thousand [2022], Net Studio, S.P.A. in the amount of €1,713 thousand [2022], Indra Air Traffic, Inc. in the amount of €5,038 thousand [2023], Deuser Tech Group in the amount of €874 thousand, NAE Comunicaciones, S.L.U. in the amount of €6,212 thousand and during the current year, as a result of the purchase price allocation process relating to the MQA Group, in the amount of €15,574 thousand and to the valuation of the public contracts of Tess Defence, S.A., in the amount of €63,999 thousand. The amount corresponding to the change in the consolidation perimeter arises from the acquisition of the Hispasat Group and results from the purchase of the Axess Networks Group in 2022 (see Note 5).

The Group made payments to invest in intangible assets totalling €93,073 thousand in 2025 (€87,438 thousand in 2024).

The amount of €51,578 thousand was transferred from Development expenses to Computer software in 2025 once the developments had been completed and fulfilled technical and economic feasibility requirements (€42,176 thousand in 2024).

Within the computer software line item, an amount of €5,311 thousand relates to the following acquisitions:

- Acquisition from Altitude Angel of its drone air-traffic management platform. This transaction strengthens Indra's strategic positioning in the United Kingdom market.
- Acquisition from Wake Engineering of the assets and liabilities comprising the Wake Business Unit. The transaction encompasses unmanned aerial systems (UAS) technology aimed at enhancing drone capabilities, particularly in vertical take-off and landing operations. As part of this acquisition, an additional €5,532 thousand has been recognized under inventories.

Development and Computer software products are set out below:

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	Thousand euro		
	2025	2024	Segments
Investments (1)			
Public Administrations	21,592	26,583	Minsait
Defence & Security	276,972	238,527	Defence & Security
Energy	114,274	166,579	Minsait
Industry & Consumption	37,311	37,198	Minsait
Election Processes	3,030	8,691	Minsait
Healthcare	27,562	31,228	Minsait
Financial Services	195,284	115,195	Minsait
Telecom & Media	25,375	29,607	Minsait
Air Traffic	151,578	113,183	Air Traffic
Transport	119,166	114,474	Transport
Space	101,310	-	Defence & Security
	1,073,453	881,264	Estimated years of amortisation (2)
Accumulated amortisation:			
Public Administrations	(13,507)	(20,671)	1 to 5 years
Defence & Security	(184,783)	(152,428)	1 to 10 years
Energy	(71,863)	(109,306)	1 to 10 years
Industry & Consumption	(25,401)	(26,429)	1 to 10 years
Election Processes	(3,030)	(4,635)	1 to 5 years
Healthcare	(16,325)	(19,785)	1 to 10 years
Financial Services	(126,336)	(93,977)	1 to 5 years
Telecom & Media	(12,714)	(9,264)	1 to 5 years
Air Traffic	(103,946)	(71,260)	1 to 5 years
Transport	(50,845)	(57,346)	1 to 5 years
Space	(59,628)	-	1 to 10 years
	(668,379)	(565,100)	

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
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	Thousand euro		
	2025	2024	Segments
Accumulated impairment:			
Defence & Security	(29,360)	(28,100)	Defence & Security
Energy	(41,654)	(41,647)	Minsait
Industry & Consumption	(4,400)	(4,400)	Minsait
Healthcare	(8,000)	(8,000)	Minsait
Financial Services	(20,100)	(20,100)	Minsait
Air Traffic	(368)	-	Air Traffic
Transport	(7,964)	(7,640)	Transport
	(111,846)	(109,887)	
Grants			
Public Administrations	-	(647)	Minsait
Defence & Security	(459)	(32)	Defence & Security
Energy	-	-	Minsait
Telecom & Media	-	(62)	Minsait
Air Traffic	(24,419)	(24,546)	Air Traffic
Transport	(13,359)	(13,230)	Transport
	(38,237)	(38,517)	
Net value:			
Public Administrations	8,085	5,265	Minsait
Defence & Security	62,370	57,966	Defence & Security
Energy	757	15,626	Minsait
Industry & Consumption	7,510	6,369	Minsait
Election Processes	-	4,056	Minsait
Healthcare	3,237	3,442	Minsait
Financial Services	48,848	1,119	Minsait
Telecom & Media	12,661	20,281	Minsait
Air Traffic	22,844	17,376	Air Traffic
Transport	46,997	36,258	Transport
Space	41,682	-	Defence & Security
Total	254,989	167,760	

[1] In 2025, the carrying amount of Development projects capitalised during the year that are not yet being amortised is €87,740 thousand (€56,726 thousand in 2024).

[2] Products comprise numerous projects each of which have an independent useful life. For the same product, a project might be amortised in the same year it is capitalised while other projects relating to that product might have a useful life of up to 10 years.

The main capitalised development projects are as follows:

- Defence: development of radars, air-defence systems, surveillance, security and unmanned vehicles, as well as onboard systems for aerial and naval platforms.
- Mobility: development of ticketing solutions, a railway management system and an urban and interurban traffic management software program.
- Air Traffic: programme to modernise air transit management in Europe as part of the Single European Sky Air Research (SESAR) initiative.

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Regarding the Minsait segment, the investment projects carried out in 2025 have shared a common focus: the study and incorporation of generative AI applied to different use cases and business scenarios, progressively and at varying levels of depth depending on the product suite. Additionally, the following milestones stand out:

- The payment media suite, within its Issuing business, has continued its “go to cloud” process, incorporating new modules and services and aligning Cobol vs Cloud versions. This year has also been notable for its commitment to generative AI, adding new use cases as well as developing assets for the new Partner Channel and Self-Service Channel. In the Acquiring business, new assets have been created for hybrid models combining cards and accounts.
- In the product suite for the Energy sector, investment has continued in the SCADA system to accelerate its technological transformation, improve performance, and enhance functionalities linked to strategic projects such as the Taiwan project. Other investment areas include the Metering product, focused on functional consolidation and the incorporation of capabilities for water and gas.
- Other noteworthy investments in vertical suites include Healthcare, where data management tools have been incorporated for genomics studies, as well as the application of generative AI in a conversational chatbot for physicians using patient medical history information, and the addition of a clinical workstation for outpatient consultations.
- In the Travel and Hospitality domain, AI has been applied to the reservation search engine and to biometric solutions for the online check-in process, along with continued transformation of the product toward an API-based solution.
- Additionally, development has begun on a new product for Telco operators, aimed at enhancing network automation capabilities and managing fiber, 5G, and Telco Cloud network inventories.
- In the Cybersecurity domain, investment has been directed toward advanced implementation of AI for detecting anomalous behaviour and reducing alerts to improve data analysis efficiency in the SOC operations product.
- Finally, in the transversal area, efforts have focused on enabling new reusable digital assets to improve the scalability of our solutions and their lifecycle, analytics and intelligence, security, and cloud operations.

It is deemed likely that these products will generate economic benefits in the future that will offset the recognised cost of the asset.

In 2025, as in 2024, the Group continued to invest in developments in all business areas, the most significant relating to the Defence segment.

At 31 December 2025, the carrying amount of Development projects not being amortised is €103,503 thousand (€84,921 thousand in 2024).

Transfers recognised under the heading “Computer software” in 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

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MARKET	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Public Administrations	794	2,182
Defence & Security	4,486	6,065
Energy	3,424	2,355
Industry & Consumption	1,791	1,200
Healthcare	893	1,420
Financial Services	11,153	12,511
Air Traffic	13,230	7,173
Transport	14,254	9,270
Electoral procedures	6	-
Telecom & Media	214	-
Space	1,334	-
	51,578	42,176

Certain capitalised development expenses are financed or subsidised by government bodies. Set out below is a breakdown of the most significant grants in 2025 and 2024:

MARKET	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Public Administrations	-	647
Defence & Security	459	32
Telecom & Media	-	62
Air Traffic	24,419	24,546
Transport	13,359	13,230
	38,237	38,517

Development expenses total €144,804 thousand in the current year and €113,259 thousand in the previous year. The Group has capitalised €88,929 thousand and €46,003 of these amounts, respectively.

The Industrial property balance includes assets acquired from third parties totalling €77,244 thousand in 2025 (€56,515 thousand in 2024), relating mainly to:

- Industrial property recognised as a result of the acquisition of the company Paradigma, S.L. in the amount of €10,000 thousand in 2018.
- Industrial property recognised by Indra BPO Servicios, S.L.U. in relation to the exclusivity fee under the contract for services entered into with BSOS, S.A. (Business Services for Operational Support, S.A.) in the amount of €6,888 thousand in 2016.
- Industrial property recognised as a result of the acquisition of the company Politec Tecnologia da Informação, S.A. in the amount of €13,711 thousand in 2011.
- The purchase of software maintenance rights by the parent company in 2010, amounting to €20,000 thousand.
- Industrial property recognised as a result of the acquisition of the company Flat 101, S.L. in the amount of €1,962 thousand in 2021.
- During the final allocation process of the assets and liabilities of the companies acquired in year 2024, a transfer in the amount of €13,091 thousand was made from the allocations of the Deimos Group and the Clue Group (Note 5).

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Intangible asset amortisation rates are shown below:

	Thousand euro					
	Balance at 31.12.2025	Expenses incurred in-house		Acquisition from third parties		
		Finite useful life	Amortisation rate	Indefinite useful life	Finite useful life	Amortisation rate
Net value						
Industrial property	46,414	-	-	20,000	26,414	5-10%
Computer software	112,994	79,936	10-100%	-	33,058	25%
Development expenses	141,993	141,993	10-100%	-	-	20%
Contractual relationships	135,265	-	-	-	135,265	6-10%
Administrative concessions	17,028	-	10-100%	-	17,028	2-4%
Other intangibles	5,810	-	-	5,397	413	10%
	459,504	221,929		25,397	212,178	

	Thousand euro					
	Balance at 31.12.2024	Expenses incurred in-house		Acquisition from third parties		
		Finite useful life	Amortisation rate	Indefinite useful life	Finite useful life	Amortisation rate
Net value						
Industrial property	33,373	-	-	20,000	13,373	5-10%
Computer software	72,315	63,250	10-100%	-	9,065	25%
Development expenses	95,445	95,408	10-100%	-	37	20%
Contractual relationships	42,396	-	-	-	42,396	6-10%
Other intangibles	6,921	-	-	6,103	818	10%
	250,450	158,658		26,103	65,689	

At 31 December 2025, fully-amortised intangible assets amount to €374,794 thousand (€316,506 thousand at 31 December 2024).

The intangible assets are allocated to the corresponding CGUs and are tested for impairment.

The Group has taken out insurance policies to cover the risks to which its intangible assets are exposed. The coverage provided by these policies is considered to be sufficient.

The Group has no intangible assets pledged as collateral and there are no ownership restrictions. There are also no commitments to acquire property, plant and equipment at 31 December 2025 or 2024.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
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10. Financial instruments

a. Financial assets

Financial assets (except for investments in associates) are set out below by class and maturity for 2025 and 2024:

		2025 Thousand euro		
FINANCIAL ASSETS: NATURE/CATEGORY	Note	Fair value through		
		other comprehensive income	Amortised cost	Hedging derivatives
Other ownership interests in non-Group companies	12	369,638	-	-
Derivatives	12, 37	-	-	19,069
Other receivables	12	-	3,298	-
Other financial assets	12	-	502,588	-
Long term / non-current		369,638	505,886	19,069
Guarantees and deposits	12	-	27,575	-
Derivatives	12, 37	-	-	7,885
Other financial assets	12, 16	-	1,808,993	-
Cash and cash equivalents	17	-	976,192	-
Short term / current		-	2,812,760	7,885
Total		369,638	3,318,646	26,954

		2024 Thousand euro		
FINANCIAL ASSETS: NATURE/CATEGORY	Note	Fair value through		
		other comprehensive income	Amortised cost	Hedging derivatives
Other ownership interests in non-Group companies	12	134,623	-	-
Derivatives	12, 37	-	-	868
Other receivables	12	-	3,125	-
Other financial assets	12	-	199,246	-
Long term / non-current		134,623	202,372	868
Guarantees and deposits	12	-	2,328	-
Derivatives	12, 37	-	-	3,530
Other financial assets	12, 16	-	1,243,175	-
Cash and cash equivalents	17	-	555,147	-
Short term / current		-	1,800,650	3,530
Total		134,623	2,003,022	4,397

Assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured taking into consideration other variables and applying techniques appropriate to the circumstances (hierarchy level 3).

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b. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are set out below by class and maturity for 2025 and 2024:

		2025 Thousand euro		
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES: NATURE/CATEGORY	Note	Amortised cost	Hedging derivatives	Fair value through profit or loss
Bank borrowings	21	1,197,224	-	-
Debentures and other marketable securities	21	-	-	-
Derivatives	22, 37	-	7,268	-
Other financial liabilities	22, 23	2,099,421	-	55,761
Long-term payables / Non-current financial liabilities		3,296,646	7,268	55,761
Bank borrowings	21	294,953	-	-
Debentures and other marketable securities	21	90,964	-	-
Derivatives	22, 37	-	5,892	-
Trade payables, other payables, other financial liabilities	22, 26	2,611,888	-	14,681
Short-term payables / Current financial liabilities		2,997,804	5,892	14,681
Total		6,294,450	13,160	70,443

		2024 Thousand euro		
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES: NATURE/CATEGORY	Note	Amortised cost	Hedging derivatives	Fair value through profit or loss
Bank borrowings	21	252,882	-	-
Debentures and other marketable securities	21	90,294	-	-
Derivatives	22, 37	-	4,002	-
Other financial liabilities	22, 23	718,402	-	23,788
Long-term payables / Non-current financial liabilities		1,061,578	4,002	23,788
Bank borrowings	21	185,538	-	-
Debentures and other marketable securities	21	798	-	-
Derivatives	22, 37	-	14,176	-
Trade payables, other payables, other financial liabilities	22, 26	1,788,547	-	30,171
Short-term payables / Current financial liabilities		1,974,883	14,176	30,171
Total		3,036,462	18,178	53,959

The fair value of foreign exchange insurance is calculated based on the currency price at the end of each accounting period (hierarchy level 2).

Liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured taking into consideration other variables and applying techniques appropriate to the circumstances (hierarchy level 3).

Short- and long-term liabilities at fair value through profit or loss at 31 December 2025 relate primarily to the estimated earn-outs from the acquisition of Operadora de tarjetas de Crédito Nexus, S.A. in the amount of €14,454 thousand, the acquisition of ICA Sistemas y Seguridad, S.L. in the amount of €3,100 thousand, the acquisition of the CLUE Group in the amount of €20,638 thousand, and the acquisitions made in 2025, of the Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L. in the amount of €4,600 thousand (Note 5).

The characteristics of each liability are described in these notes to the Consolidated Annual Accounts.

The carrying amount of assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost does not differ significantly from fair value, except for the convertible bond (Note 21).

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Set out below is a breakdown of Net financial income/(expense) in the consolidated income statement for 2025 and 2024:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Financial expense on bank borrowings	37,055	21,624
Other financial expenses	22,028	29,295
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	17,698	18,719
Interest on debentures and bonds	2,842	4,712
Financial expenses, IFRS 16	5,850	7,019
Profit/(loss) on disposal of financial instruments	273	-
Exchange gains/(losses)	4,316	1,316
Total financial expenses	92,894	82,683
Profit/(loss) on disposal of financial instruments	-	1,275
Other financial income	164,984	34,883
Total financial income	164,984	36,158

The heading “Other financial expenses” reflects interest on factoring arrangements, loans not utilised and the cost of buying back convertible bonds. The heading ‘Other financial income’ mainly reflects the fair value of previously held interests in companies over which control was obtained during year 2025.

11. Investments accounted for using the equity method

Set out below is a breakdown of this heading in the consolidated statements of financial position at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

	Thousand euro									
	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope Change	Investment	Disposals	Dividends	Profit/(loss)	Balance at 31.12.2024	Net assets	Implicit goodwill	
SAES Capital, S.A.	1,480	-	-	-	-	630	2,111	2,112	(1)	
Euromids SAS	1,070	-	-	-	-	541	1,611	1,535	76	
Iniciativas Bioenergéticas, S.L.	3,065	-	-	-	(118)	649	3,596	4,005	(409)	
A4 Essor SAS	132	-	-	-	-	-	132	260	(128)	
Tower Air Traffic System, S.L.	498	-	-	(498)	-	-	-	-	-	
EFI Túneles Necaxa S.A. de C.V.	43	-	-	-	-	(39)	4	2	2	
Societat Catalana Per a la Mobilitat, S.A.	2,749	-	-	-	-	534	3,283	3,541	(258)	
Green Border OOD	(23)	-	-	-	-	-	(23)	-	(23)	
Tess Defence, S.A.	313	-	-	(259)	-	(54)	-	-	-	
Startical, S.L.	2,997	-	7,000	-	-	(4,806)	5,192	5,032	160	
Satelio IOT Services, S.L.	2,354	-	-	-	-	(474)	1,880	1,797	83	
Sparc Foundry, S.L.	-	-	20,000	-	-	(148)	19,852	15,817	4,035	
Fyla Laser, S.L.	-	-	4,949	-	-	-	4,949	1,975	2,974	
X Star	-	108	-	-	-	-	108	668	(560)	
Grupo Sylvestris, S.L.	-	5,189	-	-	-	-	5,189	986	4,203	
Total	14,678	5,297	31,949	(757)	(118)	(3,166)	47,884	37,730	10,154	

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Thousand euro

	Balance at 31.12.2023	Impairment	Investment	Disposals	Currency translation differences	Profit/ (loss)	Balance at 31.12.2023	Net assets	Implicit goodwill
SAES Capital, S.A.	1,919	-	-	-	-	(439)	1,481	1,482	(2)
Eurofighter Simulation Systems GmbH	531	-	-	(504)	-	(28)	-	-	-
Euromids SAS	863	-	-	-	-	207	1,070	1,082	(12)
Iniciativas Bioenergéticas, S.L.	2,421	-	-	-	-	644	3,065	3,474	(409)
Tagsonomy (DIVE)	(1,352)	-	-	1,358	-	(6)	-	-	-
A4 Essor SAS	119	-	-	-	-	13	132	260	(128)
Tower Air Traffic System, S.L.	498	-	-	-	-	-	498	498	-
Logística Portuaria de Tuxpan, S.A.P.I. de C.V.	150	(150)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indra Isolux México S.A. de C.V.	5	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5
Visión Inteligente Aplicada S.A de C.V.	(97)	-	-	-	-	-	(97)	-	(97)
EFI Túneles Necaxa S.A. de C.V.	105	-	-	-	(4)	34	134	44	90
Societat Catalana Per a la Mobilitat, S.A.	2,349	-	-	-	-	400	2,749	3,132	(383)
Green Border OOD	(23)	-	-	-	-	-	(23)	-	(23)
Global Training Aviation, S.L.	3,518	-	-	(3,380)	-	(138)	-	-	-
Tess Defence, S.A.	329	-	-	-	-	(16)	313	317	(5)
Startical, S.L.	2,851	-	5,930	-	-	(5,784)	2,997	2,997	-
Satelio IOT Services, S.L.	2,712	-	-	-	-	(358)	2,354	540	1,814
Total	16,898	(150)	5,930	(2,526)	(4)	(5,470)	14,678	13,826	852

During the 2025 year, the following acquisitions were completed:

- Sparc Foundry, S.L., for an amount of €20,000 thousand. Indra Group became the majority shareholder after acquiring a 36,89% interest in this company, which specialises in the production of photonic semiconductors.
- Fyla Laser, S.L., for an amount of €4,949 thousand. Indra Group acquired a 24.8% interest in this Spanish company, which specialises in wireless communications through ultrafast laser technology.

Additionally, the companies X Star and Grupo Sylvestris, S.L., which Hispasat Group and Hisdesat hold under the equity method, have been incorporated into Indra Group.

During year 2025, the company Tower Air Traffic Services, S.L. was liquidated.

In 2024, the remaining 65% holding in the company Global Training Aviation, S.L. was acquired.

A breakdown of the financial highlights of the most significant equity-consolidated companies is provided in Appendix V.

As at 31 December 2025, there are no restrictions on the receipt of dividends from or on the repayment of loans granted to equity-accounted companies.

The Group reviews the values of equity-accounted subsidiaries whenever there are indications of impairment.

12. Other non-current financial assets and trade receivables

Movements in Other financial assets during the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024 are set out below:

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Thousand euro

Net value:	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Currency translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Transfer to held for sale	Transfers	Balance at 31.12.2025
Other long-term ownership interests in non-Group companies	135,144		1	242,942	[254]	[138]	38	[7,572]	370,161
Long-term loans	7,317	45	[12]	10,719	[9,959]	-	44	-	8,154
Long-term guarantees and deposits	24,430	298	[25]	2,581	[2,060]	-	469	[75]	25,618
Other long-term investments	128,090	47,739	[1]	102,943	[93,745]	-	-	[92,470]	92,556
Total	294,981	48,082	[36]	359,185	[106,018]	[138]	550	[100,117]	496,489

Thousand euro

Net value:	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope change	Currency translation differences	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Transfer to held for sale	Transfers	Balance at 31.12.2024
Other long-term ownership interests in non-Group companies	194,916	197	[3]	1,751	[59,733]	[1,947]	[37]	-	135,144
Long-term loans	6,847	-	[478]	36,391	[35,394]	-	(49)	-	7,317
Long-term guarantees and deposits	25,550	246	[299]	1,273	[1,479]	-	(861)	-	24,430
Other long-term investments	136,837	-	[80]	51,570	[42,013]	-	-	(18,225)	128,090
Total	364,150	443	[860]	90,985	[138,619]	[1,947]	(947)	[18,225]	294,981

a. Other long-term ownership interests in non-Group companies

The Group has valued its ownership interests in unlisted companies, concluding that fair value does not differ significantly from the carrying amount.

This heading breaks down as follows:

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Thousand euro

	Percentage interest	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Transfer to held for sale	Currency translation difference	Balance at 31.12.2024
Net value:									
Aerofondo IV	5.0 %	1,175	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,175
Grupo de Navegación por Satélite, Sistemas y Servicios, S.L.	13.5 %	138	-	-	-	(138)	-	-	-
Hisdesat Servicios Estratégicos, S.A.	7.0 %	7,572	(7,572)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Neotec Capital Riesgo	4.8 %	3,039	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,039
ITP Aéreo	9.5 %	115,352	-	238,919	-	-	-	-	354,271
Epicom, S.A.	30.0 %	5,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,500
Hyperion	15.0 %	1,500	-	3,951	-	-	-	-	5,451
Noster Finance, S.L.	7.2 %	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	600
Others		267	-	71	(254)	-	38	2	124
Total		135,144	(7,572)	242,942	(254)	(138)	38	2	370,161

Thousand euro

	Percentage interest	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope change	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Transfer to held for sale	Currency translation difference	Balance at 31.12.2024
Net value:									
Aerofondo IV	5.0 %	925	-	250	-	-	-	-	1,175
Grupo de Navegación por Satélite, Sistemas y Servicios, S.L.	13.5 %	138	-	-	-	-	-	-	138
Hisdesat Servicios Estratégicos	7.0 %	7,572	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,572
Neotec	4.8 %	5,071	-	-	(85)	(1,947)	-	-	3,039
ITP Aéreo	9.5 %	175,000	-	-	(59,648)	-	-	-	115,352
Epicom, S.A.	30.0 %	5,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,500
Hyperion	15.0 %	-	-	1,500	-	-	-	-	1,500
Noster Finance, S.L.	7.2 %	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	600
Others		109	198	-	-	-	(37)	(3)	267
Total		194,916	198	1,750	(59,733)	(1,947)	(37)	(3)	135,144

During the 2025 year, the value of ITP Aereo was updated for an amount of €238,919 thousand, with the corresponding entry recognised in other comprehensive income.

During this year, the company Hisdesat Servicios Estratégicos, S.A. was transferred to Group companies following the acquisition by the Parent Company of a 45.66% stake (note 5).

During the 2025 year, the Parent Company disbursed €3,950 thousand (€1,500 thousand in 2024) for its 15% interest in the Hyperion Fund F.C.R. Following these contributions, the carrying value of the investment at year-end stands at €5,450 thousand. The Company has committed to making future contributions up to a total amount of €10,000 thousand, representing 15% of the fund's committed capital.

In 2024, the parent company paid up the amount of €250 thousand in the venture capital fund ACE Aerofondo IV F.C.R., in addition to the €925 thousand contributed in prior years. This fund is also owned by SEPI and Airbus. The parent company undertook to make future contributions until reaching the figure of €5,000 thousand or 5% of the ownership interest in the fund. The fund's management company is ACE Capital Partners.

In 2024, an impairment loss of €1,947 thousand was recognised on the company Neotec as a result of adjusting the value of the shareholding to equity, with a balancing item in Consolidated Comprehensive Income.

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Long-term ownership interests in non-Group companies are not held to obtain short-term gains but to meet short- and medium-term strategic objectives.

b. Guarantees, long-term deposits and loans to third parties

This heading includes both deposits and guarantees given to lease buildings and properties and those given to secure labour and commercial claims.

Additions to deposits and guarantees in 2025 relate mainly to the amount of €662 thousand [€497 thousand in 2024] for leased buildings due to moves to other work centres. Disposals in 2025, on the same basis, amounted to €179 thousand [€1,027 thousand in 2024].

Additions to long-term loans in 2025 include the amount of €4,058 thousand [€3,393 thousand in 2024] relating to deposits given to secure labour claims of the Group company Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos, S.A. Disposals in 2025, on the same basis, amounted to €3,387 thousand [€2,415 thousand in 2024].

c. Other non-current financial investments

Within this line item, an amount of €76,472 thousand was reclassified during year 2025 corresponding to balances arising from the proportional consolidation of joint ventures related to Ministry of Defence programs, which are expected to be invoiced from 2026 onwards. These programmes are funded by the Ministry of Industry, Energy and Tourism (Note 22) in the amount of €80,272 thousand in the short term [€76,541 thousand in the long term in 2024]. As the work is carried out, the Ministry of Defence will proceed to pay for such work, and the joint ventures will cancel those liabilities.

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Asset balances	90,787	76,472
Long-term accounts receivable for billable	-	76,472
Short-term accounts receivable for billable	90,787	-
Liability balances	(80,272)	(76,541)
Other long-term financial liabilities	-	[76,541]
Other short-term financial liabilities	[80,272]	-

In 2015, the parent company set up the above-mentioned two temporary consortia [UTEs] to undertake Defence projects. Details are as follows:

Temporary consortium	Indra's % interest	Customer	Contract
UTE PROTEC 110	66.02%	MINISTRY OF DEFENCE C.G.A.	F-110 Frigate technology programmes - development and integration of F-110 mast and shadow Sensors.
UTE IRST F - 110	50.00%	S.M.E. INSTITUTO NACIONAL DE CIBERSEGURIDAD DE ESPAÑA, M.P., S.A.	Strategic on-site development service for security software at INCIBE.

The above two projects contracted by the Ministry of Defence and the National Cybersecurity Institute (both Ministry of Defence) with the temporary consortia indicated in the table above were funded by the MINETUR (Ministry of Industry, Energy and Tourism) under the corresponding agreements, due primarily to the industrial and technological impact of the projects. On this basis, the temporary consortia receive repayable loans as the works are executed by the companies involved. The loans will be repaid to the MINETUR when the works are invoiced following completion and acceptance. Once the work is finished, the Ministry of Defence will make payment and the temporary consortia will settle the liabilities with the MINETUR. The repayable loans accrue interest of 0% and fall due on final acceptance of the works.

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At 31 December 2025, the Group recognises grants for various multi-year projects pending execution and collection in the amount of €46,028 thousand (€53,500 thousand in 2024) under this heading, which are expected to be collected over more than one year. The corresponding liability is reflected in other non-current financial liabilities (Note 22).

This line item also includes an amount of €44,423 thousand corresponding to integrated balances from Hisdesat. The balance included under this heading consists of portfolios managed by financial institutions, which are invested mainly in public and private fixed-income instruments, commercial paper and, to a lesser extent, in equity instruments through investment funds

d. Other current financial assets

	Miles de Euros	
	2025	2024
Other receivables	2,980	30,268
Short-term deposits	25,654	898
Short-term security deposits	1,921	1,429
Grants pending execution and collection	59,669	57,823
Total net value	90,223	90,419

Other receivables mainly include insurance premiums and various invoice accruals, such as licences and royalties.

The short-term deposits line includes €13,893 thousand of integrated balances from Hisdesat. This balance consists of portfolios managed by financial institutions, which are invested mainly in public and private fixed-income instruments, commercial paper and, to a lesser extent, in equity instruments through investment funds

13. Assets and liabilities held for sale

On December 2, 2025, Indra Group signed an agreement to sell its Business Process Outsourcing (BPO) business in Spain, Colombia, Italy, Peru, Mexico, and Portugal to Teknei. The BPO operations in Brazil and the Philippines are excluded from the transaction and will remain within the Group.

The agreement ensures the retention of 100% of the workforce, preserving current employment conditions and seniority, as well as the long-term viability of the BPO business under the new owner.

This transaction, approved by Indra Group's Board of Directors, is aligned with the company's global strategy to focus on areas where it can deliver greater innovation and leadership. The divestment of the BPO business allows the Group to concentrate its efforts and capabilities on technologies with the highest growth potential, where it can position itself as a European and global leader, offering differential value to its clients.

An amount of €120,415 million in assets and €50,249 million in liabilities has been transferred.

As of December 31, 2024, the assets and liabilities associated with Nuek Payments (formerly MPS) were recorded under the heading "assets and liabilities held for sale," respectively. At the end of fiscal year 2025, the Group no longer considers it likely that the criteria established by the applicable accounting standards (IFRS 5) for maintaining recognition under these headings will be met. Therefore, it has reclassified Nuek Payments' assets and liabilities into the corresponding balance sheet lines based on their nature as of December 31, 2025. See Note 44 (Events after reporting period).

The breakdown of the movement in assets and liabilities held for sale is as follows:

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Assets	Balance at 31.12.2024	Nuek Group	BPO Group	Balance at 31.12.2025
Property, plant and equipment	3,213	[3,213]	2,213	2,213
Right-of-use assets	1,214	[1,214]	1,355	
Goodwill	44,094	[44,094]	27,690	27,690
Intangible assets other than goodwill	49,820	[49,820]	8,741	10,096
Non-current asset derivatives	3	[3]	-	
Other non-current financial assets	947	[947]	396	396
Deferred tax assets	7,673	[7,673]	4,872	4,872
Total non-current assets	106,963	[106,963]	45,267	45,267
Inventories and short-term contract assets	1,193	[1,193]	7,743	7,743
Current trade and other receivables	27,941	[27,941]	40,212	40,212
Current tax assets	9,406	[9,406]	1,157	1,157
Current asset derivatives	6	[6]	-	
Other current assets	6,633	[6,633]	2,322	2,322
Cash and cash equivalents	60,841	[60,841]	23,714	23,714
Total current assets	106,020	[106,020]	75,148	75,148
Total assets	212,983	[212,983]	120,415	120,415
Liabilities				
Non-current provisions	3,749	[3,749]	4,231	4,231
Non-current liability derivatives	431	[431]	-	
Other non-current financial liabilities	2,174	[2,174]	702	702
Deferred tax liabilities	2,885	[2,885]	6,813	6,813
Total non-current liabilities	9,240	[9,240]	11,745	11,745
Current provisions	1,049	[1,049]	495	495
Current liability derivatives	211	[211]	-	
Current trade and other payables	43,228	[43,228]	26,543	26,543
Current tax liabilities	7,996	[7,996]	514	514
Other non current liabilities	21,973	[21,973]	10,952	10,952
Current liabilities	74,457	[74,457]	38,503	38,503
Total liabilities	83,697	[83,697]	50,249	50,249

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Below is a breakdown of the non-current assets and liabilities classified as held for sale during years 2025 and 2024:

2025 Thousand euro				
	Investment	Impairment	Net amount	Liabilities
Other financial assets	6,961	(6,853)	108	-
BPO Group	120,415	-	120,415	(50,249)
Loans	4,777	(4,777)	-	-
Total net value	132,153	(11,630)	120,523	(50,249)

2024 Thousand euro				
	Investment	Impairment	Net amount	Liabilities
Other financial assets	220,433	(6,737)	713	(2)
Nuek Payments Group	212,983	-	212,983	(83,697)
Loans	4,788	(4,788)	-	-
Total net value	438,204	(11,525)	213,696	(83,699)

14. Contract assets and Inventories

This heading breaks down as follows at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

Thousand euro		
	2025	2024
Long-term contract assets	448,640	132,988
Long-term total	448,640	132,988

Thousand euro		
	2025	2024
Good purchased for resale	9,867	2,237
Raw materials	208,686	183,758
Work in progress	74,478	142,967
Short-term contract assets	977,541	340,382
Subtotal	1,270,573	669,344
Impairment	(9,158)	(10,588)
Total net value	1,261,415	658,756

Movements in Contract assets during 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

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Contract assets	Scope change and					Balance at 31.12.2025
	Balance at 31.12.2024	Additions	Disposals	Transfer	Other	
Non-current	132,988	103,743	-	[16,950]	228,859	448,640
Current	340,382	402,432	[173,735]	16,950	391,512	977,541
	473,370	506,175	(173,735)	-	620,371	1,426,181

Contract assets	Scope change and					Balance at 31.12.2024
	Balance at 31.12.2023	Additions	Disposals	Transfer	Other	
Non-current	106,191	30,678	-	[3,881]	-	132,988
Current	263,970	281,077	[210,684]	3,881	2,138	340,382
	370,161	311,755	(210,684)	-	2,138	473,370

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, the balance of “Long-term contract assets” relates almost entirely to Defence and Mobility CGU projects, due to contractual reasons. However, the balances recognised at the 31 December 2025 close will be recovered when the outstanding milestones are certified, which is expected to take place over more than 12 months following the year end, no indications of impairment having arisen during the year. These amounts are discounted to account for the time value of money. In the current year, the amount of €1,325 thousand has been recognised in net financial income/(expense) in the income statement (€1,085 thousand in 2024). Included within this line item are €260,310 thousand of contractual assets arising from the integration of Tess Defence, S.A. The current amount corresponding to this integration of Tess Defence, S.A. is €520,693 thousand.

The associated margin will depend on the costs incurred and the total costs estimated to fulfil the obligation under each contract at the date the revenue correlated to these contract assets is recognised.

The Group estimates that the revenue correlated to 87% of the balance of “Long-term contract assets” at 31 December 2025 will be recognised by 31 December 2026. In addition, 34% of the balance of “Long-term contract assets” at 31 December 2024 was recovered in 2025 and the remaining 55% is expected to be recovered by 31 December 2027.

The expense due to changes in inventories recognised in the 2025 consolidated income statement totals €136,106 thousand (€172,113 thousand in 2024).

The items included under the headings “Goods purchased for resale” and “Raw materials” relate to physical inventories held in warehouses derived from the purchase of materials to meet project manufacturing or supply needs, basically for the Defence and Mobility CGUs.

Once the raw materials are added to the Transport and Defence Division production unit’s manufacturing process, the cost is taken to work in progress.

A part of the manufacturing work is carried out in advance to reduce delivery lead times. When this production completed in advance is available and not consumed by a project, the capitalised balance remains recognised under “Work in progress”.

The inventories described above will be taken to the income statement if and when they are included in projects and the required progress is made (under “Change in inventories”) or they become impaired.

The item “Work in progress” includes materials, direct labour and other services acquired for projects. The items included in “Short-term contract assets” are costs of work in progress associated with performance obligations pending fulfilment (Note 4v). The variation in this item is explained essentially by project certifications and developments.

Movements in impairment are as follows:

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	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope changes	Currency translation differences	Appropriations	Reversal	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2025
Provision for impairment	[10,588]	[21]	659	[995]	1,671	116	[9,158]

	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope changes	Currency translation differences	Appropriations	Reversal	Application	Balance at 31.12.2024
Provision for impairment	[7,816]	-	[326]	[3,057]	611	-	[10,588]

The Group owns no inventories pledged as collateral.

15. Other current non-financial assets

This heading breaks down as follows at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Public Administrations (Note 35)	137,333	48,993
Accruals and deferred income	23,907	26,602
Long-term total	161,241	75,595

Prepayments and accrued income relate mainly to licence expenditure and insurance premiums paid that will be taken to the income statement in the following year.

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16. Current trade and other receivables

A breakdown of “Trade and other receivables” at 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Trade receivables for sales and services	1,345,220	931,905
Accounts receivable for billable production	317,659	224,034
Prepayments to suppliers	130,618	59,473
Advances and loans to employees	4,493	7,306
Other receivables	37,041	14,883
Total	1,835,031	1,237,600
Impairment of trade receivables	(65,898)	(52,547)
Expected loss impairment	(17,467)	(24,061)
Impairment of other receivables	(150)	(150)
Impairment of accounts receivable for billable production	(5,171)	(5,758)
Total impairment	(88,687)	(82,516)
Total net value	1,746,345	1,155,084

Movements in Accounts receivable for billable production during 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

Accounts receivable for billable production	Balance at 31.12.2024	Additions	Disposals	Currency trans. diff. & scope changes	Transfer to held for sale	Transfer	Balance at 31.12.2025
Non-current	42,014	95,034	-	-	-	(35,170)	101,879
Current	224,034	154,339	(175,595)	334	(11,409)	125,956	317,659
	266,048	249,373	(175,595)	334	(11,409)	90,786	419,537

Within the amount transferred under Accounts receivable from billable production, an amount of €90,787 thousand is recorded, corresponding to the proportional consolidation of joint ventures (UTEs) related to Ministry of Defence programs (Note 12).

Accounts receivable for billable production	Balance at 31.12.2023	Additions	Disposals	Currency trans. diff. & scope changes	Transfer to held for sale	Transfer	Balance at 31.12.2024
Non-current	31,805	18,800	-	-	-	(8,591)	42,014
Current	252,363	160,490	(189,990)	(1,039)	(6,381)	8,591	224,034
	284,168	179,290	(189,990)	(1,039)	(6,381)	-	266,048

The movement in advances to suppliers is as follows:

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Prepayments	Balance at 31.12.2024	Additions	Disposals	Currency trans. diff. & scope changes	Transfer to held for sale	Transfer	Balance at 31.12.2025
Non-current	-	-	-	331,512	-	(54,355)	277,157
Current	59,473	93,588	(113,656)	37,120	(262)	54,355	130,619
	59,473	93,588	(113,656)	368,632	(262)	-	407,775

Within the non-current advances balance, €277,157 thousand relate to the integration of Tess Defence, corresponding to the difference between the percentage of completion or the actual costs incurred by the partners and the amount of invoices received (advances). The current portion associated with this Tess Defence integration amounts to €34,399 thousand.

The average collection period was 82 days in 2025 (74 in 2024). No interest is charged on outstanding receivables.

The Group considers that the amount of trade and other receivables recognised in the consolidated balance sheet does not differ from fair value.

Non-current receivables for billable production are discounted to reflect the time value of money. In the current year, the amount of €920 thousand has been recognised in net financial income/(expense) in the income statement (€846 thousand in 2024).

At year-end 2025 and 2024, non-recourse factoring receivables were written off in the amount of €187,295 thousand and €186,655 thousand, respectively.

The transfer of risks and rewards has been analysed in order to be able to conclude that the non-recourse factoring receivables may effectively be derecognised. The factors (various financial institutions) accept the risks of insolvency and late payment under the agreements signed, so Indra is not exposed to default risk. Financial assets under these arrangements are invoices issued for the Group's services and projects.

Total movements in the impairment provision for the two periods are as follows:

Thousand euro								
	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Appropriations	Applications	Curr. trans. diff.	Transfer to held for sale	Reversal	Balance at 31.12.2025
Impairment	82,516	11,083	23,553	(2,219)	645	4,812	(31,703)	88,687

Thousand euro								
	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope change	Appropriations	Applications	Curr. trans. diff.	Transfer to held for sale	Reversal	Balance at 31.12.2024
Impairment	82,267	2,775	20,002	(1,487)	(2,992)	(4,829)	(13,221)	82,516

Appropriations in 2025 amount to €23,553 thousand (€20,002 thousand in 2024). Most of the 2025 appropriations relate to receivables in respect of which the Group has doubts regarding future recoverability due to a number of events such as litigation with customers or the worsening of the macro situation in some countries.

The Group continues to provision all receivables outstanding for more than one year that are not secured by documentary collection arrangements or specifically recognised by the customer under a new payment schedule.

On this basis, in relation to the amount of €41,701 thousand in 2025 (€44,476 thousand in 2024) detailed in Note 36.b as receivables past due for more than one year, net of the provision, there is documentary evidence reasonably supporting recovery.

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None of the above-mentioned amounts relates to litigation in progress or to the operating provisions disclosed in Note 24 (provisions for guarantees and onerous contracts).

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, the Group records past-due receivables totalling €584,987 thousand and €391,470 thousand, respectively [Note 36.b]. The Group considers that these amounts will be collected within 12 months.

The heading “Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables” in the consolidated cash flow statement includes the variation in “Advance payments from customers”.

As regards the “Expected loss impairment”, set out below is a breakdown of the percentages of each of the main attributes of trade receivables giving rise to impairment, the expected loss balance itself and the average weighted loss rate in each range:

By age of balance	Balance breakdown		Expected loss breakdown		Average expected loss rate	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Contract assets	47 %	42 %	7 %	7 %	0.2 %	0.4 %
Current receivables	36 %	37 %	2 %	2 %	0.1 %	0.1 %
Receivables past due for less than 180 days	11 %	14 %	11 %	15 %	1.5 %	2.3 %
Receivables past due for 180-365 days	2 %	2 %	12 %	11 %	7.8 %	12.0 %
Receivables past due for more than 365 days	4 %	4 %	68 %	65 %	29.0 %	34.4 %
	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	1.5 %	2.2 %
By customer	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Large customers	33 %	22 %	- %	- %	- %	- %
Other	67 %	78 %	100 %	100 %	2.2 %	2.8 %
	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	1.5 %	2.2 %
By country risk	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
With investment rating	91 %	84 %	70 %	62 %	1.2 %	1.6 %
With speculative rating	9 %	16 %	30 %	38 %	4.8 %	5.4 %
	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	1.5 %	2.2 %
By division	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Defence	33 %	26 %	27 %	23 %	1.6 %	2.0 %
Air Traffic	11 %	12 %	10 %	11 %	1.4 %	2.1 %
Mobility	12 %	14 %	13 %	21 %	1.6 %	3.3 %
Minsait	44 %	48 %	50 %	44 %	1.7 %	2.0 %
	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	1.5 %	2.2 %

Movements in the expected loss provision are as follows:

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	Thousand euro		
	Balance at 31.12.2024	Application	Balance at 31.12.2025
Expected loss	24,061	(6,594)	17,467

	Thousand euro		
	Balance at 31.12.2023	Application	Balance at 31.12.2024
Expected loss	27,408	(3,347)	24,061

17. Cash and cash equivalents

The breakdown is as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Very-short-term deposits and fixed-income securities	66,450	62,937
Other current asset investments	46,055	8,631
Subtotal	112,505	71,569
Cash	863,686	483,579
Total	976,192	555,147

Cash and Short-term deposits and fixed-income securities include the amount of €1,985 thousand relating to the liquidity agreement with Banco Sabadell (€1,654 thousand in the previous year with Banco Santander) (Note 18).

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, the entire cash balance is available for use in the Group's business activities.

18. Equity attributable to the parent company

Share capital

At 31 December 2025, the parent company's subscribed and paid-up capital amounted to €35,330,880.40, consisting of 176,654,402 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.20 each, represented by book entries.

Share capital is fully-subscribed and paid up.

All the shares are officially listed on the Madrid, Barcelona, Valencia and Bilbao Stock Exchanges, are quoted in the Continuous Market and are included in the selective IBEX-35 index, the year-end price being €48.54 (€17.08 at year-end 2024). Furthermore, since June 2025 it has been part of the pan-European STOXX Europe 600 index.

The average price for the last quarter of 2025 and 2024 was €46.06 and €16.74 per share, respectively.

The Group is aware of the composition of its shareholder structure due to the information that the shareholders submit directly or publish in accordance with applicable legislation on significant shareholdings (requiring disclosure, in general, of purchases or sales of shares or financial instruments carrying voting rights exceeding 3% of capital), as well as the information furnished by Iberclear, which the Company compiles for the purposes of holding General Shareholders' Meetings.

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Accordingly, on the basis of the information known to the parent company, significant shareholders owning interests of over 3% of share capital, or 1% for tax haven residents, are as follows:

	31.12.2025	31.12.2024
Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales (SEPI) [1]	28.00 %	28.00 %
Advanced Engineering and Manufacturing, S.L. [2]	14.30 %	14.30 %
Sapa Placencia, S.L.	7.944 %	7.944 %
Joseph Oughourlian [3]	7.239 %	7.239 %
David E. Shaw [4]	3.51 %	- %
T.Rowe Price Associates, Inc [5]	3.05 %	- %
Davidson Kemper Multi-Strategy Master Fund LP [6]	1.01 %	- %

- (1) This reflects the actual position notified to the Company by the said shareholder represented on the Board of Directors.
- (2) On 4 December 2024, this shareholder gave notice that its ownership interest exceeded 10% of share capital.
- (3) As regards Joseph Oughourlian's position, 6.231% of his ownership interest is held directly by Amber Capital Investment Management ICAV – Amber Global Opportunities Fund, which is a fund managed by Amber Capital UK LLP, the entity that has discretionary power to exercise the voting rights. The remainder of this holding (1.008% of the share capital) is owned by other funds managed by Amber's management companies.
- (4) Regarding David E. Shaw's position, it is noted that 3.046% corresponds to the interest held through financial instruments by D. E. Shaw Valence Portfolios, L.L.C. The remaining interest (0.462% of the share capital) is held by D. E. Shaw Valence International, Inc. and other entities advised by DESCO LP or its subsidiaries.
- (5) Of the indicated 3.05% of the share capital, 2.1% corresponds to voting rights attached to shares, while 0.95% corresponds to voting rights through financial instruments.
- (6) The 1.01% of the share capital corresponds to the interest held by the aforementioned shareholder through financial instruments.

Direct or indirect ownership interests held personally by each of the Directors at 31 December 2025 are as follows:

2025		No. of shares			% share capital
Directors	Class	Direct	Indirect	Total	
Ángel Escribano Ruiz [1]	Executive	3,103	12,630,793	12,633,896	7.15
Virginia Arce Peralta	Independent	-	-	-	-
José Vicente de los Mozos Obispo	Executive	21,881	-	21,881	0.012
Belén Amatriain Corbi	Independent	-	-	-	-
Jokin Aperribay Bedialauneta [2]	Proprietary	-	-	-	-
Antonio Cuevas Delgado [2]	Proprietary	15,324	-	15,324	0.009
Javier Escribano Ruiz [1]	Proprietary	-	12,630,794	12,630,794	7.15
Pablo Jiménez de Parga Maseda [4]	Proprietary	-	-	-	-
Juan Moscoso del Prado Hernández [3]	Proprietary	-	-	-	-
Miguel Sebastián Gascón [3]	Proprietary	14,644	-	14,644	0.008
Bernardo José Villazán Gil	Independent	-	-	-	-
Eva María Fernández Góngora	Independent	-	-	-	-
Josep Oriol Piña Salomó	Independent	-	-	-	-
María Teresa Busto del Castillo	Independent	-	-	-	-
María Aránzazu Díaz-Lladó Prado	Independent	-	-	-	-
Total		54,952	25,261,587	25,316,539	14.33

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- (1) The indirect position declared for Mr. Ángel Escribano Ruiz and Mr. Javier Escribano Ruiz corresponds to each of them holding 50% of the share capital of Advanced Engineering and Manufacturing, S.L., which in turn is the sole shareholder of (and therefore directly controls) Escribano Mechanical and Engineering Investments, S.L.
- (2) Representing the shareholder Sapa Placencia, S.L.
- (3) Representing the shareholder Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales (SEPI).
- (4) Representing the shareholder Amber Capital

Direct or indirect ownership interests held personally by each of the Directors at 31 December 2024 were as follows:

2024						
Directors	Class	No. of shares			% share capital	
		Direct	Indirect	Total		
Marc Thomas Murtra Millar	Executive	3,664	-	3,664	0.002	
Virginia Arce Peralta	Independent	-	-	-	-	
José Vicente de los Mozos Obispo	Executive	12,400	-	12,400	0.007	
Luis Abril Mazuelas	Executive	78,529	-	78,529	0.044	
Belén Amatriain Corbi	Independent	-	-	-	-	
Jokin Aperribay Bedialauneta (1)	Proprietary	-	-	-	-	
Coloma Armero Montes	Independent	-	-	-	-	
Antonio Cuevas Delgado (2)	Proprietary	15,324	-	15,324	0.009	
Javier Escribano Ruiz (3)	Proprietary		25,261,587	25,261,587	14.30	
Francisco Javier Garcia Sanz	Independent	-	-	-	-	
Pablo Jiménez de Parga Maseda (4)	Proprietary	-	-	-	-	
Juan Moscoso del Prado Hernández (2)	Proprietary	-	-	-	-	
Olga San Jacinto Martínez	Independent	-	-	-	-	
Ángeles Santamaría Martín	Independent	-	-	-	-	
Miguel Sebastián Gascón (2)	Proprietary	14,644		14,644	0.008	
Bernardo José Villazán Gil	Independent	-	-	-	-	
Total		124,561	25,261,587	25,386,148	14.37	

- (1) Representing the shareholder Sapa Placencia, S.L.
- (2) Representing the shareholder Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales (SEPI).
- (3) Representing the shareholder Advanced Engineering & Manufacturing, S.L. For information purposes, it is stated that the 14.30% stake held indirectly by Mr. Javier Escribano Ruiz is indirectly owned by the significant shareholder Advanced Engineering and Manufacturing, S.L. (and directly owned by the shareholder Escribano Mechanical and Engineering Investments, S.L.U.).
- (4) Representing the shareholder Amber Capital

At 31 December 2025, 101,600,497 shares were represented on the Board of Directors, that is 57.51% of the total. At 31 December 2024, 101,670,106 shares were represented on the Board of Directors, representing 57.55% of the total at the time.

On 26 June 2025 and 27 June 2024, the parent company held its Annual Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting, which approved the applications of results for 2024 and 2023, respectively, as may be observed in the accompanying consolidated statements of changes in equity.

The Company manages its capital with the aim of safeguarding the capacity to carry on operating as a going concern, so as to continue providing shareholder remuneration and benefiting other stakeholders, while maintaining an adequate capital structure.

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Share premium

The share premium arising from the capital increases carried out in 2001, 2003, 2007 and 2017 is subject to the same restrictions and may be used for the same purposes as the Company's voluntary reserves, including conversion to share capital.

Following the above-mentioned capital increases, the share premium reached €523,754 thousand.

The share premium and voluntary reserves are freely distributable, except for the amount of the fixed asset restatement under Law 9/1983 of 13 July, which stands at €1,241 thousand and €1,329 thousand at 31 December 2025 and 2024, respectively; the amount of the unamortised balances of the parent company's research and development expenses, that is €88,591 thousand at 31 December 2025 (€64,338 thousand at 31 December 2024) and any prior-year losses recognised.

Other own equity instruments

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Delivery of shares	14,570	7,830
Total	14,570	7,830

The outstanding amount of €14,570 thousand at 31 December 2025 (€7,830 thousand in the previous year) relates mainly to the provision for the medium-term incentive payable in 2027 to Management entirely in the form of parent company shares, the number of shares being determined based on the average quoted price for the 30 stock market sessions prior to the accrual date, as well as the accrued portion of Annual Variable Remuneration pending share-based payment (Note 38).

Cash flow hedge reserves

The cash flow hedge reserve represents the cumulative amount of gains and losses on hedging instruments regarded as effective cash flow hedges. The cumulative deferred gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in the income statement only when the hedged transaction affects the gain or loss, or is included directly in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the hedged non-financial items.

This heading is analysed below:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Hedge of foreign exchange insurance contract flows	10,826	(12,079)
Total	10,826	(12,079)

The derivatives contracted by the Group provide foreign exchange insurance coverage.

Treasury shares

At 31 December 2025, the parent company directly holds a total of 1,394,510 treasury shares amounting to €65,158 thousand (a total of 750,530 treasury shares amounting to €12,635 thousand at 31 December 2024), in accordance with the powers delegated by the General Shareholders' Meeting.

Set out below are breakdowns of balances and movements in the treasury share account during 2025 and 2024:

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Thousand euro				
	Balance at 31.12.2024	Additions	Disposals	Balance at 31.12.2025
Used in:				
- Ordinary and extraordinary transactions	12,635	576,330	(523,807)	65,158

Thousand euro				
	Balance at 31.12.2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance at 31.12.2024
Used in:				
- Ordinary and extraordinary transactions	32,960	150,180	(170,505)	12,635

Treasury share movements in 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

Number of shares								
% Share capital	31.12.2024	Additions	% Annual volume	Disposals	% Annual volume	31.12.2025	% share capital	
Used in:								
- Ordinary transactions (*)	0.11	193,997	15,967,789	6.34	(16,093,435)	6.39	68,351	0.04
- Extraordinary transactions	0.32	556,533	940,000	0.37	(170,374)	0.07	1,326,159	0.75
	0.43	750,530	16,907,789	6.71	(16,263,809)	6.46	1,394,510	0.79

Number of shares								
% Share capital	31.12.2023	Additions	% Annual volume	Disposals	% Annual volume	31.12.2024	% share capital	
Used in:								
- Ordinary transactions (*)	0.10	171,471	6,876,193	5.75	(6,853,667)	5.74	193,997	0.11
- Extraordinary transactions	1.26	2,226,526	1,564,000	1.31	(3,233,993)	2.71	556,533	0.32
	1.36	2,397,997	8,440,193	7.06	(10,087,660)	8.45	750,530	0.43

(*) Includes the residual balance of 8,495 shares (8,495 shares in 2024) from the former treasury share account for ordinary transactions.

The ordinary transactions in the tables above refer to those carried out under the liquidity agreements that the Parent Company had in place with Banco Santander, S.A. until May 2025 and with Banco Sabadell, S.A. from that date onward, and in 2024 with Banco Santander, S.A., as published through the following “Other Relevant Information” notices:

- On 26 May, 2025 [Other Relevant Information 34975], the Parent Company terminated the liquidity agreement entered into with Banco Santander, which had come into effect on December 6, 2023.

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- On 26 May, 2025 [Other Relevant Information 34976], the Parent Company announced the signing of a new liquidity agreement with Banco Sabadell, S.A., whose sole purpose is to promote liquidity and regularity in the trading of the Company's shares.

During the current year, the Parent Company has issued the following statements of 'Other Relevant Information':

- On 28 February [Other Relevant Information 33156], the Company reported the launch of a Temporary Buy-back Programme targeting treasury shares in order to allow the Company to meet share-based payment obligations under the remuneration system for executives and employees (maximum of 235,000 shares).
- On 7 March [Other Relevant Information 33368], the Company reported that the established maximum number of shares (235,000) had been reached and therefore the programme had been terminated and the Company's liquidity agreement with Banco Santander had been reactivated.
- On 10 June [Other Relevant Information 35219], the Company reported the launch of a Temporary Buy-back Programme targeting treasury shares in order to allow the Company to meet share-based payment obligations under the remuneration system for executives and employees (maximum of 235,000 shares).
- On 13 June [Other Relevant Information 35287], the Company reported that the established maximum number of shares (235,000) had been reached and therefore the programme had been terminated and the Company's liquidity agreement with Banco Sabadell had been reactivated.
- On 2 September [Other Relevant Information 36254], the Company reported the launch of a Temporary Buy-back Programme targeting treasury shares in order to allow the Company to meet share-based payment obligations under the remuneration system for executives and employees (maximum of 235,000 shares).
- On 8 September [Other Relevant Information 36580], the Company reported that the established maximum number of shares (235,000) had been reached and therefore the programme had been terminated and the Company's liquidity agreement with Banco Sabadell had been reactivated.
- On 28 November [Other Relevant Information 37946], the Company reported the launch of a Temporary Buy-back Programme targeting treasury shares in order to allow the Company to meet share-based payment obligations under the remuneration system for executives and employees (maximum of 235,000 shares).
- On 4 December [Other Relevant Information 38022], the Company reported that the established maximum number of shares (235,000) had been reached and therefore the programme had been terminated and the Company's liquidity agreement with Banco Sabadell had been reactivated.

The Company reported the following Relevant Information during the previous year:

- On 7 March 2024 [Other Relevant Information 27315], the Company reported the launch of a Temporary Buy-back Programme targeting treasury shares in order to allow the Company to meet share-based payment obligations under the remuneration system for executives and employees.
- On 2 April 2024 [Other Relevant Information 27806], the Company reported that the established maximum number of shares (1,074,000) had been reached and therefore the programme had been terminated and the Company's liquidity agreement with Banco Santander had been reactivated.
- On 29 November 2024 [Other Relevant Information 31576], the Company reported the launch of a Temporary Buy-back Programme targeting treasury shares in order to allow the Company to meet share-based payment obligations under the remuneration system for executives and employees (maximum of 490,000 shares).

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- On 13 December 2024 [Other Relevant Information 31765], the Company reported that the established maximum number of shares had been reached and therefore the programme had been terminated and the Company's liquidity agreement with Banco Santander had been reactivated.

Extraordinary transactions relate to those effected under the parent company's share buy-back agreements in force in the reporting period with Banco Santander, S.A. and Banco de Sabadell, S.A. In 2025, 940,000 treasury shares were acquired under the above-mentioned share buyback scheme [1,564,000 shares in the previous year].

The purpose of the buy-back schemes was to allow the parent company to meet share-based payment obligations under the remuneration system in force during the period of reference.

For this purpose, the following shares were handed over during the current financial year:

- As remuneration for Management Committee members, 49,538 shares were handed over at the average price (VWAP) on the delivery date, 10 April (€27.1741).
- Under the flexible remuneration plan ["Reflex"], 120,836 shares were handed over at a price of €26.1317 per share.

The following shares were handed over under extraordinary transactions in the previous year:

- In April 2024, the Group liquidated the Medium-Term Incentive (MTI) plan for the period 2021-2023, which fully vested at 31 December 2023, the weighted payment coefficient resulting from the assessment of target fulfilment being 142.2%. Under this plan, 3,040,760 shares were handed over at the average price (VWAP) on the delivery date, 10 April (€18.3597). The amount of shares to be handed over was determined based on the value on the date the resolution was adopted (€6.8882). The Group took the difference between the delivery price and the resolution price to equity. This amounts to €59,913 thousand [IFRS 2 Share-based payments].
- As remuneration for Management Committee members, 63,208 shares were handed over at the average price (VWAP) on the delivery date, 10 April (€18.3597).
- Under the flexible remuneration plan ["Reflex"], 130,027 shares were handed over at a price of €18.993 per share.

Retained earnings/(losses)

Retained earnings/(losses) break down as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Legal reserve	7,066	7,066
Reserves in fully-consolidated companies	314,493	162,668
Merger reserve	12,233	12,233
Reserves in equity-consolidated companies	(2,052)	(3,516)
Reserve for own shares held	37,481	9,480
Voluntary reserves	485,037	433,204
Profit/(loss) for the year	435,829	277,541
Total	1,290,087	898,677

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a) Legal reserve

In accordance with the Spanish Companies Act, the parent company is required to transfer 10% of yearly profits to the legal reserve until the balance reaches at least 20% of share capital. The legal reserve is not available for distribution. Should it be used to offset losses in the event of no other reserves being available, it must be replenished out of future profits. It may also be used to increase share capital under certain circumstances.

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, the Company has allocated the minimum amount stipulated in the Consolidated Text of the Spanish Companies Act to this reserve.

b) Reserves in fully-consolidated companies

The breakdown of consolidation reserves by company at 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
BPO Group (formerly BMB Group)	52,332	42,046
Indra Sistemas de Seguridad, S.A.U	4,401	4,265
Indra SI, S.A	8,602	14,647
Indra Sistemas Chile, S.A	4,319	3,575
Indra Sistemas Portugal, S.A	(2,406)	(4,440)
Indra Business Consulting Group	28,994	27,041
Inmize Capital, S.L	(235)	(249)
Inmize Sistemas, S.L	257	206
Indra Beijing Information Technology Systems Ltd. (China)	209	359
Indra Sistemas Comunicaciones Seguras, S.L.U	1,320	1,486
Indra Maroc S.A.R.L.U	(508)	(472)
Indra Australia Pty Limited	(3,137)	(5,462)
Azertia Tecnologías de la Información Argentina, S.A	(598)	(578)
Indra USA Inc.	(7,099)	(5,125)
Prointec S.A.U. Group	9,763	8,665
Indra Panamá, S.A.	(6,716)	(6,975)
Computación Ceicom, S.A.	7,907	7,916
Indra Sistemas India Private Limited	1,333	1,318
Avitech GmbH (Germany)	4,422	7,307
Indra Technology Solutions Malaysia Sdn Bhd	(1,004)	(1,757)
PT Indra Indonesia	332	348
Indra Italia S.P.A Group (Italy)	78,102	82,425
Indra Navia A.S Group (Norway)	21,909	17,657
Indra Turkey	349	348
Teknatrans Consultores, S.L.U	1,069	877
Indra Tecnología Brasil LTDA	302	271
Indra Arabia Company LTD (Arabia)	35,147	29,573
Mobbeel Solutions SL	584	196
Aplicaciones de simulación Simtec, S.L.	174	(11)
Indra L.L.C	3,473	3,399
Indra Corporate Services, S.L.U	287	(281)
Indra Corporate Services Mexico S.A de C.V.	(917)	(1,009)
Indra Advanced Technology	4,468	3,106
Indra Soluciones Tecnologías de la Información, S.L.U. Group	4,932	(67,077)
Indra Holding Tecnología de la Información, S.L.U.	9,001	(10,040)
Advance Control Systems.INC	(25,995)	(25,872)
CSC Philipines	(158)	(148)
Indra Technology Solutions Co Ltd	(2,797)	(2,252)
Indra Factoria Tecnológica, S.L.U.	844	490
Indra T&D, SAC	453	(711)
Indra Sistemas T&D, S.A. de CV (Mex)	3,511	2,843
Sistemas Informaticos Abiertos Group	21,357	13,984
Minsait Payment Systems, S.L. Group	45,518	27,356

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	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
ALG Global Infrastructure	(8,927)	(6,140)
Park Air Systems LTD	1,961	1,104
Indra Air Traffic INC	824	(1,270)
Antexia Technologies S.L.	(534)	(274)
Indra Espacio	5,471	-
MQA Group	728	-
Orbitude Group	49	-
GTA Group	8,648	-
Clue Tech Group	2,108	-
Tess Defence, S.A.	66	-
Total	314,493	162,668

c) Reserves in equity-consolidated companies

The breakdown of consolidation reserves by company at 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Miles de Euros	
	2025	2024
Saes Capital	142	580
Eurofighter Simulation System	-	463
Euromids	1,059	852
Iniciativas Bioenergéticas, S.L.	(3,170)	(3,814)
Tagsonomy	-	(1,351)
Satelio IoT Services, S.L.	(646)	(288)
A4 Essor SAS	111	98
EFI Túneles Necaxa SA de CV	55	55
Societat Catalana per a la Mobilitat, S.A.	429	29
Green Border OOD	(29)	(29)
Global Training Aviation, S.L.	-	(59)
Startical	-	(132)
Tower Air Traffic Services	(3)	(3)
Tess Defense, S.A.	-	83
Total	(2,052)	(3,516)

d) Voluntary and Merger reserves

These reserves are freely distributable, except for the amount of the fixed asset restatement under Law 9/1983 of 13 July, which stands at €1,241 thousand and €1,329 thousand at 31 December 2025 and 2024, respectively, and for the amount of the unamortised balances of the parent company's research and development expenses, that is €88,591 thousand at 31 December 2024 (€64,338 thousand at 31 December 2024) and any prior-year losses recognised.

e) Profit/(loss) for the year attributed to the parent company

The breakdown of results of consolidated companies for 2025 and 2024 is provided in Appendix I.

Currency translation differences

Currency translation differences arise from the translation to the Group's presentation currency, i.e. the euro, of both balance sheet items and income statement items of subsidiaries whose functional currency differs from the presentation currency.

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This heading is analysed below:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Brazilian real	(90,579)	(38,760)
Argentine peso	(39,580)	(32,481)
Colombian peso	(15,561)	(18,166)
Norwegian krone	(21,050)	(20,582)
Mexican peso	(9,018)	(8,073)
Chilean peso	(17,836)	(15,590)
Peruvian sol	(1,243)	(370)
Omani rial	(6,474)	(9,519)
Turkish lira	(4,937)	(4,827)
Dominican peso	(4,835)	(3,816)
Romanian leu	(2,377)	(2,245)
Algerian dinar	(3,663)	(2,757)
Malaysian ringgit	(1,549)	(1,459)
Kenyan shilling	(2,016)	(1,211)
Saudi riyal	(11,710)	6,427
US dollar	(14,703)	9,792
Philippine peso	(2,887)	(510)
Australian Dollar	(1,425)	(876)
Uruguayan peso	(1,034)	(975)
Other currencies	(1,941)	2,278
Total	(254,419)	(143,720)

An amount of €68,161 thousand corresponds to the contribution from the Hispasat Group, mainly in Brazilian reais. (Note 5).

The Group does not use net investment hedges.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
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19. Non-controlling interests

This heading is analysed below at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

Thousand euro

	31/12/2025				31/12/2024			
	Capital of non-contr. interests	Reserves of non-contr. interests	Results of non-contr. interests	Total	Capital of non-contr. interests	Reserves of non-contr. interests	Results of non-contr. interests	Total
Inmize Capital, S.L.	32	579	24	635	32	559	26	617
Inmize Sistemas, S.L.	750	914	36	1,700	750	914	92	1,756
ISTI Romania, S.A	10	1,210	341	1,561	15	1,239	182	1,436
Indra Philippines INC.	243	9,118	2,518	11,879	279	11,331	2,264	13,874
The Overview Effect, S.L.	51	(143)	(58)	(150)	51	(129)	(23)	(101)
Tess Defence S.A	488	23,632	288	24,408	-	-	-	-
Prointec Panamá ,S.A	-	(29)	-	(29)	-	(33)	-	(33)
Hisdesat	58,779	88,637	20,122	167,538	-	-	-	-
Grupo Hispasat	7,785	48,717	(5,461)	51,041	-	-	-	-
Total	68,138	172,635	17,810	258,583	1,127	13,882	2,541	17,550

The additions for year 2025 arise from the acquisitions carried out [see Note 5]. The percentages held by external partners are as follows: Tess Defence, S.A., 48.999%; Grupo Hispasat, 10.32%; and Hisdesat, 54.34%

In 2024, a 34% ownership holding in the company Normeka was acquired for €1,027 thousand (12,078 thousand Norwegian krone).

The information on assets, liabilities and consolidated results for 2025 and 2024 of the most significant non-controlling interests, attributed to the parent company, is provided in Appendix IV.

20. Earnings/(loss) per share

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, the calculation of weighted average outstanding and diluting shares is as follows:

	Weighted average ordinary shares at 31.12.2025	Ordinary shares at 31.12.2025	Weighted average ordinary shares at 31.12.2024	Ordinary shares at 31.12.2024
Total shares issued	176,654,402	176,654,402	176,654,402	176,654,402
Treasury shares	(990,787)	(1,394,510)	(981,761)	(750,530)
Total outstanding shares	175,663,615	175,259,892	175,672,641	175,903,872

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
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	Weighted average ordinary shares at 31.12.2025	Weighted average ordinary shares at 31.12.2024
Total shares issued	176,654,402	176,654,402
Treasury shares	[990,787]	[981,761]
Total diluting shares	175,663,615	175,672,641

The calculation of basic earnings per share (rounded to four digits) for 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

Basic earnings per share	2025	2024
Profit/(loss) attributed to the parent company, in thousand euro	435,829	277,541
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding	175,663,615	175,672,641
Basic earnings/(loss) per ordinary share, in euro	2.4810	1.5799

The calculation of earnings per ordinary share (rounded to four digits) for 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

Ordinary share	2025	2024
Profit/(loss) attributed to the parent company, in thousand euro	435,829	277,541
Shares issued	176,654,402	176,654,402
Earnings/(loss) per ordinary share, in euro	2.4671	1.5711

The calculation of diluted earnings per share (rounded to four digits) for 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

Diluted earnings per share	2025	2024
Profit/(loss) attributed to the parent company, in thousand euro (*)	435,829	277,541
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding	175,663,615	175,672,641
Diluted earnings/(loss) per ordinary share, in euro	2.4810	1.5799

(*) Result for the period excluding the accrued cost of the convertible bond, net of the tax effect.

21. Bank borrowings and debentures

Bank borrowings and debentures are analysed below at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

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	Thousand euro	
Non-current	2025	2024
Debentures and bonds	-	90,294
Bank borrowings	1,176,061	228,222
Payables under subsidised research plans	21,163	24,660
Total bank borrowings	1,197,224	252,882
Non-current total	1,197,224	343,176

	Thousand euro	
Current	2025	2024
Debentures and bonds	90,964	798
Bank borrowings	268,438	139,959
Interest payable	5,280	3,114
Payables under subsidised research plans	20,737	22,950
Total bank borrowings	294,455	166,023
Payables to non-financial entities for grants received	498	19,515
Current total	385,916	186,336

Set out below is a breakdown of movements in non-current and current payables during 2025 and 2024:

Non-current	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Receipts	Payments	Interest	Transfers	Balance at 31.12.2025
Debentures and bonds	90,294	-	-	-	2,014	(92,308)	-
Bank borrowings	228,222	103,209	1,073,555	(161,252)	288	(67,961)	1,176,061
Payables under subsidised research plans	24,660	-	231	(769)	-	(2,959)	21,163
Total bank borrowings	252,882	103,209	1,073,786	(162,021)	288	(70,920)	1,197,224
Non-current total	343,176	103,209	1,073,786	(162,021)	2,302	(163,228)	1,197,224

Current	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Receipts	Payments	Interest	Transfers	Balance at 31.12.2025
Bank borrowings	798	-	-	(2,970)	828	92,308	90,964
Bank borrowings	143,073	32,569	206,413	(177,413)	1,114	67,961	273,717
Payables under subsidised research plans	22,950	-	-	(5,172)	-	2,959	20,737
Total bank borrowings	166,023	32,569	206,413	(182,585)	1,114	70,920	294,454
Payables to non-financial entities for grants received	19,515	-	498	(19,515)	-	-	498
Current total	186,336	32,569	206,911	(205,070)	1,942	163,228	385,916

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Non-current	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope change	Receipts	Payments	Interest	Transfers	Balance at 31.12.2024
Debentures and bonds	90,418	-	-	-	2,846	(2,970)	90,294
Bank borrowings	358,766	7,960	189	(2,011)	205	(136,887)	228,222
Payables under subsidised research plans	29,878	299	520	(139)	-	(5,898)	24,660
Total bank borrowings	388,644	8,259	709	(2,150)	205	(142,785)	252,882
Non-current total	479,063	8,259	709	(2,150)	3,051	(145,755)	343,176

Current	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope change	Receipts	Payments	Interest	Transfers	Balance at 31.12.2024
Debentures and bonds	153,432	-	-	(157,470)	1,866	2,970	798
Bank borrowings	49,469	2,339	1,402	(47,266)	242	136,887	143,073
Payables under subsidised research plans	20,627	1,985	-	(5,560)	-	5,898	22,950
Total bank borrowings	70,096	4,324	1,402	(52,826)	242	142,785	166,023
Payables to non-financial entities for grants received	-	-	19,515	-	-	-	19,515
Current total	223,528	4,324	20,917	(210,296)	2,108	145,755	186,336

a. Financial liabilities due to the issuance of debentures and other marketable securities

This consolidated statement of financial position heading includes:

I. Extension in July 2020 of the non-convertible bond issue completed in December 2019

On 7 July 2020, non-convertible bonds were issued in the amount of €35,000 thousand (issuance costs of €63 thousand), with a unit nominal value of €100 thousand. The financial liability derived from the issue amounts to €35,163 thousand in 2025 (€35,302 thousand in 2024).

The bond terms and conditions are as follows:

- The bond issue had a nominal value of €35,000 thousand and matures on 23 December 2026.
- The bonds bear fixed interest at a nominal annual rate of 3.50%.
- The amount of €1,225 thousand was paid in the current year.
- The bond's effective interest rate is 3.076%.
- The issue is personally guaranteed by the parent company's assets and not by third parties.
- According to the price quoted on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange [99.75%], the bond's fair value at year-end 2025 was €34,913 thousand (€34,614 thousand in 2024).

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- The forecast financial expense expected to be generated over the remaining life of the bonds is as follows:

Years	Thousand euro
2026	1,062
Total	1,062

II. Issuance of non-convertible bonds in January 2018:

On 26 January 2018, non-convertible bonds were issued in the amount of €30,000 thousand (issuance costs of €90 thousand), with a unit nominal value of €100 thousand. The financial liability derived from the issue amounts to €30,790 thousand in 2025 (€30,779 thousand in 2024).

The bond terms and conditions are as follows:

- The bond issue had a nominal value of €30,000 thousand and matures on 1 February 2026.
- The bonds bear fixed interest at a nominal annual rate of 2.90%.
- The amount of €870 thousand has been paid in the current year.
- The bond's effective interest rate is 2.94%.
- The issue is personally guaranteed by the parent company's assets and not by third parties.
- According to the price quoted on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange (100.18%), the bond's fair value at year-end 2025 was €30,054 thousand (€29,976 thousand in 2024).
- The forecast interest expected to be generated over the remaining life of the bonds is as follows:

Years	Thousand euro
2026	154
Total	154

III. Issuance of non-convertible bonds in 2016:

On 23 December 2016, a non-convertible bond issue of €25,000 thousand was completed and listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange's Freiverkehr (Open Market). The financial liability derived from the issue amounts to €25,011 thousand in 2025 (€25,012 thousand in 2024).

The bond terms and conditions are as follows:

- The bond issue had a nominal value of €25,000 thousand and matures on 23 December 2026.
- The bonds bear fixed interest at a nominal annual rate of 3.5%. The amount of €875 thousand has been paid in the current year and previous year.
- The bond's effective interest rate is 3.496%.
- The issue is personally guaranteed by the parent company's assets and not by third parties.
- According to the price quoted on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange (99.75%), the bond's fair value at year-end 2025 was €24,938 thousand (€24,724 thousand in 2024).
- The forecast interest expected to be generated over the remaining life of the bonds is as follows:

Years	Thousand euro
2026	864
Total	864

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In the consolidated cash flow statement, the amount repaid or redeemed relates to interest on bonds in 2025 amounting to €2,970 thousand (7,470 thousand in 2024) and the principal amount being €150,000 thousand in 2024.

b. Bank borrowings

Set out below is a breakdown of other long-term borrowings by maturity at 31 December 2025:

Years	Thousand euro		
	Credit institutions	R&D Loans	Total
2027	80,287	3,526	83,813
2028	74,822	3,149	77,971
2029	679,002	3,076	682,078
Siguientes	341,950	11,412	353,362
Total al 31.12.2025	1,176,061	21,163	1,197,224

Set out below is a breakdown of other long-term borrowings by maturity at 31 December 2024:

Years	Thousand euro		
	Credit institutions	R&D Loans	Total
2026	208,378	3,492	211,870
2027	15,996	3,552	19,548
2028	1,679	3,177	4,856
Siguientes	2,169	14,439	16,608
Total al 31.12.2024	228,222	24,660	252,882

The average interest rate paid on bank borrowings in 2025 and 2024 was 3.17% and 4.2%, respectively.

The entire balance of R&D loans at 31 December 2025, €21,163 thousand (€24,660 thousand in 2024), relates to the long-term portion of loans granted by official bodies to engage in research programmes. The amount of €20,737 thousand (€22,950 thousand in 2024) reflects the portion falling due in the short-term.

Accrued unmaturred interest amounted to €5,280 thousand and €3,114 thousand in 2025 and 2024, respectively.

In May 2025, a syndicated loan amounting to €700,000 thousand was formalized to finance the acquisition of the stake in Hispasat, and it was drawn down on December 30, 2025. The loan is structured in two tranches: the first, for €200,000 thousand, matures one year after disbursement and may be extended for up to two additional six-month periods; the second, for €500,000 thousand, matures four years from the signing date. The loan includes a financial covenant.

As of December 31, 2025, compliance with this covenant remained within the contractual limits established.

The amount recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the repayment and amortisation of borrowings from financial institutions in the 2025 year was €155,812 thousand (€35,805 thousand in 2024), and €1,073,555 thousand was recognised as proceeds from borrowings from financial institutions. The amount paid as interest in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows in 2025 was €55,723 thousand (€44,662 thousand in 2024)

Forecast interest accruing on bank borrowings is set out below:

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Años	Miles de Euros
2026	44,459
2027	39,867
2028	39,343
2029	25,612
Total	149,281

The heading “Short-term bank borrowings” includes the amount of short-term credit lines utilised and of bank borrowings maturing in the short term.

Details of amounts drawable and drawn on credit lines are as follows:

	Thousand euro	
Years	2025	2024
Importe disponible	1,175,426	906,118
Importe dispuesto	10,035	613
Total líneas de crédito	1,185,461	906,731

In July 2025, a credit line agreement was signed with the EIB for €385,000 thousand, with a 24-month drawdown period, a 13-year repayment term, and a four-year grace period, aimed at financing Research, Development and Innovation (R&D&I) activities focused on defence- and space-related investments, as well as the construction of the Indra Technology Hub.

In May 2025, the parent company proceeded with the early cancellation of the syndicated credit facility under the Club Deal structure, signed on July 28, 2023, for a maximum amount of €500,000 thousand and with an initial maturity in July 2028.

At the cancellation date, no amounts had been drawn, so the transaction had no impact on the financial debt recorded, other than the termination of the availability commitment.

The Group’s bank borrowings and financial liabilities due to the issuance of debentures and other marketable securities are in euros.

22. Other financial liabilities

A breakdown of “Other financial liabilities” at 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Deposits and guarantees received	1,102	359
Fixed asset suppliers	55,761	23,788
Finance lease liabilities	136,945	105,505
Long-term advance payments from	440,953	427,688
Other long-term payables	1,385,701	130,703
Total other non-current financial liabilities	2,020,462	688,043

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	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Finance lease liabilities	31,131	26,844
Fixed asset suppliers	43,499	34,189
Other short-term payables	221,324	58,310
Total other current financial liabilities	295,954	119,343

At 31 December 2025, under the heading “Fixed asset suppliers”, the Group mainly recognises €3,100 thousand relating to ICA Sistemas y Seguridad, S.L. earn-out clause in current liabilities; €20,563 thousand relating to the CLUE Group’s earn-out clause in non-current liabilities, an amount of €14,454 thousand corresponding to the future payment for the acquisition of Operadora de Tarjetas de Crédito Nexus, S.A (€4.818 thousand in non-current liabilities and €9.636 thousand in current liabilities), and €4,600 thousand in non-current liabilities corresponding to the earn-out agreement of Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L.

The heading “Finance lease liabilities” arises from the application of IFRS 16 and reflects the present value of payments to be made over the remaining terms of the Group's leases.

Set out below is a breakdown of the maturities of financial liabilities arising from leases at 31 December 2025:

	Thousand euro
Years	Finance lease liabilities
2026	32,347
2027	31,965
2028	27,171
2029	23,472
Beyond	74,206
Total gross liabilities	189,161
Interest to be discounted	(21,085)
Total at 31.12.25	168,076

The heading “Long-term advance payments from customers” includes the amount of €440,953 thousand (€404,748 thousand in 2024) reflecting sales completed over more than one year. These amounts are discounted to account for the time value of money. In the current year, the amount of €6,677 thousand has been recognised in net financial income/(expense) in the income statement (€10,074 thousand in 2024).

Under the “Other long-term payables” heading, an amount of €76,541 thousand was reclassified during year 2025 to other short-term debts, relating to financing from the Ministry of Industry, Energy and Tourism to engage in defence programmes through various temporary consortia (Note 12c). The Group recognises under “Other long-term payables” the grants pending execution and collection for various multi-year projects amounting to €48,384 thousand in 2025 (€53,500 thousand in 2024). The amount of €61,246 thousand is carried under “Other short-term payables” in 2025 (€58,306 thousand in 2024). The corresponding asset is included in other non-current and current financial assets (Note 12c).

This “Other long-term debts” heading includes an amount of €998,731 thousand (€48,548 million under short-term debts, Note 25) corresponding to the Group company Tess Defence, related to financing from the Ministry of Industry and Tourism associated with the manufacturing program of the VCR 8x8 wheeled combat vehicles.

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This heading also includes an amount of €684,606 thousand corresponding to the company Hisdesat (a company controlled by Indra Group since December 30, 2025), related to financing from the Ministry of Industry and Tourism associated with the NG communications satellite replacement program. Prior to the acquisition of Hisdesat by Indra Group, an in-orbit anomaly occurred in the SpainSat NG-II satellite during the electric orbit raising phase, resulting in the satellite being unable to reach its final orbit and being left without propulsion and certain key operational systems. The Company's Directors estimate that it is impossible for the satellite to complete the mission for which it was designed, and therefore proceeded to derecognize the satellite from its balance sheet. The assets related to this satellite are insured for 100% of their carrying amount (€352,018 thousand) through two policies underwritten with Mapfre covering the launch and 16 months of in-orbit operations, with the Ministry of Industry and Tourism designated as the beneficiary. As of the date of preparation of these consolidated annual accounts, and based on the coverage described and the information available, the Directors consider that Indra Group has a virtually certain right to collect from the insurer an amount equivalent to the carrying amount of the SpainSat NG-II satellite, which will be settled with the Ministry of Industry and Tourism. Accordingly, this €352 million receivable has been offset against the liability corresponding to the financing from the Ministry of Industry and Tourism. Indra Group does not expect any additional impact arising from this event on its consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2025.

The PAZ 2 program falls under Royal Decree 915/2025 of October 14, which regulates the direct granting of loans for special industrial modernization programs in the land and air domains of the Ministry of Industry and Tourism. In this context, the Ministry grants Indra Group entities repayable advances in the form of loans at a zero, fixed and non-revisable interest rate, and without requiring guarantees except in exceptional cases.

These advances operate, in practice, as upfront financing for the execution of the projects, since repayment to the Treasury is secured by the contract between the Company and the Ministry of Defence. In addition, the repayment schedule is aligned with project collections, and automatic offsetting of cash flows is envisaged, avoiding effective cash outflows for loan repayment.

Additionally, under the "Other short-term debts" heading, an amount of €26,382 thousand is included corresponding to the put option held by Airbus and Sener, allowing each of them to sell their stake in Hisdesat at any time, with its exercise being fully discretionary for both entities.

23. Grants

Set out below is an analysis of this heading showing movements during 2025 and 2024:

	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope changes	Additions	Transfers	Taken to income st.	Balance at 31.12.2025
Grants	54,147	86,696	11,427	[10,181]	[7,368]	134,721

	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope changes	Additions	Transfers	Taken to income st.	Balance at 31.12.2024
Grants	43,391	3,987	17,672	[5,435]	[5,468]	54,147

The grants have been awarded by public bodies primarily for development projects (Note 9).

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The R&D&i grants obtained by the Group through competitive national and international R&D&i calls relate to cutting-edge technological developments with a focus on the following sectors: Air Traffic and Mobility. These projects are therefore particularly relevant to the Group's global strategy. In general, grants received for expenditure on these R&D&i projects range from 50% to 100% and relate to the purpose for which they were awarded, so the conditions are totally fulfilled.

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24. Provisions and contingent liabilities

Set out below are movements in non-current provisions showing related temporary differences and forecast maturity dates:

Item	Thousand euro											
	Balance at 31.12.2024											Forecast cancellation date
	Balance	Temp. diff.	Scope change	Curr. trans. diff.	Appropriations	Applications	Payments	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	Balance	Temp. diff.	
Remuneration	34,873	34,873	1,671	(440)	13,623	565	(3,471)	(9,006)	(2,846)	34,969	34,969	2027-2028
Provisions for guarantees and onerous contracts	141	141	-	-	6	(35)	-	-	-	112	112	2027-2028
Provision for decommissioning of fixed assets	4,256	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,256	-	
Environmental remediation provision	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	340	-	340	-	
Other tax provisions	4,771	-	292	(2)	1,000	(357)	-	550	-	6,254	-	
Other provisions	15,830	15,830	2,107	(182)	-	(2,927)	(94)	8,939	2,406	26,079	26,079	2027-2028
Operating provisions	59,871	50,844	4,070	(624)	14,629	(2,754)	(3,565)	823	(440)	72,010	61,160	
HR claims	8,334	8,334	-	(416)	4,717	(6,125)	8	511	(256)	6,773	6,773	2027-2028
Tax provision	5,519	-	-	-	-	-	(265)	-	215	5,469	-	
Other provisions for litigation	13,801	3,844	-	(5)	401	(2)	-	-	-	14,195	3,844	2027-2028
Provision for litigation in progress	27,654	12,178	-	(421)	5,118	(6,127)	(257)	511	(41)	26,437	10,617	
Total provisions	87,525	63,022	4,070	(1,045)	19,747	(8,881)	(3,822)	1,334	(481)	98,447	71,777	

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Thousand euro

Item	Balance at 31.12.2023		Curr. trans. diff.	Appropriations	Applications	Payments	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2024		Forecast cancellation date
	Balance	Temp. diff.							Balance	Temp. diff.	
Remuneration	11,384	11,384	17	35,889	(171)	(3,833)	(7,390)	(1,023)	34,873	34,873	2026-2027
Provisions for guarantees and onerous contracts	336	336	13	3	(2)	-	(209)	-	141	141	2026-2027
Provision for decommissioning of fixed assets	4,256	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,256	-	
Other tax provisions	4,771	-	(2)	1,000	(357)	-	550	-	6,254	-	
Other provisions	16,348	16,348	-	-	(4,975)	-	6,863	(2,406)	15,830	15,830	2026-2027
Operating provisions	32,324	28,068	30	38,134	(5,148)	(3,833)	1,793	(3,429)	59,871	50,844	
HR claims	8,635	3,497	(543)	5,708	(5,107)	(178)	(76)	(105)	8,334	8,334	2026-2027
Tax provision	14,536	-	(1,060)	3,573	(2,369)	(6,417)	(2,529)	(215)	5,519	-	
Other provisions for litigation	16,429	3,123	(3)	-	(390)	-	(2,235)	-	13,801	3,844	2026-2027
Provision for litigation in progress	39,600	6,620	(1,606)	9,281	(7,866)	(6,595)	(4,840)	(320)	27,654	12,178	
Total provisions	71,924	34,688	(1,576)	47,415	(13,014)	(10,428)	(3,047)	(3,749)	87,525	63,022	

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Non-current provisions

Non-current “**Operating provisions**” include the following items:

“Remuneration” includes the following provisions:

1. Long-term provisions for staff costs relate primarily to remuneration pending payment that is expected to be paid to employees eligible for incentives in the form of Company shares in 2027 (Notes 18 and 30).
2. Retirement plan provision. In October of the previous year, the company Indra Soluciones Tecnologías de la Información S.L.U. signed a collective agreement to implement a limited pre-retirement scheme. The plan conditions are as follows:
 - At least five years’ length of service.
 - A sufficiently long period of Social Security contributions to be able to access voluntary early retirement on the legally stipulated terms.
 - Double voluntariness. Voluntary access to pre-retirement under the plan for both the Company and the employee.

Plan coverage is as follows:

- Employees aged between 59 and 62 on 31 December 2024 [temporary 80% or 90% gross remuneration in the case of salaries below €30 thousand]. In all cases, the total income receivable by the employee may not be below 20 days’ salary per year of service, with a ceiling of one year’s salary. In addition, for the same period of time, the employer will pay the employees a gross amount equal to the cost of the special Social Security contributions.
- Working persons aged 63 or over on 31 December 2024. They will receive total gross remuneration of 20 days’ fixed salary per year of service up to the limit of one year’s fixed salary, in a lump sum payment. In all cases, employees that take pre-retirement will have the opportunity to join the group health insurance policy at their own expense.
- Employees that reach 59 years of age between 31 December 2024 and 28 February 2025. In exceptional cases, should employees reaching the age of 59 between 1 January and 28 February 2025, as well as meeting the other requirements, be interested in requesting pre-retirement, or should the Company be interested in proposing pre-retirement to them, the Company will study their case.

The amount taken to the income statement in the previous year (Notes 18 and 30) in connection with this plan, was €17,850 thousand, relates to approximately 122 people. In the long-term heading, an amount of €11,584 thousand is included, and €6,037 thousand under the short-term heading. Payments made during the year in relation to this plan amounted to €6,266 thousand.

This heading includes provisions for pension plans required under labour legislation in certain countries, such as the Philippines and Italy.

The additions arising from changes in the consolidation perimeter in 2025 correspond entirely to the integration of the Hispasat Group [see Note 5].

The item “Other provisions” includes amounts covering contingencies deemed to be possible as a result of business combinations [Note 5].

Under the “**Non-current provisions for litigation in progress**” heading, the following items are included:

At 31 December 2025, the Group is the defendant in litigation in progress the probability of occurrence of which is deemed to be **probable**, amounting to €26,437 thousand (€27,654 thousand at 31 December 2024, €2,476 thousand in short-term provisions), relating to (i) personnel claims, (ii) tax proceedings and (iii) civil, criminal, commercial and contentious-administrative actions, which are fully provisioned.

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1. Personnel claims (“HR claims”) classed as probable and thus provisioned fell to €6,773 thousand (€8,334 thousand at 31 December 2024). This amount includes claims from former suppliers of the Brazilian subsidiaries whose nature is equivalent to that of a self-employed worker. Once the relevant contracts for services expired, they brought claims against the company (or there is a risk of such claims) questioning their nature as a self-employed supplier and claiming compensation as if they had had an employment relationship.
2. Tax claims (“Tax provision”) classed as probable and thus provisioned amount to €5,469 thousand (€5,519 thousand at 31 December 2024), as described in Note 35.
3. Civil, criminal, commercial and contentious-administrative actions (“Other provisions for litigation”) classed as probable and thus provisioned amount to €14,195 thousand (€16,277 thousand at 31 December 2024, € 2,476 thousand in the short term), the most significant of which are described below:

- Penalty proceeding initiated by the Spanish National Market and Competition Commission (“CNMC”) against the parent company – Proceeding S/DC/565/2015 “Tenders for computer software”

Penalty proceeding initiated by the CNMC against several companies operating in the computer systems and applications development and maintenance service industry, including the parent company.

In July 2018, the CNMC issued a penalty resolution attributing an anti-trust practice to the parent company and imposing a fine of €13,500 thousand.

In September 2018, the parent company appealed the resolution in the contentious-administrative courts and in November 2018 obtained a precautionary measure staying enforcement of the penalty.

The National High Court rejected the parent company’s contentious-administrative appeal on 20 September 2023. The parent company has lodged a cassation appeal against that judgement, which is pending a ruling.

The Company has recognized a provision for the amount of this penalty in its accounts.

- Penalty proceeding initiated by the Spanish National Market and Competition Commission (“CNMC”) against the parent company and Indra Business Consulting, S.L.U. – Proceeding S/DC/0627/18 “Consultancy firms”

Penalty proceeding initiated by the CNMC against several companies operating in the consultancy industry, including the parent company and the Group company Indra Business Consulting, S.L.U. (“IBC”).

In May 2021, the CNMC issued a penalty resolution attributing an anti-trust practice constituting a cartel to IBC and imposing a fine of €27 thousand.

In the resolution, the CNMC excludes IBC from the imposition of a prohibition on public sector contracting, as it has a specific Anti-trust Compliance Programme (the CNMC declares this prohibition to apply to all the companies under investigation save for IBC).

Specifically, the CNMC considers the Indra Group's measures to be suitable for the detection of anti-trust infringements, since they reflect a genuine willingness to comply with competition rules, inspired by a significant cultural change that has taken place in the organisation.

On 7 July 2021, IBC and the parent company filed a contentious-administrative appeal against the penalty resolution which finds that a single action by IBC constitutes a cartel.

Litigation the occurrence of which is deemed **possible** and which is not therefore provisioned amounts to €102,027 thousand (€99,389 thousand at 31 December 2024).

Of this amount, €68,040 thousand (€63,160 thousand at 31 December 2024) relates to numerous legal proceedings (over 340) of various kinds. Specifically:

- €42,699 thousand (€42,800 thousand at 31 December 2024) relates to over 80 tax proceedings (Note 23).

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- €13,348 thousand (€8,640 thousand at 31 December 2024) relates to numerous labour proceedings.
- €11,993 thousand (€11,720 thousand at 31 December 2024) relates to numerous civil, commercial, contentious-administrative and criminal lawsuits.

The remaining amount of €33,987 thousand (€36,229 thousand at 31 December 2024) up to €102,027 thousand relates to the following proceedings:

- Contentious-administrative proceeding initiated by the Office of the Comptroller General of Ecuador against the parent company

Contentious-administrative proceeding related to the alleged breach of the contract for the “Implementation of a Judicial Information System for the Council of the Judiciary of Ecuador” (the “Contract”).

In August 2013, the Office of the Comptroller General (“CGE”) issued an administrative resolution claiming joint and several fault-based civil liability of the parent company, together with the contract administrators (members of the Council of the Judiciary), due to the frustration of the contract's purpose.

In October 2015, the parent company appealed the CGE's resolution in the contentious-administrative courts and in December 2018 obtained a judgement partially upholding the appeal, which was then appealed by both parties in cassation to the National Court of Justice of Ecuador (“CNJ”).

On May 22, 2025, a judgment was issued dismissing the appeal in cassation filed by the Parent Company. This judgment is final, and a horizontal appeal and a request for clarification were filed against it in May. The aforementioned horizontal appeal was rejected on October 29, 2025. Following the denial of that horizontal appeal, an extraordinary protection action (“AEP”) was filed before the Constitutional Court in November 2025.

The proceeding is currently valued at €14,796 thousand, excluding interest (updated at the 31 December 2025 exchange rate).

In February 2018, the parent company officially notified the Republic of Ecuador of its intention to initiate an arbitration proceeding under the Foreign Investment Protection Treaty due to the breach of essential obligations. This proceeding has been suspended until all judicial recourse is exhausted.

In relation to the same matter, there is a second proceeding in which, in February 2016, the Council of the Judiciary filed a claim against the parent company for damages currently valued at €3,952 thousand (updated at the 31 December 2025 exchange rate). This proceeding is pending judgement.

- Claim for alleged defective performance of a contract lodged by the Turkish General Directorate for Administration (“TCDD”)

This proceeding relates to the performance of a contract entered into in 2014 between the parent company and TCDD for the implementation of a rail traffic control system.

Following provisional acceptance of the project and expiration of the warranty period, in March 2021 the TCDD terminated the contract on the grounds of a breach by the parent company, alleging that certain incidents had not been resolved which, in its opinion, formed part of the scope of the contract. The parent company understands that all its contractual obligations were fulfilled and that the TCDD's requests do not come under the contract's scope.

In April 2022, notice was received of the claim filed by the TCDD against the parent company for damages of €2,691 thousand. In May 2022, the Parent Company filed its statement of defense, and in the following months both parties submitted various reply briefs. The proceeding followed its course until October 2024, when the court-appointed committee of experts issued an opinion favouring INDRA. In light of this report, we remain awaiting a judgment dismissing TCDD's claims.

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- Lawsuit filed by Datamétrica Consultoria Pesquisa e Telemarketing, LTDA (“Datamétrica”)

These proceedings were brought in 2017 by Datamétrica against Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos Ltda. (“Indra Brasil”) for alleged breach of the contract “Private Instrument for the Provision of Billing Services” and “Private Instrument for the Provision of Healthcare Services”.

Datamétrica requests the annulment of a contractual clause, damages for alleged breach of contract and the collection of amounts allegedly owed totalling €12,547 thousand (at the 31 December 2025 exchange rate).

The proceeding is pending the conclusion of the discovery phase.

Finally, litigation in which the Group is the defendant for which the probability of occurrence is deemed **remote** amounts to €126,863 thousand (€96,494 thousand at 31 December 2024). The most significant proceedings are described below:

- Project to implement an HR management ERP for Banco do Brasil (“BB”)

Civil proceeding related to the termination and alleged breach of the contract to implement an HR management ERP system for BB awarded to the consortium Plantalto (the “Consortium”), in which the parent company's Brazilian subsidiary, Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos Ltda. (“Indra Brasil”) has a 70% ownership interest.

In February 2016, the Consortium filed a claim against BB demanding termination of the contract on grounds not attributable to the Consortium. BB lodged a counterclaim alleging breach of contract by Indra Brasil and claiming damages currently valued at €36,370 thousand (updated at the 31 December 2025 exchange rate).

In May 2017, the court of first instance handed down a judgement favouring Indra Brasil that was appealed by BB. The appeal court disallowed BB's appeal, confirming the lower court's judgement.

In January 2019, BB filed a new appeal at the High Court of Justice, which was resolved in December 2020. The High Court ruled that the proceeding must return to the appeal court in order to resolve omissions in the judgement. The first-instance court's judgement was not altered.

The appeal court ruled in August 2021, confirming the High Court's decision favouring Indra Brasil. BB brought a new appeal that was again rejected in March 2022. BB lodged a new special appeal at Brazil's High Court that is pending resolution.

- Administrative proceeding initiated by Caixa Econômico Federal (“CEF”) against Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos Ltda.

Proceeding related to alleged damages suffered by CEF in the mass fraud committed in May 2015 using the bank's credit cards.

In September 2017, the administrative proceeding initiated by CEF came to an end and Indra Brasil was ordered to pay the damages claimed by CEF, currently valued at €19,032 thousand (updated at the 31 December 2025 exchange rate).

Indra Brasil filed a claim against the judgement which is now in the discovery stage. It also obtained a precautionary measure whereby CEF was prohibited from offsetting the amount claimed against any amount owed to Indra Brasil under other contracts in force.

In 2015, the Federal Police launched an investigation into this incident, which was concluded in August 2021 without any charges being brought against those under investigation.

Indra Brasil has given notice of the above in the ongoing legal proceedings and has requested a judgement upholding its claims. The judicial proceeding is currently in the discovery phase.

Additionally, Indra Group has received a SEPBLAC inspection concerning the Group company Pecunia Cards.

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On December 17, 2025, the Executive Service of the Commission for the Prevention of Money Laundering and Monetary Offences (SEPBLAC) notified Pecunia Cards E.D.E., S.L.U. ["the Company"] of the initiation of an inspection in the area of anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing, covering the 2023, 2024, and 2025 years.

As part of this procedure, the Company has received a request for information relating to organizational and operational matters, internal regulations, customer information, and other aspects connected to the prevention system. The deadline for submitting the requested documentation, following the extension granted by SEPBLAC, is March 6, 2026.

As of the date of preparation of these annual accounts, the inspection procedure is in its initial information-gathering phase, and no inspection report has been issued nor has any sanctioning proceeding been initiated.

Given the preliminary stage of the procedure and the inherent uncertainty regarding its outcome, it is not currently possible to reliably estimate the amount of any potential penalty or to determine whether a payment obligation will ultimately arise. Consequently, the Company has opted to disclose this contingency without recognizing a provision, without prejudice to the fact that this assessment will be reviewed as the inspection progresses and additional information becomes available.

In addition to the matters described above, the most relevant tax proceedings are described in Note 35.

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Movements in current provisions are as follows:

	Thousand euro								
	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Curr. trans. diff.	Appropriations	Applications	Payments	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2025
Provisions for guarantees and onerous contracts	101,816	4,202	(833)	52,483	(43,981)	(3,520)	(1)	56	110,222
Other provisions	870	-	-	-	-	(870)	-	-	-
Provisions for other staff costs	14,111	571	2	7,450	(125)	(9,563)	(413)	527	12,560
Social security reserve	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	(29)	-
Restructuring provisions	13,627	-	-	-	-	(13,969)	450	-	108
Total	130,453	4,773	(831)	59,933	(44,106)	(27,922)	36	554	122,890

	Thousand euro								
	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope change	Curr. trans. diff.	Appropriations	Applications	Payments	Transfers	Transfer to held for sale	Balance at 31.12.2024
Provisions for guarantees and onerous contracts	89,076	-	(413)	73,446	(58,788)	(829)	(340)	(336)	101,816
Other provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	870	-	870
Provisions for other staff costs	25,003	78	(117)	11,426	(4,460)	(19,186)	2,081	(714)	14,111
Social security reserve	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
Restructuring provisions	13,611	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	13,627
Total	127,719	78	(530)	84,872	(63,248)	(19,999)	2,611	(1,050)	130,453

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Current provisions

“Provisions for guarantees and onerous contracts” are determined on the basis of the present value of unavoidable costs, which is the lower of the contract costs, net of any income that could be generated, and the cost of compensation or penalties payable for breach of contract. These provisions relate mostly to projects undertaken mainly in Spain, Oman, Poland, Kuwait and Algeria in the Defence and Mobility CGUs.

Appropriations to “Provisions for other staff costs” totalling €7,450 thousand relate to sundry employee remuneration and pre-retirement plans.

Finally, during the previous year, the following proceedings reported in the prior year’s Annual Accounts were closed:

- Penalty proceeding initiated by the Spanish National Market and Competition Commission (“CNMC”) against the parent company – Proceeding S/DC/0598/2016 “Railway electrification and electromechanics”.

Penalty proceeding initiated by the CNMC against several companies operating in the rail traffic industry, including the parent company.

In March 2019, the CNMC issued a penalty resolution attributing an anti-trust practice to the parent company in which it (i) imposed a fine of €870 thousand; and (ii) imposed a prohibition on contracting with the public sector. The CNMC forwarded the penalty resolution to the State Consultative Board on Administrative Procurement in order for it to issue a proposal on the scope and duration of the prohibition on contracting, the final decision pertaining to the Ministry of Finance.

In May 2019, the parent company filed a contentious-administrative appeal at the National High Court against the penalty resolution and, as a precautionary measure, requested the stay of enforcement of the penalty [giving a bank guarantee]. The National High Court granted the parent company’s precautionary measure and later passed judgement disallowing the contentious-administrative appeal. The company appealed the judgement on cassation before the Supreme Court, which refused to give the appeal leave to proceed on 6 November 2024.

Therefore, the National High Court’s judgement is final as of 6 November 2024 and the CNMC resolution is also definitive.

On October 23, 2025, the Ministry of Finance issued a resolution deciding not to impose a contracting ban on the Group and ordering the closure of the case for two reasons: (i) the Group demonstrated that on February 4, 2025, it paid the penalty imposed as a result of the infringement, amounting to €870,000; and (ii) the corrective measures adopted are suitable for preventing anti-competitive conduct, not only because the CNMC has stated so, but also because these measures were implemented after the infringement and their effective application has been proven.

In relation to the Collective Dismissal Procedure initiated by Indra Soluciones TI, S.L.U. on October 20, 2020, on July 3, 2025, the Directorate-General of the State Public Employment Service [SEPE] sent Indra Soluciones TI, S.L.U., through the “Procedures for the settlement and payment of the financial contributions to be made by profit-making companies carrying out collective dismissals affecting workers aged fifty or over,” the proposed assessments for the years 2021–2024.

On July 24, Indra Soluciones TI, S.L.U. submitted written arguments to the SEPE requesting the annulment of the proposed assessments received and the issuance of new ones reflecting the amounts the Company considered correct.

On December 5, the SEPE issued the final assessments, rejecting almost all of the arguments submitted and requiring payment, within 30 days, of the amounts stated therein, which totalled €21.604 thousand.

As the Company continues to disagree with the grounds presented by the SEPE to calculate these amounts, an administrative appeal was filed on December 30, alleging the voidability of the assessment and requesting the refund of the amounts paid.

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As a result, Indra Group has proceeded to pay the assessments amounting to €21.604 thousand, recorded under the restructuring provisions line item. The amount previously provisioned for this plan totalled €14.000 thousand, resulting in an impact on the year's results of €7.712 thousand.

Contingent liabilities

On December 26, 2025, the Ministry of Defence issued an administrative resolution regarding the seventh amendment to the "Supply for the Manufacture of 8x8 Wheeled Combat Vehicles" file, in reference to the contract formalized on August 25, 2020 between the Ministry and Tess Defence, S.A. for the manufacture of 348 8x8 Wheeled Combat Vehicles. The contract includes several clauses providing for the imposition of financial penalties on the contractor in the event of delays in the delivery schedule of the vehicles. In the aforementioned resolution, the Ministry refers to certain delays that have occurred and continue to occur in the delivery of vehicles and concludes that the determination of the contractual penalties applicable will be postponed until the final delays are known and the contractor's imputability and responsibility can be properly assessed, together with the quantification of any penalty that may ultimately apply. The Group's Directors consider that it is not possible to estimate the potential impact of any penalties that may arise in connection with these delays, given that the Ministry of Defence has not formalized any claim and, in any case, allegations and appeals would be available. In any event, the Directors consider that any potential penalties would not have a material effect on the Group's consolidated Annual Accounts for the 2025 financial year.

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25. Other current non-financial liabilities

This heading breaks down as follows at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Public Administrations (Note 35)	276,333	199,764
Deposits and guarantees received	3,006	36
Accruals and deferred income	5,494	2,991
Other liabilities	122,685	701
Total other current liabilities	407,517	203,493

Within other liabilities, in the current year, €48,548 thousand are included corresponding to the financing agreements for the VCR8x8 program entered into by Tess Defence with the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Tourism (MINCOTUR) on December 16, 2020 and October 6, 2021 (note 22).

26. Current trade and other payables

A breakdown of "Trade and other payables" at 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Trade payables	1,021,128	696,863
Accrued wages and salaries	180,666	173,884
Advance payments from customers	1,128,822	828,626
Total	2,330,615	1,699,373

Movements in Advance payments from customers during 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

Advance payments from customers	Balance at 31.12.2024	Additions	Disposals	Currency trans. diff. & scope changes	Transfer to held for sale	Transfer	Balance at 31.12.2025
Non-current	427,688	134,444	-	37,489	2,168	(160,836)	440,953
Current	828,626	254,931	(150,924)	37,090	(1,738)	160,836	1,128,822
Total advance payments from customers	1,256,314	389,375	(150,924)	74,579	431	-	1,569,775

Advance payments from customers	Balance at 31.12.2023	Additions	Disposals	Currency trans. diff. & scope changes	Transfer to held for sale	Transfer	Balance at 31.12.2024
Non-current	417,512	149,472	-	-	(2,168)	(137,128)	427,688
Current	774,054	311,451	(382,326)	4,371	(16,052)	137,128	828,626
Total advance payments from customers	1,191,566	460,923	(382,326)	4,371	(18,220)	-	1,256,314

The non-current works advance payment has been discounted considering the time value of money. In the current year, the amount of €6,677 thousand has been recognised in net financial income/(expense) in the income statement (€10,074 thousand in 2024).

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Trade payables and accruals mainly comprise amounts pending payment for trade purchases and costs in progress.

In general, the Group meets the established payment deadlines and has interest-free arrangements in place with suppliers should the legal period be exceeded.

The Group considers that the amount of trade and other receivables recognised in the consolidated balance sheet does not differ from fair value.

In addition, 16% and 15% of revenue recognised in 2025 and 2024, respectively, had already been collected and was carried under “Advance payments from customers” at the start of each financial year (Note 27).

AVERAGE SUPPLIER PAYMENT PERIOD

Final Provision Two of Law 31/2014 amends the Spanish Companies Act to improve corporate governance and amends Additional Provision Three of Law 15/2010 on measures to combat late payment in commercial transactions, specifically requiring all trading companies to include the average supplier payment period in the notes to the annual accounts. The Spanish Institute of Accounting and Auditing (ICAC) is also authorised to issue the calculation rules and methodology.

This resolution is mandatory for all Spanish companies that issue Consolidated Annual Accounts, although exclusively those that are established in Spain and are fully or proportionately consolidated.

In the resolution of 29 January 2016, the ICAC provided the method for calculating the average supplier payment period for 2015 and successive years.

The calculation of the average supplier payment period is made using the following formula, pursuant to the ICAC Resolution of 29 January 2016:

$$\text{Average supplier payment period} = \frac{\text{Ratio of transactions settled} * \text{Amount of payments made} + \text{Ratio of transactions pending payment} * \text{Total amount of payments pending}}{\text{Total amount of payments made} + \text{Total amount of payments pending}}$$

The data for the Spanish companies for 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	2025	2024
	Days	Days
Average supplier payment period	48	51
Ratio of transactions settled	49	53
Ratio of transactions pending payment	38	37

	Amount (thousand euro)	Amount (thousand euro)
Total payments made	1,356,900	1,260,610
Total payments pending	226,589	180,482

Pursuant to the ICAC's Resolution, the average supplier payment period has been calculated taking into account commercial transactions comprising supplies of goods or provisions of services accrued each year.

Solely for the purposes of providing the information required by this Resolution, suppliers are trade creditors for goods or services included in current “Trade and other payables” under current liabilities in the balance sheet, regardless of any financing related to early collection from the supplier.

“Average supplier payment period” means the period that elapses from the supply of goods or acceptance of the provision of services by the supplier, in accordance with the Group's procedures and systems, to the actual transaction payment date.

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Payments made to Spanish suppliers outside the legally stipulated period in 2025 and 2024 are explained by circumstances or incidents beyond the established payment policy, primarily under arrangements with suppliers for the delivery of goods or provision of services.

The monetary amount and number of invoices settled within the legally stipulated period are set out below:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Monetary amount	862,995	724,722
Percentage of total payments	63.6 %	57.49 %
Number of invoices	169,713	116,604
Percentage of total invoices	74.17 %	60.7 %

The Group has confirming lines available to its suppliers that allow them, at their option, to advance the collection of their invoices as specified in the notes to the Group's annual accounts.

27. Segment reporting

The following tables show information on the Group's operating segments, based on the Group companies' financial statements. Review and decision-making in relation to this information is carried out by General Management.

Set out below is the segment information for 2025 and 2024:

Segment reporting at 31 December 2025	2025 (Thousand euro)											
	Defence	%	Air Traffic	%	Mobility	%	Minsait	%	Corp.Non distr.	Elim.	Total	%
Total sales	1,411,445		523,411		398,620		3,149,545			[26,369]	5,456,652	100%
Inter-segment sales	4,934		561		548		20,326			[26,369]	-	
External sales	1,406,511		522,850		398,072		3,129,219		-	-	5,456,652	100%
Profit/(loss) from operating activities	231,663	16.5%	53,759	10.3%	23,840	6.0%	208,084	6.6%			517,346	9.5%
Net financial income/(expense)									72,090		72,090	1.3%
Profit/(loss) in associates	[4,310]		-		1,183		[39]				[3,166]	[0.1]%
Corporate income tax	[57,173]		[14,706]		[5,547]		[51,845]		[18,022]		[147,293]	[2.7]%
Segment profit/(loss)	170,180	12.1%	39,053	7.5%	19,476	4.9%	156,200	5.0%	54,069		438,978	8.0%
Other information												
Investments	141,021		24,172		17,776		32,243				215,212	
Depreciation/amortisation	26,709		14,867		8,075		69,384				119,035	
Backlog	11,337,292		1,051,995		1,014,448		2,680,508				16,084,243	
Balance sheet												
Segment assets	4,973,844		607,968		458,822		2,070,075		976,192		9,086,901	
Fixed assets in associates	36,052				11,828		4				47,884	
Total consolidated assets												9,134,785
Segment liabilities	3,767,706		404,254		221,431		1,165,492		1,583,140		7,142,023	
Total consolidated liabilities												7,142,023

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Geographic information at 31 December 2025:	Spain	Brazil	Rest of America	Italy	Rest of Europe	Asia, Middle East and Africa	Total
External sales	2,916,538	225,666	801,281	187,937	858,587	466,643	5,456,652
Investments	193,622	726	14,594	831	4,154	1,284	215,212
Assets employed	7,187,484	160,657	948,173	183,672	316,436	338,363	9,134,785

2024 (Thousand euro)

Segment reporting at 31 December 2024	Defence	%	Air Traffic	%	Mobility	%	Minsait	%	Corporate non-distributable	Elim.	Total	%
Total sales	1,033,610		468,382		362,449		3,000,529		-	(22,113)	4,842,857	100%
Inter-segment sales	2,378		470		622		18,644		-	(22,113)	-	
External sales	1,031,233		467,913		361,827		2,981,885		-	-	4,842,857	100%
Profit/(loss) from operating activities	186,043	18.0%	58,458	12.5%	18,007	5.0%	175,748	5.9%			438,256	8.0%
Net financial income/(expense)									(46,525)		(46,525)	(1.0)%
Profit/(loss) in associates	(6,542)		-		1,044		28				(5,470)	(0.1)%
Corporate income tax	(38,692)		(14,740)		(4,485)		(59,694)		11,631		(105,980)	(2.2)%
Segment profit/(loss)	140,809	13.7%	43,718	9.3%	14,566	4.0%	116,081	3.9%	(34,894)		280,280	5.8%
Other information												
Investments	37,625		15,430		8,926		49,688				111,669	
Depreciation/amortisation	20,687		14,734		6,374		65,155				106,950	
Backlog	2,971,565		854,612		958,636		2,459,836				7,244,649	
Balance sheet												
Segment assets	1,263,947		493,624		441,981		2,125,821		615,635		4,941,007	
Fixed assets in associates	8,325		497		5,813		42				14,678	
Total consolidated assets											4,955,684	
Segment liabilities	1,449,028		306,635		190,747		1,165,558		529,010		3,640,977	
Total consolidated liabilities											3,640,977	

Geographic information at 31 December 2024:	Spain	Brazil	Rest of America	Italy	Rest of Europe	Asia, Middle East and Africa	Total
External sales	2,491,722	214,228	760,564	215,615	745,752	414,976	4,842,857
Investments	94,587	646	11,481	202	3,454	1,299	111,669
Assets employed	3,208,174	117,169	797,196	193,330	268,230	371,585	4,955,684

Revenue from contracts with customers [Note 4v.] for the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024 breaks down as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Project execution	1,968,980	1,604,072
Manufacturing based on proprietary technology	235,065	242,108
Services provided	3,252,607	2,996,677
Total revenue	5,456,652	4,842,857

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In 2025 and 2024, 41% and 59% of revenue recognised derived from the order backlog already contracted at the start of the respective periods.

The Group applies revenue recognition methods by contract type. Revenue from most contracts in various segments is recognised on the basis of contractual milestones, which are usually sufficiently detailed and traceable to be taken as an objective reference when measuring the progress of the contract.

In view of the type of reference contracts in each segment, the stage of completion method of revenue recognition is most relevant in the Mobility segment. In quantitative terms, stage of completion revenue recognised in each segment in 2025 accounted for the following shares of total revenue:

- Defence: 2%
- Air Traffic: 3%
- Mobility: 7%
- Minsait: 2%.

Maintenance work represented 15% and 13% of revenue in 2025 and 2024, respectively.

There is no concentration of customers representing more than 10% of revenue or more than 10% of the balance of trade receivables, unbilled receivables and contract assets.

28. Other operating income

In 2025, this consolidated income statement heading mainly includes grant income of €44,141 thousand (€25,444 thousand in 2024) relating to operating grants for uncapitalised development expenses and therefore not associated with assets. In addition, other revenue from sundry services amounted to €14,574 thousand (€8,745 thousand in 2024)

29. Raw materials and consumables

Set out below is the breakdown of this heading for the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Subcontracts and materials consumed	1,460,588	1,168,516
Inventory impairment	1,703	759
Total	1,462,292	1,169,275

30. Staff costs

Set out below is an analysis of staff costs for the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024:

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	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Wages, salaries and similar remuneration	2,131,340	1,965,456
Termination benefits	37,302	48,225
Social Security and other staff welfare charges	654,668	597,262
Total	2,823,310	2,610,943

The heading Wages, salaries and similar remuneration reflects the MTI provision and other similar personnel provisions amounting to €11,500 thousand in 2025 (€13,500 thousand in 2024). The amount of €12,955 thousand was provisioned in 2025 for share-based payments (€12,000 thousand in 2024).

The average number of Group employees by category during 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Number of people					
	2025			2024		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
General Management	15	2	17	11	1	12
Management	529	123	652	494	114	608
Middle management	4,177	1,585	5,762	3,785	1,420	5,205
Technical personnel	29,674	12,872	42,546	28,317	12,360	40,677
Support	6,661	4,458	11,119	6,402	4,919	11,320
Other categories	858	421	1,279	586	362	949
Total	41,915	19,461	61,376	39,595	19,176	58,771

The distribution by gender and category at year-end 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Number of people					
	2025			2024		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
General Management	15	2	17	12	1	13
Management	528	118	646	479	105	584
Middle management	4,194	1,585	5,779	3,737	1,404	5,141
Technical personnel	29,964	12,919	42,883	28,941	12,482	41,423
Support	6,762	4,256	11,018	6,779	5,035	11,814
Other categories	845	330	1,175	442	226	668
Subtotal	42,308	19,210	61,518	40,390	19,253	59,643
New joiners (1)	621	257	878	910	354	1,264
Total	42,929	19,467	62,396	41,300	19,607	60,907

(1) FY 2025: Global ATS, Micro Nav, Tess Defence, S.A., Aertec Defence and Aerial Systems, S.L., Hispasat Group and Hisdesat.

(2) FY 2024: Compañía Uruguaya de Procesamiento, Global Training Aviation, MQA Group, Deimos Group and CLUE Group.

The average number of employees with a disability rating of 33% or more in 2025 and 2024 is shown below by category:

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	Number of people					
	2025			2024		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
Management	1	2	3	1	2	3
Middle management	31	8	39	32	9	41
Technical personnel	240	140	380	236	134	370
Support	75	55	130	86	74	160
Other categories	6	3	8	5	2	7
Total	353	208	561	359	221	580

The parent company also complies with the General Law on the Rights and Social Inclusion of the Disabled through alternative measures such as hiring through special employment centres and making donations to promote the inclusion of the disabled in the labour market.

31. Other operating expenses and change in trade provisions

This heading breaks down as follows at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Rent and royalties	270,994	223,861
Repairs and maintenance	48,162	34,888
Professional services	159,836	157,334
Transport and freight	14,961	12,877
Insurance	10,951	11,399
Banking services	12,595	8,208
Donations, trade fairs, advertising and entertainment	32,274	25,238
Supplies	22,808	20,215
Travel and other expenses	224,636	198,555
Taxes	36,044	33,524
Other expenses	602	[635]
Other operating expenses	833,863	725,463
Change in provisions for guarantees and onerous contracts	[3,699]	14,378
Changes in trade provisions	[3,275]	7,046
Total	826,889	746,887

Rent and royalties relate to the following items:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Royalties and licences	215,968	173,914
Short-term leases	22,081	20,301
Leases of low-value underlying assets	20,476	19,168
Other leases	12,469	10,478
Total	270,994	223,861

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The Group records no income related to subleases of rights of use previously acquired in 2025 and 2024

32. Impairment losses and other gains/(losses) on fixed

This heading breaks down as follows at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Impairment and profit/(loss) on other intangible assets (Note 9)	(892)	(404)
Impairment and profit/(loss) on property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	7	13
Profit/(loss) on other fixed assets	605	82
Total	(281)	(309)

33. Foreign currency transactions

The main transactions carried out in currencies other than the euro during 2025 and 2024 break down as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Sales	1,619,174	1,488,942
Purchases	843,190	820,662

The main transactions in currencies other than the euro have been carried out in US dollars, Brazilian reais, Mexican pesos and Colombian pesos.

34. Guarantees

At 31 December 2025, the Group had provided guarantees to third parties, issued by various banks and insurance companies, for a total of €2,049,163 thousand. The purpose of most of these guarantees is to ensure the fulfilment of contracts in progress or in their guarantee periods and, to a lesser extent, for tenders made. By amount, the guarantees are issued mainly in Spain, Latin America, the Middle East and the Rest of Europe. At 31 December 2024, these guarantees amounted to €982,664 thousand.

The Group does not expect any significant liabilities to arise as a result of such guarantees.

Guarantees from third parties were received in 2025 in the amount of €4.473 thousand (€337 thousand in 2024) to secure the fulfilment of project commitments. These guarantees take the form of bank guarantees with different terms, which are enforceable by Indra in the event of a failure of third parties to meet the secured commitments.

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35. Tax situation

The parent company pays corporate income tax in Spain under the Corporate Group scheme and forms part, as the parent company, of tax group No. 26/01 which comprises the parent company and the subsidiaries Indra Sistemas de Comunicaciones Seguras, S.L.U., Inmize Capital, S.L., Indra Business Consulting, S.L.U., Indra BPO, S.L.U., Indra Sistemas de Comunicaciones Seguras, S.L.U., Indra BPO Servicios, S.L.U., Prointec, S.A.U., Indra Advanced Technology, S.L.U., Indra Corporate Services, S.L.U., Indra BPO Hipotecario, S.L.U., Teknatrans Consultores, S.L.U., Indra Soluciones Tecnologías de la información, S.L.U., Indra Holding Tecnologías de la Información, S.L.U., Indra Producción Software, S.L.U., Paradigma Digital, S.L.U., Indra Factoría Tecnológica, S.L.U., Nuek Payment Systems, S.L.U., Sistemas Informáticos Abiertos, S.A.U., Morpheus Aiolos, S.L., ALG Global Infrastructure Advisors, S.L.U., Flat 101, S.L.U., Indra Gestión de Usuarios, S.L.U., The Overview Effect, S.L., Aplicaciones de Simulación Simtec, S.L.U., Mobbeel Solutions, S.L.U., Mobeel Innovation, S.L.U., Deuser Tech Group, S.L.U., Antexia Technologies, S.L.U., Indra Espacio, S.L.U., ICA Sistemas y Seguridad, S.L.U., Tramasieras 2021, S.L.U., Pecunia Cards E.D.E., S.L.U., NAE Communications, S.L.U., Soluciones Tecnológicas Normax, S.L.U., Indra Space, S.L.U., and Indra Mobility, S.L.

The following companies were incorporated into the Corporate Group during 2025: Global Training Aviation, S.L.U., Deimos Space, S.L.U., Deimos Engineerings & Systems, S.L.U., Clue Tech, S.A.U., Clue Technologies, S.L.U., Clue Aerospace, S.L.U., Indra Land Vehicles, S.L.U. (incorporated in 2025) and Indra Mind, S.L. (incorporated in 2025).

Constitutional Court Judgement of 19 January 2024 on RDL 3/2016 of 2 December

On 19 January 2024, Spain's Constitutional Court issued a judgement declaring several provisions of Royal Decree-Law 3/2016 of 2 December, whereby the Spanish Corporate Income Tax Act was amended, to be unconstitutional and null and void. The following provisions were annulled: (i) reduction of the limit for offsetting tax losses from 70% to 25% of the positive tax base for groups with revenue of €60 million or more; (ii) *ex novo* establishment for large groups of a limit of 50% of gross tax payable when applying double taxation deductions; and (iii) obligation to include in the tax base for 2016-2020 a linear minimum annual reversal of one fifth of the impairment charged on shareholdings that had been tax deductible, regardless of the recovery of the investees value.

The Constitutional Court judgement does not have full retrospective effect, since its scope is limited to tax returns that were appealed or for which a rectification was requested before the judgement was published in the Official State Gazette (BOE).

Before the judgement date, the Group had requested the rectification of all the Spanish consolidated group's corporate income tax returns for 2016 to 2022, contesting the three items declared to be unconstitutional. At the issuance date of these annual accounts, the proceedings for 2019-2021 were pending a ruling by the Central Economic-Administrative Court (TEAC), while the proceedings for 2022 are pending a ruling by the Tax Administration State Agency (AEAT).

In addition, the proceeding relating to the rectification of tax returns for the period 2016 to 2018 forms part of the litigation that arose from the inspection of income tax for those periods. In the course of this litigation, in February 2024 a partially favourable ruling was issued by the TEAC (this ruling, which joined the principal with the penalty, is the result of the declaration of unconstitutionality of RDL 3/2016). A contentious-administrative appeal was brought against the ruling (which annulled both the tax assessment and the penalty) at the National High Court. Subsequently, in 2024, the AEAT issued a decision to enforce the ruling in which it not only demands an amount payable but also recognises a credit right in the Group's favour, for a total amount of €17,226 thousand (principal of €14,135 thousand and interest of €3,091 thousand). The amount thus assessed has been refunded in 2024.

With respect to the impact on the Group for financial years 2019 to 2023, a reclassification of deferred tax assets and liabilities was carried out. According to the Group's best estimate, this reclassification will result in a material cash impact, in the form of a receivable arising from higher corporate income tax refunds for the different Group companies, for an approximate aggregate amount of €24,000 thousand.

Estimated impact of Pillar Two

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On 22 December 2024, Law 7/2024 of 20 December came into force, bringing in a supplementary tax to guarantee a global minimum level of taxation on multinational groups and large national groups, a tax on the interest margin, fees and commissions of certain financial institutions, and a tax on liquids for electronic cigarettes and other tobacco-related products, and amending other tax regulations.

This Law transposes Council Directive (EU) 2022/2523 of 15 December 2022 into Spanish law, thereby incorporating the OECD Pillar Two rules into the Spanish tax framework.

The legislation applies to tax periods beginning on or after 31 December 2023. Accordingly, as at 31 December 2025, the Group is subject to the Pillar Two rules.

In accordance with the requirements of the legislation, the Group has assessed the potential impact of the Top-up Tax for the 2025 financial year, applying the Transitional Safe Harbour (TSH).

Based on this assessment, the Group has concluded that the majority of the jurisdictions in which it operates (62 out of 67) meet the TSH criteria and therefore no Top-up Tax is expected to arise in those jurisdictions.

During the 2025 financial year, the following jurisdictions did not meet, or ceased to meet, the TSH requirements:

- Argentina
- Bahrain [the only jurisdiction that already failed to meet the TSH in the FY2024]
- United Arab Emirates
- Ireland
- Oman

Management does not expect the application of the Pillar Two rules in these jurisdictions to result in a material adverse impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements. The estimated aggregate impact of the Top-up Tax for the 2025 financial year is expected to range between €1 million and €3 million.

Furthermore, it should be noted that, as of 31 December 2024, the Company has applied the exemption from the recognition and disclosure requirements relating to deferred tax assets and liabilities in connection with Pillar Two, in accordance with the provisions set out in the Eighth Transitional Provision of Royal Decree 1514/2007 of 16 November, approving the Spanish General Chart of Accounts, as introduced by Law 7/2024.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, in accordance with IAS 12, the Group presented net deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities for each jurisdiction amounting to €221,925 thousand and €123,389 thousand, respectively.

	2025		2024	
	Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liabilities	Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liabilities
Balance prior to offset	265,253	(280,540)	227,563	(127,334)
Offset of deferred taxes	(221,925)	221,925	(123,389)	123,389
Closing balance	43,328	(58,615)	104,174	(3,945)

Set out below is the breakdown of deferred tax assets and liabilities by geography in 2025:

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Thousand euro

	Tax-loss carryforwards	Deductions pending	Temporary differences	Total deferred tax assets	Temporary liability differences
Spain	11,785	30,907	169,490	212,182	[132,145]
Europe	13	-	4,611	4,624	[609]
Asia, Middle East and Africa	1,584		2,006	3,590	[4,821]
America	-		35,983	35,983	[1,486]
Consolidation adjustments	-	24	8,850	8,874	[141,479]
Total	13,382	30,931	220,940	265,253	(280,540)

Set out below is the breakdown of deferred tax assets and liabilities by geography in 2024:

	Tax-loss carryforwards	Deductions pending	Temporary differences	Total deferred tax assets	Temporary liability differences
Spain	9,303	47,073	114,771	171,147	[38,154]
Europe	215	-	2,716	2,930	[114]
Asia, Middle East and Africa	1,883	-	1,961	3,843	[3,643]
America	-	-	39,878	39,878	[2,145]
Consolidation adjustments	-	[132]	9,898	9,766	[83,279]
Total	11,400	46,941	169,224	227,563	(127,334)

Deferred tax assets

Set out below is an analysis of deferred tax assets:

Thousand euro

	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope change	Transfer to held for sale	Change in rates	Currency translation differences	Generated	Reversals	Other changes	Balance at 31.12.2025
Deferred tax assets	227,563	61,145	2,801	[4,737]	[1,338]	58,108	[78,363]	74	265,253

Thousand euro

	Balance at 31.12.2023	Scope change	Transfer to held for sale	Change in rates	Currency translation differences	Generated	Reversals	Other changes	Balance at 31.12.2024
Deferred tax assets	244,014	7,054	[7,673]	9,363	[4,732]	49,359	[73,626]	3,804	227,563

The recovery of deferred tax asset balances is dependent on obtaining sufficient future taxable profits. The parent company's Directors consider that the forecast future earnings of the various Indra Group companies will be sufficient to recover these assets.

A breakdown of this heading in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

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Item	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Appropriations and applications of provisions	61,111	60,300
Goodwill amortisation	19,345	12,783
Excess fixed asset amortisation	977	12,295
Tax-loss carryforwards and deductions	46,971	61,860
Effects of transition to IFRS 9, 15 and 16	6,081	7,835
Loss-making permanent establishments	20,891	19,429
Other	109,877	53,061
Deferred tax assets	265,253	227,563

The heading “Other” relates to tax differences to be amortised, mainly from international geographies.

The deferred tax assets of the Spanish companies with reversal periods estimated to exceed one year amount to €99,986 thousand at 31 December 2025 (€115,956 thousand at 31 December 2024).

Regarding the reasonableness of the amounts capitalised, the Group mainly analysed the estimated tax assessment base of the Spanish consolidated group by reference to Spanish tax legislation (in force in 2025), which limits the application of tax-loss carryforwards and tax credits each year, as well as the applicable 15% minimum taxation (Law 22/2021 of 28 December). For the following years, the forecast growth of the CGUs was considered, taking account of temporary differences. It was concluded from this analysis that the Group will have recovered all the capitalised tax-loss carryforwards and tax credits by 2026.

The recovery of tax credits generated before each company joined the tax group is also assessed.

Current tax assets

The asset for current corporate income tax at 31 December 2025 and 2024 breaks down as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Prior-year corporate income tax refundable	23,507	8,789
Current-year corporate income tax refundable	69,336	22,454
Receivable outstanding under RD 3/2016	23,381	34,345
Total	116,224	65,588

Deferred tax liabilities

The parent company has not recognised the deferred tax liability associated with the retained earnings of subsidiaries in which the control it exercises enables it to manage the timing of the reversal of temporary differences, and it is estimated that they are unlikely to reverse in the near future.

Movements in deferred tax liabilities in 2025 and 2024 break down as follows

	Miles de euros						
	Balance at 31.12.2024	Scope Change	Transfer to held for sale	Currency translation differences	Generated	Reversals	Saldo al 31.12.2025
Deferred tax liabilities	127,334	43,811	(3,928)	(247)	132,188	(19,338)	280,540

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Miles de euros

	Balance at 31.12.2022	Scope Change	Transfer to held for sale	Currency translation differences	Generated	Reversals	Other changes	Saldo al 31.12.2025
Deferred tax liabilities	130,045	4,564	[2,885]	[160]	18,404	[18,576]	[4,058]	127,334

The breakdown of this heading in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

Item	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Finance lease transactions	-	174
Non-exempt capital gains	1,051	1,073
Portfolio provisions	41,434	49,554
Goodwil amortisation	170,078	67,336
Other	67,977	9,197
Deferred tax liabilities	280,540	127,334

Within the 'Others' caption referred to in the table above, the main item corresponds to the liability arising from the remeasurement of the value of ITP Aereo, amounting to €59,730 thousand. Additionally, the tax effect of the assets identified in the Tecnocom Group's purchase price allocation process has been recognized amounting to €190 thousand, Paradigma for €3.419 thousand, North American Transmission and Distribution Group, Inc for €836 thousand, Sistemas Informáticos Abiertos, S.A.U. for €727 thousand, SmartPaper, S.P.A for €1.738 thousand, Consultoría Organizacional, S.A.S. for €107 thousand, Net Studio, S.P.A. for €56 thousand, Flat 101, S.L.U. for €266 thousand, NAE Comunicaciones, S.L.U. for €1.035 thousand, Deuser Tech Group, S.L. for €27 thousand, Global Training Aviation, S.L. for €1,846 thousand, MQA Group for €3,942 thousand, Deimos Group for €2,401 thousand, Clue Group for €524 thousand and Tess Defence, S.A. for €16,000 thousand (note 5).

The heading "Portfolio provisions", includes the effect of the Constitutional Court Judgement of 19 December declaring RDL 3 of 2 December 2016 to be unconstitutional.

No material reversals of deferred tax liabilities are expected in less than one year.

No deferred tax liabilities is recognised for retained earnings of foreign subsidiaries since the Group is able to control the timing of reversal of these temporary differences and they are unlikely to reverse in the foreseeable future. Temporary differences that arise in relation to ownership interests in associates are immaterial to the Group.

Current tax liabilities

Current corporate income tax liabilities at 31 December 2025 and 2024 break down as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Prior-year corporate income tax	1,408	950
Current-year corporate income tax	16,271	13,963
Corporate income tax paid abroad	7,572	6,983
Total	25,251	21,896

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Corporate income tax expense

Due to the different treatment permitted under tax legislation for certain transactions, the accounting results differ from the tax base. The following breakdown includes a reconciliation between the Group companies results for accounting and tax purposes, as well as the calculation of corporate income tax expense at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

Taxes	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
A.- Reported results for the year (before taxes)	586,271	386,261
Adjustments to reported results:		
- Other positive differences	242,713	250,023
- Other negative differences	(201,833)	(188,735)
Total adjustments to reported results	40,880	61,288
B.- Adjusted reported results	627,151	447,549
Temporary differences:		
- Positive current year	127,817	163,425
- Positive prior years	42,312	39,604
- Negative current year	(1,588)	(9,774)
- Negative prior years	(128,163)	(98,491)
Total Temporary differences	40,379	94,763
C.- Tax base	667,530	542,313
D.- Tax-loss carryforwards	(38,246)	(58,628)
E.- Adjusted tax base	629,285	483,685
Tax payable	163,788	124,692
Tax credits:		
- For international double taxation	(2,979)	(4,737)
- For R&D&i and other investments	(16,701)	(5,656)
F.- Tax credit for tax-loss carryforwards (applied) capitalised	(23,483)	(22,924)
G.- Foreign regional taxation	341	640
H.- Total tax payable	116,466	92,015
Payments and withholdings on account	102,848	85,623
Total payable / (refundable)	13,618	6,392
I.- Deferred tax assets for the year	(33,242)	(42,243)
J.- Recovery of deferred tax assets	32,989	25,833
K.- Deferred tax liabilities for the year	303	707
L.- Recovery of deferred tax liabilities	(10,144)	(9,902)
Accrued corporate income tax (H+I+J+K+L)	106,372	66,411
Corporate income tax paid abroad	18,578	15,220
Prior-year corporate income tax	(1,101)	1,043
Corporate income tax due to different tax rates	-	-
Deductions recognised as assets	23,443	23,307
M.- Corporate income tax for the year	147,293	105,981
Profit/(loss) for the year after tax (A-M)	438,978	280,280

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The reconciliation between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate borne by the Group is detailed below:

	2025	
	Thousand euro	%
- Consolidated profit/(loss) before tax	586,271	
- Tax calculated at the tax rate applicable in Spain	146,568	25.00%
- Effect of permanent differences	10,220	1.74%
- Effect of deductions	(19,680)	(3.36)%
- Effect of other adjustments to prior-year income tax	(1,101)	(0.62)%
- Effect of tax credit for tax-loss carryforwards	(9,561)	(1.63)%
- Income tax paid abroad	18,578	3.22%
- Effect of different tax rates	2,268	0.37%
Total	147,293	24.72%

	2024	
	Thousand euro	%
- Consolidated profit/(loss) before tax	386,260	
- Tax calculated at the tax rate applicable in Spain	96,565	25.00%
- Effect of permanent differences	15,322	3.97%
- Effect of deductions	(10,393)	(2.69)%
- Effect of other adjustments to prior-year income tax	1,043	0.27%
- Effect of tax credit for tax-loss carryforwards	(14,657)	(3.79)%
- Income tax paid abroad	15,861	4.11%
- Effect of different tax rates	2,241	0.58%
Total	105,981	27.45%

There were no significant changes to tax rates in the Group's main geographies during 2025 and 2024. The Group's weighted average tax rate is currently 25,8% (25,9% in 2024).

Tax credits/deductions

A breakdown of tax credits generated by investments, training and exports and carried as assets at 31 December 2025 is as follows:

Tax credits for investments and other	
Years	2025
2017 and previous years	1,064
2018	50
2019	2,767
2022	582
2023	8,546
2024	13,320
2025	1,474
Total	27,803

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A breakdowns of tax deductions generated mainly by investments (R&D) and pending recognition as assets at 31 December 2025 is as follows:

Tax credits for investments and other	
Years	2025
2017 and previous years	13,824
2018	1,065
2019	140
2020	15
2023	139
Total	15,183

Tax-loss carryforwards

Set out below is a breakdown of tax credits for tax-loss carryforwards recognised at 31 December 2025:

Tax losses available for offset	
Years	2025
2017 and previous years	20,462
2018	10,066
2021	2,333
2022	1,159
2023	1,323
2024	4,861
2025	5,638
Total	45,841

The Spanish tax group has generated the majority of these tax credits for the Group, and there is no limit on application.

Tax-loss carryforwards pending offset but not capitalised because the Group considers that they are unlikely to be recovered in a period of less than 10 years break down as follows at 31 December 2025:

(Miles de Euros)	
Tax losses available for offset	
Years	2025
2017 and previous years	268,039
2018	2,332
2019	7,635
2020	3,148
2021	6,293
2022	2,464
2023	7,581
2024	26,780
2025	17,466
Total	341,738

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The majority of these tax losses have been generated by Indra Brasil Solucoes e Servicos Tecnologicos, S.A, the tax group in Spain, and Minsait ACS.

The expiration period for the tax-loss carryforwards pending offset for 2025 which have not been recognised as assets is as follows:

Years	Thousand euro
2026	2,465
2027	1,585
2028	1,038
2029	4,230
2030	771
After 2030	8,019
No limit	323,630
Total	341,738

Pursuant to Additional Provision Nine of Royal Decree-Law 11/2020 of 31 March and Additional Provision One of Royal Decree-Law 15/2020 of 21 April, the period 14 March to 30 May will not count for the purposes of limitation periods laid down in General Tax Act 58/2003 of 17 December, so the customary limitation periods are extended by an additional 78 days.

Disputed tax inspections

Inspection from 2011 to 2014

On 21 December 2015, the Group was notified of the start of tax inspection proceedings in Spain for the following taxes and years:

Item	Periods
Corporate income tax	2011 to 2014
Value added tax	2012 to 2014
Withholdings on account. Non-resident income tax	2012 to 2014
Annual statement of transactions	2012 to 2014

The inspection was completed in 2018. The final tax assessments arising from the contested assessments of both value added tax and corporate income tax were appealed to the Central Economic Administrative Court (TEAC). The potential contingent liability, including tax payable and interest, amounted to €9,004 thousand for corporate income tax and €572 thousand for value added tax.

As a result of the contested tax assessments, two penalties were imposed for a total of €12,625 thousand, which were also appealed to the TEAC.

On 31 May 2021, a Resolution was issued in which the value added tax appeal was partially upheld, annulling the tax assessment and the penalty. The tax authorities, in accordance with the Resolution, issued a new assessment (without a penalty) reducing the original amount and demanding €275 thousand. The parent company did not agree with this assessment and lodged an economic-administrative claim at the TEAC. A ruling partially upholding the claim was received in 2023 and appealed through the National High Court's Contentious-Administrative Division. This appeal is pending judgement at the issuance date of these annual accounts.

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On 7 March 2022, notification was received of the Resolution, which partially upholds the economic-administrative claim for corporate income tax, annulling both the assessment and the penalty in a joined decision. However, the Group did not agree with the content of the Resolution and filed a contentious-administrative appeal at the National High Court within the stipulated two-month period. The appeal is pending judgement.

On 22 July 2022, a new assessment was received, as ruled by the TEAC, reducing the amount of principal and interest to €6,918 thousand and also reducing the penalty to €7,461 thousand. This final tax assessment was also appealed to the TEAC during the year. On 5 January 2023, a Resolution was issued partially upholding the appeal (in respect of the interest) and confirming the other items. This Resolution was appealed to the National High Court to be joined to the contentious-administrative appeal previously lodged against the original assessments that were annulled. The proceedings have been joined, so they are all pending a National High Court judgement. The amounts of the new assessments have been paid, despite having been appealed.

The Group has not made provision for any additional amount arising from this inspection proceeding because it believes, together with its tax advisors, that the risk of failure is low.

Inspection from 2015 to 2018

On 1 June 2020, Indra Sistemas, S.A., as the parent company of the income tax consolidated group, received notification of the start of a general tax inspection in Spain. On 4 June 2020, the proceedings were extended to the companies Indra BPO Servicios, S.L. and Indra Software Labs, S.L. (in this case, by notifying the companies beneficiaries of the company of Indra Sistemas Tecnologías de la Información, S.L.U. and Indra Producción Software, S.L.).

The inspection referred to the following taxes and periods:

Item	Periods
Tax group's corporate income tax	2015 to 2018
Value added tax	May 2016 to December 2018
Withholdings on account. Non-resident income tax	May 2016 to December 2018

The inspection proceedings ended on 31 May 2022 when the following assessments were signed:

- Corporate income tax: (i) an agreed assessment (without a penalty) showing tax payable of €2,831 thousand in relation to transfer prices (which was paid during 2022); (ii) an accepted assessment, now final, showing tax payable of €155 thousand (paid during 2022); and (iii) a contested assessment showing tax payable of €2,295 thousand. Allegations were presented against the contested assessment and the Resolution of the Chief Inspector of the Tax Administration State Agency's Technical Office reduced the amount payable by €1,728 thousand, which was also paid in 2022 (avoiding the need to post a bond), even though the assessment was appealed to the TEAC. In February 2024, the TEAC's partially favourable ruling (triggered by the declaration of unconstitutionality of RDL 3/2016) was received, which annulled the principal and the penalty on joined basis. However, a contentious-administrative appeal was lodged at the National High Court in disagreement with the TEAC's ruling. Subsequently, the AEAT issued a new decision to enforce that ruling, annulling the amount of interest payable, which gave rise to a refundable amount of €17,226 thousand that was paid to the Company in September 2024. Nonetheless, despite the refund, as Indra did not agree with this new assessment either, the decision was appealed to the TEAC. In December 2024, the TEAC issued an unfavourable resolution, which was subsequently appealed before the National High Court, where the case remains pending judgment.

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- Value added tax: (i) an accepted assessment, now final, showing tax payable of €4 thousand (which was paid in 2022); and (ii) a contested assessment showing no tax payable but against which allegations were presented. The Resolution of the Chief Inspector of the Tax Administration State Agency's Technical Office increased the amount payable to €158 thousand, which was also paid, even though the assessment was also appealed to the TEAC. A partially favourable ruling was received in July 2024, but it was appealed in disagreement at the National Court on 30 July 2024. Subsequently, on 20 December 2024, the TEAC's decision enforcing the ruling was received. The enforcement decision will not be appealed, since the penalty not annulled by the TEAC is understood to have already been appealed to the National Court by means of the appeal filed in July 2024.
- Accepted penalties: In addition on 6 July 2022 the Company was notified of penalty proceedings arising from the accepted income tax and value added tax assessments, proposing penalties of €377 thousand and €11 thousand, respectively, which were paid during 2022.
- Contested penalties: Furthermore, on 14 November 2022 the Company was notified of penalty proceedings arising from the contested income tax and value added tax assessments, proposing penalties of €2,372 thousand and €1,607 thousand, respectively. Allegations were presented against the proposed penalties. In 2023, the Tax Agency gave notice of the resolution of both penalty proceedings. The corporate income tax penalty was confirmed and an economic-administrative claim was lodged at the Central Economic-Administrative Court. In February 2024, the TEAC's partially favourable ruling (triggered by the declaration of unconstitutionality of RDL 3/2016) was received, which annulled the principal and the penalty on joined basis. However, a contentious-administrative appeal was lodged at the National High Court in disagreement with the TEAC's ruling. Subsequently, the AEAT issued an enforcement decision reducing the penalty to €347 thousand. However, Indra did not agree with this decision either and appealed to the TEAC. In December 2024, the appeal was rejected by the TEAC and the ruling was appealed to the National High Court. The Company's allegations in relation to value added tax and the Tax Agency's ruling were partially upheld, the penalty having been considerably reduced to €83 thousand. Nonetheless, this ruling was also appealed at the Central Economic-Administrative Court. A partially favourable ruling was received in July 2024, but it was appealed in disagreement at the National Court on 30 July 2024. Subsequently, on 20 December 2024, the TEAC's decision enforcing the ruling was received. The enforcement decision has not be appealed, since the penalty not annulled by the TEAC is understood to have already been appealed to the National Court by means of the appeal filed in July 2024.

The Group has not made provision for any additional amount in dispute because it believes, together with its tax advisors, that the risk of failure is low.

Inspection from 2019 to 2022

On 3 July 2025, a notice of commencement of general tax audit proceedings in Spain was received, through notification to Indra Sistemas, S.A., in its capacity as the parent company of the Corporate Income Tax consolidation group and of the Value Added Tax (VAT) consolidation group. On 2 July 2025, a similar notice initiating audit proceedings, with the same scope, was also received for Indra Sistemas Tecnologías de la Información, S.L.U.

The audit covers the following taxes and periods:

Item	Periods
Tax group's corporate income tax	2019-2022
Value added tax (VAT)	June 2021 to December 2022
Withholdings on account. Non-resident income tax	June 2021 to December 2022

As at the date of preparation of these financial statements, the audit proceedings remain ongoing and are at the investigation phase.

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Years open to inspection

In accordance with current Spanish legislation, tax assessments may not be considered definitive until the returns filed have been inspected by the tax authorities or the four-year limitation period has ended.

At the close of the 2025 financial year, and with the exception of the matters referred to in relation to the new tax audit procedure, the Group remains subject to inspection for the last four financial years in respect of Corporate Income Tax, as well as for the other taxes applicable to it. The Group's Directors consider that these taxes were correctly assessed and therefore, even in the event of discrepancies relating to the tax treatment of transactions arising from the interpretation of prevailing legislation, any resulting liabilities would not have a material effect on the accompanying Consolidated Annual Accounts.

The main tax litigation is described below:

The Group has appealed various assessments raised by the tax authorities, which are provisioned, together with the applicable interest, under Provisions for liabilities and charges in balance sheet liabilities in the amount of €11,397 thousand in 2025 (€9,896 thousand in the previous year). The most relevant proceedings are described below:

- In 2010, a tax assessment was contested following the tax inspectorate's review of income tax credits for international double taxation for the periods 2004 to 2007. The tax liability amounted to €4,493 thousand (€3,806 thousand in tax payable and €687 thousand in interest). The Company filed an appeal against the tax assessment (currently pending before the National High Court) and recognised a provision in the amount of €3,806 million under the heading Provision for Risks and Charges within liabilities on the balance sheet (see Note 20). As a result of this tax audit, a Mutual Agreement Procedure (MAP) was initiated between the Spanish and German tax authorities. During the financial year, the Company was notified of a proposed agreement under said MAP, which was partially resolved in favour of the Spanish tax authorities (consisting of a partial refund of the disputed amount by the German tax authorities), and which was accepted by the Company. Consequently, the Company withdrew from the proceedings that were suspended before the National High Court. As at the date of preparation of these financial statements, neither the refund agreement from the German tax authorities nor the tax settlement agreement from the Spanish tax authorities, which had been on hold, has yet been received.
- The Company maintain a provision of €2,200 thousand to cover the risk of litigation as a result of the inspection of the branch in Algeria for 2018 and 2019. Although the amounts assessed have been paid, both tax assessments have been challenged through administrative appeals and are currently pending resolution.

The amounts figuring in Note 24, which which the Group estimates as possible and which therefore are not provisioned, include the following tax proceedings (with the exception described in the first proceeding):

- Tax proceedings against Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos Ltda. in relation to tax withheld at source (IRRF)

In 2010, the company Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos Ltda. received a settlement from the Brazilian tax administration, the main value of which amounted to €13,720 thousand for company tax (IRPJ), social contribution on net profit (CSLL) and tax withheld at source (IRRF).

The amounts payable for IRPJ and CSLL, totalling €3,591 thousand, have either been settled or are being settled through payments in instalments at the date these annual accounts are authorised for issue.

With regard to the IRRF, Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos Ltda. challenged the tax assessment in the administrative proceedings, obtaining an unfavourable resolution. This administrative decision was subsequently appealed before the courts. In 2022, an unfavourable judgment was issued at first instance. That judgment was appealed to the second instance, where the case remains pending resolution as of the date of preparation of these Annual Accounts. The updated value of the dispute as of 31 December 2025 amounts to 102,399 thousand Brazilian reais, which, at the year-end euro exchange rate, represents EUR 15,909 thousand.

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Balances receivable from and payable to Public Administrations

Balance receivable from Public Administrations are as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Taxes refundable:		
Value added tax	120,252	35,106
Other taxes	8,449	7,781
Subtotal	128,701	42,887
Government grants	4,151	3,107
Social Security contributions refundable	4,481	2,999
Total (note 15)	137,333	48,993

Balance payable from Public Administrations are as follows:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Taxes payable		
Value added tax	157,258	92,570
PTI withholdings	52,396	45,362
Other taxes	6,724	5,712
Subtotal	216,378	143,644
Reimbursable government grants	75	39
Social Security contributions payable	59,880	56,081
Total (note 25)	276,333	199,764

36. Financial risk management and hedging policies

36. Financial risk management and hedging policies

Financial risk factors

The Group's activities are exposed to various financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and capital management risk. The risk management model attempts to minimise the potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Financial risk management is controlled by the Group's Finance and Control Departments. Internal regulations provide written policies for overall risk management and for specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk.

To better manage the risks mentioned above, the Group maintains, in all significant respects, an effective internal control system over financial reporting.

a. Market risk

I. Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency transactions. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities not denominated in each company's functional currency.

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In order to mitigate the impact of exchange rate differences in foreign currencies on projects carried out by the Group in currencies other than those of the country of origin, hedging operations (mainly forward currency purchase or sale contracts) are arranged with financial institutions. Indra analyses the foreign exchange risk when signing off on each project and arranges the appropriate hedges (mainly exchange rate insurance) so that future profits cannot be significantly affected by fluctuations in the exchange rate with respect to the respective functional currencies of each subsidiary.

In other words, the Group's foreign exchange risk management policy, in general terms, is to cover 100% of the net exposure from transactions in currency other than each company's functional currency. Hedging instruments are not used in transactions involving immaterial amounts, when there is no active hedge market, as is the case in some non-convertible currencies, and when there are other compensation mechanisms for currency fluctuations available to the customer or supplier.

In addition, the profits generated in subsidiaries whose income and expenses are denominated in a functional currency other than the euro may undergo upward or downward changes when they are consolidated into the Group's accounts, denominated in euros. The Group's significant geographical diversification partly mitigates this risk. However, currency fluctuations, mainly in Latin American countries, given that this is the geographical area with the greatest relative importance in the Group's non-euro business, could have a significant impact on the Group's results. The balances (assets and liabilities) of foreign subsidiaries (not euros) in their own currency are not covered by any hedging instrument.

Appendix III details the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at 31 December 2025 and 2024. This Appendix reflects the carrying amount, in thousand euro, of the Group's financial instruments or classes of financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies.

To compare the gross exposure covered by hedging instruments, in accordance with Group policies the amounts relating to foreign subsidiaries are eliminated in their own currency.

The sensitivity analysis of exchange rate fluctuations of +/-10% for the main functional currencies (other than the euro) to which the parent company is exposed through its foreign subsidiaries is as follows:

Change in equity 2025		Change in equity 2024	
	Thousand euro	+10%	Thousand euro
Saudi riyal	2,713	Saudi riyal	2,201
Mexican peso	4,643	Mexican peso	4,309
Chilean peso	6,613	Chilean peso	5,417
Brazilian real	2,657	Brazilian real	2,572
Colombian peso	7,391	Colombian peso	6,349
American Dolar	9,948	American Dolar	10,273

Change in results 2025		Change in results 2024	
	Thousand euro	+10%	Thousand euro
Saudi riyal	250	Saudi riyal	864
Mexican peso	(38)	Mexican peso	515
Chilean peso	1,393	Chilean peso	1,270
Brazilian real	(50)	Brazilian real	473
Colombian peso	1,465	Colombian peso	1,650
American Dolar	(2,341)	American Dolar	664

The exchange rates used in the analysis are the same rates employed for Group consolidation purposes.

Exposure to the US dollar is immaterial as it is hedged by financial instruments (Appendix III).

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II. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from exposure to movements in the yield curves of short-, medium- and long-term bank financing. The Group envisages the possibility of arranging financial instruments to manage these risks when conditions so advise.

The sensitivity of the Group's consolidated profits to changes in interest rates is as follows (thousand euro):

	2025		2024	
	Change in interest rates		Change in interest rates	
Effect on profit/(loss)	+0,5%	(0.5)%	+0,5%	(0.5)%
before tax	(1,719)	1,719	(241)	241

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate fluctuations, mainly on its long-term variable-rate bank loans.

The Company has entered into fixed-rate swap agreements with leading financial institutions.

b. Credit risk

Credit risk is the possibility of financial loss arising from the failure of contract counterparties to meet their obligations.

The Company has applied a model based on expected loss, in accordance with IFRS 9 (Note 4.i). In this model, the Group will account for the expected loss and the changes therein at each reporting date to reflect the changes in credit risk from the date of initial recognition. The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk since, on an individual basis, no customer exceeds 10% of revenue or 10% of the balance of trade receivables, unbilled receivables and contract assets.

There is a formal procedure implemented by the Company which excludes institutional debt, retention bonds, debts where the third party is a customer and a supplier and there is a sufficient amount for offset, debts where there is a document acknowledging the same and a commitment to pay by the customer, debts due to customer prepayments, and when there is evidence of a negotiation process from which an agreement allowing an imminent resolution is expected. All these items excluded from the 2025 calculation total € 38 million (€44 million in 2024).

Indra is exposed to credit risk to the extent customers do not meet their obligations. The credit quality of the Group's customer portfolio is excellent. Due to the nature of its business, Indra has business relations mainly with large business groups, governments and public and public-private entities that are less exposed to default risk. However, mainly in international sales, mechanisms such as irrevocable letters of credit and insurance coverage are used to ensure collection. The Group's exposure to credit risk is mainly attributable to debtors and accounts receivable, the amounts of which are reflected in the balance sheet less the related provisions for bad debts (Note 16). Group Management considers that the credit risk arising from accounts receivable is adequately covered by the existing bad debt provision. In addition, the Group calculates expected credit loss over the life of its trade receivables, finance lease receivables and amounts receivable from customers resulting from transactions under the scope of IFRS 15, as indicated in Note 4.i.

The approach followed by the Company to provision trade receivables is described below:

- Trade receivables that are past due for over one year are automatically provisioned unless the project leader provides evidence that the debt will be collected.
- In the case of insolvency proceedings and/or court claims, the debt is directly provisioned, irrespective of age.

The provisioned debt is written off where the customer or the project leader provides evidence of the asset's definitive impairment.

Besides the approach to individual debts (certain loss), a provision for expected loss must be recognised under IFRS 9.

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The accompanying tables reflect the ageing analysis of Trade and other receivables, calculated from the date of the payment obligation, at 31 December 2025 and 2024, but which are not impaired.

	2025 (Thousand)				Total
	Less than 3 months	More than 3 months and less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than 1 year	More than 1 year	
Trade and other receivables	330,861	51,819	160,606	41,701	584,987
Total assets	330,861	51,819	160,606	41,701	584,987

	2024 (Thousand)				Total
	Less than 3 months	More than 3 months and less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than 1 year	More than 1 year	
Trade and other receivables	256,000	41,875	49,119	44,476	391,470
Total assets	256,000	41,875	49,119	44,476	391,470

Impairment losses on these assets have been disclosed and explained in the relevant notes on financial assets [Note 16].

c. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk of difficulties arising in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled in cash or another financial asset. The objectives of liquidity risk management are to guarantee an adequate level of liquidity while minimising the opportunity cost, and to maintain a financial debt structure based on maturities and funding sources. In the short term, liquidity risk is mitigated by maintaining an adequate level of unconditionally available resources, including cash and short-term deposits, available credit lines and a portfolio of highly liquid assets.

The Indra Group's liquidity policy consists of arranging committed long-term credit facilities with banking institutions and current asset investments for an amount sufficient to cover forecast needs for a period based on the situation and expectations of debt and capital markets. These forecast requirements include maturities of borrowings. For further details of the characteristics and conditions of borrowings and financial derivatives [Notes 21 and 22]. The Group prepares cash flow forecasts to ensure that sufficient cash is available to meet operating requirements, while maintaining sufficient levels of availability in its undrawn loans.

At 31 December 2025 and 2024 the maturity of the Indra Group's debt is as follows:

	2025 (Thousand euro)					Total
	Less than 1 month	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	
Bank borrowings	14,525	15,382	265,046	1,072,297	124,927	1,492,177
Financial liabilities for bonds and debentures	-	30,790	60,174	-	-	90,964
Trade and other payables	242,271	246,923	711,614			1,200,808
Other financial liabilities	24,663	49,326	221,965	1,486,338	93,171	1,875,463
Total	281,459	342,421	1,258,799	2,558,635	218,098	4,659,412
Derivative financial instruments	[9]	58	5,843	7,268	-	13,160
Total	281,450	342,479	1,264,642	2,565,903	218,098	4,672,572

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	2024 (Thousand euro)					Total
	Less than 1 month	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	
Bank borrowings	69,922	46,158	69,458	251,815	1,067	438,420
Financial liabilities for bonds and debentures	-	798	-	90,294	-	91,092
Trade and other payables	197,000	260,836	412,693	-	-	870,529
Other financial liabilities	9,945	19,891	89,507	237,574	22,781	379,698
Total	276,867	327,683	571,658	579,683	23,848	1,779,739
Derivative financial instruments	-	981	13,195	4,002	-	18,178
Total	276,867	328,664	584,853	583,685	23,848	1,797,917

The heading “Trade and other payables” includes “Trade receivables” but excludes associates and “Advance payments from customers”.

The heading “Other financial liabilities” includes “Guarantees and deposits received”, “Fixed asset suppliers”, “Finance lease liabilities and other payables” (Note 22).

d. Capital management risk

The Group manages its capital with the aim of safeguarding the capacity to carry on operating as a going concern, so as to continue providing shareholder remuneration and benefiting other stakeholders, while maintaining an adequate capital structure.

The Group's capital structure comprises net debt and equity (Note 18). Net debt is calculated by subtracting the amount of the balance under “Cash and cash equivalents” from the consolidated statement of financial position balance “Non-current and current bank borrowings and debentures”.

The Group's leverage ratio is analysed below at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Cash and cash equivalents	976,192	555,147
Non-current bank borrowings and debentures	(1,197,224)	(343,176)
Current bank borrowings and debentures	(385,916)	(186,336)
Net financial debt	(606,949)	25,635
Equity	(1,992,762)	(1,314,707)
Leverage ratio	30 %	(2)%

In addition, the Group is exposed to a number of other risks which are described in the Management Report attached to these Consolidated Annual Accounts.

37. Foreign currency commitments

The Group has entered into forward currency purchase/sale contracts to hedge its open currency positions at 31 December 2025 (Note 4.w).

At 31 December 2025, the notional amount contracted in the relevant currencies and in euros is as follows:

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2025 Currency	Currency amount (thousand)			
	Short term		Long term	
	Purchase	Sale	Purchase	Sale
United Arab Emirates Dirham	2,034	41,441	-	30,909
Australian dollar	986	2,948	413	1,027
Brazilian real	546	13,021	-	22,174
Canadian dollar	187	10,165	-	708
Chilean peso	-	7,121,833	-	1,430,725
Chinese yuan	1,572	-	-	-
Colombian peso	2,166,682	129,368,971	31,308	1,923,301
Euro	5,075	47,634	-	19,345
Pound sterling	7,031	24,073	3,177	53,801
Kuwaiti dinar	-	4,657	-	1,485
Mexican peso	-	136,802	-	26,828
Malaysian ringgit	-	779	-	-
Norwegian krone	960	12,835	-	-
New Zealand dollar	-	4,451	-	-
Peruvian sol	-	13,193	-	2,495
Philippine peso	11,411	12,607	-	-
Polish zloty	-	56,657	-	196,499
Saudi riyal	1,116	80,412	-	32,078
Singapore dollar	340	190	-	-
Swiss franc	171	-	-	-
US dollar	41,688	94,336	16,578	86,293
Swedish krona	31,262	-	-	-
Renminbi	1,174	-	-	-
South African rand	-	4,338	-	-

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2025	Currency	Amount (thousand euro)			
		Short term		Long term	
		Purchase	Sale	Purchase	Sale
	United Arab Emirates Dirham	472	9,606	-	7,165
	Australian dollar	560	1,674	235	583
	Brazilian real	85	2,023	-	3,445
	Canadian dollar	116	6,314	-	440
	Chilean peso	-	6,726	-	1,351
	Chinese yuan	192	-	-	-
	Colombian peso	488	29,147	7	433
	Euro	5,075	47,634	-	19,345
	Pound sterling	8,057	27,588	3,641	61,656
	Kuwaiti dinar	-	12,896	-	4,113
	Mexican peso	-	6,478	-	1,270
	Malaysian ringgit	-	163	-	-
	Norwegian krone	81	1,083	-	-
	New Zealand dollar	-	2,182	-	-
	Peruvian sol	-	3,339	-	632
	Philippine peso	165	182	-	-
	Saudi riyal	253	18,254	-	7,282
	Singapore dollar	225	126	-	-
	Swiss franc	184	-	-	-
	US dollar	35,479	80,286	14,109	73,441
	Swedish krona	2,887	-	-	-
	Polish zloty	-	13,423	-	46,553
	Renminbi	143	-	-	-
	Polish zloty	-	223	-	-

At 31 December 2024, the notional amount contracted in the relevant currencies and in euros is as follows:

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2024 Currency	Currency amount (thousand)			
	Short term		Long term	
	Purchase	Sale	Purchase	Sale
United Arab Emirates Dirham	619	30,566	-	-
Australian dollar	934	3,531	878	2,201
Brazilian real	557	892	706	-
Canadian dollar	6,897	17,004	-	920
Chilean peso	-	7,645,205	-	5,405,470
Chinese yuan	2,321	-	-	-
Colombian peso	4,469,768	111,604,904	712,424	43,036,481
Euro	4,708	20,906	510	4,937
Pound sterling	3,219	16,428	4,622	6,904
Kuwaiti dinar	-	4,211	-	1,931
Mexican peso	18,208	137,673	-	1,089
Malaysian ringgit	-	6,470	-	-
Norwegian krone	10,738	-	3,698	-
New Zealand dollar	-	9,011	-	1,142
Peruvian sol	-	19,873	-	-
Philippine peso	-	7,950	-	-
Polish zloty	-	-	-	253,156
Saudi riyal	-	80,734	-	1,910
Singapore dollar	579	141	210	-
US dollar	29,141	100,224	10,032	80,958
Indian rupee	19,600	-	-	-

2024 Currency	Amount (thousand euro)			
	Short term		Long term	
	Purchase	Sale	Purchase	Sale
United Arab Emirates Dirham	163	8,037	-	-
Australian dollar	559	2,111	525	1,316
Brazilian real	87	139	110	-
Canadian dollar	4,631	11,418	-	618
Chilean peso	-	7,423	-	5,249
Chinese yuan	306	-	-	-
Colombian peso	977	24,386	156	9,403
Euro	4,708	20,906	510	4,937
Pound sterling	3,882	19,812	5,574	8,326
Kuwaiti dinar	-	13,190	-	6,050
Mexican peso	845	6,388	-	51
Malaysian ringgit	-	1,393	-	-
Norwegian krone	913	-	314	-
New Zealand dollar	-	4,869	-	617
Peruvian sol	-	5,092	-	-
Philippine peso	-	132	-	-
Saudi riyal	-	20,750	-	490
Singapore dollar	409	100	149	-
US dollar	28,049	96,472	9,656	77,927
Polish zloty	-	-	-	59,218
Indian rupee	221	-	-	-

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Set out below is a breakdown of average exchange rates under the derivatives contracted at 31 December 2025 and 2024 in each geography:

<u>Spain</u>	EUR/CURRENCY	
	2025	2024
AED	4.483	4.218
AUD	1.713	1.667
BRL	7.602	6.178
CAD	1.528	1.487
CHF	0.918	-
CLP	1,112.154	1,064.157
CNH	8.348	7.716
COP	4,916.219	4,965.640
GBP	0.886	0.881
INR	-	91.370
KWD	0.364	0.358
MXN	22.608	21.310
MYR	5.064	5.050
NOK	12.198	11.604
NZD	1.822	1.807
PEN	4.345	4.284
PHP	66.867	63.430
PLN	4.664	4.664
SAR	4.276	4.211
SEK	11.100	-
SGD	1.436	1.443
ZAR	21.432	-
USD	1.156	1.117
RMB	3.000	-
<u>Australia</u>	AUD/CURRENCY	
	2025	2024
NOK	-	0.535
USD	1.523	1.390
EUR	1.879	0.144
<u>Mexico</u>	MXN/CURRENCY	
	2025	2024
EUR	0.044	0.048
USD	0.052	0.051
<u>Norway</u>	NOK/CURRENCY	
	2025	2024
AED	0.087	0.336
CAD	0.098	0.127
EUR	0.102	0.085
GBP	0.096	0.072
JPY	0.216	-
SGD	0.083	0.119
USD	0.102	0.094

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At 31 December 2025 and 2024, variation in the valuation of exchange rate hedges was as follows:

	Thousand euro							
	2025				2024			
	Short term		Long term		Short term		Long term	
	Sales	Purchases	Sales	Purchases	Sales	Purchases	Sales	Purchases
Foreign exchange hedges								
Cash flow hedges	6,198	(2,568)	3,532	(1,105)	8,330	(2,409)	3,652	(157)
Total	6,198	(2,568)	3,532	(1,105)	8,330	(2,409)	(587)	(157)

	Thousand euro							
	2025				2024			
	Short term		Long term		Short term		Long term	
	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability
Trade receivable hedges	7,885	(5,892)	19,069	(7,268)	3,530	(14,176)	868	(4,002)
Total	7,885	(5,892)	19,069	(7,268)	3,530	(14,176)	(587)	(4,002)

Information on foreign exchange cash flow hedges is as follows:

- The gross amount reclassified from equity to the consolidated income statement was a loss of €508 thousand (loss of €987 thousand in 2024).
- Extension expenses (recognised ineffectiveness) amount to €2,710 thousand in 2025 (€1,354 thousand in the previous year) and are recognised under “Financial income/(expense)” in the consolidated income statement.

The fair value of the above-mentioned contracts in force at 31 December 2025 and 2024 breaks down as follows:

Foreign exchange risk hedges for financial assets	Thousand euro	
	Exports	Imports
Short term	254,975	53,883
Long term	214,131	17,485
Total 2025	469,107	71,368

Foreign exchange risk hedges for financial assets	Thousand euro	
	Exports	Imports
Short term	241,743	45,561
Long term	164,892	16,325
Total 2024	406,635	61,886

Interest Rate Swaps

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates, mainly in connection with its long-term bank borrowings at variable interest rates.

The Company has entered into fixed-rate swap agreements with leading financial institutions.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps is determined based on the market values of equivalent derivative financial instruments at the balance sheet date. All interest rate swaps qualify as effective cash flow hedges.

As of 31 December 2025, the valuation of the interest rate hedges is as follows:

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	Thousand euro			
	2025			
	Short term		Long term	
	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability
Interest rate hedge				
Cash flow hedges	-	-	1,822	-
Total	-	-	1,822	-

The interest rate hedges contracted consist of financial swaps that fix the interest rate on three long-term variable-rate loans arranged with several financial institutions. The settlement dates of the swaps and the interest payment dates of the loans coincide and occur on a quarterly basis.

The details of the swaps are as follows:

Thousand euro			
2025			
Hedged notional amount	Fixed rate Average swap rate	Final Maturity	Flotating rate exchanged
330,000	2.17%	2029-2030	3-month Euribor

38. Board of Directors and senior management remuneration

a. Directors' remuneration

I. Remuneration for membership of administrative bodies

The remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors in their capacity as such consists of a fixed allowance which accrues based on their membership of administrative bodies and is fully paid in cash.

This remuneration is designed to reflect the responsibility and dedication required, following the best practices and recommendations contained in the Remuneration Policy for the period 2024-2026, in force from 30 June 2023, when it was approved by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting, until 31 December 2026, it was subsequently amended by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meetings held on June 27, 2024, and June 26, 2025.

The annual amounts applicable for 2025 and 2024 are as follows: €80 thousand for membership of the Board; €40 thousand for membership of the Auditing and Compliance Committee ("ACC"); €24 thousand for membership of the Executive Delegate Committee ("EDC"); €24 thousand for membership of the Sustainability Committee ("SUSC"); €24 thousand for membership of the Strategy Committee ("SC"), €24 thousand for membership of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee ("ACGC") and €24 thousand for membership of the Remuneration Committee ("RC").

With regard to the ACGC and RC, in June 2025, the Board of Directors, following a favourable report from the ACGC, esolved to merge both committees into a single committee, the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee ("ARCGC"), and set the annual gross remuneration of its members at €24 thousand.

The chairs of each committee receive 1.5 times the above amounts.

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Additionally, in July 2025 the Board of Directors approved the creation of an Ad Hoc Committee to oversee compliance with the rules applicable to the proper management of conflicts of interest and to ensure the Company's good corporate governance in the context of the analysis of a potential integration transaction between Indra Group and Escribano Mechanical and Engineering, S.L.U. ("EM&E"). The committee was composed exclusively of independent directors. In view of the responsibility and the significant workload expected to be undertaken by this committee, the Board of Directors resolved to set the remuneration of its members at €24 thousand and 1.5 times that amount for its Chair, irrespective of the period during which the committee remains active.

The Board members weighted average remuneration totalled €161 thousand in 2025.

With regard to the Chairmanship of the Board of Directors, Mr. Marc Thomas Murtra Millar tendered his resignation as Executive Chairman of the Company, and as Chair of the Strategy Committee and the Executive Delegated Committee, effective January 19, 2025. He received the remuneration corresponding to the performance of his non-executive duties up to that date, in accordance with the Remuneration Policy in force during the relevant period.

In order to ensure an orderly transition in the Company's executive chairmanship, on the same date the Board of Directors, following reports issued by the ACGC and the CC, resolved to appoint Mr. Ángel Escribano Ruiz as Executive Chairman, granting him the same executive powers in the corporate and institutional spheres that Mr. Murtra had held, in addition to those inherent to his position as Chair of the Board of Directors, as well as the same remuneration terms.

In accordance with the Directors' Remuneration Policy for the 2024–2026 period, the latest update of which was approved at the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on June 26, 2025, the Executive Chairman receives, on the one hand, fixed remuneration only, amounting on an annual basis to €275 thousand for the performance of his executive duties; and, on the other hand, in view of the special dedication required for the performance of the duties inherent to the position of Chair of the Board of Directors, fixed annual gross remuneration of €275 thousand for his non-executive functions. This amount includes the remuneration corresponding to his membership on the Board (€80 thousand), to which must be added the remuneration corresponding to his position as Chair of the SC (€36 thousand) and as Chair of the EDC (€36 thousand).

Given that Mr. Escribano's appointment took effect on January 19, 2025, the remuneration received for his non-executive duties (including his chairmanship of the SC and the EDC) in 2025 amounted to €330 thousand.

In view of the special dedication required of the office of Lead Independent Director, this position receives an annual fixed remuneration of €30 thousand.

The total remuneration accrued to each parent company director in 2025 and 2024 for membership of the administrative bodies breaks down as follows:

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DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (€) 2025											
DIRECTOR	ASIGNACIÓN FIJA										
	BOARD	AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE	APPOINTMENTS, REMUNERATION, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE	APPOINTMENTS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE	REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE	STRATEGY COMMITTEE	EXECUTIVE DELEGATE COMMITTEE	AD HOC COMMITTEE	LEAD INDEP. DIRECTOR	TOTAL
LUIS ABRIL [1]	40,000										40,000
BELÉN AMATRIAIN [2]	80,000	40,000		12,000		36,000	12,000	12,000	15,000		207,000
JOKIN APERRIBAY [3]	80,000			12,000			12,000	24,000			128,000
VIRGINIA ARCE [4]	80,000	30,000	12,000		12,000		12,000			30,000	176,000
COLOMA ARMERO [5]	73,333	33,333					22,000				128,666
ANTONIO CUEVAS [6]	80,000		12,000	12,000			24,000	24,000			152,000
JOSÉ VICENTE DE LOS MOZOS	80,000							24,000			104,000
JAVIER ESCRIBANO [7]	80,000	20,000	12,000		12,000						124,000
FRANCISCO GARCÍA [8]	40,000							12,000			52,000
EVA FERNÁNDEZ [9]	40,000	30,000	12,000						10,000		92,000
PABLO JIMÉNEZ DE PARGA [10]	80,000	20,000						24,000			124,000
JUAN MOSCOSO DEL PRADO [11]	80,000	40,000	12,000		12,000						144,000
JOSEP ORIOL PIÑA [12]	40,000					12,000	12,000		10,000		74,000
ANGEL ESCRIBANO [13]	261,641						34,251	34,251			330,143
OLGA SAN JACINTO [14]	73,333		10,000	18,000	12,000	22,000	22,000				157,333
ÁNGELES SANTAMARÍA [15]	41,973	20,986				12,591		12,592			88,142
MIGUEL SEBASTIÁN [16]	80,000	40,000				24,000	12,000				156,000
BERNARDO VILLAZÁN [17]	80,000	20,000	18,000	12,000	18,000		12,000	24,000	1,447		185,447
TERESA BUSTO [18]	20,000		2,000				2,000				24,000
ARANCHA DÍAZ-LLADÓ	6,666	3,333				2,000					11,999
MARC MURTRA [20]	14,101						1,846	1,846			17,793
TOTAL	1,451,047	297,652	90,000	66,000	66,000	108,592	178,097	192,689	36,447	30,000	2,516,524
Weighted average remuneration (15,7 members)											160,629

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[1] In May 2025, an agreement was reached with Mr. Abril whereby his re-election would not be submitted to the next Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting, and the executive services agreement that bound him to the Company was terminated on June 25, 2025; [2] until June 2025, member of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee and member of the Strategy Committee; from July 2025, member of the Executive Delegated Committee and from August 2025, chair of the Ad Hoc Committee; [3] until June 2025 member of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee and from July 2025, member of the Strategy Committee; [4] until June 2025, member of the Remuneration Committee and chair of the Audit and Compliance Committee; and from July 2025, member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee and member of the Strategy Committee; [5] until June 2025, member of the Audit and Compliance Committee; from July 22, 2025, member of the Audit and Compliance Committee; and until November 2025, director, member of the Audit and Compliance Committee and member of the Strategy Committee; [6] until June 2025, member of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee and from July 2025, member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee, ; [7] until June 2025, member of the Remuneration Committee and member of the Audit and Compliance Committee; and from July 2025, member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee; [8] director and member of the Executive Delegated Committee until June 2025; [9] director, chair of the Audit and Compliance Committee, member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee from June 26, 2025, and from August 2025, member of the Ad Hoc Committee; [10] from July 2025, member of the Audit and Compliance Committee; [11] until June 2025, member of the Remuneration Committee and from July 2025, member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee; [12] director, member of the Sustainability Committee, member of the Strategy Committee from July 2025, and from August 2025, member of the Ad Hoc Committee; [13] Executive Chairman, chair of the Strategy Committee and chair of the Executive Delegated Committee from January 19, 2025; [14] until June 2025 chair of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee and member of the Remuneration Committee; from July 2025, member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee; and until November 2025, director, member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee, member of the Sustainability Committee and member of the Strategy Committee; [15] director, member of the Audit and Compliance Committee, member of the Sustainability Committee and member of the Executive Delegated Committee until July 9, 2025; [16] from July 2025, member of the Strategy Committee; [17] until June 2025, member of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee, chair of the Remuneration Committee and member of the Strategy Committee; from July 2025, chair of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee and member of the Audit and Compliance Committee; and in August, member of the Ad Hoc Committee; [18] director from September 30, 2025, and from December 2025, member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee and member of the Strategy Committee; [19] director from November 28, 2025, and from December 2025, member of the Audit and Compliance Committee and member of the Sustainability Committee; and [20] Executive Chairman, chair of the Strategy Committee and chair of the Executive Delegated Committee until January 19, 2025.

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DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (€) 2024										
DIRECTOR	FIXED ALLOWANCE									
	BOARD	AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE	APPOINTMENTS, REMUNERATION AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE	APPOINTMENTS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE	REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE	STRATEGY COMMITTEE	EXECUTIVE DELEGATE COMMITTEE	LEAD INDEP. DIRECTOR	TOTAL
LUIS ABRIL	80,000									80,000
BELÉN AMATRIAIN (1)	80,000	40,000		4,000		36,000	4,000	20,000		184,000
JOKIN APERRIBAY (2)	80,000		20,000	4,000			20,000	4,000		128,000
VIRGINIA ARCE (3)	80,000	60,000	20,000		4,000			20,000	30,000	214,000
COLOMA ARMERO	80,000	40,000					24,000			144,000
ANTONIO CUEVAS (4)	80,000		20,000	4,000			4,000	24,000		132,000
JOSÉ VICENTE DE LOS MOZOS	80,000							24,000		104,000
ELENA GARCIA (5)	40,000					12,000				52,000
JAVIER ESCRIBANO (6)	40,000	6,667			4,000					50,667
F.J.GARCÍA (7)	80,000						20,000	4,000		104,000
PABLO JIMÉNEZ DE PARGA	80,000							24,000		104,000
JUAN MOSCOSO DEL PRADO (8)	80,000	40,000			4,000	20,000				144,000
MARC MURTRA (9)	353,571						36,000	36,000		425,571
OLGA SAN JACINTO (10)	80,000		30,000	6,000	4,000	24,000	4,000			148,000
ÁNGELES SANTAMARÍA (11)	80,000	6,667				24,000		24,000		134,667
MIGUEL SEBASTIÁN (12)	80,000	40,000				4,000	20,000			144,000
BERNARDO VILLAZÁN (13)	80,000		20,000	4,000	6,000		24,000	24,000		158,000
TOTAL	1,553,571	233,334	110,000	22,000	22,000	120,000	156,000	204,000	30,000	2,450,905
Weighted average remuneration (16 members)										153,182

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[1] Member of the Executive Delegate Committee to October 2024, and member of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee and Strategy Committee as from November 2024; [2] Member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee and Strategy Committee to October 2024, and member of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee and Executive Delegate Committee as from November 2024; [3] Member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee and Executive Delegate Committee to October 2024, and member of the Remuneration Committee as from November 2024; [4] Member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee to October 2024, and member of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee and Strategy Committee as from November 2024; [5] Board Director and member of the Sustainability Committee to June 2024; [6] Board Director as from June 2024, and member of the Auditing and Compliance Committee and Remuneration Committee as from November 2024; [7] Member of the Strategy Committee to October 2024 and member of the Executive Delegate Committee as from November 2024; [8] Member of the Sustainability Committee to October 2024 and member of the Remuneration Committee as from November 2024; [9] Chairman (Other External category) of the Board of Directors to April 2024 and, since May 2024, Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors, without any change to the annual remuneration he had been receiving as Chairman of the Board (€550 thousand), although 50% of this annual remuneration was allocated to his executive duties and the other 50% to his non-executive duties as Board Chair; [10] Chairwoman of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee to October 2024, and Chairwoman of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee and member of the Remuneration Committee and Strategy Committee as from November 2024; [11] Member of the Auditing and Compliance Committee as from October 2024; [12] Member of the Strategy Committee to October 2024 and member of the Sustainability Committee as from November 2024; and [13] Member of the Appointments, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee to October 2024, and Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and member of the Appointments and Corporate Governance Committee as from November 2024.

The difference between the amounts reflected in both financial years is due to changes in the composition of the Board of Directors and its committees.

Directors do not receive any benefits in kind as members of the administrative bodies.

In 2025 and 2024 no options on Company shares were granted to members of the Board of Directors, nor did they exercise any options on the parent company's shares during those years. The members of the Board of Directors did not hold any options to the parent company's shares at year-end 2025 or 2024.

The Directors did not receive any benefit or remuneration in 2025 or 2024 by reason of their membership of the administrative bodies other than those mentioned above, and neither the parent company nor any consolidated Group company has entered into any pension commitment or granted any loans or advances in their favour by reason of such membership.

II. Remuneration of Executive Directors for their management functions

Apart from the remuneration indicated in section I above, The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) additionally accrues the remuneration corresponding to his contractual relationship with the Company for the performance of his assigned executive duties, in accordance with the terms set out in the Directors' Remuneration Policy for the 2024–2026 period. His remuneration incorporates the same criteria and components as those applicable to the other senior executives of the Company and, for the sake of clarity, is therefore presented together with theirs in section b below.

For his part, the Executive Chairman receives, for the performance of his executive duties, fixed remuneration only, amounting on an annual basis to €275 thousand, in accordance with section 5 of the Directors' Remuneration Policy for the 2024–2026 period. Mr. Escribano received €262 thousand under this item for the period during which he held office in 2025. The former Executive Chairman, Mr. Murtra, received €14 thousand in 2025 under this same item for the corresponding period.

With regard to the former executive director and Chief Information Officer, Mr. Luis Abril, the Company reached an agreement with him under which his re-election as executive director would not be submitted to the 2025 Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting, and his executive services agreement with the Company was terminated effective June 25, 2025. Mr. Abril received €267 thousand in remuneration for the performance of his executive duties for the period up to that date.

b. Senior Management remuneration

1. Characteristics and components of the remuneration scheme

The remuneration of the Company's Senior Management personnel, comprising the Executive Directors and members of the Management Committee, is determined individually by the Board of Directors at the proposal of the ARCGC.

It is the Company's continued practice to establish the remuneration framework for its senior executives for three-year periods.

At the proposal of the ARCGC and of the Board of Directors, the General Shareholders' Meeting in June 2023 approved the Remuneration Policy for the period 2024–2026, which came into force on the date of its approval [30 June 2023].

This policy includes a remuneration scheme setting out the following items:

- Fixed remuneration (FR). It is received entirely in cash and remains unchanged for the three-year period, other than in exceptional cases where justified.
- Annual Variable Remuneration (AVR). It is determined by assessing target fulfilment. Seventy percent is received in cash and payment of the remaining 30% is received in full in Company shares, the number of which is determined, based on the average quoted price over the previous thirty calendar days, on the date of accrual of the AVR.

To determine the degree of achievement of each Senior Manager's targets, both the Company's global targets and individual quantitative and qualitative targets are weighted, referring to their respective areas of responsibility, by the corresponding metrics and achievement rates for each of them.

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- Medium-term Remuneration (MTR). It is arranged as a performance share plan or Medium-Term Incentive (MTI), with an initial grant of shares of which a percentage ranging from 0% to 125% may be delivered at maturity in 2026, this being the maximum payment coefficient approved for this incentive, calculated according to the level of fulfilment of the established targets.
- Benefits in kind. This includes three items: life insurance, health insurance and company car.

In addition, the CEO is the beneficiary of a Long-Term Savings Plan (PALP) structured through a defined-contribution fund externalized via an insurance policy.

The Long-Term Savings Plan is not a pension or retirement scheme, and receipt of the amount that the executive director accrues under the Plan is contingent. The time at which the director will have the right to receive the accumulated amount is set down in his/her contract for the provision of executive services.

The CEO will receive the amount accumulated in the Long-Term Savings Plan in the event that his contract is still in place when he reaches the age of 65, or the age agreed by the parties in the event of an agreed extension, regardless of whether or not he continues with the Company. It will be received either as capital, as a life annuity, or as a combination of both. The maximum amount receivable in this regard is limited to one year's total annualised target remuneration.

The Annual contributions are determined as a percentage of the Annualised Total Target Remuneration (ATTR, defined as the sum of Fixed Remuneration, Annual Annual Variable Remuneration and annualized Medium-Term Remuneration), which for the CEO amount to 15% of his ATTR.

With regard to the former executive director and Chief Information Officer, Mr. Abril, the accumulated balance in his PALP was reimbursed to the Company, since, as a result of the mutual termination of the executive services agreement that bound him to the Company, no rights were vested over the amounts accumulated therein, as he had not reached the age of 62 while linked to the Company.

Section B of the Annual Remuneration Report provides a detailed explanation of each of these remuneration components, including, in the case of variable remuneration, information on the objectives set for the Chief Executive Officer and the former executive director and IT managing Director, as well as on the procedure and methodology used to assess their achievement.

II. Amounts of remuneration

In 2025, the composition of senior management was as follows:

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		<u>Responsables de áreas y mercados</u>	
José Vicente de los Mozos	CEO	Borja Ochoa (i) (*)	<i>Defence & Security</i>
		Miguel Forteza Garau	<i>Chief Financial Officer</i>
		Antonio Mora	<i>Management Control</i>
		Raúl Ripio (*)	<i>Mobility & Technology</i>
Luis Abril (*)	Executive Director, IT Managing Director (to June 2025)	Javier Ruano (ii)	<i>ATM</i>
		Víctor Manuel Martínez (iii)	<i>ATM</i>
		Miguel Ángel Morell (ii)	<i>Chief Tech Officer</i>
		Manuel Escalante (iv)	<i>Chief Tech Officer</i>
		Sofía Collado (i)	<i>Chief Human Resources Officer</i>
		María del Carmen Moneva (v)	<i>Chief Human Resources Officer</i>
		David Santos	<i>Chief Legal Officer</i>
		Jesús Presa	<i>Chief Communications & Marketing Officer</i>
		Manuel Ausaverri	<i>Chief Strategy Officer</i>
		Laura Templado (iii)	<i>Director of Internal Auditing and Global Risk</i>
		Luis Fernández (vi) (*)	<i>Chief Executive Officer of Minsait</i>
		Sebastián Bamonde (vi) (*)	<i>Chief Operating Officer for Tech</i>
		Juan Pedro Rodríguez (vi) (*)	<i>International Managing Director</i>
		Ignacio Martínez (vi)	<i>Managing Director of IndraMind</i>
		Frank Torres (vii)	<i>Managing Director of Indra Land Vehicles and Chief Program Officer</i>

(i) To March 2025

(ii) To February 2025

(iii) As from February 2025

(iv) As from March 2025

(v) As from May 2025

(vi) As from June 2025

(vii) As from August 2025

(*) Messrs. Abril, Bamonde, Fernández, Ripio and Ochoa received their remuneration through Indra Soluciones TI, S.L., and Mr. Rodríguez until November 2025.

Set out below is a breakdown of Executive Directors' remuneration:

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(€ thousand)	Ángel Escribano		Marc Murtra		José Vicente de los Mozos		Luis Abril	
	Executive Chairman (as from January 2025)		Executive Chairman (To January 2025)		CEO		Executive Director, IT Managing Director (To June 2025)	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
FR	262 ⁽¹⁾	-	14 ⁽¹⁾	196	660	660	267 [4]	550
AVR	-	-	-	-	1,069	1,032	595	826
MTR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefits in kind	15	-	1	11	53	47	17	26
Sum	277	-	15	207	1,782	1,739	879	1,402
Other	-	-	1 [3]	-	-	-	2,662 [5]	-
PALP	-	-	-	-	396	396	-	110
TOTAL	277	-	16	207	2,178	2,135	3,541	1,512

[1] With regard the Executive Chairman's fixed remuneration, the amount stated accrued from 19 January until the end of the financial year for the performance of his executive duties.

[2] With regard to the fixed remuneration of the former Executive Chairman in 2025, it corresponds to the remuneration accrued up to 19 January 2025 for the performance of his executive duties, and in 2024 to the remuneration accrued from May to December 2024, taking into account that the assignment of executive duties was approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 30 April 2024.

[3] The amount corresponds to accrued and unused vacation days included in Mr. Murtra's severance payment (€1 thousand).

[4] The amount corresponds to the period between January 2025 and 25 June 2025, the date on which the termination of his executive services agreement became effective.

[5] The amount indicated includes the severance payment received by Mr. Abril upon the termination of his contractual relationship in June 2025 (€1.320 thousand). This box also includes the accrued compensation corresponding to the non-competition agreement entered into with the Company (€1.320 thousand), as well as accrued and unused vacation days included in his severance payment (€22 thousand).

The amounts pertaining to the other Senior Managers who are not Executive Directors are as follows:

(€ thousand)	2025 (1)	2024
FR	3,530	3,049
AVR	3,184 [2]	3,329
MTR	-	-
Benefits in kind	304	212
Sum	7,018	6,590
Other ⁽³⁾	302	381
PPALP	-	-
TOTAL	7,320	6,971

[1] Data refer to the senior and former senior executives who held such positions during the 2025 financial year.

[2] In 2025, the annual variable remuneration corresponding to former senior executives Ms. Collado and Messrs. Morell and Ochoa is not included, as they voluntarily left the Company before the end of the financial year

[3] In 2025, the amounts received by former senior executives Ms. Collado and Messrs. Morell and Ochoa are included in respect of accrued and unused vacation days included in their severance payments (€72 thousand); the second instalment of the bonus paid by the Company upon the hiring of senior executive Mr. Forteza in 2024 (€150 thousand); the bonus paid by the Company upon the hiring of senior executive Mr. Torres (€24 thousand); and the amount paid by the Company to senior executive Mr. Escalante as settlement of the proportional part of the non-competition compensation accrued until his reinstatement (€56 thousand).

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The figure for 2024 includes the amounts received by the former senior managers Ms. Fuentes and Mr. García-Alarcón in respect of accrued and unused vacation included in the settlements (€9 thousand); the extraordinary leaving bonus received by Ms. Fuentes in recognition of her professionalism and extraordinary performance in her post (€20 thousand); the amount received by the former senior manager Mr. de León upon termination of his employment relationship and the amount paid to him by the Company under the non-compete clause (€238 thousand); and the hiring bonus paid by the Company to the senior manager Mr. Forteza (€114 thousand).

The amounts of AVR included in the tables in this note follow the approach laid down by the accounting legislation applicable to the Company, and therefore take account of the amounts accrued in this respect during the year.

The amounts of contributions to the Long-Term Savings Plans are disclosed in this note following the criteria established by the accounting legislation applicable to the Company, although as noted, their receipt by the Executive Director is contingent. The total remuneration in the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration and the Annual Corporate Governance Report follows the approach set out in CNMV Circular 3/2021 of 28 September and therefore does not include the above-mentioned contributions, as they did not vest during the year.

As indicated, the MTI for the period 2024-2026 accrues at the end of the period, so no amount is included in 2025 in this respect.

In 2025 and 2024, no stock options were granted to Executive Directors or Senior Management personnel, nor did they exercise any options on the parent company's shares.

Executive Directors and Senior Management personnel did not receive any benefits, compensation or remuneration in 2025 or 2024 in addition to those indicated in this Note, and neither the parent company nor any of the Group companies have any pension commitments with them nor have they granted any loans or advances to them.

III. Contractual framework for executive directors and senior managers

The Executive Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer have a commercial relationship with the Company under contracts for services containing the terms and conditions applicable to their professional relationship with the Company and the clauses customarily included in contracts of this kind.

The contracts have an open-ended term.

The Executive Chairman's and Chief Executive Officer's contracts establish a three-month notice period in the event of unilateral termination by the Company. In the case of the Executive Chairman, compensation is set at an amount equivalent to the fixed remuneration he was receiving at the time of termination, in proportion to the unfulfilled notice period. In the case of the Chief Executive Officer, compensation is equivalent to the amount of his annualised ATTR corresponding to the unfulfilled notice period.

In the case of the Chief Executive Officer, if his contract is terminated for reasons not attributable to him (termination at the unilateral will of the Company or due to a material change in his duties or conditions of service), he shall be entitled to receive compensation equivalent to one year of his ATTR.

Furthermore, these contracts include a post-contractual non-compete clause for a period of one year following termination of their relationship with the Company, compensated in an amount equivalent to 0.75 times their ATTR, and also include "malus" and "clawback" clauses recognising the Company's right to reduce, cancel and/or claim reimbursement, within 24 months following payment or recognition, of any variable remuneration settled or recognised, should it be subsequently and objectively verified that it was calculated based on incorrect or inaccurate data.

The current Remuneration Policy describes the situations in which these clauses may be applicable.

In addition, as mentioned in point 2.1 above, the CEO is entitled to receive the balance accumulated in the Long-Term Savings Plan, in the event that his contract remains in force when he reaches 65 years of age, the maximum amount receivable is limited to one year's total annualised target remuneration.

The special features of the senior manager contracts at 31 December 2025 are described below:

- The contracts of three senior managers include a temporary indemnity right for an amount equivalent to between one and two years of their total annualised remuneration, which is extinguished either after a transitional period following their joining the Company, or when the compensation legally due to them exceeds the guaranteed minimum amount.

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- The contract of a senior manager, as is the case with the CEO, provides for a three-month notice period in the event of the termination of their professional relationship by the Company, which, if not observed, leads to the same compensation described previously.
- The contracts of nine Senior Managers include a non-compete agreement enforceable for a period of one year that stipulates compensation of 0.75x their fixed remuneration.

i. Other information

As required by Royal Decree 602/2016, it is stated that the amount paid as a premium for third-party liability insurance for Directors and Senior Managers by Indra Sistemas, S.A. and its subsidiaries during 2025 and 2024 amounted to €545 thousand and €412 thousand, respectively.

39. Information disclosed by the members of the Board of Directors in relation to Article 229 of the Spanish Companies Act

According to the information reported to the Secretary of the Board of Directors, the Company's Directors and persons related to them have not been and are not involved in any conflict of interest that would need to be reported under Article 229 of the Consolidated Text of the Spanish Companies Act.

40. R&D&i activities

Due to their nature, part of the Group's activities involve R&D&i expenses, which are recorded in the Consolidated Income Statement on an accrual basis (Note 4.d.ii).

The total expenditure on projects of this type carried out during 2025, including capitalised projects (Note 9), amounted to €144,804 thousand, equivalent to 2.7% of the Group's total sales for the year. The expenses incurred under this heading by the parent company during the year accounted for approximately 80% of the total R&D&i expenses incurred by the Group. In 2024, expenditure on R&D&i projects amounted to €113,259 thousand, equivalent to 2.3% of the Group's total sales.

Non-capitalised R&D&i expenditure incurred in 2025 amounted to €88,929 thousand (€67,256 thousand in 2024).

In addition, the 2025 consolidated income statement reflects development expenses in other kinds of projects amounting to €291,819 thousand (€314,337 thousand in 2024) (see the Management Report).

41. Environment

The Group's lines of business have not changed in qualitative terms with respect to previous years, and therefore they continue not to have a significant impact on the environment. The parent company's Directors therefore consider that there are no significant contingencies relating to environmental protection and improvement and accordingly it was not considered necessary to record any provision for environmental risks and expenses during the years 2016 to 2025.

For the same reason, there are no significant assets associated with the protection and improvement of the environment and nor have any relevant environmental expenses been incurred during the year. Therefore, the Group has not requested or received any environmental grants in the years ended 31 December 2016 to 2025.

The Group carries out the activities necessary to meet its corporate responsibility commitments, which include taking care of all matters associated with environmental protection in the performance of its activities. Specifically, this entails implementing an environmental management system under the ISO 14001 standard that is applicable to all the Company's activities at its certified work centres in: Arroyo de la Vega, located at Avd. de Bruselas 35 [Arroyo de la Vega] - 28108 Alcobendas [Madrid]; Torrejón, located at Ctra. de Loeches, 9 - 28850 Torrejón de Ardoz, Madrid; Aranjuez, located at Cl. Joaquín Rodrigo, 11 - 28300 Aranjuez [Madrid]; Ciudad Real, located at Ronda de Toledo, s/n - 13003 Ciudad Real [Ciudad Real]; Bembibre, located on the Bierzo Alto Industrial Estate, plots K-5 and K-10 - 24318 San Román, Bembibre [León]; Valencia, located at Avd. Cardenal Benlloch, 67 - 46021 Valencia [Valencia]; Malaga, located at Cl. Severo Ochoa, 23 [Parque Tecnológico de Andalucía] - 29590 Campanillas [Malaga]; Coslada Simulation Centre, located at Avd. de Europa, 4 - 28821 Coslada [Madrid]; Edificio Japón 2 in San Fernando, located at Avd. de Castilla, 2 [San Fernando Business Park, Ed. Japón] - 28830 San Fernando de Henares [Madrid]; Edificio VEGA5 [FCAS project] in Alcobendas, located at Cl. Francisca Delgado, 9 - 28108 Alcobendas [Madrid]; Puerto de Santa María, located at Cl. Pitágoras, 11 [Salinas De Poniente Industrial Estate] - 11500 Puerto De Sta. María [Cádiz]; Seville-Bollullos, located at Ctra. Prado de la Torre, s/n - 41110 Bollullos De La Mitación [Seville]; Edificio @22 Barcelona, located at Carrer de Roc Boronat, 133 - 08018 Barcelona [Barcelona]; Edificio KENYA in San Fernando de Henares, located at Avd. de Castilla, 2 [San Fernando Business Park, Ed. Kenia] - 28830 San Fernando de Henares [Madrid]; Sierra de Guadarrama, located at Cl. Sierra de Guadarrama, 80 - 28830 San Fernando de Henares [Madrid]; Nave Lean, located at Cl. Guarnicioneros, 3 - 28830 San Fernando de Henares [Madrid]; Fuente Álamo, located at Ctra. el Estrecho-Lobosillo, Km 2 Plot 2.9.1. - 30320 Fuente Álamo [Murcia]; Rio Do Pozo, located at Avd. Dos Ferreiros, 5-7 - 15578 Narón, Ferrol [La Coruña]; Kuehne Nagel Warehouse, located at Cl. Tajo, 8 [Acacias Industrial Estate] - 28840 Mejorada Del Campo [Madrid]; Barberá, located at Carrer De Marie Curie 2b Warehouse 4 [Parc Del Moli] - 08210 Barberá Del Vallés [Barcelona]; Edificio Inneo, located at Cl. Samontà, 21-25 - 08970 Sant Joan Despí [Barcelona]; Edificio Miguel Yuste, located at Cl. De Miguel Yuste, 45 - 28037 Madrid [Madrid]; Edificio de La Grela, located at Ctra. Baños De Arteixo, 47 - 15007 La Coruña [La Coruña]; Edificio de Axpe, located at Cl. Ribera De Axpe, 11 - 48950 Erandio [Vizcaya]; Deimos Tres Cantos located at Ronda de Poniente, 19. 28760- Tres Cantos [Madrid]; Deimos Puertollano located at cl. Francia, 9-Pol.Ind. La Nava, 13599- Puertollano [Ciudad Real]; Lisbon, located at Estrada do Seminário, 4 [Afrapark - Edificio C] - 2610-171 Amadora [Portugal]; Edificio MILAN2, located at Viale Monza, 338 - 20128 Milan [Italy]; Edificio Serafico, located at Via Del Serafico, 200 - 00142 Rome [Italy]; Edificio SMART P@PER located at Zona Industriale 85050 Sant'Angelo Le Fratte [PZ] [Italy]; Edificio Basadre, located at Avd. Jorge Basadre, 233 - 15073 San Isidro, Lima [Peru]; Edificio CENESP located at Avd. María Coelho Aguiar 215 2º ANDAR Bloque F 05805-000 São Paulo [Brazil]; Edificio Barueri located at Alameda Mamoré 687 16º Andar Alphaville 06454-040 Barueri [Brazil]; Edificio CAMPOS 3 located at Rua Treze De Maio 62 / 68 Centro 28010-260 Campos Dos Goytacazes [Brazil]; Medellín Itagui, located at Carrera 42, 66-55 - 05412 - Itaquí, Medellín Colombia; Edificio Calle 93 located at Calle 93, 16-25 - Bogotá [Colombia]; Whiteley, located at Parkway, 4500 [Solent Business Park] - PO15 7AZ Whiteley, Fareham [United Kingdom]; Edificio Park Air located at Northfields, Market Deeping, PE6 8UE Peterborough [United Kingdom]; Edificio Indra Australia located at Unit 1/2, 145-151 Arthur Street, Homebush West, NSW, 2140 [Australia].

The Company is also accredited for compliance with European Parliament and Council Regulation 1221/2009 EMAS (Eco Management and Audit Scheme) at the Arroyo de la Vega work centre.

The Arroyo de la Vega work centre is also ISO 50001 certified, the primary aim being to continuously enhance energy efficiency, energy security, energy use and energy consumption through a certified system. The La Grela building at Ctra. Baños De Arteixo, 47 - 15007 La Coruña [La Coruña] and the Bembibre centre at Polígono Industrial Bierzo Alto, plots K-5 and K-10 - 24318 San Román, Bembibre [León] are also ISO 50001 certified.

Climate-related matters

In view of the Company's activity and business model, no significant physical or transition risks associated with climate change have been identified that could have affected its financial statements in 2025.

As described in the Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information, which form part of Indra's Management Report, in 2025 the Company updated its analysis of climate change risks and opportunities to include various scenarios, in line with the TCFD (Task Force on Climate Related Financial Disclosure) recommendations.

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This meant identifying and analysing physical and transition risks, as well as the opportunities open to Indra in the work it carries out. The basis for the analysis was five scenarios, expressed both in quantitative and qualitative terms, which were used to identify the climate-related risks and opportunities associated with Indra's operations over a 30-year period beginning in 2019.

- IEA Stated Policies Scenario (STEPS): Explores the outlook for the energy system without a major push from policymakers towards stricter regulation. Physical and transition risks are equally balanced.
- IEA 2°C Scenario (2DS): Describes an energy system consistent with limiting the increase in global temperatures to 2°C. Physical and transition risks are equally balanced.
- The IEA's Net Zero Emissions by 2050 Scenario (NZE): Argues for the need to achieve net zero CO₂ emissions by 2050. Transition risks are more relevant here.
- IPCC RCP 2.6 "very stringent" pathway: Requires a reduction in emissions by 2020 and net zero by 2100 in order to keep temperature increases below 2°C. Transition risks are more relevant here.
- IPCC RCP 8.5 "business as usual" scenario: In this scenario, physical risks are the most important to consider due to the increase in climate events, including chronic Climate Change events.

Overall, no significant impacts on the Company's operations, future cash flows or assets associated with the physical risks of climate change are envisaged. Possible countermeasures are part of other policies and procedures already in place and therefore do not represent a cost overrun requiring a provision for expenses. This is the case, for example, of the development of contingency plans, the resilience of infrastructures, the redundancy of operations or the arrangement of insurance. These measures are carried out with the aim of making the Company more resilient to any type of incident, regardless of its origin, be it climate change or any other cause.

For their part, the main transition risks identified relate to the financial, reputational and competitive impact of the increasingly stringent climate regulations being introduced across the world. These compliance risks could affect the Company and its access to capital and markets. The Company has therefore set out an ambitious decarbonisation pathway including science-based emission reduction targets, in line with trends and best practices. Given the non-carbon-intensive nature of the Company's activities and in view of the mitigation measures in place, the financial impact of climate risks is below the materiality threshold. The main response measures are linked to the Company's ordinary environmental management and to the integration of ESG considerations into R&D processes, so there is no significant cost overrun.

For further information, see the 2025 Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information available on the Indra Group's website.

42. Auditors' remuneration

In 2016, Deloitte was appointed as the new auditor of the Group's Consolidated Annual Accounts and those of the subsidiaries. Net fees for professional services provided by Deloitte Auditores, S.L. and other audit firms during the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

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Thousand euro

2025

	Fees of the principal auditor or its network firms (1)	Fees of other auditors or their network firms (2)
Audit services	3,592	362
Non-audit services		
Services required by legislation in force	404	23
Other assurance services	150	1
Tax services	155	236
Other services	5	66
Total professional services	4,306	688

Thousand euro

2024

	Fees of the principal auditor or its network firms (1)	Fees of other auditors or their network firms (2)
Audit services	3,112	424
Non-audit services		
Services required by legislation in force	445	7
Other assurance services	123	13
Tax services	89	231
Other services	-	139
Total professional services	3,769	814

(1) Includes the services provided by Deloitte Auditores, S.L. (auditor of the consolidated accounts), any other company to which the auditor is related through control, common ownership or management and by all the Deloitte network firms to all the consolidated companies, irrespective of country of residence.

(2) Includes both services provided by the individual or component auditor and by entities related to the individual or component auditors through control, common ownership or management.

The amount indicated in the above table includes all fees relating to the audit, irrespective of when they were invoiced, while the non-audit services are included on an invoicing basis.

43. Related-party transactions

Related-party transactions were carried out in the ordinary course of the Indra Group's business, at arm's length and approved by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Board Regulations.

During 2025 and 2024, commercial and service provision/receipt transactions were carried out with those who, at that time, were significant shareholders, directors, or companies related to them.

Transactions and balances with related parties in 2025 and 2024 break down as follows, by nature:

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2025 (Thousand euro)						
Nature of the transaction	With shareholders (SEPI Group)	With shareholders (Escribano Group) (***)	With shareholders (SAPA Group) (***)	Subtotal 31.12.2025	Other transactions (Prisa Group) (*)	Directors (**)
Sales of goods and services	39,227	3,519	920	43,666	5,036	-
Purchase of goods and	238	30,730	35,608	66,576	824	47
						Total 31.12.2025

2025 (Thousand euro)						
Year-end balances	With shareholders (SEPI Group)	With shareholders (Escribano Group) (***)	With shareholders (SAPA Group) (***)	Subtotal 31.12.2025	Other transactions (Prisa Group) (*)	Directors (**)
Trade and other receivables	12,706	13,171	1,113	26,990	1,773	-
Trade and other payables	25	9,050	9,665	18,740	-	-
						Total 31.12.2025

2024 (Thousand euro)						
Nature of the transaction	With shareholders (SEPI Group)	With shareholders (Escribano Group) (***)	Subtotal 31.12.2024	Other transactions (Prisa Group) (*)	Directors (Écija Group) (**)	Total 31.12.2024
Sales of goods and services	19,504	12,644	32,148	5,580	-	37,728
Purchase of goods and services	160	535	695	435	39	1,169

2024 (Thousand euro)						
Year-end balances	With shareholders (SEPI Group)	With shareholders (Escribano Group)	Subtotal 31.12.2024	Other transactions (Prisa Group) (*)	Directors (Écija Group) (**)	Total 31.12.2024
Trade and other receivables	7,016	19,397	26,413	2,233	-	28,646
Trade and other payables	10	404	414	169	7	590

(*) Includes transactions with the Prisa Group in the ordinary course of business which, though not classed as related-party transactions under IAS 24, are afforded this treatment internally in the interests of monitoring and control, and are reported for information and transparency purposes.

(**) Includes the transactions effected by Écija Abogados, as Pablo Jiménez de Parga (member of Indra Sistemas, S.A.'s Board of Directors) is the Executive Vice-Chair of Écija Abogados.

(***) Within the amounts for 2025, the transactions (from 1 July 2025 onwards) and the balances arising from the integration of Tess Defence as of 31 December 2025 are included, which are detailed below:

2025 (Miles de euros)		
Nature of the transaction	With shareholders (Escribano Group)	With shareholders (SAPA Group)
Sales of goods and services	829	920
Purchase of goods and services	29,350	35,608
		Total 31.12.2025

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Year-end balances	2025 (Miles de euros)		
	With shareholders (Escribano Group)	With shareholders (SAPA Group)	Total 31.12.2025
Trade receivables and current and non-current advances to suppliers	1,003	1,113	2,116
Proveedores y acreedores comerciales	7,966	9,665	17,631

a. Transactions with shareholders

“Sales of goods and services” relate to services provided by the Indra Group in the course of business to the above-mentioned shareholders. The figures in the table above relate to amounts already invoiced, since revenue is recognised as explained in Note 4v.

“Purchases of goods and services” pertain to services provided to the Indra Group by the said shareholders that are required for its business activity.

In addition to the above-mentioned transactions, dividends paid to shareholders represented on the Board of Directors and to Board Directors are set out below:

	2025 (Thousand euro)		2024 (Thousand euro)	
	With shareholders	With Directors	With shareholders	With Directors
SEPI Group	12,366	-	12,366	-
SAPA	3,508	-	3,508	-
Amber	3,197	-	3,143	-
Advanced Engineering & Manufacturing, S.L.	6,315	-	3,533	-
Directors	-	14	-	31

b. Transactions with Directors

[**] During the 2025 and 2024 years, no transactions were carried out with Board Directors or parties related to them, except for the transactions with Écija Abogados, given that Mr. Pablo Jiménez de Parga (a member of the Board of Directors of Indra Sistemas, S.A.) is Executive Vice-Chairman of Écija Abogados.

The remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors is detailed in Note 38 to the Consolidated Annual Accounts.

c. Other Transactions and balances

Set out below are the Group's balances with Spain's Central Government, given the relationship between SEPI and the Central Government:

	Thousand euro (*)	
	31.12.2025	31.12.2024
Total income	856,016	535,530
Total expenses	6,562	4,807
Total receivables	340,645	90,008
Total payables	998	1,544

(*) These amounts are in addition to those included in section a)

The revenue figures in the table above relate to amounts already invoiced, since revenue is recognised as explained in Note 4.u.

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Within the billing amounts for 2025, €183,660 thousand are included (which, including the corresponding VAT, amounts to €222,226 thousand pending collection). These correspond to invoices issued in December of the current financial year by various joint ventures in which the Parent Company participates under the Special Modernisation Programmes (PEM) awarded to Indra Group, published in several Royal Decrees in September, October and November. These Royal Decrees regulate the direct granting of loans for special industrial modernisation programmes in the land and air domains of the Ministry of Industry and Tourism. In this context, the Ministry grants Indra Group entities repayable advances in the form of loans at a zero, fixed and non-revisable interest rate, and without requiring guarantees except in exceptional cases.

These advances effectively operate as upfront financing for the execution of the projects, since repayment to the Treasury is secured by the contract between Indra and the Ministry of Defence. Moreover, the repayment schedule is aligned with the project cash inflows, and automatic offsetting of flows is envisaged, thereby avoiding actual cash outflows for the repayment of the loan.

During January and February 2026, Indra Group received the collections corresponding to these files.

d. Transactions with members of Senior Management

No transactions were carried out with Senior Managers or parties related to them in 2025 or 2024.

Senior Management remuneration is analysed in Note 38.b.

e. Transactions with associates

		2025 (Thousand euro)			
		Receivables	Payables	Income	Expenses
Associates		9,421	9,249	39,625	1,932
		9,421	9,249	39,625	1,932

		2024 (Thousand euro)			
		Receivables	Payables	Income	Expenses
Associates		18,900	72,950	31,536	473
		18,900	72,950	31,536	473

These amounts include balances and transactions with companies in which Indra and other related parties have an interest (Euromids S.A.S., Societat Catalana per a la Mobilitat, S.A., TESS Defence, S.A, until its integration into the Group and Epicom, S.A.).

f. Transactions with joint operations

Most of the Group's "joint arrangements" are temporary consortia (UTEs). They are classified as "joint operations" due to the joint and several liability involved and consolidated using the proportionate method.

The assets, liabilities, income and expenses of transactions carried out through joint operations in the form of temporary consortia for 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

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	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Non-current assets	94,679	81,973
Current assets	88,968	55,031
Non-current liabilities	[84,390]	[90,621]
Current liabilities	[97,647]	[48,635]
Revenue	[124,469]	[118,136]
Subcontracting and other expenses	122,859	120,388

Appendix II lists the temporary consortia in which the Group has been involved.

44. Events after the reporting period

- On 10 December 2025, the Board of Directors unanimously agreed that a potential transaction between Indra Group and Escribano Mechanical and Engineering, S.L.U. is consistent with Indra Group's strategy. This resolution does not constitute or anticipate the approval of any transaction. Nor does it predetermine any structure that might ultimately be adopted or any of its economic terms, which have not yet been assessed by the Board of Directors. Following this resolution, the Company and its respective teams and corporate bodies have continued analysing other relevant aspects of the potential transaction, and as of today no commitment or agreement exists in relation to the aforementioned transaction.
- During January 2026, Indra Group received €2,189,380 thousand corresponding to the PEM programmes published in several Royal Decrees in September, October and November, which regulate the direct granting of loans for special industrial modernisation programmes in the land and air domains of the Ministry of Industry and Tourism. In this context, the Ministry grants Indra Group entities repayable advances in the form of loans at a zero, fixed and non-revisable interest rate, and without requiring guarantees except in exceptional cases.

These advances effectively operate as upfront financing for the execution of the projects, since repayment to the Treasury is secured by the contract between Indra and the Ministry of Defence. Moreover, the repayment schedule is aligned with the project cash inflows, and automatic offsetting of flows is envisaged, thereby avoiding actual cash outflows for the repayment of the loan.

- On 25 February 2026, the Board of Directors of Indra resolved to propose to the next General Shareholders' Meeting the distribution of a cash dividend of €0.30 gross per share, charged to 2025 profit, to be paid in July 2026.
- On 25 February 2026, the Board of Directors also resolved to formally close the process of analysing different divestment alternatives in Minsait Payments (currently named Nuek Payment, S.L.).
- Subsequent to the close of the 2025 financial year, Indra Group became aware of the following legal proceedings:
- Administrative-contentious appeal filed by Santa Bárbara:

A judicial proceeding has been initiated by Santa Bárbara Sistemas, S.A. ("Santa Bárbara") before the Third Chamber of the Supreme Court against Royal Decree 915/2025, challenging various provisions of the regime governing the direct granting of loans for modernisation programmes and, specifically, Article 3.1 (e) and (f) relating to the PEM for Advanced Manufacturing in Sustainable Land Mobility II, ATP Tracks (awarded to the joint venture formed by INDRA SISTEMAS, S.A. and ESCRIBANO MECHANICAL & ENGINEERING, "UTE CADENAS") and the PEM for Advanced Manufacturing in Sustainable Land Mobility II, ATP Wheels (awarded to the joint venture formed by INDRA SISTEMAS, S.A. and ESCRIBANO MECHANICAL & ENGINEERING, "UTE RUEDAS"), together with other provisions and annexes of the Royal Decree.

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In addition, Santa Bárbara has requested the suspension of the contested provisions through an interim injunction. The other interested parties, whose appearance in the proceedings has already been admitted, are currently awaiting the opening of the period to file their opposition.

- Sanctioning proceeding S/0015/25 – Engineering Services Tenders initiated against PROINTEC

On 29 January 2026, the CNMC notified Prointec, S.A.U. [“PROINTEC”] of the initiation of sanctioning proceeding S/0015/25, relating to possible anti-competitive practices in the market for public tenders for the provision of engineering consultancy and technical assistance services. A total of 11 engineering consultancies are subject to the proceeding.

The initiation opens a maximum period of 24 months for the resolution of the case. Access to the file has already been requested and granted, and external counsel are analysing the documentation to define the defence strategy.

At this stage, and given the current status of the proceedings, it is not possible to assess the risks they may entail. Nevertheless, Indra Group considers that any potential impacts on the Group’s Financial Statements as of 31 December 2025 would not be material.

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Details of Group companies at 31 December 2025

Name	Address	Activity
<u>1. Parent company</u>		
Indra Sistemas, S.A.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
<u>2. Subsidiaries</u>		
Indra Sistemas de Seguridad, S.A.U.	Spain	Design, development, integration and maintenance of systems and solutions used in surveillance and security controls at facilities.
Indra Sistemas de Comunicaciones Seguras, S.L.U.	Spain	Research, engineering, design, manufacture, development, marketing, installation, maintenance and repair of equipment, devices and systems for security in data communications, encryption, beacons and command and control centres.
Inmize Capital, S.L.	Spain	Management and implementation of systems engineering activities for defence, as well as the marketing and sale thereof.
Inmize Sistemas, S.L.	Spain	Management and implementation of systems engineering activities for defence, as well as the marketing and sale thereof.
Teknatrans Consultores, S.L.U.	Spain	Provision of technical architectural and engineering services.
Indra SI, S.A.	Argentina	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Azeria Tecnologías de la Información Argentina, S.A.	Argentina	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Computación Ceicom, S.A.	Argentina	Data processing, consulting and technical assistance in systems analysis, development and implementation of software for computer equipment.
Minsait Brasil, LTDA.	Brazil	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos, LTDA	Brazil	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.

This Appendix should be read together with Notes 1 and 5 to the Consolidated Annual Accounts, of which it forms an integral part.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indra Tecnología Brasil LTDA	Brazil	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications for the air traffic sector, defence, transport and land, sea and rail traffic, and electoral processes.
Indra Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sistemas Chile, S.A.	Chile	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sistemas México S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra BPO México, S.A de C.V.	Mexico	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Panamá, S.A.	Panama	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Nuek Payments Perú, S.A.C.	Peru	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Perú, S.A.	Peru	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Soluciones y Servicios Indra Company Uruguay, S.A.	Uruguay	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra USA, INC	USA	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Italia, S.p.A.	Italy	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sisteme S.R.L.	Moldova	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sistemas Polska S.p.z.o.o	Poland	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indra Sistemas Portugal, S.A.	Portugal	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Soluciones Tecnologías de la Información Romania S.A.	Romania	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Turkey Teknolojileri Çözümleri Anonim Sirketi	Turkey	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Beijing Information Technology Systems Co. Ltd.	China	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Philippines, Inc.	Philippines	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Technology Solutions Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
PT Indra Indonesia	Indonesia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sistemas India Private Limited	India	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Bahrain Consultancy WLL	Bahrain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Arabia Company LTD.	Saudi Arabia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Technology Solutions Co, LTD.	Saudi Arabia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra L.L.C.	Oman	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Maroc S.A.R.L D'Associé Unique	Morocco	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Limited (Kenya)	Kenya	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indra Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.
Indra BPO, S.L.U.	Spain	Business process outsourcing (BPO) and management, provision of document management and mortgage management services.
Indra BPO Hipotecario, S.L.U.	Spain	The performance all the requisite formalities for the payment and registration, as appropriate, in public registries, of all kinds of public and private documents, and the performance of all complementary and auxiliary activities considered necessary for the performance of the company's main activities.
Indra BPO Servicios, S.L.U.	Spain	Digitalisation and data capture management.
Indra II Business Process Outsourcing Portugal, unipersonal LTD	Portugal	Business Process Outsourcing (BPO).
Ouakha Services, Sarl AU	Morocco	Back-office process management (BPO) for financial institutions.
Indra Business Consulting, S.L.U.	Spain	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
Europraxis ALG Consulting Maroc, S.A.	Morocco	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
ALG Global Infrastructure Advisors Brasil LTDA.	Brazil	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
Indra Business Consulting ALG México, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
Europraxis ALG Consulting Andina, S.A.C.	Peru	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
Prointec, S.A.U.	Spain	Provision of engineering and consultancy services mainly in the environment, transport, construction, water and industry areas.
Prointec Brasil, Ltda.	Brazil	Provision of civil engineering and consulting services.
Ingeniería de Proyectos e Infraestructuras Mexicana, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Provision of technical architectural and engineering services.

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Name	Address	Activity
Prointec Panamá, S.A.	Panama	Provision of civil engineering and consulting services.
Prointec Usa LLC	USA	R&D Autonomous Air Systems and Advanced Solutions in Unmanned Systems.
Consis Proiect S.R.L.	Romania	Provision of civil engineering and consulting services.
Indra Advanced Technology, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products.
Indra Avitech GMBH	Germany	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.
Indra Avitech S.R.O.	Slovakia	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.
Indra Navia, A.S.	Norway	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.
Normeka, A.S.	Norway	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.
Indra Corporate Services, S.L.U.	Spain	Provision of all kinds of administration, management and support services to companies, such as financial services, human resource services, commercial support and control services or general corporate security services, and management of property and other assets.
Indra Corporate Services México, S.A de C.V	Mexico	Provision of professional consulting and advisory services in administrative, financial, human resources and accounting matters, in the corporate, business, industrial, engineering, commercial, banking, stock market, financial, credit, insurance and finance areas.
Indra III Soluções de Tecnologia da Informação Portugal, Unipessoal, LDA	Portugal	IT and outsourcing services
Tecnocom Perú S.A.C.	Peru	Installation and marketing of telecommunications equipment.
Minsait Payments Systems México, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Installation and marketing of telecommunications equipment.
Tecnocom Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	Installation and marketing of telecommunications equipment.
Tecnocom Chile, S.A.	Chile	Installation and marketing of telecommunications equipment.

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Name	Address	Activity
Tecnocom Procesadora de Medios de Pago, S.A.	Dominican Republic	Credit card processing services
Nuek Payments Systems Chile, S.A.	Chile	Credit card processing services
Paradigma Digital, S.L.U.	Spain	Leading consultant in the Spanish digital transformation market, focusing on the design of customer experience solutions in digital channels, as well as their development and implementation (DCX, Front-end, Digital Strategy).
North American Transmission & Distribution Group Inc	USA	To acquire and grow companies whose main mission is to support the Electricity Distribution Network.
ACS América Latina, S.A de C.V.	El Salvador	Manufacture of control systems and operation of energy transmission and distribution networks. As well as the manufacture of control systems and operation of energy transport and distribution networks.
Minsait ACS, INC	USA	Manufacture of control systems and operation of energy transmission and distribution networks.
Indra Holding Tecnologías de la Información, S.L.U.	Spain	Acquisition, holding, enjoyment, direction, administration, management and disposal of equity securities; incorporation and promotion of companies. Financial operations to grant funding and take on debt from companies in the same group.
Indra Soluciones Tecnologías de la información, S.L.U.	Spain	IT programming activities. IT consultancy activities. Management of IT resources. Other services related to information technology and computing.
Indra Producción Software S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products based on the use of information technologies. Provision of business, technology and solutions consulting services. Studies, projects, management, technical assistance, technology transfer; marketing of such studies, projects and activities.
Indra Corporate Services Philippines, INC	Philippines	Provision of professional consulting and advisory services in administrative, financial, human resources and accounting matters, in the corporate, business, industrial, engineering, commercial, banking, stock market, financial, credit, insurance and finance areas.
Indra Factoría Tecnológica, S.L.U.	Spain	The planning, design, development, integration, operation, maintenance and marketing of information and communication technology systems and solutions
Nuek Payments, S.L.U.	Spain	Marketing and distribution of systems, software, infrastructure and technological platforms that assist third party issuers of payment instruments in processing transactions made using such payment instruments
Indra T&D, S.A.C.	Peru	Provision of services and development of projects in the administrative, operational and technological areas on a supervision, administration or implementation level. Computer software development.
Indra Sistemas Transporte y Defensa, S.A. De C.V.	Mexico	Design, development, manufacture, supply, assembly, repair, maintenance and installation of products, solutions, applications and systems based on the intensive use of information technology.

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Name	Address	Activity
Sistemas informaticos Abiertos, S.A.U.	Spain	Provision of cybersecurity services, as well as information management and protection services.
Indra Servicios Perú S.A.C.	Peru	Provision of services and development of projects in the administrative, operational and technological areas on a supervision level. Computer software development.
Morpheus Aiolos, S.L.U.	Spain	Creation, maintenance and operation of Internet sites and portals; website and portal hosting and maintenance services; domain registration, e-mail and Internet communication services; and activities involving conventional and technological design and advertising services, as well as commercial intermediary services in these business lines.
ALG Global Infrastructure Advisors, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products based on the use of information technologies. Provision of business consultancy and management services. Preparation and execution of all kinds of studies and projects. Management, technical assistance, technology transfer, marketing and administration of such studies, projects and activities.
SmartPaper, S.P.A.	Italy	Design, application and management of solutions for the storage and digital processing of documents.
Baltik IT, S.I.A.	Latvia	BPO (document management, recovery and commercial back office outsourcing) for Enel
MSS Manage Security Services GmbH	Germany	Services related to the management of security services, such as security audits, installation and management of firewall systems and other related services. Cybersecurity
Arcopay, S. de R.L de C.V.	Mexico	Design, development and implementation of all types of private computer communication networks and websites, in which marketing, advertising and consulting for goods or services is carried out through the Internet.
Flat 101, S.L.U.	Spain	Business development and optimisation through digital consultancy services. The main services relate to the web optimisation programme (CRO), web traffic, digital analytics and user experience.
The Overview Effect, S.L.	Spain	Provision of all kinds of advisory services and work within the field of business and/or company management consultancy and, in particular, work related to sustainability and social impact consultancy.
Consultoría Organizacional, S.A.S.	Colombia	Design and implementation, consultancy and administration of applications for work and publication on the Internet or any other computer network; creation, administration and marketing of websites, intranets, extranets and/or any type of software entailing electronic data transmission; development of information and computer systems and information networks; sale and marketing of all kinds of Internet-related services.
Net Studio, S.P.A.	Italy	Operating in the field of cybersecurity, its core business is to provide integrated risk management, cybersecurity services and solutions, as well as focusing on digital identification.
Credimatic, S.A.	Ecuador	Activities auxiliary to NCP financial services, such as financial transaction processing and settlement, including credit card transactions.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indra Gestión de Usuarios, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products based on the use of information technologies.
Mobbeel Solutions, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, integration, production, operation, maintenance and marketing of systems, solutions and products based on the use of information technologies.
Mobbeel Innovations Labs, S.L.U.	Spain	Programming, consulting and other IT-related activities.
Aplicaciones de Simulación Simtec, S.L.U	Madrid	Virtual simulators
Nexus Payment System, SpA	Chile	Credit card and payment processing, including account and transaction processing services, fraud prevention and security in means of payment. Back office, business intelligence, customer loyalty-building. Delivery and collation.
Minsait Payment Systems Portugal, Unipessoal, LDA	Portugal	Marketing and distribution of systems, software, infrastructure and technological platforms that assist third party issuers of payment instruments in processing transactions made using such payment instruments
Indra Air Traffic, INC	USA	Design, production and marketing of air navigation assistance systems (nav aids).
Antexia Technologies, S.L	Spain	Provision of civil engineering, consulting and technical assistance services. Design and development of multi-sector technology, solutions and services, focusing mainly on the Defence and Security Industry.
Indra Mobility, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of all kinds of systems, solutions and products, including motor vehicles, ships, aircraft and aerospace devices or vehicles, that make use of applied sciences and technologies (information and/or computing technologies, telecommunications, industrial technologies, robotics, etc.), as well as any related parts, components and services, together with the civil works necessary for installation.
Park Air Systems LIMITED	UK	Design, engineering and manufacture of systems and customer training activities in its own facilities.
Deuser Tech Group, S.L.U.	Spain	Software and hardware engineering, selling of all kinds of computer processing and telecommunication-related products. Advice, consultancy and professional technical assistance for business, industry and institutions, i.e. for any type of industry.
Indra- Soluções de Tecnologia da informação Angola, LDA.	Angola	Management system and technology consulting services.
ICA Sistemas y Seguridad, S.L.	Spain	Import, export, purchase, sale, marketing, development and installation of systems, components, devices and electronic computer equipment, as well as all services related to the electronics and IT sectors; any other activities directly or indirectly related to the above.
Nuek Payment Systems Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	Marketing and distribution of systems, software, infrastructure and technological platforms that assist third party issuers of payment instruments in processing transactions made using such payment instruments.
Minsait Payments Systems Brasil LTDA	Brazil	Data processing, application service providers and internet services. Technical support, maintenance and other IT services.

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Name	Address	Activity
Tramasierras 2021, S.L.	Spain	Purchase, sale, administration and exploitation of real estate, and the purchase, sale and administration of securities; tax, economic, financial, accounting, legal, labour, IT, business, commercial and administrative studies and advice for all kinds of individuals and legal entities.
Pecunia Cards, S.L.	Spain	I. Issuance of means of payment in the form of electronic money, i.e. any monetary value stored in electronic or magnetic media representing a receivable from the issuer, which is issued on receipt of funds for the purpose of completing payment transactions, as defined in L1. Issuance of means of payment in the form of electronic money, i.e. any monetary value stored in electronic or magnetic media representing a receivable from the issuer, which is issued on receipt of funds for the purpose of completing payment transactions, as defined in L.
Soluciones Tecnológicas Normax, S.L.	Spain	Development and marketing of computer software
NAE Comunicaciones, S.L.U.	Spain	Network management and deployment
NAE Consulting Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	Network management and deployment
Global Training Aviation, S.L.U.	Spain	Consulting, learning and training services for airlines and initiation and recycling courses for pilots.
Global Training Aviation Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	Provision of aeronautical training services
Global Training Aviation Indonesia, S.A.S.	Indonesia	Provision of aeronautical training services
Compañía Uruguaya de Medios de Procesamiento, S.A.	Uruguay	Affiliation of businesses in Uruguay to the Visa International and Mastercard systems. Response, processing and channelling to the respective issuer of Visa international/ Mastercard products. Processing of sales submitted by stores through the various channels. Issuance and distribution to stores of regular reports containing the list of transactions completed in them using Visa International / Mastercard products. Resolution of complaints submitted by the stores
Indra Espacio, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Indra Space, S.L.U	Spain	Acquisition, through subscription or purchase, holding, possession, direction, administration, management and disposal of public or private securities and company shares, and of the equity of companies or entities resident in Spain or abroad, save for activities subject to special legislation and all kinds of financial assets; incorporation and promotion of companies.
Deimos Space, S.L.U	Spain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Deimos Engenharia S.A	Portugal	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.

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Name	Address	Activity
Deimos Italia, S.R.L	Italy	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Deimos Engineerings & Systems S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Deimos Space S.R.L.	Romania	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Deimos Space UK Limited	UK	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
MQA Business Consultants S.A.S	Colombia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
MQA Américas Group, Inc.	Panama	IT consultancy, provision of agency, representation and marketing services, purchase, leasing, sale, distribution and implementation of technology products, information systems, networks and communications, including, in particular, the provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP. SAP solutions and digital transformation projects for the industrial sector.
MQA Americas Corp	Panama	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas Guatemala, S.A	Guatemala	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas Caribe S.R.L.	Dominican Republic	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas Honduras, S.A.	Honduras	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas El Salvador, S.A. de C.V	El Salvador	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas Costa Rica, S.A.	Costa Rica	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).

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Name	Address	Activity
Clue Tech, SA	Spain	Design, development, production, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products, including motor vehicles, ships, aircraft and aerospace devices or vehicles, that make use of information technology, as well as any related components and all kinds of related services necessary for installation.
Clue Technologies, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products, including motor vehicles, ships, aircraft and aerospace devices or vehicles, that make use of information technologies, as well as any related components and all kinds of related services.
Clue Aerospace, S.L.U.	Spain	Creation of IT system prototypes, including both hardware and software, focusing on the manufacture of avionics intelligence systems.
Arabia Indra Regional Headquarter Company	Saudi Arabia	Formulation and monitoring of regional strategy. Business planning and coordination. Identification of new market opportunities. Operational and financial reporting.
Micro Nav Limited	UK	Advanced simulation systems for air traffic control and air defence.
Global ATS Limited	UK	Training in air traffic control, air traffic management, and safety management.
Minsait Payment Systems Guatemala, Sociedad Anónima	Guatemala	Design, development, production, integration, and maintenance of systems, solutions, and services based on the use of information technology, computing, electronics, and communications.
Pointec El Salvador, S.A. de C.V	El Salvador	Provision of engineering and consulting services in the civil domain.
Indra Land Vehicles, S.L.U	Spain	Research, design, development, manufacturing, assembly, maintenance, repair, modernization, and commercialization of both systems and land, sea, and air vehicles intended for defence and security.
Tess Defence, S.A	Spain	Manufacturing, development and commercialization, maintenance, and lifecycle support of the 8x8 Dragon wheeled combat vehicle.
Indra Mobility Italia, S.P.A.	Italy	The design, development, production, integration, implementation, maintenance, repair, and marketing of all types of systems, products, and services that, using applied sciences and existing and/or future technologies (information science and/or computing, telecommunications, industrial sciences, robotics, electronics, or civil engineering, among others), are applicable to the transportation, infrastructure, construction, and city and regional development sectors; as well as any part or component thereof and any type of related service, including the civil engineering works necessary for their installation.
Indra ATM & Defensa Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	Activities related to air traffic management and air navigation. Design, development, and commercialization of motor vehicles, ships, aircraft, and aerospace devices, as well as their parts, systems, or components. Development of specialized software for the planning, management, analysis, and simulation of air operations. Provision of technical consultancy services, technical assistance, and logistical and technological support in the aeronautical, airport, and aerospace sectors. Participation in research, development, and innovation projects related to aviation, air transport, and airspace control.
Pointec Colombia Ingeniería de proyectos SAS	Colombia	The performance of studies and reports of a technical, socioeconomic and financial nature in the field of engineering and architecture and, in particular, in the fields of public works, building, urban planning, land management, environment, agriculture, tourism, energy and telecommunications.
Indra ISSC Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	The design, development, integration, implementation, operation, maintenance, repair, technical support and marketing of systems, solutions and technological products, including specialised software, equipment and devices that use information technology, computing, electronics, communications and other advanced technologies, applicable to any field or sector, whether civil or military.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indramind, SLU	Spain	Design, development, research, engineering (including robotics), production, manufacturing, maintenance, repair, marketing, and trading of all types of systems, equipment, solutions, platforms, including motor vehicles, autonomous or automated vehicles, ships, aircraft, and aerial and space devices or vehicles, for civilian and military uses that make use of information and communication technologies (computing, electronics, and communications), as well as any part or component of them, including energy materials and any type of services related to all of the above, including the civil works necessary for their installation.
Indra Sistemas Aéreos Autónomos, SLU	Spain	Development, manufacturing, integration, and support for aeronautical systems, including platforms and specific systems for manned or unmanned vehicles; design, development, and integration of embedded software for critical applications.
Indra Mobility UK	UK	The design, development, production, integration, implementation, maintenance, repair, and commercialization of all types of systems, products, and services that, using applied sciences and existing and/or future technologies (information science and/or computing, telecommunications, industrial sciences, robotics, electronics, or civil engineering, among others), are applicable to the transportation, infrastructure, construction, and city and regional development sectors; as well as any part or component of them and any type of related service, including the civil engineering works necessary for their installation.
Indra Mobility Lithuania UAB	Lituania	The design, development, production, integration, implementation, maintenance, repair, and commercialization of all types of systems, products, and services that, using applied sciences and existing and/or future technologies (information science and/or computing, telecommunications, industrial sciences, robotics, electronics, or civil engineering, among others), are applicable to the transportation, infrastructure, construction, and city and regional development sectors; as well as any part or component of them and any type of related service, including the civil engineering works necessary for their installation.
Teknei Colombia S.A.S	Colombia	The provision of management and outsourcing services for all kinds of processes that may be required for the proper operation of a business activity, such as general services, call centers, back office, personnel administration, payroll management, benefits management, accounting management, customer claims management, and debt collection, for all types of companies, organizations, and public or private entities.
Indra Sistemas Uruguay, S.A	Uruguay	Computer programming activities. Other information technology activities
Pulse, L.L.C.	Abu Dhabi	Radar sales and distribution
Hispasat S.A	Spain	Operation of the satellite communications system and provision of the space segment service from the geostationary orbital positions assigned to the Spanish State.
Hispamar Exterior, S.LU	Spain	Commercialisation of satellite capacity.
Hispasat Canarias, S.L.U	Spain	Sale and leasing of satellites, as well as their space capacity
Consultek Inc	U.S.A	Technical consulting services
Hispasat de México, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Use of the radio spectrum, telecommunications networks, and satellite communication
Hispamar Satélites, S.A.	Brasil	Commercialisation of satellite capacity.
Hispasat UK LTD	UK	Marketing and provision of telecommunications services via satellite.

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Name	Address	Activity
Hispasat Perú S.A.C	Peru	Marketing and provision of telecommunications services via satellite.
Axess Networks Solutions Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia	Telecommunications Services Provision.
Axess Networks Solutions Ecuador S.A.	Ecuador	Telecommunications Services Provision.
HPS Corporativo S. de R.L de C.V	Mexico	Telecommunications Services Provision.
Axess Networks Solutions UK Ltd	UK	Telecommunications Services Provision.
Axess Networks Cyprus LTD	Cyprus	Telecommunications Services Provision.
Axess Networks Solutions Germany, GmbH	Germany	Telecommunications Services Provision.
Axess Networks Solutions Holding Germany, GmbH	Germany	Acquisition, holding, and management of investments in active companies related to the field of telecommunications technology.
Hidesat Servicios Estratégicos, S.A.	Spain	The acquisition, operation, and commercialization of space systems for government applications, mainly for communication in the X and KA bands, and the establishment of agreements with other entities in the same field. The maintenance, either directly or through contracts with third parties, of the necessary elements for the operation of the systems, both on the ground and in space.

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Name	Address	Activity
<u>3. Associates</u>		
Saes Capital, S.A., S.M.E.	Spain	Through associated companies, design, development, production, integration, maintenance and operation of electronic, computer and communication systems, mainly related to naval systems and underwater acoustics.
Euromids, S.A.S.	France	Development, manufacture and marketing of tactical communications systems.
A4 Essor, S.A.S.	France	Development of a radio communications security program.
Societat Catalana Per a la Mobilitat, S.A.	Spain	T-Mobilitat project for the implementation of a new technological, fare and management system for the Metropolitan Transport Authority.
Iniciativas Bioenergéticas, S.L.	Spain	Study, promotion, development and implementation of innovative projects in environmental and energy production.
Logística Portuaria de Tuxpan S.A.P.I. de C.V.	Mexico	Provision of civil engineering and consulting services for port infrastructures.
Satelio IoT Services, S.L.	Spain	Provision of Narrowband IoT communications services with global coverage by means of low earth orbit satellite infrastructures.
Startical, S.L.	Spain	Air traffic management from space. Development of new air navigation, surveillance and communication, voice and data services from a satellite platform.
Green Border OOD	Bulgaria	Design, development, integration and maintenance of systems and solutions used in surveillance and security controls at facilities.
Grupo Sylvestris, S.A	Spain	Technical engineering services and other activities related to technical advice, as well as forestry. Environmental improvement works and services.
Sparc Foundry, S.L	Spain	Development, manufacturing, and marketing of electronic and integrated photonic components, elements, and systems. It is dedicated to research and development (R&D) activities in the field of electronic component manufacturing and integrated photonic components.
Fyla Laser, S.L	Spain	Design, manufacture and marketing of advanced optical fibre lasers and associated components for industrial and scientific applications.
Pulse Manufacturing, L.L.C	Abu Dhabi	Radar manufacturing.
EFI Túneles Necaxa, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Study, consultancy, project development and construction of public works, and any type of civil, hydraulic, electrical, infrastructure and similar works in the public and private sectors, acquisition of construction materials and inputs and the transport thereof and, in general, all matters related to construction.

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Name	Address	Activity
<u>1. Parent company</u>		
Indra Sistemas, S.A.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
<u>2. Subsidiaries</u>		
Indra Sistemas de Seguridad, S.A.	Spain	Design, development, integration and maintenance of systems and solutions used in surveillance and security controls at facilities.
Indra Sistemas de Comunicaciones Seguras, S.L.	Spain	Research, engineering, design, manufacture, development, marketing, installation, maintenance and repair of equipment, devices and systems for security in data communications, encryption, beacons and command and control centres.
Inmize Capital, S.L.	Spain	Management and implementation of systems engineering activities for defence, as well as the marketing and sale thereof.
Inmize Sistemas, S.L.	Spain	Management and implementation of systems engineering activities for defence, as well as the marketing and sale thereof.
Teknatrans Consultores, S.L.	Spain	Provision of technical architectural and engineering services.
Indra SI, S.A.	Argentina	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Azeria Tecnologías de la Información Argentina, S.A.	Argentina	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Computación Ceicom, S.A.	Argentina	Data processing, consulting and technical assistance in systems analysis, development and implementation of software for computer equipment.
Minsait Brasil, Ltda.	Brazil	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos, Ltda	Brazil	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Tecnología Brasil LTDA	Brazil	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications for the air traffic sector, defence, transport and land, sea and rail traffic, and electoral processes.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indra Colombia LTDA	Colombia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sistemas Chile, S.A.	Chile	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sistemas México S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra BPO México, S.A de C.V.	Mexico	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Panamá, S.A.	Panama	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Minsait Payment Systems Perú, S.A.	Peru	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Perú, S.A.	Peru	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Soluciones y Servicios Indra Company Uruguay, S.A.	Uruguay	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra USA Inc.	USA	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Italia Spa	Italy	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Czech Republic s.r.o.	Czech Republic	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sisteme S.R.L.	Moldova	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sistemas Polska S.p.z.o.o	Poland	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sistemas Portugal, S.A.	Portugal	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indra Soluciones Tecnologias de la Informacion Romania S.A.	Romania	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Turkey Teknolojileri Çözümleri Anonim Sirketi	Turkey	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Beijing Information Technology Systems Co. Ltd.	China	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Philippines, Inc.	Philippines	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Technology Solutions Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
PT Indra Indonesia	Indonesia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Sistemas India Private Limited	India	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Bahrain Consultancy SPC	Bahrain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Arabia Company LTD.	Saudi Arabia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Technology Solutions Co. LTD.	Saudi Arabia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra L.L.C.	Oman	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Maroc S.A.R.L D'Associé Unique	Morocco	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Limited (Kenya)	Kenya	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, solutions and services based on the use of information technologies: computing, electronics and communications.
Indra Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indra BPO, S.L.U.	Spain	Business process outsourcing (BPO) and management, provision of document management and mortgage management services.
Indra BPO Hipotecario, S.L.U.	Spain	The performance all the requisite formalities for the payment and registration, as appropriate, in public registries, of all kinds of public and private documents, and the performance of all complementary and auxiliary activities considered necessary for the performance of the company's main activities.
Indra BPO Servicios, S.L.U.	Spain	Digitalisation and data capture management.
Indra II Business Process Outsourcing Portugal, unipersonal LTD	Portugal	Business Process Outsourcing (BPO).
OUAKHA Services, Saarl AU (Morocco)	Morocco	Back-office process management (BPO) for financial institutions.
Indra Business Consulting, S.L.U.	Spain	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
Europraxis ALG Consulting Maroc, S.A.	Morocco	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
ALG Global Infrastructure Advisor Brasil Ltda	Brazil	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
Indra Business Consulting ALG Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
Europraxis ALG Consulting Andina, S.A.C.	Peru	Provision of professional services covering the areas of business consulting and technology and solutions consulting.
Prointec, S.A.	Spain	Provision of engineering and consultancy services mainly in the environment, transport, construction, water and industry areas.
Prointec Engenharia, Ltda.	Brazil	Provision of civil engineering and consulting services.
Ingeniería de Proyectos e Infraestructuras Mexicana, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Provision of technical architectural and engineering services.
Prointec Panamá, S.A.	Panama	Provision of civil engineering and consulting services.

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Name	Address	Activity
Prointec Usa LLC	USA	R&D Autonomous Air Systems and Advanced Solutions in Unmanned Systems.
Consis Proiect SRL	Romania	Provision of civil engineering and consulting services.
Indra Advanced Technology, S.L.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products.
Indra Avitech GMBH	Germany	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.
Indra Avitech, S.R.O.	Slovakia	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.
Indra Navia AS (Park Air, Norway)	Norway	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.
Normeka, AS	Norway	Design, development, production and maintenance of navigation and landing assistance systems and air traffic control systems.
Indra Corporate Services, S.L.U.	Spain	Provision of all kinds of administration, management and support services to companies, such as financial services, human resource services, commercial support and control services or general corporate security services, and management of property and other assets.
Indra Corporate Services México, S.A de C.V	Mexico	Provision of professional consulting and advisory services in administrative, financial, human resources and accounting matters, in the corporate, business, industrial, engineering, commercial, banking, stock market, financial, credit, insurance and finance areas.
Indra III Soluções de Tecnologia da Informação Portugal Unipessoal, LDA	Portugal	IT and outsourcing services
Tecnocom Perú S.A.C.	Peru	Installation and marketing of telecommunications equipment.
Minsait Payments Systems México	Mexico	Installation and marketing of telecommunications equipment.
Tecnocom Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	Installation and marketing of telecommunications equipment.
Tecnocom Chile, S.A.	Chile	Installation and marketing of telecommunications equipment.
Tecnocom Procesadora de Medios de Pago, S.A.	Dominican Republic	Credit card processing services

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Name	Address	Activity
Minsait Payments Systems Chile, S.A.	Chile	Credit card processing services
Paradigma Digital, S.L.	Spain	Leading consultant in the Spanish digital transformation market, focusing on the design of customer experience solutions in digital channels, as well as their development and implementation (DCX, Front-end, Digital Strategy).
North American Transmission & Distribution Group Inc	USA	To acquire and grow companies whose main mission is to support the Electricity Distribution Network.
ACS América Latina, S.A de C.V.	El Salvador	Manufacture of control systems and operation of energy transmission and distribution networks. As well as the manufacture of control systems and operation of energy transport and distribution networks.
Minsait ACS, INC	USA	Manufacture of control systems and operation of energy transmission and distribution networks.
Indra Holding Tecnologías de la Información, S.L.U.	Spain	Acquisition, holding, enjoyment, direction, administration, management and disposal of equity securities; incorporation and promotion of companies. Financial operations to grant funding and take on debt from companies in the same group.
Indra Soluciones Tecnologías de la información, S.L.U.	Spain	IT programming activities. IT consultancy activities. Management of IT resources. Other services related to information technology and computing.
Indra Producción Software S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products based on the use of information technologies. Provision of business, technology and solutions consulting services. Studies, projects, management, technical assistance, technology transfer; marketing of such studies, projects and activities.
Indra Corporate Services Philippines, INC	Philippines	Provision of professional consulting and advisory services in administrative, financial, human resources and accounting matters, in the corporate, business, industrial, engineering, commercial, banking, stock market, financial, credit, insurance and finance areas.
Indra Factoría Tecnológica, S.L.U.	Spain	The planning, design, development, integration, operation, maintenance and marketing of information and communication technology systems and solutions
Minsait Payments Systems, S.L.U.	Spain	Marketing and distribution of systems, software, infrastructure and technological platforms that assist third party issuers of payment instruments in processing transactions made using such payment instruments
Indra T&D SAC	Peru	Provision of services and development of projects in the administrative, operational and technological areas on a supervision, administration or implementation level. Computer software development.
Indra Sistemas Transporte y Defensa, S.A. De C.V.	Mexico	Design, development, manufacture, supply, assembly, repair, maintenance and installation of products, solutions, applications and systems based on the intensive use of information technology.
Sistemas informaticos Abiertos, S.A.U.	Spain	Provision of cybersecurity services, as well as information management and protection services.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indra Servicios Perú SAC	Peru	Provision of services and development of projects in the administrative, operational and technological areas on a supervision level. Computer software development.
Morpheus Aiolos, S.L.	Spain	Creation, maintenance and operation of Internet sites and portals; website and portal hosting and maintenance services; domain registration, e-mail and Internet communication services; and activities involving conventional and technological design and advertising services, as well as commercial intermediary services in these business lines.
ALG Global Infraestructure Advisors, S.L.	Madrid (Spain)	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products based on the use of information technologies. Provision of business consultancy and management services. Preparation and execution of all kinds of studies and projects. Management, technical assistance, technology transfer, marketing and administration of such studies, projects and activities. Provision of activity and process outsourcing services in any field or industry.
Smart Paper, S.P.A.	Potenza, Basilicata (Italy)	Design, application and management of solutions for the storage and digital processing of documents.
Baltik IT	Riga, Latvia	BPO (document management, recovery and commercial back office outsourcing) for Enel
MSS Manage Security Services GmbH	Germany	Services related to the management of security services, such as security audits, installation and management of firewall systems and other related services. Cybersecurity
Arcopay, S, de R.L de C.V	Mexico	Design, development and implementation of all types of private computer communication networks and websites, in which marketing, advertising and consulting for goods or services is carried out through the Internet.
Afterbanks Ltd	UK	Creation, maintenance and operation of Internet sites and portals; website and portal hosting and maintenance services; domain registration, e-mail and Internet communication services; and activities involving conventional and technological design and advertising services, as well as commercial intermediary services in these business lines.
Flat 101, S.L.U.	Spain	Business development and optimisation through digital consultancy services. The main services relate to the web optimisation programme (CRO), web traffic, digital analytics and user experience.
The Overview Effect, SL	Madrid	Provision of all kinds of advisory services and work within the field of business and/or company management consultancy and, in particular, work related to sustainability and social impact consultancy.
Consultoría Organizacional, S.A.S	Colombia	Design and implementation, consultancy and administration of applications for work and publication on the Internet or any other computer network; creation, administration and marketing of websites, intranets, extranets and/or any type of software entailing electronic data transmission; development of information and computer systems and information networks; sale and marketing of all kinds of Internet-related services.
Net Studio, S.P.A.	Italy	Operating in the field of cybersecurity, its core business is to provide integrated risk management, cybersecurity services and solutions, as well as focusing on digital identification.
Credimatic, S.A.	Ecuador	Activities auxiliary to NCP financial services, such as financial transaction processing and settlement, including credit card transactions.

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Name	Address	Activity
Indra Gestión de Usuarios, S.L.	Madrid	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products based on the use of information technologies.
Mobbeel Solutions, S.L.	Cáceres	Design, development, integration, production, operation, maintenance and marketing of systems, solutions and products based on the use of information technologies.
Mobbeel Innovations Labs, S.L.	Spain	Programming, consulting and other IT-related activities.
Aplicaciones de Simulación Simtec, S.L.	Madrid	Virtual simulators
Nexus Payment Systems, SpA	Chile	Credit card and payment processing, including account and transaction processing services, fraud prevention and security in means of payment. Back office, business intelligence, customer loyalty-building. Delivery and collation.
Minsait Payment Systems Portugal, Unipessoal, LDA	Portugal	Marketing and distribution of systems, software, infrastructure and technological platforms that assist third party issuers of payment instruments in processing transactions made using such payment instruments
Indra Air Traffic INC	USA	Design, production and marketing of air navigation assistance systems (navaids).
Antexia Technologies, SL	Spain	Provision of civil engineering, consulting and technical assistance services. Design and development of multi-sector technology, solutions and services, focusing mainly on the Defence and Security Industry.
Indra Mobility, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of all kinds of systems, solutions and products, including motor vehicles, ships, aircraft and aerospace devices or vehicles, that make use of applied sciences and technologies (information and/or computing technologies, telecommunications, industrial technologies, robotics, etc.), as well as any related parts, components and services, together with the civil works necessary for installation.
Park Air Systems Ltd	UK	Design, engineering and manufacture of systems and customer training activities in its own facilities.
Deuser Tech Group, S.L	Spain	Software and hardware engineering, selling of all kinds of computer processing and telecommunication-related products. Advice, consultancy and professional technical assistance for business, industry and institutions, i.e. for any type of industry.
Indra- Soluções de Tecnologia da informação Angola, LDA.	Angola	Management system and technology consulting services.
I.C.A. Sistemas y Seguridad SL	Spain	Import, export, purchase, sale, marketing, development and installation of systems, components, devices and electronic computer equipment, as well as all services related to the electronics and IT sectors; any other activities directly or indirectly related to the above.
Minsait Payment Systems Colombia, SAS	Colombia	Marketing and distribution of systems, software, infrastructure and technological platforms that assist third party issuers of payment instruments in processing transactions made using such payment instruments.
Minsait Payments Brasil LTDA	Brazil	Data processing, application service providers and internet services. Technical support, maintenance and other IT services.

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Name	Address	Activity
Tramasierras 2021, SL	Spain	Purchase, sale, administration and exploitation of real estate, and the purchase, sale and administration of securities; tax, economic, financial, accounting, legal, labour, IT, business, commercial and administrative studies and advice for all kinds of individuals and legal entities.
Pecunia Cards EDE, SL	Spain	I. Issuance of means of payment in the form of electronic money, i.e. any monetary value stored in electronic or magnetic media representing a receivable from the issuer, which is issued on receipt of funds for the purpose of completing payment transactions, as defined in L.1. Issuance of means of payment in the form of electronic money, i.e. any monetary value stored in electronic or magnetic media representing a receivable from the issuer, which is issued on receipt of funds for the purpose of completing payment transactions, as defined in L.
Soluciones Tecnológicas Normax, S.L.	Spain	Development and marketing of computer software
NAE Comunicaciones, S.L.U.	Spain	Network management and deployment
NAE Consulting Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	Network management and deployment
Global Training Aviation, S.L.U.	Spain	Consulting, learning and training services for airlines and initiation and recycling courses for pilots.
Global Training Aviation Colombia, S.A.S.	Colombia	Provision of aeronautical training services
Global Training Aviation Indonesia, S.A.S.	Indonesia	Provision of aeronautical training services
Compañía Uruguaya de Medios de Procesamiento, S.A.	Uruguay	Affiliation of businesses in Uruguay to the Visa International and Mastercard systems. Response, processing and channelling to the respective issuer of Visa international/ Mastercard products. Processing of sales submitted by stores through the various channels. Issuance and distribution to stores of regular reports containing the list of transactions completed in them using Visa International / Mastercard products. Resolution of complaints submitted by the stores
Indra Espacio, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Indra Space, S.L.U.	Spain	Acquisition, through subscription or purchase, holding, possession, direction, administration, management and disposal of public or private securities and company shares, and of the equity of companies or entities resident in Spain or abroad, save for activities subject to special legislation and all kinds of financial assets; incorporation and promotion of companies.
Deimos Space, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Deimos Engenharia S.A	Portugal	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.

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Name	Address	Activity
Deimos Italia, S.R.L.	Italy	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Deimos Engineerings & Systems S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Deimos Space S.R.L.	Romania	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
Deimos Space UK Limited	UK	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
MQA Business Consultants S.A.S	Colombia	Design, development, production, integration and maintenance of systems, equipment, solutions and products that make intensive use of information technologies (computing, electronics and communications) applicable in any field or industry including civil and military, aerospace, environment and spatial planning. All kinds of services related to the corporate purpose. Design, manufacture, launch and operation of satellites and the research, development and innovation of systems relating to all of these activities that permit the completion of every phase of a space mission.
MQA Américas Group, Inc.	Panama	IT consultancy, provision of agency, representation and marketing services, purchase, leasing, sale, distribution and implementation of technology products, information systems, networks and communications, including, in particular, the provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP. SAP solutions and digital transformation projects for the industrial sector.
MQA Americas Corp	Panama	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas Guatemala, S.A	Guatemala	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas Caribe S.R.L.	Dominican Republic	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas Honduras, S.A.	Honduras	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas El Salvador, S.A. de C.V	El Salvador	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).
MQA Americas Costa Rica, S.A.	Costa Rica	Provision of consultancy services for the implementation of the business process model based on S/4 Hana Cloud and SAP (the business).

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Name	Address	Activity
Clue Tech, SA	Spain	Design, development, production, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products, including motor vehicles, ships, aircraft and aerospace devices or vehicles, that make use of information technology, as well as any related components and all kinds of related services necessary for installation.
Clue Technologies, S.L.U.	Spain	Design, development, production, integration, operation, maintenance, repair and marketing of systems, solutions and products, including motor vehicles, ships, aircraft and aerospace devices or vehicles, that make use of information technologies, as well as any related components and all kinds of related services.
Clue Aerospace, S.L.U.	Spain	Creation of IT system prototypes, including both hardware and software, focusing on the manufacture of avionics intelligence systems.
Arabia Indra Regional Headquarter Company	Saudi Arabia	Formulation and monitoring of regional strategy. Business planning and coordination. Identification of new market opportunities. Operational and financial reporting.

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Name	Address	Activity
<u>3. Associates</u>		
Saes Capital, S.A.	Spain	Through associated companies, design, development, production, integration, maintenance and operation of electronic, computer and communication systems, mainly related to naval systems and underwater acoustics.
Euromids SAS	France	Development, manufacture and marketing of tactical communications systems.
TESS Defence, S.A.	Spain	Manufacture, development, marketing, maintenance and life cycle support for the 8x8 Dragón wheeled combat vehicle.
Tower Air Traffic Services, S.L.	Spain	Provision of aerodrome air traffic services, for the management of aircraft traffic.
A4 Essor, S.A.S.	France	Development of a radio communications security program.
Societat Catalana Per a la Mobilitat, S.A.	Spain	T-Mobilitat project for the implementation of a new technological, fare and management system for the Metropolitan Transport Authority.
Iniciativas Bioenergéticas, S.L.	Spain	Study, promotion, development and implementation of innovative projects in environmental and energy production.
Logística marítima de Tuxpan S.A.P.I. de C.V.	Mexico	Provision of civil engineering and consulting services for port infrastructures.
Satelio Iot Services, S.L.	Spain	Provision of Narrowband IoT communications services with global coverage by means of low earth orbit satellite infrastructures.
Green Border OOD	Bulgaria	Design, development, integration and maintenance of systems and solutions used in surveillance and security controls at facilities.
Startical, S.L.	Spain	Air traffic management from space. Development of new air navigation, surveillance and communication, voice and data services from a satellite platform.
Indra Isolux México S.A de C.V.	Mexico	Supply, installation and commissioning of equipment for toll management systems and/or traffic control systems.
Visión Inteligente Aplicada S.A de C.V	Mexico	Services provided
EFI Túneles Necaxa SA de CV	Mexico	Study, consultancy, project development and construction of public works, and any type of civil, hydraulic, electrical, infrastructure and similar works in the public and private sectors, acquisition of construction materials and inputs and the transport thereof and, in general, all matters related to construction.

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Name	Shareholdings			Equity	Total operating income	Individual result after taxes
	Direct	Indirect	Total			
INDRA GROUP				1,761,009	5,513,610	435,829
1. Parent company						
Indra Sistemas, S.A.				981,012	1,954,316	154,156
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra Sistemas de Seguridad, S.A.U.	100%	-	100%	2,802	4,105	[307]
Indra Sistemas de Comunicaciones Seguras, S.L.U.	-	100%	100%	8,050	5,447	687
Inmize Capital, S.L.	80%	-	80%	1,717	-	85
Inmize Sistemas, S.L.	-	50%	50%	3,400	196	73
Teknatrans Consultores, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	1,238	10,963	705
Indra Holding TI Group	100%	-	100%	1,597,978	2,944,639	127,137
Prointec Group	100%	-	100%	(12,312)	35,799	2,103
Indra Advanced Technology, S.L. Group	100%	-	100%	51,373	59,622	(259)
Indra Tecnología Brasil	99.99%	0.01%	100%	[465]	137	[712]
Indra Sistemas Chile, S.A.	99.99%	0.01%	100%	17,123	45,238	[1,672]
Azeria Tecnologías de la Información Argentina, S.A.	99.94%	0.06%	100%	[35]	-	[3]
Indra SI, S.A.	86.53%	13.47%	100%	7,318	38,083	4,384
Computación Ceicom, S.A.	95%	5%	100%	[19]	-	[12]
Indra USA, Inc	100%	-	100%	25,203	28,477	[28,205]
North American T&D Group, INC	-	100%	100%	-	-	-
Minsait ACS, INC	-	100%	100%	(2,507)	15,713	69
Indra Panamá, S.A.	100%	-	100%	(2,556)	15,841	[64]
Indra Sistemas Portugal, S.A.	100%	-	100%	15,332	34,272	1,485
Indra Navia A.S. (Norway)	100%	-	100%	21,648	67,619	9,484
Normeka, A.S.	-	100%	100%	4,551	7,961	764
Indra Turkey	100%	-	100%	7	4	[4]
Indra Maroc S.A.R.L.U.	100%	-	100%	(1,081)	416	9
PT Indra Indonesia	99.99%	0.01%	100%	[74]	-	[7]
Indra Arabia Company LTD. (Arabia)	95%	5%	100%	29,808	32,617	1,000
Indra Technology Solutions Co Ltd (Arabia)	95%	5%	100%	[1,206]	14,720	263
Indra Beijing Information Technology Systems Ltd.	100%	-	100%	715	2,025	183
Indra Australia PTY Limited	100%	-	100%	8,832	25,259	354
Indra Sistemas India Private Limited	100%	-	100%	1,071	3,447	[191]
Indra Technology Solutions Malaysia Sdn. Bhd	100%	-	100%	(1,383)	1,322	[206]
Indra L.L.C. (Oman)	99%	1%	100%	3,779	6,539	[18]
Indra Corporate Services, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	2,664	11,506	672
Indra Corporate Services México S.A de C.V.	0.01%	99.99%	100%	(574)	2,604	9
Indra Corporate Services Philippines, INC	0.01%	99.99%	100%	12	65	45
Indra Sistemas Transporte y Defensa, S.A De C.V	99.99%	0.01%	100%	3,871	21,260	[633]
Indra TyD SAC	99.99%	0.01%	100%	1,936	15,904	[3,801]
Indra Factoria Tecnología	100%	-	100%	1,180	9,309	552
ALG Global Infrastructure Advisors, S.L.	100%	-	100%	13,271	26,497	2,796
ALG Global Infrastructure Advisor Brasil Ltda	0.01%	99.99%	100%	1,616	2,672	224
Sistemas Informáticos Abiertos, S.A.	100%	-	100%	33,525	156,560	14,703
Mss Managed Security Services GmbH	-	100%	100%	862	1,806	402

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	Direct	Indirect	Total			
Net Studio, S.P.A.	-	100%	100%	4,368	14,646	1,130
Mobbeel Solutions, S.L.	-	100%	100%	1,830	2,689	725
Mobbeel Innovation Labs, S.L.	-	100%	100%	16	613	1
I.C.A. Sistemas y Seguridad, S.L.	-	100%	100%	5,088	13,478	1,601
Indra Air Traffic INC	100%	-	100%	41,603	38,740	1,396
Park Air Systems Ltd	100%	-	100%	19,021	36,099	1,176
Antexia Technologies, SL	100%	-	100%	1,523	634	(13)
Indra Mobility S.L.U	100%	-	100%	2,190	-	-
Aplicaciones de Simulación Simtec, S.L.	100%	-	100%	1,632	4,344	(386)
Global Training Aviation, S.L.	100%	-	100%	7,302	10,841	1,437
Global Training Aviation Colombia, SAS	-	100%	100%	484	1,012	(42)
PT Global Training Aviation Indonesia	-	100%	100%	(3,978)	1,570	(1,022)
Indra Espacio S.L.U	100%	-	100%	27,969	59,590	8,267
Indra Space S.L.U	100%	-	100%	744,196	-	(504)
Deimos Space, S.L.U	100%	-	100%	14,329	34,355	2,913
Deimos Engenharia, S.A.	56%	44%	100%	1,708	6,312	278
Deimos Italia S.R.L.	100%	-	100%	959	2,863	17
Deimos Engineerings & Systmes S.L.U.	-	100%	100%	(91)	27,559	(272)
Deimos Space S.R.L.	-	100%	100%	69	1,621	225
Deimos Space UK Limited	-	100%	100%	1,343	3,452	(8)
Clue Tech, S.A	100%	-	100%	232	924	102
Clue Technologies, SLU	-	100%	100%	8,794	5,749	(408)
Clue Aerospace, SLU	-	100%	100%	715	5,189	(792)
Indra Regional Headquarter Company	100%	-	100%	999	431	(12)
Micro Nav Limited	100%	-	100%	4,548	10,707	1,123
Global ATS Limited	100%	-	100%	2,936	5,663	511
Tess Defence S.A	51.001%	-	51.001%	1,812	143,254	588
Indra Sistemas Aéreos Autónomos, S.L	100%	-	100%	763	2,629	423
Indra Mobility Italia SPA	100%	-	100%	2,182	-	(18)
Indra Land Vehicles S.L	100%	-	100%	3	-	-
Indramind S.L.U	100%	-	100%	3	-	-
Indra Sistemas Uruguay, SA	100%	-	100%	-	-	-
Indra Sistemas Aéreos Autonomos, SLU	100%	-	100%	763	2,629	423
Indra ATM & Defensa Colombia SAS	98%	2%	100%	310	-	-
Indra ISSC Colombia SAS	98%	2%	100%	147	-	-
Indra Mobility UK	100%	-	100%	-	-	-
Indra Mobility Lithuania, UAB	100%	-	100%	1	-	-

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Name	Shareholdings			Equity	Total operating income	Individual result after taxes
	Direct	Indirect	Total			
3. Associates						
Indra Sistemas, S.A.						
Saes Capital, S.A.	49%	-	49%	-	-	-
Euromids SAS	25%	-	25%	-	-	-
A4 Essor SAS	23.1%	-	23.1%	-	-	-
Societat Catalana per a la Mobilitat, S.A.	16.8%	-	16.8%	-	-	-
Green Border OOD	50%	-	50%	-	-	-
Startical S.L	50%	-	50%	-	-	-
Sateliot Io Services, S.L	10.5%	-	10.5%	-	-	-
Sparc Foundry, S.L	36.89%	-	36.89%	-	-	-
TI Holding Group composition				1,597,978	2,944,639	127,137
1. Parent company						
Indra Holding Tecnología de la Información, S.L.U.				1,139,448	434	(1,155)
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra Soluciones TI Group	100%	-	100%	1,258,437	2,482,013	108,597
BPO Group	100%	-	100%	84,664	177,578	8,147
Business Consulting Group	100%	-	100%	96,275	120,708	4,846
Minsait Payments Systems Group	100%	-	100%	123,623	221,354	13,872
Paradigma Digital, SL	100%	-	100%	13,757	62,640	497
Flat 101	100%	-	100%	7,976	14,210	(854)
The Overview Effect, SL	-	75%	75%	648	1,613	(234)
Indra BPO Hipotecario S.L.U	100%		100%	3	-	-

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Name	Shareholdings			Equity	Total operating income	Individual result after taxes
	Direct	Indirect	Total			
Indra Soluciones TI Group composition				1,258,437	2,482,013	108,597
1. Parent company						
Indra Soluciones Tecnologia de la Información, S.L.U.				914,398	1,632,198	80,048
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra III Soluções de Tecnologia da Informação Portugal	100%	-	100%	6,002	47,942	1,327
Indra- Soluções de tecnologia da informação Angola, LDA.	-	100%	100%	326	1,403	105
Indra Producción de Software, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	42,333	203,043	25,264
Indra Italia S.P.A. (Italy)	100%	-	100%	56,941	134,234	(5,097)
Indra Sistemas Polska Sp.z.o.o.	100%	-	100%	(395)	673	55
Indra Sisteme S.R.L. (Moldova)	100%	-	100%	553	1,334	86
Indra LTDA (Kenya)	99.99%	0.01%	100%	6,616	6,757	690
Tecnocom Peru, S.A.C.	100%	-	100%	(5)	96	238
Tecnocom Colombia, S.A.	100%	-	100%	389	-	7
Indra Colombia LTDA	100%	-	100%	18,426	122,316	(5,589)
Soluciones y Servicios Indracompany Uruguay, S.A.	100%	-	100%	630	6,531	347
Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos S/A	99.99%	0.01%	100%	35,078	44,598	3,492
Minsait Brasil Ltda	99.99%	0.01%	100%	43,512	160,739	11,466
Indra Perú, S.A.	99.99%	0.01%	100%	10,398	99,098	(11,727)
Indra Sistemas México, S.A. de C.V.	99.99%	-	99.99%	(918)	102,714	(6,505)
Indra Soluciones Tecnologías de la Información Romania, SA	50.7%	-	50.7%	3,174	2,520	692
Indra Bahrain Consultancy SPC	100%	-	100%	11,722	4,879	1,376
Indra Philippines INC	50.1%	-	50.1%	24,119	53,871	5,045
Consultoría Organizacional.	100%	-	100%	3,071	14,625	331
Indra Gestión de Usuarios, S.L.	100%	-	100%	35,768	100,935	5,639
Deuser Tech Group, S.L	100%	-	100%	(162)	16,367	(685)
MQA Business Consultants S.A.	100%	-	100%	3,353	19,457	192
MQA Américas Group, Inc.	100%	-	100%	128	-	15
MQA Americas Corp	-	100%	100%	680	4,606	74
MQA Americas Guatemala S.A	-	100%	100%	790	7,124	(74)
MQA Americas Caribe S.R.L	-	100%	100%	506	1,437	416
MQA Americas Honduras, S.A	-	100%	100%	870	1,880	774
MQA Americas El Salvador S.A de C.V	-	100%	100%	9	112	(19)
MQA Americas Costa Rica S.A	-	100%	100%	1,120	3,171	612
Quakha Services, Sarl AU (Marruecos)	99%	1%	100%	(421)	-	(26)
Indra Soluciones TI Group composition						
3. Associates						
Indra Sistemas México, S.A. de C.V.				-	-	-
EFI Túneles Necaxa SA de CV	10%	-	10%	-	-	-

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Name	Shareholdings			Equity	Total operating income	Individual result after taxes
	Direct	Indirect	Total			
BPO Group composition				84,664	177,578	8,147
1. Parent company						
Indra BPO, S.L.U.				50,082	20,557	9,223
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra BPO Servicios, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	37,406	100,628	5,546
Indra II Business Outsourcing Portugal, Unipessoal, Limitada	-	100%	100%	977	2,520	263
Indra BPO México, S.S. de C.V.	99.99%	0.01%	100%	11,687	7,651	536
Indra Servicios Perú SAC	99.9%	0.10%	100%	[1,743]	7,889	[2,127]
Smart Paper		100%	100%	16,382	36,452	[1,421]
Baltik IT		100%	100%	2,381	2,499	713
Teknei Colombia S.A.S		100%	100%	-	-	-
Business Consulting Group composition				96,275	120,708	4,846
1. Parent company						
Indra Business Consulting, S.L.U.				34,271	73,264	3,912
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra Business Consulting ALG Mexico S.A. de C.V.	100%	-	100%	10,488	26,743	468
Europraxis-ALG Consulting Andina, S.A.C. (Peru)	99.95%	0.05%	100%	161	-	[108]
Europraxis ALG Consulting Maroc, S.A. (Morocco)	65.71%	34.27%	99.98%	[74]	-	[10]
NAE Comunicacions, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	8,164	21,561	201
NAE Consulting Colombia	-	100%	100%	660	1,224	[279]

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Name	Shareholdings			Equity	Total operating income	Individual result after taxes
	Direct	Indirect	Total			
Composition of Minsait Payments Systems Group				123,623	221,354	13,872
1. Parent company						
Nuek Systems, SLU				36,700	82,520	(1,198)
2. Subsidiaries						
Nuek Payments Systems Chile, S.A.	99.99%	0.01%	100%	40,444	33,381	3,432
Minsait Payment Systems México	99.99%	0.01%	100%	12,821	18,803	1,664
Tecnocom Procesadora de Medios de Pago, S.A.	99.99%	0.01%	100%	3,518	1,825	[1]
Nuek Payments Perú SAC	100%	-	100%	4,244	2,205	333
Credimatic	100%	-	100%	11,671	11,870	2,914
Operadora de Tarjetas de Crédito Nexus, S.A.	100%	-	100%	23,881	49,991	8,279
Tecnocom Chile, S.A.	99.99%	0.01%	100%	7,106	11,746	826
Minsait Payment Systems Portugal, Unipessoal, LDA	100%	-	100%	[21]	247	[16]
Nuek Payment Systems Colombia, SAS	100%	-	100%	[307]	5,191	[48]
Minsait Payments Brasil Ltda	100%	-	100%	99	1,316	[230]
Tramasieras 2021, SL	100%	-	100%	33,868	-	-
Pecunia Cards EDE, S.L.	-	100%	100%	6,273	18,351	710
Soluciones Tecnológicas Normax, SL	-	100%	100%	1,377	[8]	[474]
Minsait Payment Systems Guatemala	100%	-	100%	4	-	[1]
Morpheus Aiolos, S.L (Afterbanks)	100%	-	100%	1,514	2,821	783
Arcopay, S. de R.L de C.V	99.99%	0.01%	100%	[100]	-	[18]
Compañía Uruguaya de Medios de Procesamiento de Pago, S.A	100%	-	100%	6,972	23,082	1,576
Prointec Group composition				(12,312)	35,799	2,103
1. Parent company						
Prointec, S.A.U.				(17,261)	27,733	[413]
2. Subsidiaries						
Consis Proiect SRL (Romania)	100%	-	100%	5,452	5,723	1,280
Ingeniería de Proyectos de Infraestructuras Mexicanas, SA de C.V.	99.99%	0.01%	100%	8,778	2,202	348
Prointec Brasil	99.99%	0.01%	100%	216	-	[8]
Prointec Panama, S.A.	75%	-	75%	[115]	-	-
Prointec USA LLC	100%	-	100%	82	411	67
Prointec S.A de El Salvador	100%	-	100%	9	151	7
Prointec Colombia Ingeniería de Proyectos	98%	2.00%	100%	315	-	-
3. Associates						
Iniciativas Bioenergéticas, S.L.	20%	-	20%	-	-	-
Logística Portuaria de Tuxpan, S.A.P.I de C.V.	25%	-	25%	-	-	-

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Indra Advanced Technology SL Group composition				51,373	59,622	(259)
1. Parent company						
Indra Advanced Technology, S.L.U.				51,518	-	1,075
2. Subsidiaries						
Avitech GmbH (Germany)	100%	-	100%	6,044	47,724	(1,175)
Avitech S.R.O. (Slovakia)		100%	100%	928	12,263	(159)
3.- Asociadas						
Fyla Laser, S.L	24.81%	-	24.81%	-	-	-
Hispasat Group Composition				609,030		
1.- Sociedad dominante						
Hispasat SA	89.68%	-	89.68%	383,694	-	-
2.- Dependientes						
Hispamar Exterior, S.L. Sociedad Unipersonal (*)	-	100%	100%	14,567	-	-
Hispasat Canarias SLU	100%	-	100%	288,990	-	-
Consultek	100%	-	100%	56	-	-
Hispasat México	54%	47%	100%	20,405	-	-
Hispasat Brasil	100%	-	100%	39,166	-	-
Hispamar Satalites	15%	85%	100%	41,103	-	-
Hispasat UK	100%	-	100%	54	-	-
Hispasat Perú	86%	14%	100%	9,859	-	-
HPS Corporativo S. de R.L de C.V	100%	-	100%	14,986	-	-
AXESS Networks Cyprus LTD (company in liquidation)	40%	60%	100%	3,566	-	-
Axess Networks Solutions UK Ltd (company in liquidation)	-	100%	100%	1,075	-	-
Axess Networks Solutions Colombia S.A.S.	100%	-	100%	1,265	-	-
Axess Networks Solutions Chile S.A.	100%	-	100%	1,265	-	-
Axess Networks Solutions Ecuador S.A.	-	100%	100%	104,610	-	-
Axess Networks Solutions Germany, GmbH	-	100%	100%	3,102	-	-
Axess Networks Solutions Holding Germany, GmbH	-	100%	100%	-	-	-
Hisdesat Servicios Estratégicos, S.A.	7.10%	38.56%	46%	353,701	-	-
3.- Asociadas						
Grupo Sylvestris, S.L	-	10.85%	10.85%	-	-	-

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Name	Shareholdings			Equity	Total operating income	Individual result after taxes
	Direct	Indirect	Total			
INDRA GROUP				1,314,706	4,877,046	280,280
1. Parent company						
Indra Sistemas, S.A.				854,338,000	1,640,578,000	126,198,000
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra Sistemas de Seguridad, S.A.U.	100%	-	100%	3,108	6,275	[100]
Indra Sistemas de Comunicaciones Seguras, S.L.U.	-	100%	100%	7,363	4,627	[166]
Inmize Capital, S.L.	80%	-	80%	1,669	-	40
Inmize Sistemas, S.L.	-	50%	50%	3,512	904	184
Teknatrans Consultores, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	1,328	10,606	850
Indra Holding TI Group	100%	-	100%	1,480,178	2,987,096	119,596
Prointec Group	100%	-	100%	(14,431)	37,702	1,689
Indra Advanced Technology, S.L. Group	100%	-	100%	54,791	55,416	(1,523)
Indra Tecnología Brasil	100%	-	100%	250	161	30
Indra Sistemas Chile, S.A.	100%	-	100%	19,330	48,916	743
Azeria Tecnologías de la Información Argentina, S.A.	99.94%	0.06%	100%	[53]	-	[20]
Indra SI, S.A.	82.90%	17.10%	100%	4,704	16,475	1,248
Computación Ceicom, S.A.	95%	5%	100%	[12]	-	[10]
Indra USA, Inc	100%	-	100%	60,400	20,425	121
North American T&D Group, INC	-	100%	100%	-	-	-
Minsait ACS, INC	-	100%	100%	[6,347]	24,112	542
Indra Panamá, S.A.	100%	-	100%	[2,749]	10,677	[1,681]
Indra Sistemas Portugal, S.A.	100%	-	100%	13,847	38,384	2,033
Indra Navia A.S. (Norway)	100%	-	100%	17,202	66,886	8,145
Normeka, A.S.	-	66%	66%	3,821	7,371	588
Indra Turkey	100%	-	100%	16	18	1
Indra Maroc S.A.R.L.U.	100%	-	100%	[1,112]	334	[36]
PT Indra Indonesia	99.99%	0.01%	100%	94	-	[16]
Indra Arabia Company LTD. (Arabia)	95%	5%	100%	32,253	37,096	8,484
Indra Technology Solutions Co Ltd (Arabia)	100%	-	100%	[1,601]	2,988	[1,427]
Indra Beijing Information Technology Systems Ltd.	100%	-	100%	581	1,846	[150]
Indra Australia PTY Limited	100%	-	100%	11,197	30,459	3,386
Indra Sistemas India Private Limited	100%	-	100%	1,503	1,654	15
Indra Technology Solutions Malaysia Sdn. Bhd	100%	-	100%	[1,200]	681	[129]
Indra L.L.C. (Oman)	99%	1%	100%	4,305	7,206	73
Indra Corporate Services, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	1,992	11,939	568
Indra Corporate Services México S.A de C.V.	0.01%	99.99%	100%	[564]	2,666	92
Indra Corporate Services Philippines, INC	0.01%	99.99%	100%	[38]	[8]	[10]
Indra Sistemas Transporte y Defensa, S.A De C.V	100%	-	100%	4,262	32,152	1,251
Indra TyD SAC	100%	-	100%	310	14,095	[35]
Indra Factoria Tecnología	100%	-	100%	847	18,665	712
ALG Global Infrastructure Advisors, S.L.	100%	-	100%	11,472	23,458	1,151
ALG Global Infrastructure Advisor Brasil Ltda	20%	80%	100%	1,371	2,246	[254]
Sistemas Informáticos Abiertos, S.A.	100%	-	100%	34,337	133,576	15,520
Mss Managed Security Services Gmbh	-	100%	100%	534	1,634	157
Net Studio, S.P.A.	-	100%	100%	3,238	11,194	770
Mobbeel Solutions, S.L.	-	100%	100%	1,105	2,324	388
Mobbeel Innovation Labs, S.L.	-	100%	100%	15	564	1
I.C.A. Sistemas y Seguridad, S.L.	-	100%	100%	3,487	15,661	1,275
Indra Air Traffic INC	100%	-	100%	45,440	32,556	824
Park Air Systems Ltd	100%	-	100%	18,738	29,374	1,961
Antexia Technologies, SL	100%	-	100%	2,295	19	[534]
Indra Mobility, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	3	-	-

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	Direct	Indirect	Total			
Aplicaciones de Simulación Simtec, S.L.	100%	-	100%	2,203	5,952	185
Global Training Aviation, S.L.	100%	-	100%	5,865	11,090	1,700
Global Training Aviation Colombia, SAS	-	100%	100%	518	1,903	213
PT Global Training Aviation Indonesia	-	100%	100%	(3,449)	1,405	(87)
Indra Espacio S.L.U	100%	-	100%	19,528	54,462	4,793
Orbitude S.L	100%	-	100%	(100)	-	(103)
Deimos Space, S.L.U	100%	-	100%	11,425	5,022	(60)
Deimos Engenharia, S.A.	56%	44%	100%	1,441	898	20
Elecnor Infrast e Aerospaziale S.R.L.	100%	-	100%	943	334	(41)
Deimos Engineerings & Systmes S.L.U.	-	100%	100%	221	3,681	20
Deimos Space S.R.L.	-	100%	100%	(159)	415	22
Deimos Space UK Limited	-	100%	100%	1,431	779	191
Clue Tech, S.A	100%	-	100%	130	122	18
Clue Technologies, SLU	-	100%	100%	9,202	1,324	803
Clue Aerospace, SLU	-	100%	100%	1,506	3,755	1,287
Indra Regional Headquarter Company	100%	-	100%	-	-	-

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Name	Shareholdings			Equity	Total operating income	Individual result after taxes
	Direct	Indirect	Total			
3. Associates						
Indra Sistemas, S.A.						
Saes Capital, S.A.	49%	-	49%	-	-	-
Euromids SAS	25%	-	25%	-	-	-
A4 Essor SAS	23.1%	-	23.1%	-	-	-
Tower Air Traffic Services, S.L.	50%	-	50%	-	-	-
Societat Catalana per a la Mobilitat, S.A.	16.8%	-	16.8%	-	-	-
Green Border OOD	50%	-	50%	-	-	-
Startical	50%	-	50%	-	-	-
Tess Defence, S.A.	24.66%	-	24.66%	-	-	-
Satelio Iot Services, S.L.	10.54%	-	10.54%	-	-	-
TI Holding Group composition				1,480,178	2,987,096	119,596
1. Parent company						
Indra Holding Tecnología de la Información, S.L.U.				1,140,603	596	14,768
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra Soluciones TI Group	100%	-	100%	1,164,627	2,568,592	67,685
BPO Group	100%	-	100%	94,554	145,492	12,856
Business Consulting Group	100%	-	100%	52,227	114,232	4,575
Minsait Group	100%	-	100%	111,934	213,169	18,875
Paradigma Digital, S.L.	100%	-	100%	17,406	68,837	2,594
Flat 101, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	10,849	14,689	2,249
The Overview Effect, SL	-	75%	75%	843	1,830	[93]

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	Shareholdings			Equity	Total operating income	Individual result after taxes
Name	Direct	Indirect	Total			
Indra Soluciones TI Group composition				1,164,627	2,568,592	67,685
1. Parent company						
Indra Soluciones Tecnología de la Información, S.L.U.				844,036	1,498,197	9,901
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra III Soluções de Tecnologia da Informação Portugal	100%	-	100%	4,674	39,899	(981)
Indra- Soluções de tecnologia da informação Angola, LDA.	-	100.00%	100%	250	470	(56)
Indra Producción de Software, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	40,046	181,884	22,977
Indra Italia S.P.A. (Italy)	100%	-	100%	62,038	161,874	(1,247)
Smart Paper	-	100%	100%	17,802	40,853	2,307
Baltik IT	-	100%	100%	1,667	3,550	555
Indra Czech Republic S.R.O.	100%	-	100%	(129)	-	(59)
Indra Sistemas Polska Sp.z.o.o.	100%	-	100%	(445)	689	24
Indra Sisteme S.R.L. (Moldova)	100%	-	100%	592	1,308	234
Indra LTDA (Kenya)	100%	-	100%	6,733	6,669	(578)
Tecnocom Peru, S.A.C.	100%	-	100%	10,454	126	754
Tecnocom Colombia, S.A.	100%	-	100%	370	-	1
Indra Colombia LTDA	100%	-	100%	23,285	120,351	(136)
Soluciones y Servicios Indracompany Uruguay, S.A.	100%	-	100%	288	6,363	23
Indra Brasil Soluções e Serviços Tecnológicos S/A	100%	-	100%	31,735	38,338	1,007
Minsait Brasil Ltda	100%	-	100%	32,930	161,244	8,890
Indra Perú, S.A.	100%	-	100%	11,699	91,756	(786)
Indra Sistemas México, S.A. de C.V.	100%	-	100%	4,150	124,101	(7,134)
Indra Soluciones Tecnologías de la Información Romania, SA	50.7%	-	50.7%	2,913	2,057	370
Indra Bahrain Consultancy SPC	100%	-	100%	11,631	7,211	1,543
Indra Philippines INC	50.1%	-	50.1%	27,677	48,673	4,537
Morpheus Aiolos, S.L. (Afterbanks)	100%	-	100%	1,247	2,366	397
Arcopay, S. de R.L de C.V.	100%	-	100%	(83)	-	(32)
Afterbanks Ltd	100%	-	100%	(60)	-	-
Consultoría Organizacional.	100%	-	100%	2,660	14,361	85
Indra Gestión de Usuarios, S.L.	100%	-	100%	35,099	102,285	5,054
Deuser Tech Group, S.L.	100%	-	100%	535	10,699	(244)
MQA Business Consultants S.A.	100%	-	100%	3,084	5,862	493
MQA Américas Group, Inc.	100%	-	100%	128	-	(3)
MQA Americas Corp	-	100%	100%	1,427	1,572	(4)
MQA Americas Guatemala S.A	-	100%	100%	945	2,634	545
MQA Americas Caribe S.R.L	-	100%	100%	105	39	5
MQA Americas Honduras, S.A	-	100%	100%	117	49	(219)
MQA Americas El Salvador S.A de C.V	-	100%	100%	36	22	(98)
MQA Americas Costa Rica, S.A.	-	100%	100%	555	533	8

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Name	Direct	Indirect	Total			
Indra Soluciones TI Group composition						
3. Associates						
Indra Sistemas México, S.A. de C.V.						
Indra Isolux México SA de CV	50%	-	50%	-	-	-
Visión Inteligente Aplicada S.A de C.V	50%	-	50%	-	-	-
EFI Túneles Necaxa SA de CV	10%	-	10%	-	-	-
BPO Group composition				94,554	145,492	12,856
1. Parent company						
Indra BPO, S.L.U.				64,357	22,794	3,574
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra BPO Servicios, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	-	107,017	7,734
Indra II Business Outsourcing Portugal, Unipessoal, Limitada	-	100%	100%	913	2,062	165
OUAKHA Services, Sarl AU (Morocco)	100%	-	100%	[403]	-	[3]
Indra BPO Hipotecario, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	3	-	-
Indra BPO México, S.S. de C.V.	100%	-	100%	10,899	6,167	515
Indra Servicios Perú SAC	99.9%	0.10%	100%	353	7,452	869
Business Consulting Group composition				52,227	114,232	4,575
1. Parent company						
Indra Business Consulting, S.L.U.				30,345	60,778	(7)
2. Subsidiaries						
Indra Business Consulting ALG Mexico S.A. de C.V.	100%	-	100%	10,014	29,738	2,428
Europraxis-ALG Consulting Andina, S.A.C. (Peru)	100%	-	100%	272	-	[1]
Europraxis ALG Consulting Maroc, S.A. (Morocco)	65.71%	34.29%	100%	[65]	-	[9]
NAE Comunicacions, S.L.U.	100%	-	100%	7,968	22,614	998
NAE Consulting Colombia	-	100%	100%	907	1,420	[76]

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

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Financial data of Group companies at 31 December 2024

Name	Shareholdings			Equity	Total operating income	Individual result after taxes
	Direct	Indirect	Total			
Minsait Group composition				111,934	213,169	18,875
1. Parent company						
Minsait Payments Systems, SL				38,198	81,538	(3,697)
2. Subsidiaries						
Minsait Payments Systems Chile, S.A.	99.98%	0.02%	100%	38,099	30,446	5,397
Minsait Payment Systems México	100%	-	100%	11,091	18,903	1,982
Tecnocom Procesadora de Medios de Pago, S.A.	100%	-	100%	4,099	3,750	852
Minsait Payments Systems Perú	100%	-	100%	3,990	4,017	(756)
Credimatic	100%	-	100%	9,829	12,344	3,303
Operadora de Tarjetas de Crédito Nexus, S.A.	100%	-	100%	16,096	55,433	6,811
Tecnocom Chile, S.A.	100%	-	100%	6,464	10,251	697
Minsait Payment Systems Portugal, Unipessoal, LDA	100%	-	100%	[5]	377	20
Minsait Payment Systems Colombia, SAS	100%	-	100%	(376)	2,396	(550)
Minsait Payments Brasil Ltda	100%	-	100%	360	1,441	317
Tramasieras 2021, SL	100%	-	100%	33,868	-	2
Pecunia Cards EDE, S.L.	-	100%	100%	5,567	17,305	409
Soluciones Tecnológicas Normax, S.L.	-	100%	100%	1,851	538	[412]
Compañía Uruguaya de Medios de Procesamiento de Pago, S.A	100%	-	100%	5,506	12,540	823
Pointec Group composition				(14,431)	37,702	1,689
1. Parent company						
Pointec, S.A.U.				(16,129)	26,760	(2,328)
2. Subsidiaries						
Consis Proiect SRL (Romania)	100%	-	100%	4,272	4,645	1,171
Ingenieria de Proyectos de Infraestructuras Mexicanas, SA de C.V.	100%	-	100%	8,469	6,099	2,582
Pointec Engenharia, Ltda. (Brazil)	100%	-	100%	226	297	12
Pointec Panama, S.A.	75%	-	75%	(130)	-	-
Pointec USA LLC	100%	-	100%	14	466	68
3. Associates						
Iniciativas Bioenergéticas, S.L.	20%	-	20%	-	-	-
Logística Portuaria de Tuxpan, S.A.P.I de C.V.	25%	-	25%	-	-	-
Indra Advanced Technology SL Group composition				54,791	55,416	(1,523)
1. Parent company						
Indra Advanced Technology, S.L.U.				51,668	-	1,362
2. Subsidiaries						
Avitech GmbH (Germany)	100%	-	100%	7,219	41,290	(3,036)
Avitech S.R.O. (Slovakia)	-	100%	100%	1,701	14,126	151

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

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Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2025

Name	Direct interest
Spanish Group companies	
Indra Sistemas, SA	
UTE PIV2011 (PROINTEC-GMV SISTEMAS-EORIAN SYSTEMS-ETRALUX)	50.58%
UTE INDRA EWS/ STN ATLAS	60.00%
UTE INDRA - SAINCO	64.00%
UTE 2 INDRA - UNITRONICS	50.00%
UTE 3 INDRA - UNITRONICS	85.00%
UTE INDRA SISTEMAS, S.A. - EUROCOPTER ESPAÑA, SA	62.50%
UTE GISS 11	35.00%
UTE INDRA - NOVASOFT - SADIEL	33.33%
UTE CEIDECOM	60.00%
UTE INDRA - CESSER	80.00%
UTE LINEA 9 TRAMO I Y II	64.00%
UTE LINEA 9 MANTENIMIENTO TRAMO IV	64.00%
UTE INDRA - SALLÉN	70.00%
UTE INDRA-TECDOA	50.00%
UTE INDRA-INDRA SIST.SEGURIDAD AM 08/2011	50.00%
UTE INDRA-EADS CASA	50.00%
UTE JAÉN	52.12%
UTE INDRA-PUENTES Y CALZADAS INFRAESTRUCTURAS	80.00%
UTE INSTALACIONES MADRID ESTE	7.50%
UTE ABI CORREDOR NORTE	10.42%
UTE TUNELES DE PAJARES	35.15%
UTE TUNELES ANTEQUERA	33.66%
UTE VCR 8X8	37.94%
UTE PROTEC 110	66.02%
UTE IRST F-110	50.00%
UTE ABI EXTREMADURA - CORREDOR OESTE	15.00%
UTE ZONA NORTE GC	20.00%
UTE INDRA-THALES BMS	50.00%
UTE SITRAPLUS	45.56%
UTE INDRA - ITP 201862A4	50.00%
UTE TUNELES VILARIÑO-TABOADELA	52.00%
UTE MAESAL AIRBUS DS INDRA	34.35%
UTE TUNELES DE GUADARRAMA III	50.00%
UTE INDRA AEROPUERTOS SEGUROS	50.00%
UTE INDRA - ITE - 201853A1	50.00%
UTE CENTRO ESTRADA	33.00%
UTE INDRA-AIRBUS DE MAESE 201952A2	90.84%
UTE INDRA-INTEL ASFA DIGITAL	74.92%
UTE TUNEL DE PAJARES II	35.00%
UTE MINDTRADE PLATFORM	86.44%
UTE IRST F-110 PRODUCCION	48.41%
UTE INDRA SIST-SIA BIOMETRICO 2020-2021	50.00%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2025

Name	Direct interest
UTE ABI EXTREMADURA CORREDOR OESTE II	21.98%
UTE RONDES INDRA-ISC	77.03%
UTE SISCAP FASE 1B	64.99%
UTE MINSAIT- INDRA DTEC112-2021	50.00%
UTE INDRA-DEITEL 2022	42.00%
UTE MTO.REDES Y CONTROL METRO MALAGA 2022	63.00%
UTE INDRA MINSAIT ACTIVOS	15.39%
UTE INDRA AEROPUERTOS SEGUROS	50.00%
UTE CUI LOTE 4 AEROMEDIA-INDRA-ITG	34.00%
UTE INDRA-AIRBUS-ITP DIGIMAES	33.34%
UTE INDRA CPS PONS ITS DGT	65.00%
UTE INDRA-ITP (202362A4)	90.00%
UTE CENTRO NEURONAL DE ESTACIONES	31.55%
UTE IS-SIA-ISS	66.00%
UTE DIAL	53.00%
UTE SILPRE	35.00%
UTE BABEL INDRA AM 20/23 ARMADA	43.16%
UTE CTDA LEÓN	33.00%
UTE THALES ESPAÑA-INDRA SOPORTE BMS	48.78%
UTE AYSA	40.00%
UTE IS-ISCS-IE	5.00%
UTE C-UAS ARMADA	86.30%
UTE C-UAS	48.28%
UTE SDR	22.65%
UTE SIA-ISS (MAD 116/2025)	66.00%
UTE MTTO. REDES Y CONTROL METRO MÁLAGA 2025	67.00%
UTE PEM FCAS ESP	50.00%
UTE PEM-MC3	50.00%
UTE VACIM	88.62%
UTE PEM SCAPA	50.00%
UTE RONDES INDRA ISC 2025	77.15%
UTE ATP CADENAS	57.11%
UTE ATP RUEDAS	34.44%
Indra Espacio	
UTE PRS DE GALILEO	33.00%
UTE IS-ISCS-IE	10.00%
Indra Sistemas Comunicaciones Seguras	
UTE IS-ISCS-IE	85.00%
Indra BPO	
UTE INDRA BMB - T.SOLUCIONES	69.42%
AIE FORMALIZACIÓN ALCALA 265	20.00%
Indra Soluciones Tecnológicas de la Información	
UTE INDRA - ALVENTO	50.00%
UTE INDRA-COMPAÑÍA VASCA DE INGENIERIA	60.00%
UTE INDRA SISTEMAS, S.A. - SIA, S.p.A.	50.00%
UTE INDRA BPO-INDRA-TELEFONICA	9.33%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2025

Name	Direct interest
UTE SOLTEL GETRONICS	50.00%
UTE GLOBAL ROSETTA T	50.00%
UTE INDRA-SOLTEL	66.70%
UTE SCI AV 22/2017 LOTE 3	32.00%
UTE INDRA-COINTEC LABSES	86.00%
UTE INDRA-SATOCAN	70.00%
UTE TECNOCOM -SOPRA	53.00%
UTE SOPRA - TECNOCOM	40.00%
UTE LUGO SMART	52.27%
UTE MINSAIT-IECISA MINECO	52.61%
UTE MINSAIT-SDG	52.00%
UTE MINSAIT-ECNA (LK4201)	76.00%
UTE ALTIA-MINSAIT (AMT-2020-0007)	36.40%
UTE MINSAIT-SOLTEL	80.00%
UTE MINDTRADE PLATFORM	13.56%
UTE MINSAIT-TELEFONICA (SMS)	50.00%
UTE MINSAIT-AYESA AT CEIS	65.00%
UTE MNEMO-INDRA 2021	49.70%
UTE CPDI AMTEGA 3	47.02%
UTE MINSAITL-BABEL 2021/7201	53.50%
UTE MINSAIT-SISTEM	64.00%
ECOSISTEMA CONSULAR UTE	78.27%
UTE MINSAIT-AYESA AT CEMS	50.00%
UTE MINSAIT-SISTEM	66.23%
UTE MINSAIT-CIBERNOS-BABEL LOTE 2	40.00%
UTE MINSAIT-CIBERNOS-BABEL LOTE 6	42.00%
UTE MINSAIT-CIBERNOS Lote 1	53.00%
UTE MINSAIT-BABEL Lote 5	60.00%
UTE MINSAIT- INDRA DTEC112-2021	50.00%
UTE TSOL-INDRA COC	49.00%
UTE CIBERNOS-MINSAIT IV 27_2021 LOTE 3	48.00%
UTE IBERMATICA-INDRA-BILBOMATICA 2021-01842	21.83%
UTE EY-MINSAIT	49.00%
UTE GLOBAL ROSETTA-INDRA	47.00%
UTE SIA INDRA L3	40.00%
UTE MINSAIT-LABERIT 581/2021 bis	75.00%
UTE ISTI-IPS-INFORMANCE	20.00%
UTE COREMAIN-MINSAIT (AMT 2022-0052)	44.33%
UTE ICASS	52.56%
UTE BABEL-KYNDRYL-SIA-GESEIN GISS 2022-7201 Lote 2	18.00%
UTE MINSAIT-CLINISYS LABCYL	79.21%
UTE TELEFONI-MINSAIT I2CAT	70.72%
UTE ALTIA-MINSAIT EDUCACIÓN AMTEGA 3	37.13%
UTE TELEFÓNICA-MINSAIT PARA SERVICIOS 6G UMU	35.29%
UTE MINSAIT-LABERIT DESIG3 Lote 7	50.00%
UTE INDRA MINSAIT ACTIVOS	84.61%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2025

Name	Direct interest
UTE SOLUTIA-MINSAIT	49.00%
UTE IST-CIBERNOS L5	55.00%
UTE ISTI-CIBERNOS-BABEL L4	44.00%
UTE MINSAIT-BABEL	57.50%
UTE T-SYSTEMS-MINSAIT, LOTE 3	35.00%
UTE MINSAIT-ODIN-SIA	33.13%
UTE INDRA+LKS KZ GUNEA 2025	5.00%
UTE ISTI-IBC	45.00%
UTE LABERIT-MINSAIT MODERNIZACIÓN L1	50.00%
UTE MINSAIT-CLINISYS CONP-2022-4414	80.82%
UTE ISTI+TEKNEI-EJIE-082-2023	55.00%
UTE MINSAIT- INDRA DTEC 502-2023	75.00%
UTE MINSAIT-INETUM SERVICIO TRANSFORMACIÓN TI BLOQUE I	72.89%
UTE TSOL-INDRA V	33.83%
UTE GLOBAL ROSETTA-INDRA	40.00%
UTE MINSAIT-AYESA	56.22%
UTE MINSAIT-AYESA PREDICTIVO SOCIAL	52.00%
UTE MINSAIT-TSOL-TRC EELL	40.04%
UTE COREMAIN-MINSAIT 2024	44.33%
UTE INDRA-INETUM (SEGADE)	74.23%
UTE MINSAIT-LABERIT CANARIAS	80.00%
UTE MINSAIT-COTESA	78.13%
UTE ALTIA-MINSAIT AMTEGA FACENDA	50.00%
UTE EY-MINSAIT-SOLUTIA	33.00%
UTE MINSAIT-ATECH DIRAYA SAS	65.00%
UTE ALTIA-MINSAIT EDUCACIÓN AMTEGA 4	31.83%
UTE ALTIA-MINSAIT CPDI 4	42.83%
UTE MINSAIT-VODAFONE (CRM SACYL)	85.00%
UTE TSOL-INDRA VI (SESCAM)	30.00%
UTE ALTIA MINSAIT CPDI 5	35.36%
UTE MINSAIT-BABEL 2025/7010	54.00%
UTE LOTE 4 MINSAIT-BABEL-CIBERNOS	46.00%
UTE MINSAIT-TELEFONICA SOLUCIONES-TELEFONICA ESPAÑA CAP MADRID	90.00%
UTE LOTE 1 MINSAIT-CIBERNOS	50.50%
Indra Business Consulting	
UTE ISTI-IBC	55.00%
CONSORCIO ALG ANDINA	90.00%
Prointec	
UTE PROINTEC-BLOM	50.00%
GEOPRIN-EUROCONSULT ANDALUCIA-EUROCONSULT SA	50.00%
UTE PAYMA COTAS S.A.U-PRO	50.00%
PyG ESTRUCTURAS AMBIENTALES, S.L. – PROINTEC, S.A. (U.T.E. LODOS)	50.00%
UTE PROINTEC-GIUR LP-2	50.00%
UTE INOCSA-PROINTEC (TUNEL O CAÑIZO)	50.00%
UTE PROINTEC-VIGUECONS ESTEVEZ	50.00%
CONSORCIO GMQ	40.00%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
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Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2025

Name	Direct interest
UTE CIESA-PROINTEC	50.00%
UTE PROINTEC SAU E2F SL	70.00%
UTE AT METRO	60.00%
UTE INCOSA-PROINTEC LOTE 2	50.00%
UTE PM CANARIAS	50.00%
UTE CORREDOR MEDITERRANEO	50.00%
UTE ATECSUR-PROINTEC	50.00%
UTE PROINTEC-ICYFSA	80.00%
UTE PORRIÑO PROINTEC-GOC	50.00%
UTE COM 20-22	51.00%
UTE LOTE B VSFB	35.00%
UTE BUÑOL-UTIEL	75.00%
UTE MANTENIMIENTO MADRID - SEVILLA	25.00%
UTE PROINTEC-TRN APARTADEROS	60.00%
UTE PROINTEC-ESTEYCO LOTE 1	50.00%
UTE PROINTEC-NTT DATA SEGURIDAD VIARIA LOTE 3	50.00%
UTE CONSULTRANS-PROINTEC-E2F	40.00%
UTE PROINTEC, S.A-ESTEYCO LOTE 4	60.00%
UTE PROINTEC-ATECSUR 2022	50.00%
UTE LP 1 TIJARAFE (ISLA DE LA PALMA)	50.00%
UTE PROINTEC AERTEC AIRIA LOTE 2	37.50%
UTE CONEXIÓN CASTELLDEFELS	53.65%
UTE MANTENIMIENTO ALTA VELOCIDAD	20.00%
CONSORCIO PROINTEC LETONIA	50.00%
UTE L11 PLAZA ELÍPTICA LOTE 2	50.00%
UTE ESTUDIO INFORMATIVO SALIDA SUR DE VIGO	65.00%
UTE A.T.R.P y A.T.A.AREA TERMINAL-AEROPUERTO TENERIFE SUR	61.00%
UTE PROINTEC-AJP-ATECSUR	37.00%
UTE PROINTEC-NTT DATA SPAIN	50.00%
UTE INTEGRACIÓN LORCA	45.00%
UTE PROINTEC-ATECSUR III	60.00%
UTE IV TRANVÍA ALCALÁ DE GUADAIRA	60.00%
UTE FRADE-LPF-PROINTEC	33.40%
UTE ESTUDIOS INFORMATIVOS	50.00%
UTE LAV MURCIA-ALMERÍA	50.00%
UTE CONSULTRANS – PROINTEC –E2F VINAROS FASE II	40.00%
Indra BPO Servicios	
UTE INDRA BPO-INDRA-TELEFONICA	79.79%
UTE CAYMASA-MAILING	50.00%
INDRA+LKS -EJIE 018 - 2021 UTE	60.00%
UTE IBPOS+GUREAK+TEKNEI-RRCC	60.00%
I.C.A. Sistemas y Seguridad	
UTE GRUPOICA_26_20	50.00%
UTE ICASYS-ICA EXPEDIENTE 2021_039_PA	90.00%
UTE GRUPO ICA_ICASYS_EXPEDIENTE 2021_22706_024	10.00%
UTE ICASYS-ICA EXPEDIENTE AM_2021_01068_LOTE 3	90.00%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
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Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2025

Name	Direct interest
UTE GRUPO ICA_GRUPOICASYS_EXPEDIENTE 544/2021	10.00%
UTE ICASYS_GRUPO ICA_ EXPEDIENTE_C102-04MH-1121-0121	90.00%
UTE ICASYS_GRUPOICA EXPEDIENTE 2021_3120011764_286	90.00%
UTE ICASYS_ICA_EXPEDIENTE 2022/48_SDA_25/2022	50.00%
UTE PROXYA-EVOLUTIO-ICA SOPORTE SGAD 202282000040	12.64%
UTE ICASYS_EVOLUTIO EXPEDIENTE 202315PA0001	90.00%
UTE ICASYS_ICA_EXPEDIENTE 2022/68_SDA_24/2022	50.00%
UTE TSOL-GRUPO ICA	48.00%
Indra Sistemas de Seguridad	
UTE INDRA-INDRA SIST.SEGURIDAD AM 08/2011	50.00%
UTE TUNELES DE PAJARES	17.10%
UTE TUNELES ANTEQUERA	16.34%
UTE INDRA AEROPUERTOS SEGUROS	50.00%
UTE INDRA AEROPUERTOS SEGUROS II	50.00%
UTE SIA-ISS	80.00%
UTE SIA-ISS [DSA 78/2023]	6.00%
UTE SIA-ISS [MAD 116/2025]	6.00%
Sistemas Informáticos Abiertos	
UTE SIA-ITCONIC	61.80%
UTE SISTEMAS INFORMATICOS ABIERTOS SA- GESEIN SL- CESCE SOLUÇÕES INFORMATICAS SA	60.00%
UTE MINSAIT-VODAFONE	75.00%
UTE INDRA SIST-SIA BIOMETRICO 2020-2021	50.00%
UTE SIRT-SIA	30.00%
UTE SIA INDRA L3	60.00%
UTE SIA-PWC ASESORES DE NEGOCIOS	56.27%
UTE SIA-ISS	20.00%
UTE MINSAIT-ODIN-SIA	27.58%
UTE IS-SIA-ISS	28.00%
UTE SIA-GLOBAL ROSETTA	61.00%
UTE SIA- GLOBAL ROSETTA- CONNECTIS ICT	56.28%
UTE SIA-ISS [MAD 116/2025]	28.00%
Indra Produccion Software, S.L	
UTE ISTI-IPS-INFORMANCE	40.00%
Indra Gestión de Usuarios, S.L	
UTE IECISA-INDRA-ZENSANIA-EMTE	37.50%
UTE INETUM-INDRA-ZEMSANIA-COMSA CTTI-2021-50	50.07%
UTE MINSAIT-T-SYSTEMS LOTE B 2	62.32%
UTE T-SYSTEMS-MINSAIT, LOTE B.4	33.00%
Deimos Space, S.L.U.	
U.T.E. DEIMOS - NAVENTO – EXCELTIC - NADS, EXPEDIENTE 2012-00 639	21.59%
UTE. CONELSAN-DEIMOS-ELENOR [ASEGOP IBIZA]	32.50%
UTE CONTAR	5.00%
UTE SIPA AENA	50.00%
UTE UCA AENA	50.00%
UTE DEIMOS-INETUM [formerly Informática del Corte Inglés, S.A.)	50.00%
UTE SIPA 2020-2022	50.00%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2025

Name	Direct interest
UTE UCA 2020-2022	50.00%
UTE INETUM-DEIMOS (Expediente 2020-00809)	50.00%
UTE INETUM-DEIMOS - SANT ANDREU BCN	50.00%
UTE INETUM-DEIMOS CARTELERIA	50.00%
UTE MTO. SCADA AENA	50.00%
UTE DEIMOS INETUM CRONOMETRÍA	50.00%
UTE MICROINFORMÁTICA	50.00%
UTE MONITORES TWR MAD	50.00%
UTE UCA 2023-2026	50.00%
UTE SIPA 2023-2026	50.00%
UTE DEIMOS-DOMOBILITY	80.00%
UTE DEIMOS-AXPE	55.00%
UTE DEIMOS-INETUM - EXPTE 2023-00513	50.00%
UTE INETUM NORTE-DEIMOS	50.00%
UTE PARKING BCN	50.00%
UTE MICROINFORMÁTICA 2024-2027	50.00%
UTE ENTRY-EXIT BARAJAS	50.00%
UTE INETUM-DEIMOS SEVILLA MADRID	50.00%
NAE Comunicaciones, S.L	
UTE DXC NAE LOTE A	20.00%
UTE DXC NAE LOTE B	40.00%
UTE 5G CATALUÑA	12.65%
Foreign Group companies	
Indra SI	
Indra SI SA-Retesar SA UTE	80.00%
Deloitte y Co. SRL-Indra SI SA UTE	50.00%
Deloitte y Co. SRL-Indra Mant. Anses UTE	50.00%
Indra Peru	
CONSORCIO AULAS SMART	100.00%
CONSORCIO INDRA TRIBUTOS	100.00%
CONSORCIO PROCOM	100.00%
CONSORCIO INDRA SMART	100.00%
CONSORCIO MINEDU	100.00%
CONSORCIO REAPRO	100.00%
CONSORCIO CEI	50.00%
CONSORCIO PETROLEOS	100.00%
CONSORCIO INDRA PLATAFORMA	100.00%
CONSORCIOS MESA DE AYUDA	100.00%
CONSORCIO SISTEMAS PREVISIONALES	50.00%
CONSORCIO INDRA MANTENIMIENTO SAP	100.00%
CONSORCIOS SISTEMAS FONAFE V	100.00%
CONSORCIO INDRA EAM	100.00%
CONSORCIO INDRA SISTEMA COMERCIAL	100.00%
ADMIRAL LOTE 1	52.00%
ADMIRAL LOTE 2	75.00%
CONSORCIO GIA	100.00%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2025

Name	Direct interest
CONSORCIO ICATEC	95.00%
CONSORCIO GESTION DE MOVILIDAD	49.00%
CONSOCIO KAMAY	50.00%
CONSORCIO ANTANKA	100.00%
CONSORCIO GESTION DE INFORMACION	44.00%
CONSORCIO SOLUCIÓN DIGITAL	62.00%
CONSORCIO TRANSFORMACIÓN DIGITAL	100.00%
Indra Sistemas Colombia	
CONSORCIO COMSA INDRA ITS COVIANDINA	49.00%
CONSORCIO COMSA INDUSTRIAL INDRA ITS CONPACIFICO	49.00%
CONSORCIO COMSA INDUSTRIAL INDRA ITS PROINORIENTE S.A.S	49.00%

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This Appendix should be read together with Notes 1, 5 and 45 to the Consolidated Annual Accounts, of which it forms an integral part.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2024

Name	Direct interest
Spanish Group companies	
Indra Sistemas, SA	
UTE PIV2011 (PROINTEC-GMV SISTEMAS-EORIAN SYSTEMS-ETRALUX)	50.58%
UTE INDRA EWS/ STN ATLAS	60.00%
UTE INDRA - SAINCO	64.00%
UTE 2 INDRA - UNITRONICS	50.00%
UTE 3 INDRA - UNITRONICS	85.00%
UTE INDRA SISTEMAS, S.A. - EUROCOPTER ESPAÑA, SA	62.50%
UTE GISS 11	35.00%
UTE INDRA - NOVASOFT - SADIEL	33.33%
UTE CEIDECOM	60.00%
UTE INDRA - CESSER	80.00%
UTE LINEA 9 TRAMO I Y II	64.00%
UTE LINEA 9 MANTENIMIENTO TRAMO IV	64.00%
UTE INDRA - SALLEN	70.00%
UTE INDRA-TECDOA	50.00%
UTE INDRA-INDRA SIST.SEGURIDAD AM 08/2011	50.00%
UTE INDRA-EADS CASA	50.00%
UTE JAÉN	52.12%
UTE INDRA-PUENTES Y CALZADAS INFRAESTRUCTURAS	80.00%
UTE INSTALACIONES MADRID ESTE	7.50%
UTE ABI CORREDOR NORTE	10.42%
UTE TUNELES DE PAJARES	35.15%
UTE TUNELES ANTEQUERA	33.66%
UTE VCR 8X8	37.94%
UTE PROTEC 110	66.02%
UTE IRST F-110	50.00%
UTE ABI EXTREMADURA - CORREDOR OESTE	15.00%
UTE ZONA NORTE GC	20.00%
UTE INDRA-THALES BMS	50.00%
20175305 UTE INDRA - ITP	50.00%
UTE SITRAPLUS	45.56%
UTE CGT LEVANTE	50.00%
UTE INDRA - ITP 201862A4	50.00%
UTE INDRA - ITP 2018/1612	50.00%
UTE TUNELES VILARIÑO-TABOADELA	52.00%
UTE MAESAL AIRBUS DS INDRA	34.35%
UTE MTTO.TELEBILLETICA BCN VII	61.35%
UTE INDRA-COMSA	63.00%
UTE TUNELES DE GUADARRAMA III	50.00%
UTE INDRA AEROPUERTOS SEGUROS	50.00%
UTE INDRA-ITE-201853A1	50.00%
UTE CENTRO ESTRADA	33.00%
UTE INDRA-AIRBUS DE MAESE 201952A2	90.84%
UTE INDRA-INTEL ASFA DIGITAL	74.92%
UTE TUNEL DE PAJARES II	35.00%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2024

Name	Direct interest
UTE MINDTRADE PLATFORM	86.44%
UTE IRST F-110 PRODUCCION	48.41%
UTE INDRA SIST-SIA BIOMETRICO 2020-2021	50.00%
UTE ABI EXTREMADURA CORREDOR OESTE II	21.98%
UTE RONDES INDRA-ISC	77.03%
UTE SISCAP FASE 1B	64.99%
UTE MINSAIT-INDRA DTEC112-2021	50.00%
UTE INDRA-DEITEL 2022	42.00%
UTE MTO.REDES Y CONTROL METRO MALAGA 2022	63.00%
UTE INDRA MINSAIT ACTIVOS	15.39%
UTE INDRA AEROPUERTOS SEGUROS	50.00%
UTE CUI LOTE 4 AEROMEDIA-INDRA-ITG	34.00%
UTE INDRA-AIRBUS-ITP DIGIMAES	33.34%
UTE INDRA CPS PONS ITS DGT	65.00%
UTE INDRA-ITP [202362A4]	90.00%
UTE CENTRO NEURONAL DE ESTACIONES	31.55%
UTE IS-SIA-ISS	66.00%
UTE DIAL	53.00%
UTE SILPRE	35.00%
UTE BABEL INDRA AM 20/23 ARMADA	43.16%
UTE CTDA LEÓN	22.65%
UTE THALES ESPAÑA-INDRA SOPORTE BMS	48.78%
UTE AYSA	40.00%
UTE IS-ISCS-IE	5.00%
UTE C-UAS ARMADA	86.30%
UTE C-UAS	48.28%
UTE SDR	22.65%
Indra Espacio	
UTE PRS DE GALILEO	33.00%
UTE IS-ISCS-IE	10.00%
Indra Sistemas Comunicaciones Seguras	
UTE IS-ISCS-IE	85.00%
Indra BPO	
UTE INDRA BMB - T.SOLUCIONES	69.42%
AIE FORMALIZACIÓN ALCALA 265	20.00%
Indra Soluciones Tecnológicas de la Información	
UTE INDRA - ALVENTO	50.00%
UTE INDRA-COMPAÑÍA VASCA DE INGENIERIA	60.00%
UTE INDRA SISTEMAS, S.A. - SIA, S.p.A.	50.00%
UTE INDRA SISTEM	64.26%
UTE INDRA BPO-INDRA-TELEFONICA	9.33%
UTE AYESA TECNOCOM	50.00%
UTE SOLTEL GETRONICS	50.00%
UTE GLOBAL ROSETTA T	50.00%
UTE INDRA-SOLTEL	80.00%
UTE SCI AV 22/2017 LOTE 3	32.00%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2024

Name	Direct interest
UTE INDRA-COINTEC LABSES	86.00%
UTE INDRA-SATOCAN	70.00%
UTE TECNOCOM -SOPRA	53.00%
UTE SOPRA - TECNOCOM	40.00%
UTE IBERMATICA-TECNOCOM	45.00%
UTE LUGO SMART	52.27%
UTE MINSAIT-IECISA MINECO	52.61%
UTE MINSAIT-SDG	52.00%
UTE MINSAIT-ISOTROL	75.00%
UTE MINSAIT-ECNA (LK4201)	76.00%
UTE ALTIA-MINSAIT (AMT-2020-0007)	36.40%
UTE MINSAIT-SOLTEL	80.00%
UTE MINDTRADE PLATFORM	13.56%
UTE MINSAIT-TELEFONICA (SMS)	50.00%
UTE MINSAIT-AYESA AT CEIS	65.00%
UTE MNEMO-INDRA 2021	49.70%
UTE CPDI AMTEGA 3	47.02%
UTE MINSAITL-BABEL 2021/7201	53.50%
UTE MINSAIT-SISTEM	64.00%
ECOSISTEMA CONSULAR UTE	78.27%
UTE MINSAIT-AYESA AT CEMS	50.00%
UTE MINSAIT-SISTEM	66.23%
UTE MINSAIT-CIBERNOS-BABEL LOTE 2	40.00%
UTE MINSAIT-CIBERNOS-BABEL LOTE 6	42.00%
UTE MINSAIT-CIBERNOS Lote 1	53.00%
UTE MINSAIT-BABEL Lote 5	60.00%
UTE MINSAIT-INDRA DTEC112-2021	50.00%
UTE TSOL-INDRA COC	49.00%
UTE CIBERNOS-MINSAIT IV 27_2021 LOTE 3	48.00%
UTE IBERMATICA-INDRA-BILBOMATICA 2021-01842	21.83%
UTE EY-MINSAIT	49.00%
UTE GLOBAL ROSETTA-INDRA	47.00%
UTE SIA INDRA L3	40.00%
UTE MINSAIT-LABERIT 581/2021 bis	75.00%
UTE ISTI-IPS-INFORMANCE	20.00%
UTE COREMAIN-MINSAIT (AMT 2022-0052)	44.33%
UTE ICASS	52.56%
UTE BABEL-KYNDRYL-SIA-GESEIN GISS 2022-7201 Lote 2	18.00%
UTE MINSAIT-CLINISYS LABCYL	79.21%
UTE TELEFONI-MINSAIT I2CAT	70.72%
UTE ALTIA-MINSAIT EDUCACIÓN AMTEGA 3	37.13%
UTE TELEFÓNICA-MINSAIT PARA SERVICIOS 6G UMU	35.29%
UTE MINSAIT-LABERIT DESIG3 Lote 7	50.00%
UTE INDRA MINSAIT ACTIVOS	84.61%
UTE SOLUTIA-MINSAIT	49.00%
UTE IST-CIBERNOS L5	55.00%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2024

Name	Direct interest	Appendix II Page 12 of 15
UTE ISTI-CIBERNOS-BABEL L4	44.00%	
UTE MINSAIT-BABEL	57.50%	
UTE T-SYSTEMS-MINSAIT, LOTE 3	35.00%	
UTE MINSAIT-ODIN-SIA	33.13%	
UTE INDRA+LKS KZ GUNEA 2025	5.00%	
UTE ISTI-IBC	45.00%	
UTE LABERIT-MINSAIT MODERNIZACIÓN L1	50.00%	
UTE MINSAIT-CLINISYS CONP-2022-4414	74.23%	
UTE ISTI+TEKNEI-EJIE-082-2023	55.00%	
UTE MINSAIT- INDRA DTEC 502-2023	75.00%	
UTE MINSAIT-INETUM SERVICIO TRANSFORMACIÓN TI BLOQUE I	72.89%	
UTE TSOL-INDRA V	33.83%	
UTE GLOBAL ROSETTA-INDRA	40.00%	
UTE MINSAIT-AYESA	56.22%	
UTE MINSAIT-AYESA PREDICTIVO SOCIAL	52.00%	
UTE MINSAIT-TSOL-TRC EELL	40.04%	
UTE COREMAIN-MINSAIT 2024	44.33%	
UTE INDRA-INETUM [SEGADE]	74.23%	
Indra Business Consulting		
UTE ISTI-IBC	55.00%	
CONSORCIO ALG ANDINA	90.00%	
Prointec		
UTE PROINTEC-BLOM	50.00%	
GEOPRIN-EUROCONSULT ANDALUCIA-EUROCONSULT SA	50.00%	
UTE PAYMA COTAS S.A.U-PRO	50.00%	
PyG ESTRUCTURAS AMBIENTALES, S.L. – PROINTEC, S.A. (U.T.E. LODOS)	50.00%	
UTE PROINTEC-GIUR LP-2	50.00%	
UTE INOCSA-PROINTEC (TUNEL O CAÑIZO)	50.00%	
UTE PROINTEC-VIGUECONS ESTEVEZ	50.00%	
CONSORCIO GMQ	40.00%	
UTE CIESA-PROINTEC	50.00%	
UTE PROINTEC SAU E2F SL	70.00%	
UTE AT METRO	60.00%	
UTE INCOSA-PROINTEC LOTE 2	50.00%	
UTE PM CANARIAS	50.00%	
UTE CORREDOR MEDITERRANEO	50.00%	
UTE ATECSUR-PROINTEC	50.00%	
CONSORCIO AVANÇA SAÚDE	4.00%	
UTE MANTENIMIENTO LOTE 2	37.00%	
UTE PROINTEC-ICYFSA	80.00%	
UTE PORRIÑO PROINTEC-GOC	50.00%	
UTE COM 20-22	51.00%	
UTE LOTE B VSFB	35.00%	
UTE BUÑOL-UTIEL	75.00%	
UTE MANTENIMIENTO MADRID - SEVILLA	25.00%	
UTE PROINTEC-TRN APARTADEROS	60.00%	

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2024

Name	Direct interest
UTE PROINTEC-ESTEYCO LOTE 1	50.00%
UTE PROINTEC-NTT DATA SEGURIDAD VIARIA LOTE 3	50.00%
UTE CONSULTRANS-PROINTEC-E2F	40.00%
UTE PROINTEC, S.A.-ESTEYCO LOTE 4	60.00%
UTE PROINTEC-ATECSUR 2022	50.00%
UTE LP 1 TIJARAFE (ISLA DE LA PALMA)	50.00%
UTE PROINTEC AERTEC AIRIA LOTE 2	37.50%
UTE CONEXIÓN CASTELLDEFELS	53.65%
UTE MANTENIMIENTO ALTA VELOCIDAD	20.00%
CONSORCIO PROINTEC LETONIA	50.00%
UTE L11 PLAZA ELÍPTICA LOTE 2	50.00%
UTE ESTUDIO INFORMATIVO SALIDA SUR DE VIGO	65.00%
UTE A.T.R.P y A.T.A.AREA TERMINAL-AEROPUERTO TENERIFE SUR	33.40%
UTE PROINTEC-AJP-ATECSUR	37.00%
UTE PROINTEC-NTT DATA SPAIN	50.00%
UTE INTEGRACIÓN LORCA	45.00%
UTE PROINTEC-ATECSUR III	60.00%
UTE IV TRANVÍA ALCALÁ DE GUADAIRA	60.00%
UTE FRADE-LPF-PROINTEC	33.40%
Indra BPO Servicios	
UTE INDRA BPO-INDRA-TELEFONICA	79.79%
UTE CAYMASA-MAILING	50.00%
INDRA+LKS - EJIE 018 - 2021 UTE	64.00%
UTE INDRA+LKS KZ GUNEA 2025	60.00%
UTE IBPOS+GUREAK+TEKNEI-RRCC	60.00%
I.C.A Sistemas y Seguridad	
UTE GRUPOICA_26_20	50.00%
UTE ICASYS-ICA EXPEDIENTE 2021_039_PA	90.00%
UTE GRUPO ICA_ICASYS_EXPEDIENTE 2021_22706_024	10.00%
UTE ICASYS-ICA EXPEDIENTE AM_2021_01068_LOTE 3	90.00%
UTE GRUPO ICA_GRUPOICASYS_EXPEDIENTE 544/2021	10.00%
UTE ICASYS_GRUPO ICA_ EXPEDIENTE_C102-04MH-1121-0121	90.00%
UTE ICASYS_GRUPOICA EXPEDIENTE 2021_3120011764_286	90.00%
UTE ICASYS_ICA_EXPEDIENTE 2022/48_SDA_25/2022	50.00%
UTE PROXYA-EVOLUTIO-ICA SOPORTE SGAD 202282000040	12.64%
UTE ICASYS_EVOLUTIO EXPEDIENTE 202315PA0001	90.00%
UTE ICASYS_ICA_EXPEDIENTE 2022/68_SDA_24/2022	50.00%
Indra Sistemas de Seguridad	
UTE INDRA-INDRA SIST.SEGURIDAD AM 08/2011	50.00%
UTE TUNELES DE PAJARES	17.10%
UTE TUNELES ANTEQUERA	16.34%
UTE INDRA AEROPUERTOS SEGUROS	50.00%
UTE INDRA AEROPUERTOS SEGUROS II	50.00%
UTE SIA-ISS	20.00%
Sistemas Informáticos Abiertos	
UTE ALTIA-CONNECTIS-GESEIN-SIA P4/16	26.96%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2024

Name	Direct interest
UTE SIA-ITCONIC	61.80%
UTE SISTEMAS INFORMATICOS ABIERTOS SA- GESEIN SL- CESCE SOLUÇÕES INFORMATICAS SA	60.00%
UTE MINSAIT-VODAFONE	75.00%
UTE INDRA SIST-SIA BIOMETRICO 2020-2021	50.00%
UTE SIRT-SIA	30.00%
UTE SIA INDRA L3	60.00%
UTE SIA-PWC ASESORES DE NEGOCIOS	56.27%
UTE SIA-ISS	80.00%
UTE MINSAIT-ODIN-SIA	27.58%
UTE IS-SIA-ISS	28.00%
UTE SIA-GLOBAL ROSETTA	61.00%
Indra Produccion Software, S.L	
UTE ISTI-IPS-INFORMANCE	40.00%
Indra Gestión de Usuarios, S.L.	
UTE IECISA-INDRA-ZENSANIA-EMTE	37.50%
UTE INETUM-INDRA-ZEMSANIA-COMSA CTTI-2021-50	50.07%
UTE MINSAIT-T-SYSTEMS LOBE B 2	62.32%
UTE T-SYSTEMS-MINSAIT, LOTE B.4	33.00%
Deimos Space, S.L.U.	
U.T.E. DEIMOS - NAVENTO – EXCELTIC - NADS, EXPEDIENTE 2012-00 639	21.59%
UTE. CONELSAN-DEIMOS-ELENOR (ASEGOP IBIZA)	32.50%
UTE CONTAR	5.00%
UTE. MTO. SIGMA AENA	50.00%
UTE SIPA AENA	50.00%
UTE UCA AENA	50.00%
UTE DEIMOS-INETUM (Antes Informática del Corte Inglés, S.A.)	50.00%
UTE SIPA 2020-2022	50.00%
UTE UCA 2020-2022	50.00%
UTE INETUM-DEIMOS (Expediente 2020-00809)	50.00%
UTE INETUM-DEIMOS_SIVE CANARIAS	50.00%
UTE INETUM-DEIMOS - SANT ANDREU BCN	50.00%
UTE INETUM-DEIMOS CARTELERIA	50.00%
UTE MTO. SCADA AENA	50.00%
UTE DEIMOS INETUM CRONOMETRÍA	50.00%
UTE MICROINFORMÁTICA	50.00%
UTE MONITORES TWR MAD	50.00%
UTE UCA 2023-2026	50.00%
UTE SIPA 2023-2026	50.00%
UTE DEIMOS-DOMOBILITY	80.00%
UTE DEIMOS-AXPE	55.00%
UTE DEIMOS-INETUM - EXPTE 2023-00513	50.00%
UTE INETUM NORTE-DEIMOS	50.00%
UTE PARKING BCN	50.00%
UTE MICROINFORMÁTICA 2024-2027	50.00%
UTE ENTRY-EXIT BARAJAS	50.00%
UTE INETUM-DEIMOS SEVILLA MADRID	50.00%

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Details of activities jointly-controlled with third parties at 31 December 2024

Name	Direct interest
NAE Comunicaciones, S.L.	
UTE DXC NAE LOTE A	20.00%
UTE DXC NAE LOTE B	40.00%
UTE 5G CATALUÑA	12.65%
Foreign Group companies	
Prointec Brasil	
CONSORCIO Prointec - Consenso - PBLM	60.00%
Indra SI	
Indra SI SA-Retsesar SA UTE	80.00%
Deloitte y Co. SRL-Indra SI SA UTE	50.00%
Deloitte y Co. SRL-Indra Mant. Anses UTE	50.00%
Indra Peru	
CONSORCIO INFORMATICA EL CORTE INGLES	50.00%
CONSORCIO GMD	50.00%
CONSORCIO LYNX LOTE 2	56.00%
CONSORCIO LYNX LOTE 3	78.00%
CONSORCIO MINCETUR	98.00%
CONSORCIO FABRICA DE SOFTWARE	50.00%
CONSORCIO REAPRO	85.00%
CONSORCIO SOLUCIONES DIGITALES	25.00%
CONSORCIO INDRA PETROLEO	95.00%
CONSORCIO PROCOM AGUA	49.00%
CONSORCIO MINEDU	95.00%
CONSORCIO GESTION INDRA SMART	100.00%
CONSORCIO MANTENIMIENTO INDRA	100.00%
CONSORCIO GESTION DE INFORMACIÓN	44.00%
CONSORCIO AULAS SMART	100.00%
CONSORCIO SISTEMAS PREVISIONALES	50.00%
CONSORCIO INDRA TRIBUTOS	100.00%
CONSORCIO INDRA COMPONENTE WEB	100.00%
ADMIRAL LOTE 1	52.00%
ADMIRAL LOTE 2	75.00%
CONSORCIO GIA	100.00%
CONSORCIO SOLUCIÓN DIGITAL	62.00%
Indra Sistemas Colombia	
CONSORCIO COMSA INDRA ITS COVIANDINA	49.00%
CONSORCIO COMSA INDUSTRIAL INDRA ITS PROINORIENTE, S.A.S	49.00%
CONSORCIO COMSA INDUSTRIAL INDRA ITS CONPACIFICO	49.00%

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This Appendix should be read together with Notes 1, 5 and 45 to the Consolidated Annual Accounts, of which it forms an integral part.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

3. Appendix III

Group's foreign exchange exposure

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2025	US dollar	Pound sterling	Mexican peso	Chilean peso	Brazilian real	Peruvian sol	Canadian dollar	Norwegian krone
Other financial assets	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total non-current assets	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP trade and other receivables	41,105	5,454	748	1,249	-	1,644	533	149
GROUP trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GROUP other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total current assets	41,105	5,454	748	1,249	-	1,644	533	149
Total assets	41,109	5,454	748	1,249	-	1,644	533	149
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total non-current financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP trade and other payables	51,618	22,362	27	25	19	44	613	696
Total current liabilities	51,618	22,362	27	25	19	44	613	696
Total liabilities	51,618	22,362	27	25	19	44	613	696
Gross balance sheet exposures	(10,509)	(16,908)	721	1,224	(19)	1,600	(80)	(547)
Sales coverage	153,727	89,244	7,748	8,077	5,468	3,971	6,754	1,083
Purchase coverage	49,588	11,698	-	-	85	-	116	81
Net derivative financial instruments - hedging	104,139	77,546	7,748	8,077	5,383	3,971	6,638	1,002

This Appendix should be read together with Note 38) a) (I) to the Consolidated Annual Accounts, of which it forms an integral part.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Group's foreign exchange exposure

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2025	Colombian peso	Moroccan dirham	Polish zloty	Bahraini dinar	Malaysian ringgit	Australian dollar	Other currencies	TOTAL
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Total non-current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
NON-GROUP trade and other receivables	7,816	887	9,806	660	1,596	2	47,537	119,186
GROUP trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	194	194
GROUP other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total current assets	7,816	887	9,806	660	1,596	2	47,731	119,380
Total assets	7,816	887	9,806	660	1,596	2	47,731	119,384
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total non-current financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP trade and other payables	11,194	556	87,049	15	256	-	75,581	250,055
Total current liabilities	11,194	556	87,049	15	256	-	75,581	250,055
Total liabilities	11,194	556	87,049	15	256	-	75,581	250,055
Gross balance sheet exposures	(3,378)	331	(77,243)	645	1,340	2	(27,850)	(130,671)
Sales coverage	29,580	-	59,975	-	163	2,257	279,547	-
Purchase coverage	495	-	-	-	-	794	53,983	-
Net derivative financial instruments - hedging	29,085	-	59,975	-	163	1,462	225,564	-

This Appendix should be read together with Note 38) a) (I) to the Consolidated Annual Accounts, of which it forms an integral part.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

Group's foreign exchange exposure

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2024	US dollar	Pound sterling	Mexican peso	Chilean peso	Brazilian real	Peruvian sol	Canadian dollar	Norwegian krone
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Total non-current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP trade and other receivables	52,052	7,255	1,983	18	989	1,480	186	11,983
GROUP trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP other financial assets	2,034	-	-	-	-	-	-	845
GROUP other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total current assets	54,087	7,255	1,983	18	989	1,480	186	12,828
Total assets	54,087	7,255	1,983	18	989	1,480	186	12,834
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total non-current financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP trade and other payables	52,494	26,052	5	15	49	-	-	15,884
Total current liabilities	52,494	26,052	5	15	49	-	-	15,884
Total liabilities	52,494	26,052	5	15	49	-	-	15,884
Gross balance sheet exposures	1,593	(18,797)	1,978	3	940	1,480	186	(3,050)
Sales coverage	174,398	28,138	6,439	7,423	139	5,092	12,036	-
Purchase coverage	37,705	9,456	845	-	196	-	4,631	1,227
Net derivative financial instruments - hedging	136,693	18,682	5,594	7,423	(57)	5,092	7,405	(1,227)

This Appendix should be read together with Note 38) a) (I) to the Consolidated Annual Accounts, of which it forms an integral part.

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Group's foreign exchange exposure

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2024	Colombian peso	Moroccan dirham	Polish zloty	Bahraini dinar	Malaysian ringgit	Australian dollar	Other currencies	TOTAL
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Total non-current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP trade and other receivables	15,839	242	-	1,333	2,434	2	35,001	130,797
GROUP trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,879
GROUP other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total current assets	15,839	242	-	1,333	2,434	2	35,001	133,677
Total assets	15,839	242	-	1,333	2,434	2	34,547	133,229
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total non-current financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bank borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-GROUP trade and other payables	8,686	309	37,877	3	243	-	39,926	181,543
Total current liabilities	8,686	309	37,877	3	243	-	39,926	181,543
Total liabilities	8,686	309	37,877	3	243	-	39,926	181,543
Gross balance sheet exposures	7,153	(67)	(37,877)	1,330	2,191	2	(5,379)	(48,314)
Sales coverage	33,405	-	59,218	-	1,393	3,427	54,236	-
Purchase coverage	1,132	-	-	-	-	1,084	1,099	-
Net derivative financial instruments - hedging	32,273	-	59,218	-	1,393	2,343	53,137	-

This Appendix should be read together with Note 38) a) (I) to the Consolidated Annual Accounts, of which it forms an integral part.

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Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

4. Appendix IV

2025								
Thousand euro	Indra Philippines	Inmize Sistemas	Indra Soluciones TI Romania, SA	Hispasat	Hisdesat	Tess Defence	Other immaterial interests	Total
% non-controlling interest	49.9%	50%	49.3%	10.3%	54.3%	49.0%		
Statement of financial position information								
Non-current assets	3,562	7	150	621,848	565,908	569,903	-	1,761,378
Non-current liabilities	(2,249)	-	-	(145,877)	(338,536)	(1,026,412)	-	(1,513,074)
Total net non-current assets	1,312	-	150	475,971	227,372	(456,509)	-	248,303
Current assets	39,520	3,877	3,488	123,373	148,437	713,874	-	1,032,568
Current liabilities	(16,713)	(484)	(463)	(104,763)	(67,481)	(255,553)	-	(445,457)
Total net current assets	22,807	3,393	3,024	18,610	80,956	458,321	-	587,111
Net assets	24,119	3,393	3,174	494,581	308,328	1,812	-	835,407
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests (*)	12,035	1,697	1,565	51,041	167,422	24,408	477	258,644
Total comprehensive income	5,045	73	692	-	-	588	-	6,398
Consolidated profit/(loss) allocated to non-controlling interests	2,518	36	341	-	-	288	-	3,183

(*) Excluding currency translation differences

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Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

2024					
Thousand euro	Indra Philippines	Inmize Sistemas	Indra Soluciones TI Romania, SA	Other immaterial interests	Total
% non-controlling interest	49.9%	50%	49.3%		
Statement of financial position information					
Non-current assets	4,854	8	19	-	4,881
Non-current liabilities	[4,122]	-	-	-	[4,122]
Total net non-current assets	732	8	19	-	759
Current assets	40,666	3,583	3,471	-	47,720
Current liabilities	[13,721]	[79]	[578]	-	[14,378]
Total net current assets	26,945	3,512	2,893	-	33,350
Net assets	27,677	3,512	2,913	-	34,102
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests (*)	13,811	1,756	1,436	512	17,515
Total comprehensive income	4,537	184	370	-	5,091
Consolidated profit/(loss) allocated to non-controlling interests	2,263	92	182	-	2,537

[*] Excluding currency translation differences

This Appendix should be read together with Note 19 to the Consolidated Annual Accounts, of which it forms an integral part.

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Notes to the Annual Accounts as at 31 December 2025

5. Appendix V

2025	A4 Essor SAS	Saes Capital, S.A.	Euromids SAS	Satelio IOT Services, S.L.	Iniciativas Bio- energéticas, S.L.	Societat Catalana per la Mobilitat, S.A.	Green Border OOD	Sparc Foundry	Startical, S.L.	Other immaterial interests	Total
Thousand euro											
% non-controlling interest	23.1%	49%	25%	4.81%	20%	16.8%	50%	36.89%	50%		
Non-current assets	-	3,902	38	26,779	17,077	69,548	-	2,601	3,676	3,790	127,411
Current assets	80,058	412	51,389	29,876	44,341	58,819	-	37,841	16,355	2	319,093
Equity	1,269	4,310	6,139	37,391	20,026	21,076	-	40,195	10,062	18	-
Non-current liabilities	-	-	-	10,165	7,000	78,243	-	146	6,753	2,052	104,359
Current liabilities	78,847	4	45,288	9,099	34,392	29,048	-	101	3,216	1,722	201,717
Income	-	-	56,060	12,033	115,528	26,702	-	-	1,442	-	211,765
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	74	300	[3,453]	547	4,894	-	[706]	[8,296]	[387]	[7,027]

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2024	A4 Essor SAS	Saes Capital, S.A.	Euromids SAS	Satelio IOT Services, S.L.	Iniciativas Bio- energéticas, S.L.	Societat Catalana per la Mobilitat, S.A.	Green Border OOD	Tess Defence, S.A.	Startical, S.L.	Other immaterial interests	Total
Thousand euro											
% non-controlling interest	23.1%	49%	25%	10.5%	20%	16.8%	50%	25%	50%		
Non-current assets	-	2,618	44	18,425	17,897	94,782	-	98	2,383	4,108	140,355
Current assets	80,058	411	44,485	11,550	23,921	43,001	41	887,621	15,256	2	1,106,347
Equity	1,211	3,024	4,330	21,975	17,368	18,642	-	1,269	11,562	406	79,787
Non-current liabilities	-	-	-	7,791	1,600	98,649	-	858,000	5,567	1,926	973,533
Current liabilities	78,847	5	40,200	209	22,850	20,491	41	28,451	510	1,778	193,381
Income	11,013	-	41,021	204	107,199	18,039	-	15,885	243	-	193,603
Profit/(loss) for the year	58	[836]	[244]	[5,572]	[1,383]	2,012	-	[293]	[9,634]	339	[15,555]

This Appendix should be read together with Note 11 to the Consolidated Annual Accounts, of which it forms an integral part.

Indra Sistemas, S.A. and Subsidiaries
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1. 2025 Highlights

Revenues rose 13% in 2025 compared to 2024.

EBIT reported in 2025 grew 18%, bringing profitability to 9.5% v. 9.0% in 2024.

Net earnings per share were up 57% in 2025 v. 2024.

Free cash flow reached €364 million in 2025 v. €328 million in 2024.

Net debt stood at €607 million in December 2025 v. net cash of €26 million in December 2024.

Main figures	2025 (€M)	2024 (€M)	Variation (%) Reported/ Local Currency
Order backlog	16,083	7,245	122,0/123,3
Net order intake	12,778	5,356	138,6/140,2
Revenues	5,457	4,843	12,7/14,2
EBITDA	636	545	16.7
EBITDA Margin %	11.7%	11.3%	0.4 pp
Operating Margin	591	512	15.4
Operating Margin %	10.8%	10.6%	0.2 pp
EBIT	517	438	18.0
EBIT Margin (%)	9.5%	9.0%	0.5 pp
Net profit/[loss]	436	278	57.0
Basic EPS (€)	2.48	1.58	57.0
Free Cash Flow	364	328	11.0
Total net debt, Group (*)	607	[26]	[633]

NB: The amounts in this Management Report are expressed in millions of euros and calculations have been made in euros.

(*) See APM Net Financial Debt

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2. Analysis of the consolidated financial statements

Income statement

Consolidated income statement (€M)	2025	2024
Revenue	5,457	4,843
Other operating income	59	34
Changes in inventories	137	126
Own work capitalised	97	70
Raw materials and consumables	(1,462)	(1,169)
Staff costs	(2,823)	(2,611)
Other operating expenses	(834)	(725)
Changes in trade provision	7	(21)
Fixed asset depreciation	(119)	(107)
Profit/(loss) from operating activities	517	438
Financial income	165	35
Financial expenses	(93)	(83)
Change in fair value of financial instruments	-	1
Profit/(loss) from financing activities	72	(47)
Share of profit/(loss) of equity-accounted associates and joint ventures	(3)	(5)
Profit/(loss) before tax	586	386
Tax income/(expense)	(147)	(106)
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	439	280
Profit/(loss) for the year	439	280
Profit/(loss) attributable to the owners of the parent company	436	278
Profit/(loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	3	3
Total basic earnings/(loss) per share	2.48	1.58
Total diluted earnings/(loss) per share	2.48	1.58

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Statement of Financial Position and Cash Flow Statement

Consolidated cash flow statement (€M)	2025	2024
Operating profit before changes in working capital	587	541
Change in working capital	63	(5)
Corporate income tax paid	(133)	(85)
Payments for acquisition of fixed assets (excluding financial assets)	(138)	(111)
Interest received	31	19
Grant collections	41	41
Interest paid	(56)	(45)
Other flows from investing activities	(30)	(28)
Free cash flow (FCF)	364	328

3. Human Resources

Final workforce	2025	%	2024	%	Variation [%]
Spain	37,405	60%	34,836	57%	7
America	19,002	30%	20,161	33%	(6)
Europe	3,837	6%	3,802	6%	1
Asia, Middle East & Africa	2,152	4%	2,108	3%	2
Total	62,396	100%	60,907	100%	2

Average workforce	2025	%	2024	%	Variation [%]
Spain	35,924	59%	33,617	57%	7
America	19,461	32%	19,320	33%	1
Europe	3,862	6%	3,752	6%	3
Asia, Middle East & Africa	2,129	3%	2,082	4%	2
Total	61,377	100%	58,771	100%	4

4. Analysis by vertical market

The 2025 highlights of the four business units are shown below:

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	2025	2024	Variation (%)
Defence			
	(€M)	(€M)	Reported/Local Currency
Backlog	11,336	2,972	281.5/281.6
Order intake	8,160	1,053	675.0/675.2
Revenues	1,407	1,031	36.4/36.5
EBITDA	258	207	25.0
EBITDA Margin %	18.4%	20.0%	(1.6) pp
Operating Margin	240	191	25.6
Operating Margin %	17.1%	18.5%	(1.4) pp
EBIT	232	186	24.5
EBIT Margin %	16.5%	18.0%	(1.5) pp
Book-to-bill	5.80	1.02	468.2
Backlog/Rev. 12m	8.06	2.88	179.7
Space income	98	60	63.1/63.1
% of Defence sales	8%	6%	

	2025	2024	Variation (%)
Air Traffic			
	(€M)	(€M)	Reported/Local Currency
Backlog	1,052	855	23.1/24.4
Order intake	726	586	23.9/25.5
Revenues	523	468	11.7/12.9
EBITDA	69	73	(6.2)
EBITDA Margin %	13.1%	15.6%	(2.5) pp
Operating Margin	55	60	(8.2)
Operating Margin %	10.5%	12.7%	(2.2) pp
EBIT	54	58	(8.0)
EBIT Margin %	10.3%	12.5%	(2.2) pp
Book-to-bill	1.39	1.25	10.9
Backlog/Rev. 12m	2.01	1.83	10.2

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Mobility	2025	2024	Variation (%)
	(€M)	(€M)	Reported/Local
Backlog	1,014	959	5.8 / 7.5
Order intake	469	411	14.0 / 16.1
Revenues	398	362	10.0 / 11.8
EBITDA	32	24	30.9
EBITDA Margin %	8.0%	6.7%	1.3 pp
Operating Margin	26	21	24.7
Operating Margin %	6.5%	5.7%	0.8 pp
EBIT	24	18	32.4
EBIT Margin %	6.0%	5.0%	1.0 pp
Book-to-bill	1.18	1.14	3.7
Backlog/Rev. 12m	2.55	2.65	[3.8]

Minsait	2025	2024	Variation (%)
	(€M)	(€M)	Reported/Local
Backlog	2,681	2,460	9.0 / 11.5
Order intake	3,424	3,306	3.6 / 5.6
Revenues	3,129	2,982	4.9 / 7.0
EBITDA	277	241	15.2
EBITDA Margin %	8.9%	8.1%	0.8 pp
Operating Margin	270	240	12.4
Operating Margin %	8.6%	8.1%	0.5 pp
EBIT	208	176	18.4
EBIT Margin %	6.6%	5.9%	0.7 pp
Book-to-bill	1.09	1.11	[1.3]
Backlog/Rev. 12m	0.86	0.82	3.8

Note: reclassifications have been made between the Minsait, Air Traffic and Mobility units under the new structure.

5. Analysis by geographical area

Revenues by Region	2025	2024	Variation (%)	
	(€M)	(€M)	Reported	Local Currency
Spain	2,917	2,492	17.0	17.1
America	1,027	975	5.4	12.0
Europe (*)	1,046	961	8.9	8.9
Asia, Middle East & Africa	467	415	12.5	14.3
Total	5,457	4,843	12.7	14.2

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[*] Revenue reported in the "Europe" area in the notes to the accounts and in this Management Report, differs from the sales figure in the annual report to the CNMV in the "European Union" area, since the latter only includes the Member States of the European Union.

6. Research and development activities

The Group has continued to make a considerable effort in terms of both the human and financial resources channelled into the development of services and solutions, enabling it to position itself as a technological leader in the various sectors and markets in which it operates. The amount allocated to research, development and technological innovation activities was €436,623 thousand, which is equivalent to 8.00% of the Group's total sales in that year (€427,595 thousand, equivalent to 8.83% of the Group's total sales in the previous year). See APMs in Management Report.

7. Average supplier payment period

Final Provision Two of Law 31/2014 amended the Spanish Companies Act in order to improve corporate governance, amending Additional Provision Three of Law 15/2010 which laid down measures to combat late payment in commercial transactions, to require that all companies must expressly disclose their average supplier payment period in the notes to the annual accounts. The Institute of Accounting and Auditing (ICAC) is also authorized to issue the calculation rules and methodology.

This ruling is mandatory for all Spanish companies that draw up Consolidated Annual Accounts, although only for companies based in Spain that are consolidated using the full or proportionate consolidation method.

On this basis, under a ruling dated 29 January 2016, the ICAC established the method for calculating the average supplier payment period for 2015 and subsequent periods.

The average supplier payment period is calculated using the following formula, in line with the ICAC ruling of 29 January 2016:

$$\text{Average supplier payment period} = \frac{\begin{array}{l} \text{Ratio of transactions settled} * \text{Amount of payments made} + \\ \text{Ratio of transactions pending payment} * \text{Total amount of} \\ \text{payments pending} \end{array}}{\begin{array}{l} \text{Total amount of payments made} + \text{Total amount of payments} \\ \text{pending} \end{array}}$$

The data for the Spanish companies for 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

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Management Report for the year ended 31 December 2024

	2025	2024
	Days	Days
Average supplier payment period	48	51
Ratio of transactions settled	49	53
Transactions pending payment ratio	38	37

	Amount (thousand euro)	Amount (thousand euro)
Total payments made	1,356,900	1,260,610
Total payments outstanding	226,589	180,482

Pursuant to the ICAC's Resolution, the average supplier payment period has been calculated taking into account commercial transactions comprising supplies of goods or provisions of services accrued each year.

Solely for the purposes of providing the information required by this Resolution, suppliers are trade creditors for goods or services included in current "Trade and other payables" under current liabilities in the balance sheet, regardless of any financing related to early collection from the supplier.

"Average supplier payment period" means the period that elapses from the supply of goods or acceptance of the provision of services by the supplier, in accordance with the Group's procedures and systems, to the actual transaction payment date.

Payments made to Spanish suppliers outside the legally stipulated period in 2025 and 2024 are explained by circumstances or incidents beyond the established payment policy, primarily under arrangements with suppliers for the delivery of goods or provision of services.

The monetary volume and the number of invoices paid within the legally prescribed deadline are as follows:

	2025	2024
Monetary volume	862,995	724,722
Percentage of total payments	63.6%	57.49%
Number of invoices	169,713	116,604
Percentage of total invoices	74.17%	60.7%

The Group has confirming lines available to its suppliers that allow them, at their option, to advance the collection of their invoices as specified in the notes to the Group's annual accounts.

8. Main business risks

Indra Group maintains a risk management model aimed at anticipating and minimizing the adverse effects that the materialization of such risks could have on the achievement of the Group's objectives.

Nevertheless, the management model may not function properly or may even prove insufficient.

Furthermore, the Group is exposed to external risks beyond its internal control, as well as to future risks—both financial and non-financial—currently unknown or not considered relevant, which could affect the Group's business, results, or financial, economic, or equity position, or the trading price of its shares or

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other securities issued by the Group. Such risks could lead to a partial or total loss of the investment made, as well as impact its reputation and image.

Below is a list of the risks associated with Indra Group, its activity, the sector in which it operates, and the environment in which it conducts its business.

(A) FINANCIAL RISKS

The Group is exposed to various financial risks, including credit and liquidity risk, market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk) and other specific risks arising from its financing structure.

Market risks

- Foreign exchange risk

The Group's international presence, with projects in over 150 countries in different geographical areas such as Spain, the Americas, Europe, Asia, the Middle East and Africa, means that the Group is exposed to the risk of fluctuations in the exchange rates of the currencies in the countries in which it operates against the euro. At 31 December 2025, approximately 53% of the Group's total sales derived from international markets (51% in the previous year).

The Group monitors the impact of adverse exchange rate movements on the Group income statement and balance sheet, and analyses the possible use of hedging instruments on a case by case basis.

The main transactions carried out by the Group in currencies other than the euro during 2025 and 2024 are detailed below:

	Thousand euro	
	2025	2024
Sales	1,619,174	1,488,942
Purchases	843,190	820,662

The main transactions in currencies other than the Euro have been carried out in US dollars, Brazilian reals, Mexican pesos and Colombian pesos.

Various macroeconomic and/or geopolitical events have recently led to sharp movements in exchange rates against the euro in the various functional currencies with which the Group operates. In this respect, the Group's activity is exposed mainly to the following risks:

- Translation exposure of accounting items

The Group's main foreign subsidiaries account for all items in their income statements and balance sheets in each country's local currency (local functional currency). When preparing the Group's consolidated accounts, each of these items is translated to euros at the relevant rate in each case (average or spot rate as appropriate), and any necessary consolidation adjustments are made.

At 31 December 2025, the Group has not used financial instruments to hedge exchange rate fluctuations against the euro in any item in the income statement or balance sheets of these foreign subsidiaries, leaving the Group exposed to the effect of translating these accounting items on consolidation.

The following table reflects the sensitivity at 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024 of the Group's equity and results, expressed in million euros, to changes of +/-10% in the exchange rate against the euro of the foreign subsidiaries' main functional currencies.

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Change in equity 2025		Change in equity 2024	
	Thousand euro	+10%	Thousand euro
Saudi riyal	2,713	Saudi riyal	2,201
Mexican peso	4,643	Mexican peso	4,309
Brazilian real	6,613	Brazilian real	5,417
Colombian peso	2,657	Colombian peso	2,572
Chilean peso	7,391	Chilean peso	6,349
US Dollar	9,948	US Dollar	10,273

Change in results 2025		Change in results 2024	
	Thousand euro	+10%	Thousand euro
Saudi riyal	250	Saudi riyal	864
Mexican peso	(38)	Mexican peso	515
Brazilian real	1,393	Brazilian real	1,270
Colombian peso	(50)	Colombian peso	473
Chilean peso	1,465	Chilean peso	1,650
US Dollar	(2,341)	US Dollar	664

The exchange rates used in the analysis are the exchange rates used for the Group's consolidation.

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, the Group's equity and consolidated results were most sensitive to changes in the Euro exchange rates of the Saudi Arabian riyal, the Mexican peso, the Chilean peso, the Brazilian real, the Columbian peso and US Dollar. However, it could be that in the future the Group's profits or equity will be more sensitive to changes in the euro exchange rates of the functional currencies of the Group's foreign subsidiaries other than those included in the above tables, depending on the relative importance of the business of the Group's foreign subsidiaries.

- Revenue and expense risk in currencies other than the functional currencies

The Group is also exposed to foreign exchange risk in projects where revenues and expenses are in currencies other than the functional currency of each Group country.

To mitigate this risk, at 31 December 2025 the Group applies a policy of entering into foreign currency hedge agreements with financial institutions that replicate the expected net flow patterns derived from collections and payments in each project, although in some cases these hedges may not be effective or available.

However, delays or variations in project cash flow can lead to hedge renewals which can have a significant impact on project profitability, and losses on projects might even arise in highly volatile currency scenarios.

- Risk of delay or changes in the scope of projects

There is an additional risk related to the fulfillment of collection and payment forecasts in the projects when they are delayed or when changes in their scope take place. In such cases, the Group would be obliged to renegotiate the term or amount of the exchange rate insurance associated with the insured flows, which could give rise to additional financial costs or the generation of losses or profits in the event of a reduction in the project scope, depending on the performance of the currency concerned.

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- Risk of a lack of competitiveness due to specific currency fluctuations

A significant part of the costs associated with the Group's export activity are denominated in euros. An appreciation of the euro (against certain currencies) could make the commercial proposals submitted by the Group less competitive compared with the proposals submitted by the Group's international competitors whose cost base is denominated in weaker currencies, which may undermine the Group's competitiveness in international markets.

- Risk of exposure to non-convertible or non-repatriable currencies

The Group's international presence in more than 150 countries entails specific financial risks in terms of exchange rate variations, possible currency depreciation or devaluation, a possible freeze on payments abroad or the escalation of political problems specific to the countries in which the Group is present. Such factors, if they materialize, can plunge currencies into a period of instability and generate sharp fluctuations in their exchange rates.

In particular, the Group may be exposed to markets whose currencies may be subject to existing or emerging legal restrictions limiting their availability and transfer outside the country, normally imposed by local governments, and whose price is not determined by the free play of supply and demand.

- Country credit risk exposure

The Group operates in countries with limited solvency or high country risk according to the standards of international organizations such as the OECD (Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development), IMF (International Monetary Fund) or World Bank, mainly in public projects such as Defence and Security, Air Traffic and Transport.

To reduce this risk, whenever possible, the Group considers the use of Confirmed Letters of Credit and insurance coverage offered by international insurance companies and bodies such as CESCE (Compañía Española de Seguros de Crédito a la Exportación) and other ECAs (Export Credit Agencies) to mitigate country risk in those geographical areas with limited financial solvency.

However, it may not always be possible to obtain such coverage in high risk countries where the Group might operate.

- Interest rate risk

A considerable part of the cost of the group's financing is linked to variable interest rates, which are updated on a quarterly, half-yearly or annual basis depending on the contract in question and on changes in the reference rates on the interbank markets (normally the Euribor rate for the reference term). Therefore, a rise in the associated reference rates implies a higher cost of financing for the Group, with the consequent impact on the Group's profitability.

To partially limit this impact, the Group issues fixed-rate debt instruments and periodically assesses the advisability of arranging derivative financial instruments with financial institutions to manage these risks and hedge against interest rate fluctuations when market conditions so require.

At 31 December 2025, 48.3% of the Group's gross debt bears interest at fixed rates, including €91 million in bonds issued.

Additionally, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the Group carries out exercises to verify the value of the assets included in its balance sheet which, to a large extent, involve rate references to discount the associated flows in order to calculate these values. An increase in these rates may give rise to value adjustments in part of the Group's asset and liability portfolio.

The following table sets out the sensitivity of the Group's consolidated profits, expressed in thousand euro, to changes in interest rates at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

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	2025		2024	
	Change in interest rates		Change in interest rates	
Effect on profit/ [loss]	+0.5%	[0.5] %	+0.5%	[0.5] %
before tax	[1,719]	1,719	[241]	241

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate fluctuations, mainly on its long-term variable-rate bank loans.

The Company has entered into fixed-rate swap agreements with leading financial institutions.

Credit risks

- Customer counterparty risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk insofar as any customer fails to meet its contractual payment obligations, resulting in losses for the Group. The Group has a broad customer portfolio, maintaining commercial relations with business groups, governments and public and public-private entities, which expose it to trade debts arising from ordinary commercial transactions both in Spain and abroad.

In order to minimize the possible impact of these factors, the Group regularly assesses the use of operational measures (letters of credit, collection insurance), accounting measures (doubtful debt provisions) and financial measures (use of non-recourse factoring lines to advance payment from certain customers).

Despite this, the Group remains exposed to credit risk due to default or delays in collection from its customers, which may result in impairment of balance sheet items (trade receivables) and a reduction in the income already reported (if the impact occurs in the same year), with the consequent impact on the Group's income statement and/or equity.

At 31 December 2025, trade and other receivables in the consolidated balance sheet totalled €1,611 million (€1,088 million in 2024), of which €42 million (€44 million in 2024) is outstanding for over 12 months. The above amount recorded under trade and other receivables includes trade provisions amounting to €89 million (€83 million in 2024) and, depending on how the projects in progress develop, the Group cannot rule out the possibility of additional impairment.

Liquidity risk

- Risk of access to funding sources

The Group's cash generation capacity may not be sufficient to meet its operating payments and financial commitments, which could imply the need to obtain additional financial resources from alternative funding sources.

At 31 December 2025, the Group's gross borrowing position was €1,583 million (€530 million in 2024), including financing from Spanish and foreign financial institutions, capital markets (convertible bonds), institutional investors (private debt placements) and financing lines from non-banking entities, such as the CDTI (Centre for Technological and Industrial Development).

Despite the diversification in the Group's funding sources, the existence of factors that may make it difficult for the Group to access these sources (due to factors external to or associated with the Group), or non-compliance with ESG strategy, or regulations related to worsening financial terms (maturity, cost, repayment profile, etc.) or contractual (covenants, guarantees, etc.) terms on which this financing is available, may have a significant impact on the Group's strategic and financial flexibility and may even affect the Group's solvency.

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- Risk of access to funding sources for R&D activities

The Group uses funding from R&D project financing entities, such as the CDTI, among others, which are important for the implementation of certain R&D projects. These loans have special characteristics in terms of duration, cost and repayment flexibility, sometimes linked to the commercial success of the product. At 31 December 2025, these loans represented 3% [9% in 2024] of the Group's gross borrowings.

A reduction in the availability or possible changes in the characteristics of such loans could limit the Group's ability to obtain resources for its R&D projects in said conditions, which would correlatively determine the need to resort to alternative sources of financing to a greater extent.

- Liquidity risk

The Group is exposed to the risk of not being able to meet its financial commitments on time via payment in cash or other equivalent financial assets.

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, the Group's long-term gross borrowings amounted to €1,197 million and €343 million, respectively [76% and 65% of the Group's gross borrowings, respectively], while short-term gross borrowings stood at €386 million and €186 million, respectively [24% and 35% of the Group's gross borrowings, respectively]. The Group's cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 2025 amounted to €976 million [€555 million in 2024]. As a result, at 31 December 2025 the Group's net debt position amounted to €607 million [net cash of €26 million in 2024]. In the short term, the Group depends on the generation of cash from its own operations and/or on obtaining additional financial resources from financial institutions to meet its obligations with respect to:

- its commercial and operational payments, and
- the repayment of amounts lent by financial institutions and the interest accrued on their respective due dates.

The Group makes cash flow forecasts to ensure that it has access to the necessary resources to meet its operational and financial needs. The Group has undrawn financing lines amounting to €1,175 million in 2025 [€906 million in 2024].

However, these forecasts are based on the best estimates made by the Group at a given time on the foreseeable evolution of cash inflows and outflows and, as such, are subject to fluctuations due to the development of the business or the conditions in which the Group companies operate. Deviations from forecasts have been frequent in the past for the reasons explained above.

- Risks arising from the seasonality of the Group's cash flow

The nature of the budgetary and payment processes of some of the Group's customers (mainly customers associated with the public sector) means that project-related receipts may be concentrated around certain dates, mainly in the last weeks of the calendar year.

During 2025, positive free cash flow of €364 million was generated [€328 million in 2024].

In addition, public sector customers sometimes follow payment management processes that are conditional on review by other authorities or government entities, which can lead to delays or adjustments to their own payment schedules. This dynamic creates seasonality in the cash flows generated by the Group, which could give rise to liquidity pressures in periods during which project-related receipts are structurally lower.

- Risks arising from the availability of guarantees

In the ordinary course of its business, the Group is required to provide guarantees to third parties as security for the performance of contracts and the receipt of advances. These guarantees are mainly issued by banks and insurance companies. In view of the Group's geographical diversification, these guarantees must be issued in many different geographical areas and currencies.

At 31 December 2025, the Group had provided guarantees to third parties issued by various banks and insurance companies mainly for the purpose of ensuring compliance with contracts, totalling €2,049 million [€982 million in 2024].

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In this context, there is a risk that these banking and insurance entities could increase the cost and/or reduce the amounts or even cancel the lines granted to the Group for issuing these guarantees. Likewise, there is a risk that certain countries, currencies or customers with limited solvency or associated risk will be excluded, which would limit their commercial capacity and ability to attract business.

In addition, these guarantees are mostly linked to the successful execution of the projects and therefore any problems in the delivery of these projects could entail the risk of the guarantees being enforced, which could affect the availability or cost of such guarantees in the future, with the consequent impact on the Group's commercial and financial capacity.

- Risk of non-compliance with financial ratios

Group companies are required to comply with certain solvency ratios, accumulated losses, current asset and liability liquidity ratios in relation to their activities and tenders with public administrations in certain geographical areas.

Regulatory, tax and legal changes or financial developments and/or changes in business could affect these ratios, which could have a financial impact and affect the Company's capacity to do business or meet its financial obligations.

Moreover, at 31 December 2025, the Indra Group remains in full compliance with the financial covenants established under its financing arrangements.

- Risk of supplier payment management using confirming lines

The Group has confirming lines with financial institutions so that suppliers who wish to bring forward the collection of current invoices due may do so. These lines allow suppliers to effectively manage their collections. A reduction in the limits of these lines could lead to liquidity pressures at some of the Group's suppliers, which could be detrimental to the level of service or even the timely availability of contracted products. The Group maintains an appropriate policy of diversifying the number of its suppliers, but an adverse effect on some of them cannot be ruled out in the case described.

Solvency risk

- Solvency

Poor credit quality vis-à-vis third parties caused by excessive leverage or the business's incapacity to generate the funds required to meet its commitments towards third parties could lead to higher financing costs, difficulties in accessing such sources or even bankruptcy.

The Group's general approach is to proactively manage the financial risks relating to the Indra Group's debt, liquidity and financing levels, ensuring that they remain within thresholds which, even in adverse economic conditions, guarantee its viability and strategic flexibility within a framework of reasonable profitability.

Accounting and reporting risks

- Risks derived from changes in accounting standards

The absence or non-application of accounting policies and the absence of stable and defined processes, lack of internal control mechanisms or lower-than-expected level of disclosure could lead to inadequate economic and financial information being obtained.

The accounting and financial reporting standards governing the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements are subject to review and amendment by international accounting standards bodies and other regulatory authorities. Such regulatory changes may have a significant impact on the way the Group accounts for and presents its financial information.

- Risks derived from the presentation of sustainability information

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The absence or non-application of internal control criteria, as well as the absence of stable and defined processes or a lower-than-expected level of disclosure, may lead to the reporting of sustainability information that is not adequate, balanced, understandable, error-free or oriented towards interested parties. In particular, in the current year Group management has included the disclosures required by Article 8 of the European Taxonomy Regulation.

In addition, on 16 December 2022, Directive (EU) 2022/2464 of the European Parliament and of the Council on corporate sustainability reporting was published. This directive is part of the European Green Deal policies, amends the previous directive on this topic and if approved, would apply to the Group as from 1 January 2024. However, since the Directive has not been transposed into Spanish law, the Indra Group remains subject to Act 11 of 28 December 2018, amending the Spanish Commercial Code; the consolidated text of the Spanish Companies Act, approved by Royal Legislative Decree 1 of 2 July 2010; and Act 22 of 20 July 2015, on Auditing Accounts in matters of non-financial information and diversity. The Indra Group has opted to prepare the Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information under a dual framework including compliance with Law 11/2018 and with all the requirements of Directive (EU) 2022/2464, in line with the joint notification by the ICAC and the CNMV.

(B) STRATEGIC RISKS

Risks related to the Environment

- Relevance of the Global Economic, Geopolitical, Social and Labor Environment for the Business

The global economic, geopolitical, social and labor environment has a direct impact on the Group's businesses, given its international footprint. Budgetary constraints in certain countries may result in both direct (public-sector clients) and indirect business losses for the Group. Likewise, the slowdown and volatility of emerging economies represent a risk due to the Group's exposure to these markets.

Furthermore, the Group has a high dependence on the Spanish market. In fiscal year 2025, 53% of total sales (51% in the prior year) originated from this region.

In addition, uncertainty in the international landscape, shifts in the global economic and trade order, regulatory divergences between regions, supply-chain disruptions, sovereign defaults, terrorist actions, among other factors, undermine investor confidence and could materially affect the economic conditions of the countries in which the Group operates. Section 9, "Global and Geopolitical Impacts and Uncertainties," provides further detail on current exposures.

- Risk related to Technological Evolution

Innovation is the cornerstone of differentiation in the Group's solutions and services. In this context, it is essential not only to adapt to constant technological change but also to anticipate it sufficiently in advance to adjust the Group's technological offering and provide clients with high-quality, up-to-date, reliable, secure and competitive services. Several of the sectors in which the Group operates are undergoing continuous evolution and innovation, which may render the technologies used or developed by the Group obsolete, requiring significant effort to maintain technological development. A lack of flexibility, resources, effective investment or knowledge to absorb technological changes could place the Group at a competitive disadvantage and lead to missed opportunities.

Other environment-related risks include fluctuations in material and labor costs, price competition, regulatory changes and climate-related impacts.

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Risks arising from relationships with third parties

- Customer Dependence Risk

Excessive dependence on certain clients could reduce profitability in the customer portfolio and hinder the Group's growth and sales capacity. Additionally, supplier-rationalization processes by large corporations, service underperformance, or budgetary constraints could lead to the partial or total loss of business with such clients.

The Group maintains a broad and diversified portfolio of major clients with whom it seeks to build long-term, sustainable relationships. Key clients include large corporate groups, governments and public and public-private entities across the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, no single client accounted for more than 10% of consolidated revenue.

- Risk related to Alliances, Partners and Technology Partners

The unavailability of suitable partners, difficulties in formalizing necessary alliances, or inadequate execution and monitoring of such partnerships could limit growth, renewal of the offering, overall competitiveness, and the achievement of strategic, financial and reputational objectives. Key risks include improper allocation of responsibilities, breaches of agreements, conflicts of interest among alliances, and disputes over intellectual property rights.

Risks related to the product and service offering

- Risk in managing the product offering

If the Group is unable to provide an innovative offering aligned with client needs, socially and environmentally responsible, and based on impactful technologies that help clients operate sustainably, it could face loss of market share, profitability, reputation and brand image.

Other risks related to product and service offering include inadequate commercial channels, poor planning and forecasting, loss of intellectual property, or ineffective management of technology-transfer strategies.

Risks related to the acquisitions, organization and planning

- Risk arising from the Strategy and monitoring of Investments/divestments

Leveraging inorganic growth opportunities is essential in technology-intensive sectors, where acquiring new capabilities is necessary to complement internal development and/or achieve the scale required for profitability and competitive positioning.

The success of the inorganic growth strategy depends on identifying suitable acquisition targets under favorable conditions and on the Group's ability to finance and complete such transactions successfully. Moreover, integrating new businesses entails inherent risks associated with both the acquisition process and subsequent integration.

Misalignment with strategy, inadequate execution (valuation, due diligence, structuring and negotiation), insufficient monitoring, failure to meet investment/divestment objectives, or the emergence of hidden or unknown liabilities at the time of acquisition could jeopardize the achievement of strategic goals.

Additionally, certain acquisitions may be subject to regulatory approvals (e.g., competition, defense), which could limit the attractiveness of potential assets or even prevent their acquisition.

As of December 31, 2025, the Group held net intangible assets (excluding goodwill) totaling €460 million (€250 million in 2024).

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Similarly, the Group may be required to recognize impairments on goodwill arising from past corporate transactions if future business prospects associated with those businesses fail to support their carrying amount. As of December 31, 2025, the Group's goodwill amounted to €1,444 million (€1,043 million in 2024).

Risks related to positioning in new and existing markets

Given that the Group's strategy includes expanding certain businesses in both new and existing markets, potential errors or deviations in opportunity assessment, market positioning, business-model definition, selection of alliances or corporate transactions, as well as difficulties in modifying current positioning or market perception, lack of local knowledge, or inadequate organizational structure, could lead to deviations from expected results and hinder the achievement of established objectives.

(C) OPERATIONAL RISKS

Risks related to order intake and order backlog

The positive evolution of the Group's order backlog in any given year depends both on the accumulated order intake at the beginning of that year and on the new order intake generated during the year.

Accumulated order intake is affected by external factors such as exchange-rate fluctuations (for contracts denominated in foreign currencies), project scope adjustments, delays in the launch of services or projects, and even contract cancellations.

New project order intake is driven by the Group's ability to respond to demand and to adapt to market developments in terms of competition, offering and product development.

All of these events may have a material impact on the Group's order backlog and, consequently, on the Group's future revenues.

Risks related to project management

- Risks arising from price definition and scope in proposals

An inadequate analysis of the scope of the project (including temporary consortia), the complexity of the systems and specific technical tasks to be performed, as well as a lack of previous experience, could lead to incorrect price estimates, a lack of specification and/or deficient contractual formalization, as well as the inclusion of abusive clauses, penalties or the failure to reflect changes in the scope of the proposal, resulting in operations with lower than expected profitability or affecting compliance with product and deliverable requirements. In addition, inaccuracies in requirements and deliverables could lead to continuous changes resulting in non-acceptance of deliveries and non-payment or even cancellation of the contract on the grounds of non-performance.

There is also a risk in situations where the Group is unable to deliver the committed solution, where the agreed-upon scopes require a higher cost assumption than initially anticipated, or where technological constraints prevent compliance with the agreed timelines and conditions. These circumstances could lead to significant losses in project profitability and cash generation, with a potentially material impact on the Group's financial position.

- Risks arising from project execution

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Refers to the increase in costs with respect to those planned or delays with respect to the initial project plan due, among other reasons, to force majeure, failures in the coordination and management of the projects derived from the lack of sufficient experience of responsible employees, inadequate planning of the necessary resources, difficulty in defining roles and responsibilities of the persons involved, communication failures, non-compliance with standards, procedures and methods and failures in the Group's project management systems.

Furthermore, deviations in the implementation of a project could lead to contractual penalties and even the cancellation of certain projects. Such situations could affect the Group's reputation and commercial solvency not only with respect to the customer involved but also with respect to other customers in the same or other sectors and regions where the Group operates. In any event, no single project represents more than 10% of the Group's consolidated revenues.

The Group performs ongoing analyses of the expected future profitability of projects in progress with the best information available at any given time, which may give rise to significant provisions after completing this analysis if as a result of this process a higher cost than initially foreseen is expected.

In addition, the Group periodically reviews its project portfolio, identifying projects whose current development shows signs of potential losses, and provisions are made for these as they are identified.

Finally, the Group's contracts with its customers usually contain provisions designed to limit its liability for damages caused or for defects or faults in its products or services. However, it cannot be guaranteed that these provisions will always, and effectively, protect the Group against legal claims, nor that, where appropriate, the liability insurance will be sufficient to cover all costs arising from such legal claims.

- Customer-related risks

A lack of customer knowledge or the presence of complex or unstable organizations may hinder effective relationship management, leading to demands for additional scope, lack of acceptance of the product or service, limited customer involvement, delays in activities required for the project, or expectations exceeding those contractually agreed. These situations may result in delays in project execution, penalties, additional costs, delayed or missing payments, loss of contracts, and customer dissatisfaction.

- Product and service quality risk

The absence of adequate quality-assurance and control mechanisms throughout all phases of product and service delivery may lead to late detection of deviations, increasing project-related costs due to the need for additional work or resulting in contractual breaches. Furthermore, the lack of systematic quality management could limit the organization's ability to prevent the recurrence of known errors, hinder the implementation of continuous-improvement processes, and negatively affect the final quality of the products and services delivered, as well as the Group's reputation.

- Risk derived from involvement in joint ventures, temporary consortia and associations

The Group operates with some 285 Temporary Consortia (UTES) in different geographical areas (mainly Spain). Carrying out projects with Temporary Consortia or in Association implies risks that could materialize in an incorrect distribution of responsibilities, lack of capacity among associates, lack of solvency among associates that would force the Group to assume their operational commitments, or previous negative experiences. In addition, if the partners in the Temporary Consortium failed to meet their contractual obligations on a timely basis, the Group would have to comply with the obligations arising from such contracts due to the unlimited joint and several liability of the Consortium members towards third parties.

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Furthermore, since a significant part of the Group's business is in the Public Administrations sector, the Group frequently takes part in tenders grouped into Temporary Consortia. In this context, there is a risk that the Group's involvement in a Temporary Consortium to take part in a tender may be considered by the competition authorities (specifically the Spanish National Commission for Markets and Competition) as a way of concealing, under the legal appearance of a Temporary Consortium, the existence of collusive behavior, particularly in cases where the agreement among the Consortium members is not duly supported from a business standpoint or includes covenants that have the aim or effect of distorting competition.

The Group sometimes takes part in consortia where it has a minority interest and is therefore exposed to the risk of changes in the conditions and/or scope of these projects.

Among other project-management-related risks are those arising from damage to physical assets, insufficient insurance coverage, and risks associated with the space business due to its technical specificity.

Productivity related risks

- Risk related to productive efficiency

The lack of efficiency/effectiveness in manufacturing or software development processes (e.g. interruptions due to the absence of information, lack of flexibility in the management of resources/ pyramids or possible breakdowns due to a low work-rate or insufficient take-up of new technology) or in the Group's support processes (e.g. due to a failure to leverage synergies or a lack of process standardization) could have negative repercussions, mainly cost overruns, for the Group.

- Strategy and resource planning risk

An inadequate resource management strategy, higher than expected labor costs (e.g. higher contracting costs), labor rigidity, loss of business due to the unavailability of human resources required to initiate projects, lack of a subcontracting strategy or inefficient planning that fails to match resource needs with availability could generate negative impacts due to cost overruns.

In turn, the profitability of some of the Group's businesses requires the active management of the Group's existing professional pyramids, which is often limited either by the Group's financial capacity or by specific labor regulations in certain countries.

Among other productivity-related risks are those arising from an inadequate materials-supply strategy and warehouse management.

Information Security risks

- Information security risk

The Group is exposed to vulnerabilities and threats arising from the regular use of technologies and information systems in the course of its activities and due to the sectors in which it operates. Deliberate attacks by third parties could compromise or result in the loss of confidentiality, availability and integrity of information within the systems, as well as cause damage to those systems, with the corresponding negative impact on the Group. Cyber risk is understood as the materialization of threats that jeopardize the information processed, stored and transmitted by interconnected information systems.

During the year, cyberattacks were recorded but were identified and blocked thanks to existing detection and response processes and systems, preventing incidents with a critical impact on the Company.

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- System Availability risk

A lack of availability or reduced availability of the Group's systems, or of systems supporting third parties, could lead to delays or interruptions in processes, hinder the achievement of objectives, place the Group at a competitive disadvantage, or negatively affect its image.

Risks related to support processes

- Supplier management risk

The creation of long-term relationships with suppliers is a key factor in the successful development of the Group's business. However, greater dependence on any of these suppliers in the Group's operations could result in a reduction in its flexibility when dealing with unexpected adverse circumstances that could arise in relation to such suppliers, as well as a reduction in its negotiating power. Likewise, in the event of inappropriate practices by any of the members of its supply chain, the Group could be affected by legal, financial and operational contingencies or damage to its image, among others.

Among other supplier-related risks are issues such as quality problems, delays, risks arising from the geographic concentration of critical suppliers, supply-chain disruptions, material shortages, lack of delivery capacity from specialized suppliers, or risks associated with technological obsolescence. These factors could lead to deviations in project execution timelines and negatively affect the Group's results.

From a social viewpoint, it implies not taking on suppliers through business procedures that guarantee sustainable purchases under social and environmental criteria, prioritizing purchases from local suppliers and ensuring transparency and equal conditions and opportunities for the different bidders. This could lead to lost opportunities and cause adverse reputational effects, as well as infringing human rights.

Among other support-related risks are the risk of inadequate brand positioning, risks related to investor and stakeholder relations, errors in support processes, risks arising from relationships with unions, employer associations and employees, and risks related to health and safety.

Key personnel risks

- Risk related to undesired turnover

High undesired turnover of key personnel due to remuneration, benefit or retention policies that fail to reflect the new ways of working or due to ineffective career management, fierce competition in the industry or other causes that undermine the ability to retain employees could lead to a loss of knowledge and innovation, reduced opportunities to generate value and business, cost overruns (increase in hiring costs) and detriment to reputation (customers and employees).

During 2025, undesired turnover stood at 9.20%.

- Risk derived from a lack of talent

The sectors in which the Group operates are characterized by a high degree of specialization, due to a high rate of innovation and constant technological change which requires the Group to have highly qualified employees with the specific know-how for the development of its projects, mostly with a substantial technological component. The lack of available talent could hinder the proper execution of projects, cause delays, increase operating costs, affect the quality of deliverables, and limit the Group's ability to compete and grow in certain markets.

Among other risks related to key personnel are those arising from insufficient training in critical areas and from the management of diversity and inclusion.

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Reputational risk

Reputational risk is defined as the probability of negative events, public opinions and perceptions, which adversely affect the Group's income, brand, support and public image.

This is a transversal risk and is considered to be related to and interdependent with other risks.

The Group's reputation is linked to operational risks such as product quality and safety, customer satisfaction, information security, worker health and safety, personnel management and subcontracting, as well as other types of risks related to regulatory compliance such as integrity, legal responsibility and corporate governance.

Although the Group has adopted internal control measures aimed at mitigating these risks, it remains exposed to other factors that it might not be able to foresee and control internally, to factors outside its business structure and to the risk that the conduct of certain Group members could affect its image. If this were to occur, any of these situations could adversely affect the Group's brand and therefore its ability to maintain its competitive position in the markets in which it operates.

Sustainability risks

These are the risks and opportunities of an environmental, social or corporate governance nature that could affect the Group. These are key elements for assessing sustainability, the achievement of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and ethical impact from the viewpoint of investing in a company.

The Group has identified the most relevant compliance, financial, operational and strategic risks related to sustainability. Indra is included in various prestigious indices: Dow Jones, MSCI, FTSE4Good and the Bloomberg Gender-Equality Index (GEI). For more information, please see the Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information.

(D) COMPLIANCE RISKS

- Legislative, regulatory and tax compliance risks

As part of its ordinary activity, the Group is exposed to litigation and claims, whether from employees, subcontractors, third parties, suppliers, tax authorities, competition agencies, or customers, among others. Uncertainty about the outcome of litigation and claims carries the risk that a negative outcome will adversely affect the Group's business and reputation, as well as its results or its financial, economic or equity position.

The Group carries out a process for quantifying and rating these risks on a recurring basis, based on the best information available at a given time. There is a risk that this impact may be underestimated or that events may occur that cause the classification and quantification of a dispute or claim to change significantly, with a greater impact than initially anticipated.

The Group provisions 100% of the amount of proceedings in which it is a defendant and risk of occurrence has been classified as "probable" (i.e. the risk of an unfavorable ruling is greater than 50%). At 31 December 2025, the Group is a defendant in litigation totalling €26 million (€28 million in 2024). Provisions at that date amounted to €26 million (€28 million in 2024). For further details on the ongoing proceedings and litigation affecting the Group, see Note 24.

As the Group operates in various countries it is exposed to compliance with varying applicable laws and regulations: (i) of each of the markets in which it operates; (ii) of the European Union; and (iii) of the obligations derived from international treaties, as well as their possible future amendment.

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The main regulatory compliance risks that may significantly affect the Group's business are those arising from its ordinary activities, as well as those deriving from national and international measures to prevent crime and fraud. In addition, it is important to note the regulations in force in each country which, in the event of non-compliance, could lead to the imposition of penalties on the Group.

The legal consequences of a criminal (or criminal-like) act committed in the name or on behalf of the legal entity and for its direct or indirect benefit could incur economic and/or commercial penalties (e.g. fines, business interruption, prohibition on contracting with public administrations, reputational harm and, in the most serious cases, even the entity's dissolution).

In addition, the Group's activities are subject to the tax legislation of each country and to the double taxation treaties between the countries in which it operates, and it must therefore comply with successive amendments to such legislation. With regard to tax benefits in favor of the Group, potential tax reforms in the countries in which it operates may lead to the cancellation of such benefits, resulting in additional costs for the Group and therefore adversely affecting its business and financial position.

Also worth noting are the effects of any changes in Spanish tax legislation, which could have an impact on the Group's consolidated results as a result of possible adjustments to deferred taxes at the relevant tax rates, or limitations on deductions, as well as on cash flows, as a result of the need to bring forward payments and defer recoveries of tax credits (Note 35).

Finally, the Group has stepped up activities in the means of payment industry by acquiring companies subject to specific financial sector regulations. The failure to comply could lead to fines, penalties, criminal proceedings and reputational damage.

Among other compliance-related risks are those arising from non-compliance with corporate-governance recommendations, labor and social-security regulations, third-party industrial and intellectual property rights, environmental regulations, international-trade rules, competition law, data-protection requirements, artificial-intelligence regulations, product-safety and quality standards, and banking and anti-money-laundering regulations.

- Risk of non-compliance with Corporate Governance recommendations

Possible non-compliance with the recommendations and best practices in the area of Corporate Governance or non-alignment with expectations of investors and proxy advisors could lead to shareholders not approving or giving sufficient support to the proposed resolutions submitted to the General Shareholders' Meeting by the Board or a loss of confidence from stakeholders.

From a corporate viewpoint, a lack of adequate communication and reporting could impact stakeholder engagement and trust.

- Employment and social security regulation risk

Inadequate personnel management for employment and Social Security purposes (e.g. illegal assignment of employees), non-fulfilment of obligations with Social Security administrations in the countries where the Group operates, or changes in regulations in the different geographies and markets in which the Group operates, could lead to: (i) overruns and/or loss of income due to the need to bring operations into line with such regulations (ii) being non-compliant with the rules and criteria established by the courts (iii) significant economic and/or legal contingencies between the Group and its employees, trade unions and Central Government, as well as a potential prohibition on contracting with public administrations, or (iv) human rights violations.

In this respect, the Group operates in markets with specific regulations for certain groups of professionals (for example, the Brazilian labor legislation relating to professionals from subcontracted companies) that may involve significant labor risks and contingencies. Even though the Group has a consistent human resources policy, it is inevitable that it will have to adapt to the local situations of each country, which may lead to risk situations related to such legislation.

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- Intellectual and industrial property risks

Failure by the Group to comply with current legislation in relation to intellectual property or industrial property rights could lead to penalties or indemnities.

- Integrity risk

Non-compliance with the Group's internal policies (including the Code of Ethics) by employees or third parties, weaknesses in the detection, oversight or adoption of measures to prevent harassment or the non-ethical use of technologies (e.g. algorithms that could lead to some form of discrimination, use of biased databases) could have a negative impact on the Group's reputation and image vis-à-vis its stakeholders, as well as financial and sustainability aspects, among others.

- Environmental risk

Inadequate management of environmental issues associated with production activities could lead to direct damage to the environment and/or people.

It could also entail non-compliance with environmental regulations, with the resulting risk of legal penalties and liability.

- International business risk

Non-compliance with current international trade legislation in any country where the Group operates could lead to international sanctions.

- Competition risk

Non-compliance with current competition legislation in any country in which the Group operates could lead to economic and/or commercial penalties (e.g. fines, prohibition on contracting with public administrations and/or reputational harm).

- Non-compliance in relation to product quality and safety

Non-compliance with laws and regulations on product and service safety could affect the level of quality offered to customers and may result in financial penalties and reputational damage for the Group.

- Data protection risk

Non-compliance with current regulations on data protection, both at Group level and in the context of its operations, could lead to financial penalties, reputational damage or human rights violations.

- Risk of non-compliance with artificial intelligence regulations

Non-compliance with current regulations on artificial intelligence, both at Company level and in the context of operations, could among other consequences lead to financial penalties for the Company or human rights violations.

- Risk of money laundering and the financing of terrorism

The non-fulfillment of applicable prevailing legislation on money laundering and terrorist financing by using, concealing or covering up own or third-party assets or funds deriving from a criminal activity or other illicit source, and financing terrorist groups or committing any other crime of terrorism, among other activities, could result in adverse economic impacts and reputational damage.

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9. Global and geopolitical impacts and uncertainties

War in Ukraine

The war triggered by Russia's invasion of Ukraine in 2022 has had a significant geopolitical impact on a global scale, with particularly strong repercussions in Europe. The current situation of the conflict remains one of stalemate and high uncertainty regarding its future outcome. Efforts by third countries to promote peace talks or a lasting ceasefire have, to date, not been successful.

As a result of the war in Ukraine, Europe has undergone a paradigm shift with respect to its autonomy in Defence. This shift has been driven, among other factors, by the repeated calls from the United States for European NATO members to assume greater responsibility for their own Defence. At the NATO Summit held in June 2025, a new Defence spending target for 2035 was approved, equivalent to 5% of GDP. Of this amount, 3.5% will correspond to Defence expenditure as defined by NATO, with the remaining 1.5% allocated to the protection of critical infrastructure, cybersecurity, resilience, and the strengthening of the Defence industrial base.

Spain, for its part, has reaffirmed its commitment to the capability objectives established within the Alliance, although it expects to meet them with a lower level of expenditure. Specifically, Spain has launched 31 new programmes to reach Defence spending equivalent to 2% of GDP as early as 2025. In this context, Indra's outlook for its Defence and Security business in the coming years is very positive. With regard to the direct impact of the conflict on Indra, the Company ceased its operations in Russia and Ukraine at the outset of the war. However, the Company did not have significant operations in either of these countries.

New political cycle in the United States

The new Trump administration, which began in January 2025, has marked the start of a new political cycle in the United States, triggering significant changes in its foreign and economic policy. One of the most notable elements is the new tariff policy, under which agreements with various countries and economic blocs have been renegotiated in pursuit of more favorable conditions for the United States in trade relations with countries with which it maintains a significant trade deficit.

The shift in U.S. foreign and economic policy has led European governments to reconsider both their commercial strategy and their approach to Defence and Security. The U.S. Government has been the main driving force behind the approval of NATO's new Defence spending commitment (5% of GDP), with the objective of ensuring that European countries assume greater responsibility for their own Defence.

Indra continues to monitor the situation in order to take the necessary measures within its reach and adapt to the various changes that may arise. In any case, the potential impact on the Company of new tariffs between the United States and the European Union is expected to be limited.

Conflict in the Middle East

The terrorist attack carried out by Hamas against Israel in October 2023 reignited a conflict that had been latent in the region for decades. Israel's strong response in the Gaza Strip has generated criticism from several European countries, including Spain. Specifically, Spain has imposed an embargo on the trade of Defence and dual-use materials with Israel.

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In addition, the conflict has had repercussions throughout the region for several years, including clashes between Israel and the Hezbollah militia in Lebanon, as well as disruptions to maritime routes transiting the Suez Canal due to the risk of attacks by Houthi militias. Another consequence of the conflict has been episodes of direct confrontation between Israel and Iran, which have even involved direct participation by the United States, both militarily and diplomatically.

Following mediation efforts by several countries, a ceasefire between Israel and Hamas was reached in October 2025. The agreement has partially restored stability in the region, facilitating a return to normality in commercial maritime routes, with a positive impact on goods trade between Europe and Asia.

Indra has not identified any significant impact on its operations to date, but the Company will continue to monitor the situation in case of potential effects on its supply chain. Prior to the entry into force in Spain of the prohibition on the trade of Defence and dual-use materials with Israel, Indra made only limited use of Israeli suppliers and had sufficient alternatives to avoid any disruption to its supply chain.

Interest rates

During the 2025 financial year, the interest rate environment continued to be characterized by a high degree of uncertainty, within a context shaped by macroeconomic and geopolitical factors. Monetary policy decisions adopted by the main central banks remained closely linked to the evolution of inflation and economic growth, as well as to the risks arising from the international environment.

Throughout the year, market expectations regarding the future path of interest rates showed significant fluctuations, reflecting the sensitivity of such expectations to available economic information and geopolitical developments. In this scenario, it is not possible to accurately anticipate the level at which interest rates will stand in the medium term.

Indra continues to monitor developments in the financial markets on an ongoing basis and manages its financing structure in accordance with approved internal policies, with the aim of maintaining a balanced financial profile and an appropriate management of interest rate risk. No significant incidents arose during the year as a result of movements in interest rates.

Uncertainty regarding sustainability regulation

Following the publication of the 2024 Draghi Report on the competitiveness of the EU, which highlighted the regulatory burden on European companies in the area of sustainability, the European Commission launched in 2025 a process to review and simplify its regulatory framework in this field.

Specifically, the approval of the Omnibus I Package in February 2025 entails the amendment and postponement of the obligations imposed by three key regulations: the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD), the Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD), and the EU Taxonomy Regulation for sustainable activities, generating significant uncertainty in the non-financial reporting of European companies.

In Spain, since the legislative process to transpose the CSRD into Spanish law had not been completed at the time the Omnibus I Package was issued, the draft bill under development is expected to be amended to align with the changes introduced by the Omnibus Package. Therefore, the previous Spanish reporting framework (Law 11/2018 on Non-Financial Information Statements) remains in force.

Beyond the current regulatory uncertainty—particularly affecting reporting—Indra considers sustainability to be a cross-cutting pillar of its “Leading the Future” Strategic Plan and continues to make progress in the implementation of its ESG Plan for the 2024–2026 period.

10. Capital structure

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At 31 December 2025, the parent company's subscribed and paid-up capital amounted to €35,330,880.40, consisting of 176,654,402 ordinary shares with a par value of €0.20 each, represented by book entries.

All the shares are officially listed on the Madrid, Barcelona, Valencia and Bilbao Stock Exchanges, are quoted in the Continuous Market and are included in the selective IBEX-35 index, the year-end price being €48.54 [€17.08 at year-end 2024]. The average price for the last quarter of 2025 and 2024 was €46.06 and €16.74 per share, respectively.

The parent company's main shareholders at 31 December 2025, holding an interest of over 3%, are: SEPI (28%); Advanced Engineering and Manufacturing, S.L. (14.30%); Sapa Placencia (7.944%); Joseph Oughourlian (7.239%); David E.Shaw (3.51%) and T.Rowe Price Associates, Inc (3.05%). For further detail, see Note 18 to the Consolidated Annual Accounts.

11. Shareholder remuneration

At a meeting held on 25 February 2026, Indra's Board of Directors resolved to propose, at the next General Shareholders' Meeting, the distribution of a cash dividend of €0.30 gross per share out of 2025 profits.

The proposed distributions of profits in Group companies for 2025 have been drawn up by their respective boards and will be submitted for approval at the relevant General Shareholders' Meetings.

12. Derivatives

The Group pursues an active policy of hedging risks arising from exchange rate fluctuations by arranging hedges and derivative instruments with financial institutions.

The Group is also considering the use of interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate fluctuations mainly in its long-term floating rate bank loans.

13. Treasury shares

Making use of the delegated authority conferred by the General Shareholders' Meeting, the parent company directly holds (1,394,510) shares at 31 December 2025 for a total of €65,158 thousand. Further details can be found in Note 18 to the annual accounts.

During 2025, the Company acquired 16,907,789 of its own shares on the stock exchange (9.57% of share capital) (6.71% of annual volume) and sold 16,263,809 of its own shares (9.21% of share capital) (6.46% of annual volume). Further details on share movements in 2025 can be found in Note 18 to the annual accounts.

14. Outlook

The Group expects for 2026 year:

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- Revenues in constant currency ¹: > €7,000 million.
- Ebit reported ²: > €700 million.
- Free Cash Flow reported ³: > €375 million.

¹ Includes the Consolidation of BPO until its sale

² Does not include the one-off impact of the sale of BPO asset

³ Excludes prepayments from Indra's Defence programs (PEM) and those of joint ventures (UTES) in which it participates, and assumes constant factoring (€187 million)

15. Annual Corporate Governance Report

In accordance with the provisions of Article 538 of the Spanish Companies Act, the Annual Corporate Governance Report forms an integral part of the Consolidated Management Report and is included in a separate section. This report has been prepared in accordance with the model approved by CNMV Circular 3 of 28 September 2021 and is available on the CNMV website (www.cnmv.es), to which it was sent by the Company, and on the corporate website (www.indragroup.com).

16. Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration

In accordance with the provisions of Article 538 of the Spanish Companies Act, the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration forms an integral part of the Consolidated Management Report and is included in a separate section. This report has been prepared in accordance with the model approved by CNMV Circular 3 of 28 September 2021 and is available on the CNMV website (www.cnmv.es), to which it was sent by the Company, and on the corporate website (www.indragroup.com).

17. Sustainability Information

The Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information forms part, as an appendix, of the Consolidated Management Report and is therefore subject to the same rules for approval, filing and publication as the Management Report, having been drawn up and approved by the Board of Directors together with the Management Report at its meeting on 25 February 2026. The Sustainability Report includes the necessary information to understand the Company's performance, results and situation and the impact of its business activities with respect to, at least, environmental and social issues, as well as those related to personnel, respect for human rights and the struggle against corruption and bribery, among others. The Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information can also be consulted on the company's website (www.indragroup.com).

18. Alternative Performance Measures

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Following the guidelines of the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) on Alternative Performance Measures (APMs), Group management believes that certain APMs provide useful additional financial information that should be considered when assessing performance. In addition, Management uses these APMs when taking financial, operational and planning decisions, as well as in the assessment of Group performance. The Group presents the following APMs that it considers useful and appropriate for decision making by investors and which provide greater reliability with respect to the Group's performance.

EBITDA

- Definition/Reconciliation: EBITDA stands for earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization.
- Explanation of use: this is a financial indicator that the Company uses to determine its productive performance and that investors use for company valuations.
- The Group also uses the EBITDA Margin as a performance indicator, which is the ratio of EBITDA to sales in a given period. This indicator is interpreted as the Group's operating profit for every euro of sales.
- Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (€M)	2025	2024
EBIT	517	438
Depreciation/amortization	119	107
EBITDA	636	545

EBIT

- Definition/Reconciliation: as defined in the annual income statement.
- Explanation of use: this is a financial indicator that the Company uses to determine its productive performance and that investors use for company valuations.
- The Group also uses the EBIT Margin as a performance indicator, which is the ratio of EBIT to sales in a given period. This indicator is interpreted as the Group's operating profit for every euro of sales.
- Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (€M)	2025	2024
EBITDA	636	545
Depreciation/amortisation	119	107
EBIT	517	438

Operating Margin

- Definition/Reconciliation: operating profit (EBIT) plus personnel reorganisation costs, impairment, business consolidation and acquisition costs, amortisation of intangible assets from acquisitions, share-based remuneration and possible penalties.

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- Explanation of use: this is a financial indicator that the Company uses to determine its productive performance before certain extraordinary costs and which investors use for valuations of IT businesses.
- The Group also uses the Operating Margin (%) as a performance indicator, which is the ratio of the Operating Margin to sales in a given period.
- Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (€M)	2025	2024
EBIT	517	438
Extraordinary Costs	73	74
Operating Margin	591	512

Net borrowings

- Definition/Reconciliation: amounts owed to credit institutions and bonds or other non-current marketable securities less cash and cash equivalents. Net borrowings is calculated by subtracting the balance under "Cash and cash equivalents" from the balances under the headings "Current and non-current bank borrowings" and "Financial liabilities due to the issuance of debentures and other current and non-current marketable securities" as these figure in the consolidated statements of financial position.
- Explanation of use: this is a financial indicator that the Group uses to measure the company's leverage.

In this respect, the Group uses the Net borrowings/EBITDA ratio as an indicator of its level of leverage and capacity to repay its financial debt. For this reason, the EBITDA figure used in the calculation of the ratio for interim periods is determined taking into account the equivalent annual EBITDA figure for the 12 months immediately prior to the date of calculation of the ratio.

- Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year. It reflects the effect of the transfer of the MPS Group to held for sale [Note 13].

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (€M)	2025	2024
Cash and cash equivalents	976	555
Current bank borrowings and debentures	(386)	(166)
Payables to non-financial entities for grants received	-	(20)
Non-current bank borrowings and debentures	(1,197)	(343)
Net cash (+)/Net borrowings (-) before transfer to held for sale	(607)	26
Effective transfer to held for sale	24	61
Net cash (+)/Net borrowings (-) Group total	(583)	86

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Free Cash Flow

- Definition/Reconciliation: these are the funds generated by the Group before dividend payments, net financial investments and other similar amounts, and investment in treasury shares (Note 2. Statement of Financial Position and Cash Flow Statement). It is calculated on the basis of profit before taxes in the consolidated cash flow statement: deducting grants, provisions and gains/losses on fixed assets and other items, adding depreciation and amortisation, adding the results of subsidiaries and other investees, adding financial results, adding dividends received, adding cash from operating activities, deducting payments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, deducting financial results and corporate income tax paid, and adding or deducting other flows from investing activities.
- Explanation of use: this is the cash generated by the Group's own business operations that is available to the providers of funds (shareholders and financial creditors) once the parent company's investment needs have been met. It is an indicator that investors use for valuing companies.
- Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.
- Reconciliation: see Note 2.

Order intake

- Definition: this is the volume of contracts successfully obtained over a period. The order intake figure should not be confused with the Revenue figure since the amount of a contract secured in a particular year (and which is accounted for as order intake in that year) may be spread over a number of years.
- Explanation of use: as it reflects the amount of contracts obtained in a given year, the order intake figure is an indicator of the future performance of the Group's business.
- Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.

ORDER INTAKE	2025	2024
Minsait order intake	3,423	3,306
Defence order intake	8,160	1,053
Air Traffic order intake	726	586
Mobility order intake	469	411
Order intake	12,778	5,356

Book to bill ratio

- Definition: the amount of the contracts successfully obtained over a period divided by the company's sales in the last twelve months.
- Explanation of use: this is a financial indicator used by the Company to measure the amount of contracts obtained in relation to the Company's sales in the last twelve months.
- Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.

BOOK TO BILL	2025	2024
Order intake	12,778	5,356
LTM Sales	5,457	4,843
Book to Bill	2.34	1.11

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Order backlog

- Definition: This is the accumulated order intake less sales made plus/minus exchange rate and contract renegotiation adjustments, among others. It reflects the amount of a sale remaining until the completion of a project to complete the order intake figure.
- Explanation of use: As it reflects the amount of contracts obtained pending implementation, this figure is an indicator of the future performance of the Group's business.
- Consistency of the policy used: There is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.

ORDER BACKLOG	2025	2024
Minsait backlog	2,681	2,460
Defence backlog	11,336	2,972
Air Traffic backlog	1,052	855
Mobility backlog	1,014	959
ORDER BACKLOG	16,083	7,245

Order backlog/Sales in last 12 months Ratio

- Definition: amount of the backlog less sales made plus/minus exchange rate and contract renegotiation adjustments, among others, and which represents the part of the sale pending until the finalisation of the project to complete the contract figure, divided by the company's sales in the last twelve months.
- Explanation of use: this is a financial indicator used by the Company to measure the amount of contracts obtained pending execution in relation to its sales in the last twelve months.
- Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.

ORDER BACKLOG / LTM SALES	2025	2024
Backlog	16,083	7,245
LTM Sales	5,457	4,843
Order backlog / LTM Sales	2.95	1.50

Working capital (NWC)

- Definition: the amount of current operating assets less current operating liabilities. It can also be calculated as the sum of accounts receivable plus inventories less trade debtors.
- Explanation of use: this is a financial indicator used by the Company to measure the resources it has available to meet its current liabilities. Therefore, it measures the company's insolvency risk.
- Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.

Working capital (NWC)	2025	2024
Current operating assets	2,966	1,792
Current operating liabilities	2,260	1,627
Working capital (€M)	706	165

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The calculation is facilitated by adding long-term items, based on the following calculation: Trade receivables is the sum of Trade receivables for net sales and services, Accounts receivable - net long and short-term billable production, Prepayments to suppliers, and Advance payments to customers - long and short term. Inventories is the sum of Short-term inventories plus Long-term inventories.

Working capital S/T+L/T	2025	2024
LTM Sales	5,457	4,843
Sales/days	15	13
Total working capital (€M)	(331)	(90)
Working capital (DoS)	(22)	(7)

Total working capital S/T+L/T (€M)	2025	2024
Inventories	1,710	792
Trade receivables	(910)	(83)
Payables	(1,131)	(798)
Total working capital	(331)	(90)

Research and development expenses

Definition: the total amount of the Group's research and development expenditure.

Consistency of the policy used: there is no change in policy with respect to the previous year.

Total research and development expenses (€M)	2025	2024	% of sales 2025	% of sales 2024
Capitalised R&D expenditure	56	46		
Uncapitalised R&D expenditure on research and development projects	89	67		
Subtotal	145	113	2.7 %	2.3 %
R&D expenditure on other projects (uncapitalised)	292	314		
Total research and development expenditure	437	427	8.0 %	8.8 %

19. Events after the reporting date

- On 19 January, Indra's Board of Directors accepted the formal resignation of Mr Murtra as board director and Executive Chairman, and chair of the Executive Delegate Committee and Strategy Committee at Indra, after he had been appointed board director and Executive Chairman of Telefónica, S.A. The Board of Directors adopted the following resolutions:
 - Approve, following a favourable report from the A&CGC, the appointment by co-option of Ángel Escribano Ruiz as a Company Director.

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II. Appoint Ángel Escribano as Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors and grant him the same executive functions relating to corporate and institutional matters previously held by Mr Murtra, in addition to those inherent to his position as Chairman of the Board of Directors, which will be exercised in coordination with the operational and business guidance provided by the CEO, José Vicente de los Mozos.

III. In addition, under Article 249.3 of the Spanish Companies Act, the Board of Directors, following a favourable report from the Remuneration Committee, approved Mr Ángel Escribano's executive service contract, which maintains the same remuneration conditions as those of the former executive chairman, Mr Murtra, as well as granting him sufficient powers to carry out the executive functions.

The above-mentioned resolutions assure continuity in the implementation of the Strategic Plan 2024-2026 and are backed by the Company's principal shareholders.

- On 31 January, Indra entered into an agreement with Redeia Corporación, S.A. ["Redeia"] to acquire an 89.68% ownership interest in Hispasat, S.A. ["Hispasat"], a satellite services operator and provider, for €725 thousand, for which purposes Indra secured financing of €700 thousand, while the remainder is to be covered by cash resources.

The transaction is subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions precedent, which are essentially regulatory in nature, both in Spain and in other jurisdictions; to approval by Indra's General Shareholders' Meeting; and to the performance of certain agreements so that Indra may consolidate, for accounting purposes, Hisdesat Servicios Estratégicos S.A., a government satellite services operator in the areas of defence, security, intelligence and foreign affairs.

- Penalty proceeding initiated by the Spanish National Market and Competition Commission ["CNMC"] against the Company – Proceeding S/DC/0598/2016 "Railway electrification and electromechanics".

Once the Supreme Court's ruling of 6 November 2024 became final and after being required to pay the fine of €870 thousand, the parent company made payment on 4 February 2025.

At the time of writing, we are waiting for the State Consultative Board on Administrative Procurement [JCCPE] to initiate the administrative procedure to decide on the duration and scope of the prohibition on contracting.

- On 14 February 2025, Telefónica Perú applied for a voluntary Ordinary Insolvency Procedure (PCO) before the National Institute for the Defense of Competition and Protection of Intellectual Property [Indecopi] so as to convene its creditors to meet in order to make decisions on the restructuring of its financial obligations. The process is assessed by Indecopi's Insolvency Procedures Committee, which has a maximum of 90 business days to approve the application.

Once the application is accepted, Telefónica de Perú can be considered viable and its assets may be restructured. However, if the view is taken that the company cannot continue to operate in the market, it will be wound up and liquidated.

At the present time, the Group has no delinquent debt, although Market Senior Management and the customer are reviewing potential effects which, if any, are expected to be immaterial (€2 million to €4 million).

- On 26 February, Indra's Board of Directors resolved to propose, at the next General Shareholders' Meeting, the distribution of a cash dividend of €0.25 gross per share out of 2024 profits, to be paid on 10 July 2025.

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- On 10 December 2025, the Board of Directors unanimously agreed that a potential transaction between Indra Group and Escribano Mechanical and Engineering, S.L.U. is consistent with Indra Group's strategy. This resolution does not constitute or anticipate the approval of any transaction. Nor does it predetermine any structure that might ultimately be adopted or any of its economic terms, which have not yet been assessed by the Board of Directors. Following this resolution, the Company and its respective teams and corporate bodies have continued analysing other relevant aspects of the potential transaction, and as of today no commitment or agreement exists in relation to the aforementioned transaction.
- During January 2026, Indra Group received €2,189,380 thousand corresponding to the PEM programs published in several Royal Decrees in September, October and November, which regulate the direct granting of loans for special industrial modernization programs in the land and air domains of the Ministry of Industry and Tourism. In this context, the Ministry grants Indra Group entities repayable advances in the form of loans at a zero, fixed and non-revisable interest rate, and without requiring guarantees except in exceptional cases.

These advances effectively operate as upfront financing for the execution of the projects, since repayment to the Treasury is secured by the contract between Indra and the Ministry of Defence. Moreover, the repayment schedule is aligned with the project cash inflows, and automatic offsetting of flows is envisaged, thereby avoiding actual cash outflows for the repayment of the loan.

- On 25 February 2026, the Board of Directors of Indra resolved to propose to the next General Shareholders' Meeting the distribution of a cash dividend of €0.30 gross per share, charged to 2025 profit, to be paid in July 2026.
- On 25 February 2026, the Board of Directors also resolved to formally close the process of analysing different divestment alternatives in Minsait Payments (currently named Nuek Payment, S.L.).
- Subsequent to the close of the 2025 financial year, Indra Group became aware of the following legal proceedings:

- Administrative-contentious appeal filed by Santa Bárbara:

A judicial proceeding has been initiated by Santa Bárbara Sistemas, S.A. ("Santa Bárbara") before the Third Chamber of the Supreme Court against Royal Decree 915/2025, challenging various provisions of the regime governing the direct granting of loans for modernisation programmes and, specifically, Article 3.1 (e) and (f) relating to the PEM for Advanced Manufacturing in Sustainable Land Mobility II, ATP Tracks (awarded to the joint venture formed by INDRA SISTEMAS, S.A. and ESCRIBANO MECHANICAL & ENGINEERING, "UTE CADENAS") and the PEM for Advanced Manufacturing in Sustainable Land Mobility II, ATP Wheels (awarded to the joint venture formed by INDRA SISTEMAS, S.A. and ESCRIBANO MECHANICAL & ENGINEERING, "UTE RUEDAS"), together with other provisions and annexes of the Royal Decree.

In addition, Santa Bárbara has requested the suspension of the contested provisions through an interim injunction. The other interested parties, whose appearance in the proceedings has already been admitted, are currently awaiting the opening of the period to file their opposition.

- Sanctioning proceeding S/0015/25- Engineering Services Tenders initiated against PROINTEC

On 29 January 2026, the CNMC notified Prointec, S.A.U. ("PROINTEC") of the initiation of sanctioning proceeding S/0015/25, relating to possible anti-competitive practices in the market for public tenders for the provision of engineering consultancy and technical assistance services. A total of 11 engineering consultancies are subject to the proceeding.

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The initiation opens a maximum period of 24 months for the resolution of the case. Access to the file has already been requested and granted, and external counsel are analysing the documentation to define the defence strategy.

At this stage, and given the current status of the proceedings, it is not possible to assess the risks they may entail. Nevertheless, Indra Group considers that any potential impacts on the Group's Financial Statements as of 31 December 2025 would not be material.

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20. Appendix I – Annual Corporate Governance Report

The Annual Corporate Governance Report forms an integral part of the Management Report as per Article 538 of the Spanish Companies Act. This report is submitted separately to the National Securities Market Commission [CNMV] and can be consulted on its website [www.cnmv.es], as well as on Indra's corporate website [www.indragroup.com].

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21. Appendix II – Annual Report on Directors’ Remuneration

The Annual Report on Directors’ Remuneration forms an integral part of the Management Report as per Article 538 of the Spanish Companies Act. This report is submitted separately to the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV) and can be consulted on its website (www.cnmv.es), as well as on Indra's corporate website (www.indragroup.com).